

the effects of hormone-disrupting chemicals on human health and the environment.

“(2) AGREEMENT.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of the Environmental Health Research Act of 2003, the Director of the Institute and the Director of the USGS shall enter into an agreement to carry out the research program established under subsection (a).

“(3) TRANSFER OF FUNDS.—The Director of the Institute may transfer funds to other Federal agencies to carry out the Director's responsibilities under paragraph (1).

“(4) REPORT.—The Director of the Institute, in consultation with the Director of the USGS, shall make available to the public, every 2 years following the date of enactment of the Environmental Health Research Act of 2003, findings and conclusions on the extent to which hormone disruption by chemicals in the environment poses a threat to human health and the environment.

“(C) INTERAGENCY COMMISSION.—

“(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish a commission to be known as the Hormone Disruption Research Interagency Commission (referred to in this section as the ‘Interagency Commission’) to advise the Director of the Institute and the Director of the USGS on the development of a comprehensive agenda for conducting research on hormone disruption.

“(2) MEMBERSHIP.—The Interagency Commission shall be composed of 12 members, as follows:

“(A) The Director of the Institute, who shall serve as the Chairperson.

“(B) The Director of the USGS, who shall serve as the Vice Chairperson.

“(C) The Commissioner of the Food and Drug Administration.

“(D) The Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

“(E) The Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

“(F) The Director of the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health.

“(G) The Administrator of the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.

“(H) The Director of the Fish and Wildlife Service.

“(I) The Secretary of Defense.

“(J) The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency.

“(K) The Chairman of the Consumer Product Safety Commission.

“(L) The Director of the National Science Foundation.

“(3) STAFF.—Each department or agency represented by a member on the Interagency Commission shall provide appropriate staff to carry out the duties of the Interagency Commission.

“(4) RECOMMENDATIONS.—Not later than 12 months after the date of enactment of the Environmental Health Research Act of 2003, the Interagency Commission shall recommend to the Director of the Institute and the Director of the USGS a research program, including levels of funding for intramural and extramural research.

“(5) PUBLIC COMMENT.—The Director of the Institute, through publication of notice in the Federal Register, shall provide the general public with an opportunity to comment on the recommendations of the Interagency Commission.

“(6) REPORT.—Not later than 4 years after the date of enactment of the Environmental Health Research Act of 2003, the Interagency Commission shall conduct a review of the program established under subsection (a) and submit a report on the results of such review to the Director of the Institute and to the Hormone Disruption Research Panel established under subsection (e).

“(7) TERMINATION.—The Interagency Commission shall terminate not later than the

end of the 5-year fiscal period described in subsection (h)(1).

“(d) FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.—The Director of the Institute may provide financial assistance and enter into grants, contracts, and interagency memoranda of understanding to conduct activities under this section. Research conducted pursuant to interagency memoranda of understanding may be conducted through intramural and extramural agency research programs, subject to appropriate scientific peer review.

“(e) HORMONE DISRUPTION RESEARCH PANEL.—

“(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the Institute a Hormone Disruption Research Panel (referred to in this subsection as the ‘Panel’).

“(2) DUTIES.—The Panel shall advise the Director of the Institute concerning the scientific content of the program established under subsection (a), the progress of such program, and public outreach, and shall provide such other advice as requested by the Director of the Institute.

“(3) MEMBERSHIP.—The Panel shall be composed of the following:

“(A) 15 voting members to be appointed by the President, in consultation with the Director of the Institute.

“(B) Such nonvoting, ex officio members as the Director of the Institute determines to be appropriate.

“(4) VOTING MEMBERS.—Of the 15 voting members of the Panel—

“(A) at least 2 members shall be from environmental protection organizations;

“(B) at least 2 members shall be from public health and consumer organizations;

“(C) at least 2 members shall be from industry;

“(D) at least 1 member shall be from an animal welfare organization; and

“(E) a majority of the members shall be selected from among scientists and environmental health professionals who—

“(i) are not officers or employees of the United States;

“(ii) represent multiple disciplines, including clinical, basic, public, and ecological health sciences;

“(iii) represent different geographical regions of the United States;

“(iv) are from practice settings, academic settings, and for-profit or not-for-profit research settings; and

“(v) have experience in review of research on endocrine disruption.

“(5) TERMS.—The members of the Panel shall be appointed for an initial term of 3 years and shall be eligible for reappointment for 1 additional term of 2 years.

“(6) CHAIRPERSON.—The members of the Panel appointed under paragraph (3) shall elect a chairperson from among such members.

“(7) MEETINGS.—The Panel shall meet at the call of the chairperson or upon the request of the Director of the Institute, but in no case less often than once each year.

“(8) ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT.—The Institute shall provide administrative support to the Panel.

“(9) TERMINATION.—The Panel shall terminate not later than the end of the 5-year fiscal period described in subsection (h)(1).

“(f) CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.—All grants and contracts entered into under this section shall include conflict-of-interest provisions that require any person conducting a project under this section to disclose any other source of funding received by the person to conduct other related projects.

“(g) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:

“(1) HORMONE.—The term ‘hormone’ means a substance produced in a cell or tissue that triggers a biological response. Hormone ac-

tivity may be localized to the cell in which the substance is produced, or may be in nearby or distant tissues or organs.

“(2) HORMONE DISRUPTION.—The term ‘hormone disruption’ means interference by a substance with the synthesis, secretion, transport, binding, action, or elimination of natural hormones in the body that are responsible for the maintenance of homeostasis, reproduction, development, function, or behavior.

“(h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

“(1) GENERAL AUTHORIZATION.—There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for the 5-fiscal-year period beginning with fiscal year 2004 to carry out this section. Amounts appropriated pursuant to this paragraph shall remain available until expended.

“(2) RESTRICTIONS ON USE OF FUNDS.—

“(A) CONSTRUCTION AND REHABILITATION OF FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT.—Not more than 0.5 percent of the funds made available under this section may be used for the construction or rehabilitation of facilities or fixed equipment.

“(B) ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES OF THE DIRECTOR.—Of the total amount of funds made available under this section for any fiscal year, not more than 2 percent of such funds may be used for administrative expenses of the Director of the Institute in carrying out this section.

“(C) PUBLIC OUTREACH.—Of the total amount of funds made available under this section for any fiscal year, at least 1 percent, but not more than 5 percent, shall be used for outreach to the public concerning the activities and results of the program.”

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 64—TO COMMEND MEMBERS OF THE UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES FOR THEIR SERVICES TO THE UNITED STATES IN THE LIBERATION OF IRAQ, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Mr. MILLER (for himself, Ms. COLLINS, Mr. INOUE, Mr. CHAMBLISS, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. DASCHLE, Mr. NELSON of Nebraska, and Mr. WARNER) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. CON. RES. 64

Whereas the valiant and dedicated members of the United States Armed Forces performed in an exceptionally professional manner, befitting of an all-volunteer military force, during Operation Iraqi Freedom;

Whereas the National Guard and the other reserve components of the United States Armed Forces demonstrated their readiness and ability to respond and deploy quickly and were an integral part of Operation Iraqi Freedom;

Whereas the families of the more than 200,000 members of the United States Armed Forces who were called into action in Operation Iraqi Freedom provided exceptional and unwavering support for the United States servicemembers who were deployed to the Middle East; and

Whereas the people of the United States grieve and pray for all those who made the ultimate sacrifice and for those who were injured in the line of duty while serving in Operation Iraqi Freedom: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That Congress—

(1) commends the members of the United States Armed Forces for their role in Operation Iraqi Freedom, and for serving in that

Operation with such distinctive bravery and professionalism;

(2) calls on the people of the United States to pay honor and homage to all those who fell in the line of duty in Operation Iraqi Freedom;

(3) commends the families of members of the United States Armed Forces for their special role and sacrifices in providing support for United States servicemembers who were deployed to the Middle East for Operation Iraqi Freedom; and

(4) expresses deep condolences to the families of the brave men and women who lost their lives during the conflict in Iraq.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 65—TO COMMEND THE THIRD INFANTRY DIVISION (MECHANIZED) OF THE UNITED STATES ARMY FOR ITS ROLE IN THE LIBERATION OF IRAQ

Mr. MILLER (for himself, Ms. COLLINS, Mr. INOUE, Mr. CHAMBLISS, and Mr. WARNER) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. CON. RES. 65

Whereas the Third Infantry Division of the United States Army was organized in 1917 for participation in World War I, and its fierce defense of positions along the Marne River in France in July 1918 blocked an enemy onslaught on approaches to Paris and earned the Division the motto "Rock of the Marne";

Whereas the soldiers of the Third Infantry Division, now mechanized, stand ready to answer the call to defeat aggression with rock solid determination;

Whereas more than 16,000 men and women from the First and Second Brigades of the Third Infantry Division (Mechanized), stationed at Fort Stewart, Georgia, and the Third Brigade of the Division, stationed at Fort Benning, Georgia, were deployed in support of Operation Iraqi Freedom;

Whereas the families of the soldiers of the Third Infantry Division (Mechanized) deployed in support of Operation Iraqi Freedom provided exceptional and unwavering support for their soldiers during the deployment; and

Whereas Congress and the people of the United States have the greatest pride in the men and women of the Third Infantry Division (Mechanized), and strongly support those men and women as they carry out their duties: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That Congress—

(1) honors the men and women of the Third Infantry Division (Mechanized) of the United States Army who participated in Operation Iraqi Freedom and the follow-on military operations in Iraq, for their professional excellence, dedicated patriotism, and exemplary bravery;

(2) commends the soldiers of the Third Infantry Division (Mechanized) for their role in the fall of Baghdad;

(3) expresses gratitude to the families of the soldiers of the Third Infantry Division (Mechanized) for bearing the burden of sacrifice and separation from loved ones during the operations in Iraq; and

(4) expresses deep condolences to the families of the brave soldiers of the Third Infantry Division (Mechanized) who lost their lives while fighting to liberate Iraq.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 1580. Mr. HARKIN (for himself, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. DASCHLE, Ms. MIKULSKI, Mrs.

CLINTON, Mr. EDWARDS, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. CORZINE, Mr. BYRD, Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. LAUTENBERG, Mr. KERRY, Mr. LIEBERMAN, Mr. FEINGOLD, Mr. SARBANES, Mr. DODD, Ms. STABENOW, Mr. REID, Mr. LEAHY, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. AKAKA, Mr. DAYTON, Mr. PRYOR, Mr. REED, Mr. NELSON of Florida, and Mr. JOHNSON) proposed an amendment to amendment SA 1542 proposed by Mr. SPECTER to the bill H.R. 2660, making appropriations for the Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes.

SA 1581. Mr. ENSIGN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1542 proposed by Mr. SPECTER to the bill H.R. 2660, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1582. Mr. REID submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1542 proposed by Mr. SPECTER to the bill H.R. 2660, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1583. Mr. FRIST (for Mr. HATCH) proposed an amendment to the resolution S. Res. 210, expressing the sense of the Senate that supporting a balance between work and personal life is in the best interest of national worker productivity, and that the President should issue a proclamation designating October of 2003 as "National Work and Family Month".

SA 1584. Mr. FRIST (for Mr. HATCH) proposed an amendment to the resolution S. Res. 210, supra.

SA 1585. Mr. ENSIGN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1542 proposed by Mr. SPECTER to the bill H.R. 2660, making appropriations for the Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1586. Mr. NELSON of Nebraska submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1542 proposed by Mr. SPECTER to the bill H.R. 2660, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1587. Mrs. FEINSTEIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1542 proposed by Mr. SPECTER to the bill H.R. 2660, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1588. Mr. BINGAMAN (for himself, Mr. LAUTENBERG, Ms. CANTWELL, Mr. BAUCUS, Ms. STABENOW, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. DURBIN, and Mr. PRYOR) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 2660, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 1580. Mr. HARKIN (for himself, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. DASCHLE, Ms. MIKULSKI, Mrs. CLINTON, Mr. EDWARDS, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. CORZINE, Mr. BYRD, Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. LAUTENBERG, Mr. KERRY, Mr. LIEBERMAN, Mr. FEINGOLD, Mr. SARBANES, Mr. DODD, Ms. STABENOW, Mr. REID, Mr. LEAHY, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. AKAKA, Mr. DAYTON, Mr. PRYOR, Mr. REED, Mr. NELSON of Florida, and Mr. JOHNSON) proposed an amendment to amendment SA 1542 proposed by Mr. SPECTER to the bill H.R. 2660, making appropriations for the Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; as follows:

On page 23, between lines 15 and 16, insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds provided under this Act shall be used to promulgate or implement any regulation that exempts from the requirements of section 7 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 207) any employee who is not otherwise exempted pursuant to regulations under section 13 of such Act (29 U.S.C. 213) that were in effect as of September 3, 2003.

SA 1581. Mr. ENSIGN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1542 proposed by Mr. SPECTER to the bill H.R. 2660, making appropriations for the Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 62, line 6, insert "annually" after "obtain".

SA 1582. Mr. REID submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1542 proposed by Mr. SPECTER to the bill H.R. 2660, making appropriations for the Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 30, line 7, insert before the period the following: "Provided further, That in addition to amounts otherwise made available under this Act to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention for activities under the comprehensive cancer control program, there shall be made available an additional \$8,000,000 to expand comprehensive cancer control activities, including activities relating to cancer survivorship in partnership with national cancer survivorship organizations".

SA 1583. Mr. FRIST (for Mr. HATCH) proposed amendment to the resolution S. Res. 210, expressing the sense of the Senate that supporting a balance between work and personal life is in the best interest of national worker productivity, and that the President should issue a proclamation designating October of 2003 as "National Work and Family Month"; as follows:

Strike all after the resolving clause and insert the following:
That—

(1) it is the sense of the Senate that—
(A) reducing the conflict between work and family life should be a national priority; and
(B) the month of October of 2003 should be designated as "National Work and Family Month"; and

(2) the Senate requests that the President issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe "National Work and Family Month" with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

SA 1584. Mr. FRIST (for Mr. HATCH) proposed an amendment to the resolution S. Res. 210, expressing the sense of the Senate that supporting a balance between work and personal life is in the best interest of national workers productivity, and that the President should issue a proclamation designating October of 2003 as "National Work and Family Month"; as follows:

Amend the title so as to read: "Expressing the sense of the Senate that supporting a