

VETERAN TRIBUTE FOR LANCE
CORPORAL CARR CAMPBELL

HON. MICHAEL C. BURGESS

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, November 21, 2003

Mr. BURGESS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize the contributions and sacrifices of Lance Corporal Carr Campbell.

Lance Corporal Campbell served in the liberation of Kuwait in Operation Desert Shield and Desert Storm. During the Gulf War he engaged in surveying borders, calling in artillery hits on scud missile sites, and gathering intelligence among Iraqi prisoners of war. Because of his stellar service in this conflict, Lance Corporal Campbell was awarded the Combat Action Ribbon, South West Asian Service Medal with three stars, Saudi Arabian Liberation of Kuwait Medal, and Kuwait Liberation of Kuwait Medal.

At a time when we are once again at war, it is necessary to recognize the achievements of these national heroes. Due to their dedication, service, and sacrifice, they deserve our unwavering admiration and our unending gratitude.

Our country often takes for granted the freedoms and liberties our service men and women risk their lives to protect; yet by continuing to honor our veterans we preserve our nation's future by commemorating their past.

Thank you, Lance Corporal Campbell, for your service and sacrifice. You are a true hero.

TRIBUTE TO DESTINAE RAE

HON. SCOTT MCINNIS

OF COLORADO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, November 21, 2003

Mr. MCINNIS. Mr. Speaker, I rise before you with a solemn heart to pay tribute to a remarkable young woman. Destinae Rae passed away recently after a long and courageous battle with cancer. I knew Dusty well, she was a tremendous young woman who spread happiness and faith to every person she met and it is my honor to call her compassion and kindness to the attention of this body of Congress and this nation.

Dusty grew up in Colorado and had five wonderful children and five beautiful grandchildren. The week before Dusty passed away, she was blessed with another grandchild. Dusty was a tremendous mother, grandmother, daughter, sister and friend.

Dusty was a devoted Christian and a member of the Evergreen Baptist Church in her home of Evergreen, Colorado. Dusty was also involved in volunteer work. She was active in a number of cancer associations in Colorado and dedicated a great deal of her time to comforting the victims of cancer and raising funds for medical research. I know that many cancer victims had their lives bettered by Dusty's dedication and compassion for that cause.

Dusty will also be remembered for the many lives that she touched with her amazing singing voice. Dusty used her singing talents to spread her faith, happiness and joy for life to scores of people throughout Colorado. Dusty spent her last years recording and performing

Christian music. She truly had the voice of an angel.

Mr. Speaker, it is my honor to rise before you to pay tribute to Destinae Rae. Dusty's parents, my longtime friends Dan and Marty Thompson, describe her best as a woman who was beautiful on the outside, and had an even more beautiful heart. We will all miss Dusty, and my heart goes out to her loved ones in this difficult time.

THE NATIONAL FILM
PRESERVATION ACT OF 2003

HON. HOWARD L. BERMAN

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, November 21, 2003

Mr. BERMAN. Mr. Speaker, today, the distinguished gentleman from Michigan, Representative JOHN CONYERS, and I introduce "the National Film Preservation Act of 2003." Senator PATRICK LEAHY joins us by introducing identical legislation in the Senate.

This legislation reauthorizes the National Film Preservation Board (NFPB) and the National Film Preservation Foundation (NFPF) for ten years. The NFPF is an independent, non-profit organization established in 1996 with bipartisan Congressional support to help save America's film heritage. The NFPF is the charitable affiliate of the NFPB of the Library of Congress, which was also established in 1996.

This legislation also increases the authorized appropriations for the NFPF from \$500,000 in fiscal year 2004 and 2005 up to \$1,000,000 in fiscal years 2006 through 2013. It authorizes additional appropriations not to exceed \$1,000,000 for cooperative film preservation and access initiatives by the NFPF for each of the fiscal years 2006 through 2013. All authorized appropriations are only to be made available to match private contributions to the NFPF.

The excellent work and strong track record of the NFPB and NFPF justify both the reauthorization and increased authorization of appropriations provided by this bill. Working with archives and others in the film preservation community, the NFPF supports activities that save films for future generations, improve film access for education and exhibition, and increase public commitment to preserving film as a cultural resource, art form, and historical record. In essence, its mission is to save America's "orphan films"—newsreels, silent films, documentaries, avant-garde works, and other independent films that are not preserved by commercial interests.

Over the past seven years, the NFPF has done great work in furtherance of this goal. Working with more than 80 organizations, it has helped preserve approximately 600 films and collections. Through its preservation efforts, the NFPF has made it possible for organizations in 34 states and the District of Columbia to use these films in education and research. Many of the films preserved provide unique windows into American history and culture. For instance, films preserved through NFPF efforts include social dramas from Thomas Edison's studio, the earliest "talkie" of an American president, and home movies clandestinely shot by Japanese Americans in World War II detention camps.

As authorization for the NFPB and NFPF expired on September 30, 2003, Congress must act quickly on this legislation. We cannot allow the important work of these organizations to lapse. Over 50% of the films made before 1950 have disintegrated, and only 10% of the movies produced in the United States before 1929 still exist. We must act to stem further losses of this rich cultural heritage. No art form is more uniquely American than film, but unfortunately, few art forms are more susceptible to degradation through passage of time and poor preservation.

All parties interested in preservation and expansion of the public domain, whether for research, education, or further commercial exploitation, must join Representative Conyers, Senator Leahy, and myself in securing passage of this legislation. While it may be intellectually stimulating to debate radical copyright revisions as mechanisms to expand the public domain, these debates should not detract from the pursuit of proven methods, like NFPF projects, to preserve and expand the public domain. The tight fiscal picture for the U.S. government indicates that this legislation will be very difficult to pass, thus all public domain advocates should focus their full attention on this effort.

TRIBUTE TO CHARLES LEWIS, III

HON. DENNIS MOORE

OF KANSAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, November 21, 2003

Mr. MOORE. Mr. Speaker, I would like to take this opportunity to commend a remarkable man who lives in Leawood, Kansas, in the Third Congressional District. Charles Lewis, III, has served as the golf pro at Mission Hills Country Club for more than 25 years, in addition to his many other services to the Kansas City community. Unfortunately, for the people of Kansas City, Charles recently announced his plans to retire.

On September 14, 1960, Charles Lewis, who was competing in his first U.S. Amateur tournament, beat Jack Nicklaus at the St. Louis Country Club, a feat which some experts have called the greatest match-play upset of the 20th century.

Since he was a child, Charles Lewis has devoted much of his time and energy to golf. In addition to perfecting his own skill through practice, Charles has spent many years at the Mission Hills Country Club helping others do the same. He also serves on the advisory board of the Junior Golf Foundation of Greater Kansas City, an organization that has introduced more than 3,000 children to the game.

I commend Charles Lewis, III on this 20th day of November 2003 for his incredible skill and dedication to sharing his passion for this exciting game, and place into the RECORD an article from the Kansas City Star detailing his achievements.

[From the Kansas City Star, June 4, 2000]

LOCAL PRO ONCE BEAT NICKLAUS

(By Howard Richman)

On a wall in his Mission Hills Country Club pro-shop office, Charles Lewis III displays one of his most prized possessions, a portrait of Jack Nicklaus.

Forty years ago this summer, Lewis stunned the golf universe when he owned

Nicklaus, the man who has been called the greatest golfer in history. Nicklaus will be in town Tuesday to play in the Children's Mercy Hospital Golf Classic at Blue Hills Country Club.

But one sultry, unforgettable afternoon, Lewis knocked off Nicklaus in what some experts have called the greatest match-play upset of the 20th century.

It was Sept. 14, 1960. The site: St. Louis Country Club. In anticipation of large galleries, ropes kept the spectators on the outside looking in, which was a good thing because this U.S. Amateur tournament had taken on the feel of a major professional championship.

Lewis, who was born in Miami, Okla., and raised in Little Rock, Ark., was participating in his first U.S. Amateur. A 19-year-old unknown, Lewis seemed to handle his first major event as if it were a scramble with some friends back home at The Country Club of Little Rock.

Lewis won his first three match-play matches, rarely in jeopardy through any of them. Although he had no real big-time-event background, Lewis knew he was prepared for this moment.

"As a kid, I'd go play on my dad's course (his father was the head pro at the country club)," Lewis said. "Sometimes there wouldn't be anybody out there. I'd play a variety of shots. I'd go around trees. Under them. Over them. I had no fear of hitting shots."

Lewis had to face his fear, if he had any, in the fourth round at St. Louis Country Club. Lewis was about to go head to head with Nicklaus, the defending Amateur champion and runner-up to Arnold Palmer in the U.S. Open just a few months earlier. In the morning's third round, Nicklaus shot a 31 on the front side on the way to a 6 and 5 drubbing of Phil Rodgers. In his early match, Lewis beat Connecticut amateur champion Dick Sideowl 6 and 4.

Then it was time for Lewis to match his game against Nicklaus, who was receiving accolades in the same fashion that Tiger Woods would receive them more than 30 years later.

"He (Nicklaus) was the fair-haired boy," Lewis said. "People talked about how he did things different than anybody else, how he could hit it straighter and farther, like the way they talk about Tiger."

"Me? I was the country boy. But I was never really scared. I had played a lot of golf."

It was estimated that more than 5,000 spectators tailed Lewis and Nicklaus in their match, an impressive crowd for a non-title match. It turned out to be a match that Lewis dominated, due in part to Nicklaus' awful putting.

Lewis birdied the par-4 No. 1 and went 1-up. Nicklaus bogeyed the second hole, which Lewis won. When Lewis birdied the par-5 fifth, he went 3-up. Nicklaus 3-putted No. 6. And No. 7. By the time they made the turn, Lewis was a cozy 6-up. The upset was all but sealed.

"Jack and I didn't really talk during the match," Lewis recalled, "but I do remember his dad say something to me as I was walking along. He said, 'You're thumping my little boy.' I'd met Jack's dad before. He was a class act. Like Jack."

Nicklaus finally won his first hole at No. 10 but not because of anything spectacular on his part. Lewis 3-putted. Lewis, though, didn't swerve out of control. In fact, The New York Times reported that Lewis, "under the pressure of a huge gallery, and meeting his first big test, was cool and poised."

The match came to an early conclusion when Lewis hit his 4-wood approach at the par-5 15th onto the green. Nicklaus' second

shot found the rough. Lewis birdied and closed the deal. His 5 and 3 win over Nicklaus shocked golf circles. Just last year, Golf World magazine ranked Lewis' win the greatest match-play upset of the 20th century.

Nicklaus, who won the Amateur in 1961, has the fourth-best winning percentage in U.S. Amateurs of players with at least 20 wins (24-5 record). Lewis, though, prevented him from possibly winning three in a row. The only one who has done that was Woods during 1994-96.

In his book, *My Story*, Nicklaus said this about his loss to Lewis: "I 3-putted six times, once from near gimme range, and never had a hope against Charlie Lewis, a good golfer from Arkansas. I learned some more about controlling the psyche and about self-pacing from that experience."

Lewis still remembers what Nicklaus said following their match.

"He said, 'Good luck. . . I hope you win it all.' I think he meant it," Lewis said.

But Lewis couldn't win it all. He went on and won his next two matches. The sixth one was important because it earned him an invitation to the Masters. In the scheduled 36-hole semifinals, Lewis' streak was halted. He fell to Bob Gardner 2 and 1.

Lewis played in two more U.S. Amateurs. But none of them matched his achievement in 1960. After serving in Vietnam with the Marines, Lewis came back, won the 1967 Arkansas Amateur, then gave the PGA Tour a shot. He thinks his best finish was 14th place, which was worth \$2,200. After two years, Lewis relinquished the idea of trying to make it out there.

"His personality wasn't made for the tour," said Lewis' wife, Marilyn, who plays more golf than her husband. She's on the golf course five times a week.

"He could play the game," Marilyn said. "But he hated going from town to town. He wanted to be somewhere where he could put his feet up and relax."

Lewis returned to Little Rock, where a friend told him about an assistant club-pro job in Kansas City. Lewis phoned Duke Gibson, the pro at Blue Hills Country Club, and Gibson hired Lewis over the phone. Twenty-eight years ago, Lewis moved on to Mission Hills.

On Tuesday, Lewis hopes to rekindle memories with Nicklaus.

"It's been years since I talked to Jack," Lewis said. "We played a practice round together when I played in the Masters. I hope I get a chance to talk to him. As I said, he's a class act. But I'm sure he would have preferred to beat me."

"But that was a day I accomplished something. I saw more media than I had ever seen. I got telegrams from people I didn't even know. Next to my marriage, that (beating Nicklaus) is the greatest thrill of my life."

INTRODUCTION OF RESOLUTION COMMENDING IRAQI WOMEN

HON. CAROLYN B. MALONEY

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, November 21, 2003

Mrs. MALONEY. Mr. Speaker, today, Representative BIGGERT, Representative HOOLEY, and I introduce legislation to commend Iraqi women for their participation in Iraqi government and civil society and to advocate for the inclusion of women's rights in the Iraqi constitution.

The women of Iraq should have a stake in the future of their country. We must support

the efforts of the Iraqi women to require that the constitution of Iraq includes equal rights for women. Iraq has the opportunity to begin a new chapter by rejecting the ways of Saddam Hussein, and embracing democracy, including the right to vote for all its citizens. I believe that the United States should support these efforts in every possible way.

I look forward to working with Representative BIGGERT, Representative HOOLEY and my other colleagues to pass this resolution and to fight for the rights of women in Iraq.

TRIBUTE TO DR. NORMAN N.
BURG, MD

MAURICE HINCHEY

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, November 21, 2003

Mr. HINCHEY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize the distinguished career of Dr. Norman N. Burg. Through more than 40 years of medical practice in Ulster County, New York, Dr. Burg has touched the lives of countless people and has improved the delivery of regional health care services immeasurably. I am pleased to join the health care community in Ulster County in congratulating Dr. Burg on his outstanding career.

During his four decades of service in Ulster County, Dr. Burg has operated a private practice, served on staff at two local hospitals, having been president of the medical staff at both. He has also contributed his leadership skills to serving the Ulster County Infirmary, Ferncliff Nursing Home, St. Francis Hospital in Poughkeepsie and Northern Dutchess Hospital.

Throughout his career, Dr. Burg has taken great pride in sharing his accumulated knowledge of medicine and worked diligently to educate aspiring physicians. Among his many accomplishments, he was a founder and the first program director of the residency program at Family Medicine in Kingston. This program has trained more than 100 family physicians, the majority of whom continue to practice medicine in New York. It also paved the way for the creation of the Mid Hudson Family Health Institute that currently provides health care services to under-insured and uninsured residents of the Hudson Valley. The Institute stands as a testament to Dr. Burg's deeply held belief that all citizens should be afforded access to health care regardless of their economic situation.

Dr. Burg has also been extremely involved in his community since coming to Ulster County. His list of activities include serving as the school physician and football team physician for Onteora High School, president and coach of the Woodstock Little League, EMT instructor, board member of the Woodstock Volunteer Ambulance Squad and chairman of the Woodstock Narcotics Guidance Council.

Mr. Speaker, it is my privilege to recognize the outstanding accomplishments of Dr. Norman Burg. His deep commitment to improving the lives of people around him has yielded a distinguished record of service and has made Ulster County and much of New York, a better, healthier place to live.