

projects that is included in a State rail plan under section 22504(5).

“(2) The project focuses on key rail congestion points that are selected by the Secretary—

“(A) on the basis of national benefits to the rail transportation system; and

“(B) coordinated with the national rail plan.

“(b) PREFERRED PROJECTS.—The Secretary, in designating high priority projects, shall give preference to—

“(1) projects that have national significance for—

“(A) improving the national rail network and the Nation’s transportation system;

“(B) ensuring particularly high levels of safety;

“(C) increasing intermodal connectivity by providing or improving direct connections between rail facilities and other modes of transportation;

“(D) significantly affecting highway, aviation, or maritime capacity, congestion, or safety;

“(E) improving both intercity passenger rail and freight rail services;

“(F) enhancing rail completion or freight rail service for shippers;

“(G) causing positive economic and employment results;

“(H) producing significant environmental or community benefits;

“(I) having received financial commitments and other support from numerous entities such as States, local governments, or private entities;

“(J) enhancing international trade;

“(K) enhancing national security; or

“(L) employing positive train control technologies; and

“(2) projects that are at the stage of preparation that all precommencement compliance with environmental protection requirements has been completed and the projects are ready to commence.

“(c) REGIONAL BALANCE AND COMPATIBILITY.—The Secretary, in designating high priority projects, shall ensure that—

“(1) the geographic distribution of the projects designated as high priority projects is generally balanced among the geographic regions of the United States and a disproportionate number of such projects is not concentrated in a single region or State; and

“(2) all projects are compatible with, and carried out in conformance with—

“(A) plans developed pursuant to the requirements of sections 134 and 135 of title 23; and

“(B) the national rail plan.

“§ 22506. Approval

“(a) CRITERIA.—The Secretary may approve a State rail plan for the purposes of this chapter if—

“(1) the plan meets all of the requirements applicable to State plans under this chapter;

“(2) for each project listed on the ranked list of priority freight and passenger rail capital projects under the plan—

“(A) the project meets all safety requirements that are applicable to the project under law; and

“(B) the State has entered into an agreement with any owner of rail infrastructure directly affected by the project that provides for the State to proceed with the project; and

“(3) the content of the plan is coordinated with—

“(A) plans developed pursuant to the requirements of sections 134 and 135 of title 23; and

“(B) the national rail plan and any other transportation plan of the Federal Government that is required by law.

“(b) PROCEDURES FOR STATE RAIL PLAN SUBMISSION AND APPROVAL.—The Secretary

shall prescribe procedures for States to submit State rail plans for review under this subtitle, including application and qualification procedures. The procedures shall provide for the Secretary to review a State rail plan and issue a record of decision of approval or disapproval, with comment, on such plan within 180 days after the plan is submitted.

“§ 22507. Definitions

“In this chapter:

“(1) PRIVATE BENEFIT.—The term ‘private benefit’ means a benefit accrued to a person or private entity that directly improves the economic and competitive condition of that person or entity through improved assets, cost reductions, service improvements, or any other means as defined by the Secretary.

“(2) PUBLIC BENEFIT.—The term ‘public benefit’ means a benefit accrued to the public in the form of enhanced mobility of people or goods, environmental protection or enhancement, congestion mitigation, enhanced trade and economic development, improved air quality or land use, more efficient energy use, enhanced public safety or security, reduction of public expenditures due to improved transportation efficiency or infrastructure preservation, and any other positive community effects as defined by the Secretary.

“(3) STATE.—The term ‘State’ means any of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

“(4) STATE RAIL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY.—The term ‘State rail transportation authority’ means the State agency or official responsible under the direction of the Governor of the State or a State law for preparation, maintenance, coordination, and administration of the State rail plan.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of chapters for subtitle V is amended by inserting after the item relating to chapter 223 the following:

“225. STATE RAIL PLANS22501.”.

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 205—EX-PRESSING THE SENSE OF THE SENATE THAT A COMMEMORATIVE POSTAGE STAMP SHOULD BE ISSUED ON THE SUBJECT OF AUTISM AWARENESS

Mr. COLEMAN submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Governmental Affairs:

S. RES. 205

Resolved, That it is the sense of the Senate that—

(1) a commemorative postage stamp should be issued by the United States Postal Service on the subject of autism awareness; and

(2) the Citizens’ Stamp Advisory Committee should recommend to the Postmaster General that such a postage stamp be issued.

Mr. BURNS. Mr. President, I would like to show my support for the autism awareness resolution submitted today by my colleague, Senator COLEMAN. Autism is a developmental disability which typically appears during the first 3 years of life and impairs the communication and social skills in those affected. The result of a neurological disorder affecting the functioning of the brain, autism and its associated behaviors occur in as many as 1 in 500 individuals, in a rate of 5 boys to every girl. Because autism is difficult to recognize and diagnose, it is

important that families seek an evaluation by a medical professional experienced in diagnosing and treating the disorder.

This disability is about 10 times more prevalent today than it was in the 1980s, with over 500,000 people in the U.S. today with some form of this pervasive developmental disorder. Its frequency rate makes autism one of the most common developmental disabilities. However, most of the public, including many medical, educational, and vocational professionals, are still unaware of how autism affects people and how they can effectively work with individuals with this diagnosis. I encourage my colleagues to join me in my efforts to increase autism awareness, and support this resolution.

SENATE RESOLUTION 206—HONORING THE MEMORY OF DR. WILLIAM R. (“BILL”) BRIGHT AND COMMENDING HIS LIFE AS AN EXAMPLE TO SUCCEEDING GENERATIONS

Mr. BROWNBACK (for himself and Mrs. DOLE) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 206

Whereas Dr. Bright died on July 19, 2003, at age 81 in Orlando, Florida from complications related to pulmonary fibrosis, a lung disease for which there is no known cure or effective treatment;

Whereas Dr. Bright was an agnostic humanist and materialist, and successful Hollywood businessman, until he became “overcome by the love of our great Creator God and Savior” in 1945, whereupon he spent 5 years in theological studies at Princeton and Fuller Theological Seminaries;

Whereas Dr. Bright, with his wife Vonette, in 1951 founded Campus Crusade for Christ International, which now serves people in 191 countries through a staff of 27,000 full-time employees and up to 500,000 trained volunteers;

Whereas his life focus was on students and laypersons, and from the first he emphasized the role of women as full partners in leadership in the various ministries;

Whereas Dr. Billy Graham, a long-time friend of the Brights, has said: “He is a man whose sincerity and integrity and devotion to our Lord have been an inspiration and a blessing to me ever since the early days of my ministry”;

Whereas Dr. Bright lived simply, owning neither houses nor land, and receiving no honoraria or donations for his thousands of appearances across the world, and the scores of writings and video presentations he developed;

Whereas when the Berlin Wall came down in 1989, he fulfilled a dream of more than 40 years of praying for Russia by donating his entire pension to establish a ministry to the students of Moscow State University;

Whereas Campus Crusade for Christ International operates more than 70 ministries and projects which offer hope and spiritual enlightenment across the globe to students on hundreds of campuses, urban residents, including minorities, the well-known Athletes-in-Action ministry, leaders of governments, inmates of prisons, aid to families, aid to health and education programs, aid to

families of military personnel, executives, entertainers and musicians, and many others;

Whereas in 1979, Dr. Bright commissioned the JESUS film, a feature-length documentary on the life of Christ, directed by John Heyman, which has since been viewed by more than 5,100,000,000 people in 234 countries and has become the most widely viewed, as well as most widely translated, in 786 languages, film in history;

Whereas Dr. Bright is author of more than 100 books and booklets, as well as thousands of articles and pamphlets that have been distributed by the millions in most major languages, including the widely regarded Four Spiritual Laws of which 2,500,000,000 copies have been distributed;

Whereas Dr. Bright received 8 honorary degrees from universities in the United States and other nations, and numerous awards and honors from higher education, his home state of Oklahoma, and his peers in religious, radio, and television broadcasting;

Whereas, Dr. Bright was awarded the unique and prestigious Templeton Prize for Progress in Religion in 1996, presented by Prince Phillip at Buckingham Palace in London, and was received by Pope John Paul II in Rome where he addressed world spiritual leaders in accepting its \$1,100,000 prize, which he directed be given to worldwide fasting for peace and spiritual enlightenment;

Whereas Dr. Bright sought ecumenical and trans-denominational cooperation throughout the world by building more than 1,000 partnerships with other ministries, and in 1983, he and former President Ronald Reagan, along with Jewish, Catholic, and Protestant members of the clergy, informed Congress which voted to establish The Year of the Bible to help focus on timeless truths for the Nation;

Whereas he helped create what media reports describe as the largest non-denominational Christian ministry in the world, and he rejected appeals to establish a single religious denomination and would not allow his name to be attached to any single denominational enterprise;

Whereas he urged followers to be "salt and light," to seek civility in society, and to be active in ministry to prisons, hospitals, orphanages, and he declared the duties of citizenship to be reliably informed, active in the study of issues, voter registration and get-out-the-vote drives, and personal voting;

Whereas he never endorsed individual candidates or parties, and encouraged laypersons to seek public service and often called upon people in all lands to study American History, declaring President George Washington as his secular hero after Jesus of Nazareth and the Apostle Paul;

Whereas in response to a suggestion from a Member of the United States Senate, he helped establish the Evangelical Council for Financial Accountability to set high standards and monitor their compliance, setting an example for all charitable organizations;

Whereas Money magazine has often cited Campus Crusade for Christ International as best or one of the top 5 non-profit ministries for effective stewardship of donor dollars; and

Whereas in his last months he co-founded the Global Pastors Network, a separate ministry to pastors worldwide with helpful resources and a goal to start 5,000,000 home-based studies of the attributes of God: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) sends its condolences to Mrs. Vonette Zachary Bright, their grandchildren, their sons, Zac and Brad, and their wives, Terry and Katherine, all of whom are also in full-time Christian ministry; and

(2) does hereby honor the memory of Dr. William R. ("Bill") Bright, an ambassador of spiritual goodwill, whose 58 years of dedicated and effective service stand as an outstanding example of selfless leadership to all humankind.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 1419. Ms. CANTWELL (for herself, Mr. BINGAMAN, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. HOLLINGS, Mr. WYDEN, Mrs. BOXER, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. HARKIN, and Mr. ROCKEFELLER) proposed an amendment to amendment SA 1412 proposed by Mr. DOMENICI (for himself, Ms. LANDRIEU, Mr. THOMAS, Ms. MURKOWSKI, Mr. CAMPBELL, Mr. SMITH, Mr. ALEXANDER, Mr. KYL, Mr. NELSON of Nebraska, Mr. HAGEL, Mr. TALENT, Mr. BUNNING, and Mr. COLEMAN) to the bill S. 14, to enhance the energy security of the United States, and for other purposes.

SA 1420. Mr. JEFFORDS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1412 proposed by Mr. DOMENICI (for himself, Ms. LANDRIEU, Mr. THOMAS, Ms. MURKOWSKI, Mr. CAMPBELL, Mr. SMITH, Mr. ALEXANDER, Mr. KYL, Mr. NELSON of Nebraska, Mr. HAGEL, Mr. TALENT, Mr. BUNNING, and Mr. COLEMAN) to the bill S. 14, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1421. Mr. JEFFORDS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1412 proposed by Mr. DOMENICI (for himself, Ms. LANDRIEU, Mr. THOMAS, Ms. MURKOWSKI, Mr. CAMPBELL, Mr. SMITH, Mr. ALEXANDER, Mr. KYL, Mr. NELSON of Nebraska, Mr. HAGEL, Mr. TALENT, Mr. BUNNING, and Mr. COLEMAN) to the bill S. 14, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1422. Mr. NELSON of Nebraska submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1412 proposed by Mr. DOMENICI (for himself, Ms. LANDRIEU, Mr. THOMAS, Ms. MURKOWSKI, Mr. CAMPBELL, Mr. SMITH, Mr. ALEXANDER, Mr. KYL, Mr. NELSON of Nebraska, Mr. HAGEL, Mr. TALENT, Mr. BUNNING, and Mr. COLEMAN) to the bill S. 14, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1423. Mr. VOINOVICH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 14, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1424. Mr. GRASSLEY (for himself, Mr. BAUCUS, Mr. DOMENICI, and Mr. BINGAMAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 14, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1425. Ms. CANTWELL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1412 proposed by Mr. DOMENICI (for himself, Ms. LANDRIEU, Mr. THOMAS, Ms. MURKOWSKI, Mr. CAMPBELL, Mr. SMITH, Mr. ALEXANDER, Mr. KYL, Mr. NELSON of Nebraska, Mr. HAGEL, Mr. TALENT, Mr. BUNNING, and Mr. COLEMAN) to the bill S. 14, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1426. Mr. LIEBERMAN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 14, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1427. Mr. BAUCUS (for himself and Mr. GRASSLEY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1424 submitted by Mr. GRASSLEY (for himself, Mr. BAUCUS, Mr. DOMENICI, and Mr. BINGAMAN) and intended to be proposed to the bill S. 14, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1428. Mr. INHOFE (for himself and Mr. REID) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 14, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1429. Mr. BREAUX submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 14, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1430. Mr. BREAUX submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him

to the bill S. 14, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1431. Mr. GRASSLEY (for himself and Mr. BAUCUS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 14, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1432. Mr. FRIST proposed an amendment to the bill S. 14, supra.

SA 1433. Mr. FRIST proposed an amendment to the bill S. 14, supra.

SA 1434. Mr. FRIST proposed an amendment to amendment SA 1433 proposed by Mr. FRIST to the bill S. 14, supra.

SA 1435. Mr. FRIST (for Mr. CAMPBELL) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 523, to make technical corrections to law relating to Native Americans, and for other purposes.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 1419. Ms. CANTWELL (for herself, Mr. BINGAMAN, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. HOLLINGS, Mr. WYDEN, Mrs. BOXER, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. HARKIN, and Mr. ROCKEFELLER) proposed an amendment to amendment SA 1412 proposed by Mr. DOMENICI (for himself, Ms. LANDRIEU, Mr. THOMAS, Ms. MURKOWSKI, Mr. CAMPBELL, Mr. SMITH, Mr. ALEXANDER, Mr. KYL, Mr. NELSON of Nebraska, Mr. HAGEL, Mr. TALENT, Mr. BUNNING, and Mr. COLEMAN) to the bill S. 14, to enhance the energy security of the United States, and for other purposes; as follows:

In the pending amendment,

Strike section 1172 and insert the following:

SEC. 1172. MARKET MANIPULATION.

(a) PROHIBITION.—Part II of the Federal Power Act (as amended by section 1171) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 219. PROHIBITION ON MARKET MANIPULATION.

"It shall be unlawful for any person, directly or indirectly, to use or employ, in connection with the purchase or sale of electric energy or the purchase or sale of transmission services subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission, any manipulative or deceptive device or contrivance in contravention of such regulations as the Commission may promulgate as appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of electric ratepayers."

(b) RATES RESULTING FROM MARKET MANIPULATION.—Section 205(a) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 824d(a)) is amended by inserting after "not just and reasonable" the following: "or that result from a manipulative or deceptive device or contrivance in violation of a regulation promulgated under section 219"

(c) ADDITIONAL REMEDY FOR MARKET MANIPULATION.—Section 206 of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 824e) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(e) REMEDY FOR MARKET MANIPULATION.—If the Commission finds that a public utility has knowingly employed any manipulative or deceptive device or contrivance in violation of a regulation promulgated under section 219, the Commission shall, in addition to any other remedy available under this Act, revoke the authority of the public utility to charge market-based rates."

SA 1420. Mr. JEFFORDS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1412 proposed by Mr. DOMENICI (for himself, Ms. LANDRIEU, Mr. THOMAS, Ms. MURKOWSKI, Mr. CAMPBELL, Mr. SMITH, Mr. ALEXANDER,