

consistently attracted more highly qualified applicants, with the SATs and GPAs of its applicants increasing every year. Under Dr. Tyson's presidency, Mary Baldwin's endowment has increased threefold, with a record-setting \$58 million raised in its most recent capital campaign. All told, Mary Baldwin College, thanks to Dr. Tyson, is the largest and fastest growing women's college in Virginia.

In addition to her work at Mary Baldwin College, Dr. Tyson served as president of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools and was an active member in professional organizations, including the National Association of Independent Colleges and Universities, the Virginia Foundation for Independent Colleges, and the State of Virginia Rhodes Scholarship Competition Selection Committee. She is also active in the Staunton community through the Frontier Culture Museum, Shenandoah Shakespeare, and Rotary International.

Dr. Tyson has left an indelible mark not only on the institution that she served so well as president but also on the hearts and minds of her colleagues, students, and community as a friend and inspiration. I congratulate her and wish her well in her retirement.●

#### THE SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

● Mr. KERRY. Mr. President, I speak today in honor of the Small Business Administration, which this year is celebrating the 50th anniversary of its service to America's small businesses.

This week marks the SBA's annual Small Business Week. Throughout the events of this week, the SBA will demonstrate many of the valuable programs that have been created to help entrepreneurs across the country achieve success over the past 50 years. The SBA is relied upon to help restore economically depressed communities, spur technological research and development, provide access to capital and business training, monitor the procurement practices of Federal agencies, and ensure small businesses are heard within the Federal Government.

With the assistance of the programs and resources of the Small Business Administration and its dedicated employees, thousands of small businesses across the country have developed and expanded. Some of those companies have since developed into household names after receiving help from the SBA; companies like Outback Steakhouse, Nike, and Staples. These businesses exemplify the entrepreneurial spirit that is so unique to this country.

The importance of the small business community cannot and should not be underestimated. The link between small businesses and a strong economy is clear: small businesses account for over 50 percent of nonfarm GDP, and account for 75 percent of all new jobs. Time and again, our small businesses

have led this Nation out of bad economic times.

We cannot help this country's economy by ignoring our small businesses and underfunding the initiatives meant to foster their establishment and growth. President Bush seems to understand that there is a need to support small businesses, but during his 3 years in office, he has yet to translate that understanding into actions. In his first year, he cut the SBA's budget by almost 50 percent. In his second year, he eliminated all funding for the agency's largest small-business loan program and shifted the cost—more than a hundred million—to the small businesses and the SBA's lending partners in the private sector who make the loans possible—never mind that the government was already overcharging them. He has cut funding for microloans and counseling—the SBA's number one program for reaching African Americans, Hispanics and women.

Here in the Senate, we are trying to pass legislation reauthorizing the programs of the Small Business Administration for another 3 years, and I think Chair SNOWE and the other members of the committee for working with me to create a bill that enables small businesses to continue to prosper. We are doing our part to assist small businesses, and the next step is to ensure that the SBA and its programs receive the funding they need to actively help small businesses across the country in these difficult economic times. The administration's low-ball request for FY 2004 will not help about adequate funding of the critical assistance that America's small businesses need. I intend to do everything possible to obtain necessary funding for these critical small business programs to ensure they will thrive in the next year and for the 50 years to come.●

#### RECOGNIZING WILLIAM G. O'BRIEN

● Mr. ALLEN. Mr. President, today I recognize William O'Brien, county administrator for Rockingham County, VA, who is retiring December 31, 2003, after 26 years of dedicated service.

William O'Brien began his career in the U.S. Marine Corps, where he spent 4 years before receiving his bachelor's degree from Mansfield University in 1969. He later earned an MBA from Southeastern University in 1978 before taking his current position in Rockingham County. As county administrator, Mr. O'Brien spent 26 years dutifully serving the residents of Rockingham County. Prior to his work in Rockingham, he also served as county administrator for Warren County, VA from 1973 to 1977. In addition, Mr. O'Brien spent more than 10 years as a professor at James Madison University and Eastern Mennonite University in Harrisonburg, VA.

I congratulate Mr. O'Brien on his years of dedicated service to the people of Rockingham County and the Commonwealth of Virginia, and I wish him well in his retirement.●

#### RECOGNIZING LUTHER E. "IKEY" MILLER

● Mr. ALLEN. Mr. President, today I recognize Mr. Luther E. "Ikey" Miller, who passed away on March 17, 2003 in Rileyville, VA.

Born on January 27, 1932, Mr. Miller was involved in a wide array of activities in his lifetime, including law, business, politics, the military, sports, music, and agriculture. Throughout his life, he was influential in his community. In 1973, he was appointed to serve as Page County Circuit Court clerk, a post that he held for 26 years, becoming an integral part of the local judiciary. Mr. Miller also served as chairman of the Page County Republican Party for 16 years, and as a Presidential elector for Virginia in the 2000 Presidential election. A Virginia native, he graduated from Luray High School in 1949. Mr. Miller entered the U.S. Army in 1952, serving until 1954, and achieving the rank of corporal before his honorable discharge. He also worked 21 years for First National Bank as a cashier and loan officer. Mr. Miller loved sports, especially baseball, which he played in the minor leagues, as well as football and hunting. He also farmed full-time throughout his life with the help of his family, and played in a country music band for 20 years.

Mr. Miller will surely be missed by his wife of 47 years Shirley, his family, friends, and the community he served so faithfully during his life. I join with the Miller family in mourning the loss of such a great family man, public servant, and Virginian.●

#### HONORING THE ANN ARBOR SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA'S 75TH ANNIVERSARY

● Mr. LEVIN. Mr. President, on behalf of Senator STABENOW and myself, I congratulate the Ann Arbor Symphony Orchestra as it celebrates its 75th anniversary. The Ann Arbor Symphony Orchestra was founded by Phillip Potts on a chilly autumn evening in 1928. Potts and four musicians gathered in a basement room of a local church, set up their music stands, unpacked and tuned their instruments, and launched into what would become a musical legacy that has touched many in the Michigan community.

Today, the Ann Arbor Symphony Orchestra includes over 150 professional musicians who perform under its auspices. The organization has an active and committed 45-member Board of Directors and a staff of five full-time employees. Each season, the symphony performs nine main stage concerts for 8,000 subscription patrons as well as five matinee concerts for over 1,000 senior citizens and five family-oriented concerts designed to engage family members of all ages. The group's extensive educational series includes four youth concerts, "Ensembles in the Classroom" during which orchestra members visit individual classrooms,

and a variety of other educational events which enrich the lives of almost 20,000 area students each year.

The Ann Arbor Symphony Orchestra counts Joseph Maddy, who was also the founder of Michigan's prestigious Interlochen Center for the Arts, as one of its earliest conductors. It has been the orchestra in residence for the Martha Graham Dance Company, the University Musical Society, the Music Paradigm, and Peter Schickele, aka PDQ Bach. Guest artists have included world renowned violinists Jaime Laredo, Catherine Cho, Ilya Kaler, Augustin Hadelich, and Benny Kim; clarinetists Richard Stoltzman and David Shiffrin; and pianists Anton Nel and Vladimir Feltsman.

During its 75-year history, the Ann Arbor Symphony Orchestra has received many honors. It has received awards from the National Endowment for the Arts, including a Millennium Project award for the premiere of a new work for an orchestra. It has also consistently earned top marks from the Michigan Council for the Arts and Cultural Affairs. Furthermore, in 2002 it was recognized by Crain's Detroit Business magazine as one of the area's best-managed nonprofit organizations. In addition, the Ann Arbor Symphony Orchestra won the Nonprofit Enterprise at Work's Excellence Award for Management in 1997 and 2003.

The Ann Arbor Symphony Orchestra's repertoire ranges from Baroque to the 21st century and spans musical genres from Bach to Broadway. Each year, the Ann Arbor Symphony Orchestra has premiered a new work by a young composer through its annual "Mozart Birthday Bash" concert series. This year the orchestra is also commissioning a work by internationally known Michigan composer Michael Daugherty. "Silent Movies" is a work for the Barton Theater Organ, which is located in the historic Michigan Theater, in celebration of the orchestra's 75th anniversary.

The Ann Arbor Symphony Orchestra is an integral part of the cultural and economic landscape of Ann Arbor and southeastern Michigan. Senator STABENOW and I would like to congratulate and honor the Ann Arbor Symphony Orchestra, its Music Director Arie Lipsky, and the hundreds of musicians, board members, and staff who have brought musical gifts to so many over the past 75 years. We know our Senate colleagues will join us in offering our thanks to the Ann Arbor Symphony Orchestra for enriching our lives and in wishing the organization continued success in the future.●

#### FERC NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULEMAKING

##### GRID MANAGEMENT

● Mr. KERRY. Mr. President, the front page of the Washington Post recently featured a local graduate student who skillfully mapped the electronic networks that interconnect every business

and industrial sector in the American economy. The article emphasized how the information was readily available on the Internet and the associated security concerns. It also discussed the astonishment and alarm among industry leaders upon hearing about it.

Early this year, the Department of Homeland Security published two papers emphasizing the need to secure critical infrastructure from physical and cyber-attacks, including all aspects of the electric power infrastructure system. This was clarified further by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) in its Notice of Proposed Rulemaking on Standard Market Design, which states, wholesale electric grid operations are highly interdependent, and a failure of one part of the generation, transmission, or grid management system can compromise the reliability of a major portion of the grid.

Simply put, experts in the public and private sector, time and time again, acknowledge the vulnerability of the entire national electric power infrastructure and that all aspects should be protected. As blatantly demonstrated by the recent blackouts in the northeastern United States, the viability of the national power grid is an important national security concern.

I am concerned, therefore, that a cyber security standard recently proposed by FERC, which is designed to protect the electric power grid, exempts process control systems, distributed control systems, or electric relays installed in generating stations, switching stations and substations from the definition of "critical cyber assets" to be protected.

Despite the clear intent of the Department of Homeland Security and FERC to protect the power system entirely, the proposed rule calls for only partial protection. The FERC decision may mean that power distribution is protected, while power generation remains vulnerable.

Mr. KENNEDY. If the Senator will yield for a comment, I have been made aware that technology exists in the marketplace that is capable of protecting power generation assets. I am aware of at least one company, in fact, a Massachusetts company, that has developed software capable of protecting our power generation assets from cyber attack. If the technology exists, are we not obligated to protect these assets? Protecting transmission without protecting generation is like protecting airports without protecting aircraft. Isn't it reasonable, therefore, to conclude that the entire national power grid, including generation, should be protected?

Mr. KERRY. Mr. President, I think the answer is yes. No aspect of the electric power grid should be exempt from this cyber security standard. I urge the ranking member to work with us to address this issue during conference committee consideration of the Energy and Water appropriations bill

for fiscal year 2004. With my good friend, the senior Senator from Massachusetts, I ask the Appropriations Committee, in conference with the House of Representatives, to include a requirement that the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission report to the committee and the Congress as to why generating infrastructure was excluded from the proposed rule.

Mr. REID. I thank the Senator from Massachusetts for bringing this issue to my attention. I agree that process control systems, distributed control systems, or electric relays installed in generating stations, switching stations and substations are indeed critical assets of the national electric power infrastructure and should not be exempt from protected assets. I look forward to addressing this issue in conference committee.●

#### MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

Messages from the President of the United States were communicated to the Senate by Ms. Evans, one of his secretaries.

#### EXECUTIVE MESSAGES REFERRED

As in executive session the Presiding Officer laid before the Senate messages from the President of the United States submitting sundry nominations which were referred to the appropriate committees.

(The nominations received today are printed at the end of the Senate proceedings.)

#### MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

At 11:48 a.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Ms. Niland, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House has passed the following bills, without amendments:

S. 520. An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to convey certain facilities to the Fremont-Madison Irrigation District in the State of Idaho.

S. 678. An act to amend chapter 10 of title 39, United States Code, to include postmasters and postmasters organizations in the process for the development and planning of certain policies, schedules, and programs, and for other purposes.

The message also announced that the House has passed the following bills, in which it requests the concurrences of the Senate:

H.R. 1284. An act to amend the Reclamation Projects Authorization and Adjustment Act of 1992 to increase the Federal share of the costs of the San Gabriel Basin demonstration project.

H.R. 2040. An act to amend the Irrigation Project Contract Extension Act of 1998 to extend certain contracts between the Bureau of Reclamation and certain irrigation water contractors in the States of Wyoming and Nebraska.

The message also announced that the House has agreed to the following concurrent resolution, in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate: