

joined the military shortly after graduating from high school and "absolutely loved" his career in the Army, said his wife, Tiffany. In addition to his wife, Sergeant Bader leaves behind a 14-month-old daughter, Taryn Makenzie. Our thoughts and prayers are with them both at this difficult time.

Sergeant Bader and thousands of brave American service men and women confront danger every day in Iraq. Their tremendous risks and sacrifices must never be taken for granted. For his service, bravery, and sacrifice, I ask my colleagues to join me and all Americans in honoring SGT Daniel Bader.

#### TRIBUTE TO DR. PHILLIP BOARDMAN

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I rise today to congratulate Dr. Phillip Boardman on his selection as Nevada Professor of the Year by the Council for Advancement and Support of Education and the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching.

As someone whose life was transformed by education, I understand the importance of recognizing the work of good teachers, and I consider it an honor to speak today of Dr. Boardman's dedication to teaching and commitment to his students.

This award is a major accomplishment. The Professor of the Year Awards are the only national awards to recognize college and university professors for their teaching skills. But this is by no means the first time Dr. Boardman has been honored for his great gift as a teacher. He has previously received awards from the University of Nevada and the State of Nevada Regents.

A Professor of English and the Chair of Core Humanities at the University of Nevada, Reno, UNR, Dr. Boardman is an expert on English and Renaissance literature and has taught for three decades at UNR. Throughout his career he has taught courses on Shakespeare, C.S. Lewis, the Bible, medieval literature, linguistics, and composition.

Dr. Boardman's contributions to teaching have not been limited to the university classroom. He has also delivered scores of presentations to high school classes, senior centers and libraries. He was the executive co-producer of the The Western Tradition Lectures, a videotaped series of nine lectures by UNR instructors.

Dr. Boardman has also made substantial contributions to scholarship. Not only has he edited books and written numerous articles and reviews, he will soon complete his major 25-year project, *The Arthurian Annals: The Tradition in English from the Beginnings to 2000*.

Despite his strong commitment to his teaching and scholarly responsibilities, Dr. Boardman also finds time to assist his colleagues in their development as instructors. He was the author

of a successful National Endowment for the Humanities Challenge Grant, matched during 1994-1998, to establish an endowment fund to support teacher stipends and faculty development at UNR. He has also written several articles on how to approach teaching medieval literature and culture.

Dr. Boardman has led a distinguished career in an important and noble profession. Please join me in congratulating him on his selection as the Nevada Professor of the Year.

#### LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 2003

Mr. SMITH. Mr. President, I rise today to speak about the need for hate crimes legislation. On May 1, 2003, Senator KENNEDY and I introduced the Local Law Enforcement Enhancement Act, a bill that would add new categories to current hate crimes law, sending a signal that violence of any kind is unacceptable to our society.

Gregory Beauchamp, a 21-year old gay male, was the last homicide victim of 2002 in Cincinnati, OH. On December 31, Mr. Beauchamp was headed to a nightclub to ring in the New Year with friends. At about 9 p.m. a blue Cadillac pulled up alongside them, and the four or five African American men inside started yelling anti-gay epithets, according to survivors of the attack. Shots were fired from the vehicle, killing Mr. Beauchamp. The murder was reported as a hate crime.

I believe that Government's first duty is to defend its citizens, to defend them against the harms that come out of hate. The Local Law Enforcement Enhancement Act is a symbol that can become substance. I believe that by passing this legislation and changing current law, we can change hearts and minds as well.

#### THE FORD FOUNDATION AND THE DURBAN CONFERENCE

Mr. SANTORUM. Mr. President, I want to bring to the attention of my colleagues troubling reports that indicate one of America's leading philanthropic foundations has meddled in world diplomacy in a deeply disturbing way.

Let me say that I think my colleagues know very well that I have great respect for the good works done by America's non-profit sector, including philanthropic foundations. So much respect, in fact, that, as my colleagues know, I am working with some of them to get a conference committee to convene with the other body so that we can complete work on the CARE Act and provide a range of incentives that would boost contributions to charities and foundations at a time of great need.

And so it pains me that I must come to the floor today to apprise my colleagues of allegations that have been reported with regard to some of the activities of one of America's leading

foundations, the Ford Foundation. The reports—published initially by the Jewish Telegraphic newswire service and picked up by many newspapers around the country and in this week's *New Republic* magazine—describe how the Ford Foundation gave million of dollars to dozen of Palestinian organizations that have been in the forefront of the anti-semitic and anti-Israel campaign that is ongoing around the world.

In particular, these reports describe how the Ford Foundation funded Palestinian non-governmental organizations, NGOs, that were responsible for transforming the 2001 United Nations Conference on Racism held in Durban, South Africa into a forum of virulent anti-Semitic and anti-Israel hate. According to the investigation and reports—which interviewed dozens of individuals and reviewed 9,000 pages of documents—Ford contributions financed the development of the anti-Israel strategy and its public relations strategy for dissemination.

According to the reports, Ford has extended more than \$35 million in grants to more than 270 Arab and Palestinian NGOs in the 2001-01 period alone, and since the 1950s, Ford has distributed nearly \$200 million to Arab and Islamic NGOs in the Mideast, and many Palestinian operatives who were involved in the Durban Conference admit that "Ford has made it possible for us to do much of our work" and that "Our biggest donations come, of course, from Ford."

At least two groups identified in the news reports—the Palestinians Committee for the Protection of Human Rights and the Environment and the Palestinian NGO Network—received more than \$2.5 million from Ford in the last few years and were key players in hijacking the agenda of the Durban conference.

And let me just remind my colleagues how badly the Durban conference was hijacked. It was so bad that Secretary of State Powell declared the conference to be "a transparent attempt to delegitimize the moral argument for Israel's existence," and Secretary Powell withdrew our country's delegation from participation.

As The *New Republic's* editor in chief writes—"the Ford Foundation's . . . reckless generosity is empowering foreign haters and apologists for killers."

In fairness, the Ford Foundation has denied the charges made in these reports. Ford's vice president has said that his institution was "shocked by the extremist rhetoric of some participants on Israeli-Palestinian issues." Moreover, Ford has said that it shares our government's commitment to "ensure that grant funds are not diverted for terrorist and other purposes."

I appreciate these statements by Ford, but I don't believe they have put this matter to rest. The news reports are too specific and well documented to be dismissed by such generalities.