

District judges and U.S. attorneys within the Sixth Circuit have publicly stated that the vacancy rate in the Sixth Circuit has slowed the administration of justice. Accordingly, nine members of Michigan's Congressional delegation have written to the Judiciary Committee, expressing their deep concern over the persistence of the Michigan vacancies and urging us to confirm President Bush's Michigan nominees. Under such circumstances, with the understanding that we will continue to work to resolve the Michigan Senators' concerns, we simply must move forward on these nominations and confirm Judge Saad, Judge Griffin, and Judge McKeague to the Sixth Circuit.

I yield the floor.  
The PRESIDING OFFICER. By unanimous consent, the call for a quorum has been waived.

The question is, Is it the sense of the Senate that debate on the nomination of Richard A. Griffin, of Michigan to be United States Circuit Judge for the Sixth Circuit shall be brought to a close.

The yeas and nays are required under the rule.

The clerk will call the roll.  
The legislative clerk called the roll.

Mr. REID. I announce that the Senator from North Carolina (Mr. EDWARDS) and the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. KERRY) are necessarily absent.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Are there any other Senators in the Chamber desiring to vote?

The yeas and nays resulted—yeas 54, nays 44, as follows:

[Rollcall Vote No. 161 Ex.]

YEAS—54

Alexander	Dole	McConnell
Allard	Domenici	Miller
Allen	Ensign	Murkowski
Bennett	Enzi	Nelson (NE)
Bond	Fitzgerald	Nickles
Brownback	Frist	Roberts
Bunning	Graham (SC)	Santorum
Burns	Grassley	Sessions
Campbell	Gregg	Shelby
Chafee	Hagel	Smith
Chambliss	Hatch	Snowe
Cochran	Hutchison	Specter
Coleman	Inhofe	Stevens
Collins	Kyl	Sununu
Cornyn	Lincoln	Talent
Craig	Lott	Thomas
Crapo	Lugar	Voivovich
DeWine	McCain	Warner

NAYS—44

Akaka	Dodd	Leahy
Baucus	Dorgan	Levin
Bayh	Durbin	Lieberman
Biden	Feingold	Mikulski
Bingaman	Feinstein	Murray
Boxer	Graham (FL)	Nelson (FL)
Breaux	Harkin	Pryor
Byrd	Hollings	Reed
Cantwell	Inouye	Reid
Carper	Jeffords	Rockefeller
Clinton	Johnson	Sarbanes
Conrad	Kennedy	Schumer
Corzine	Kohl	Stabenow
Daschle	Landrieu	Wyden
Dayton	Lautenberg	

NOT VOTING—2

Edwards	Kerry
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The PRESIDING OFFICER. On this vote, the yeas are 54, the nays are 44.

Three-fifths of the Senators duly chosen and sworn not having voted in the affirmative, the motion is rejected.

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote and to lay that motion on the table.

The motion to lay on the table was agreed to.

NOMINATION OF DAVID W. MCKEAGUE TO BE UNITED STATES CIRCUIT JUDGE FOR THE SIXTH CIRCUIT

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order and pursuant to rule XXII, the clerk will report the motion to invoke cloture.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

CLOTURE MOTION

We the undersigned Senators, in accordance with the provisions of Rule XXII of the Standing Rules of the Senate, do hereby move to bring to a close debate on Executive Calendar No. 790, David W. McKeague, of Michigan, to be U.S. circuit judge for the Sixth Circuit.

Bill Frist, Orrin Hatch, Lamar Alexander, Charles Grassley, Mike Crapo, Pete Domenici, Lincoln Chafee, Mitch McConnell, Ted Stevens, George Allen, Lindsey Graham, John Warner, Jeff Sessions, John Ensign, Trent Lott, Jim Talent, Pat Roberts.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. By unanimous consent, the mandatory quorum call has been waived.

The question is, Is it the sense of the Senate that debate on the nomination of David W. McKeague, of Michigan, to be United States Circuit Judge for the Sixth Circuit, shall be brought to a close.

The yeas and nays are required under the rule.

The clerk will call the roll.  
The legislative clerk called the roll.

Mr. MCCONNELL. I announce that the Senator from New Hampshire (Mr. GREGG) is necessarily absent.

Mr. REID. I announce that the Senator from North Carolina (Mr. EDWARDS) and the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. KERRY) are necessarily absent.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. GRAHAM of South Carolina). Are there any other Senators in the Chamber desiring to vote?

The result was announced—yeas 53, nays 44, as follows:

[Rollcall Vote No. 162 Ex.]

YEAS—53

Alexander	Dole	Miller
Allard	Domenici	Murkowski
Allen	Ensign	Nelson (NE)
Bennett	Enzi	Nickles
Bond	Fitzgerald	Roberts
Brownback	Frist	Santorum
Bunning	Graham (SC)	Sessions
Burns	Grassley	Shelby
Campbell	Hagel	Smith
Chafee	Hatch	Snowe
Chambliss	Hutchison	Specter
Cochran	Inhofe	Stevens
Coleman	Kyl	Sununu
Collins	Lincoln	Talent
Cornyn	Lott	Thomas
Craig	Lugar	Thomas
Crapo	McCain	Voivovich
DeWine	McConnell	Warner

NAYS—44

Akaka	Dodd	Leahy
Baucus	Dorgan	Levin
Bayh	Durbin	Lieberman
Biden	Feingold	Mikulski
Bingaman	Feinstein	Murray
Boxer	Graham (FL)	Nelson (FL)
Breaux	Harkin	Pryor
Byrd	Hollings	Reed
Cantwell	Inouye	Reid
Carper	Jeffords	Rockefeller
Clinton	Johnson	Sarbanes
Conrad	Kennedy	Schumer
Corzine	Kohl	Stabenow
Daschle	Landrieu	Wyden
Dayton	Lautenberg	

NOT VOTING—3

Edwards	Gregg	Kerry
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The PRESIDING OFFICER. On this vote, the yeas are 53, the nays are 44. Three-fifths of the Senators duly chosen and sworn not having voted in the affirmative, the motion is rejected.

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote.

Mr. LEVIN. I move to lay that motion on the table.

The motion to lay on the table was agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Wisconsin.

Mr. FEINGOLD. I ask unanimous consent to speak as if in morning business.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

GENOCIDE IN SUDAN

Mr. FEINGOLD. Mr. President, I rise to join my colleagues in expressing my continued grave concern about the situation in Darfur, Sudan. For months now, Members of Congress have come to the floor to express their outrage at the situation in Darfur. All credible evidence indicates that what is unfolding in Darfur is genocide. Already, an estimated 30,000 civilians have been killed. More than 130,000 refugees have fled to Chad, and more than 1 million people have been displaced.

Numerous credible reports document the widespread use of rape as a weapon against female civilians. Entire communities have been razed, mosques destroyed, and wells poisoned, guaranteeing that a grave humanitarian crisis will continue to unfold for many months or even years. And now reports indicate that terrified survivors are being forced to return to their homes, which have been utterly destroyed, in a context of serious insecurity by Government officials who apparently view their own suffering citizens as something like a source of embarrassment.

Those of us who have followed developments in Sudan for many years see a horrifying familiarity in this crisis. The Government of Sudan has deliberately provoked a humanitarian catastrophe before in an attempt to repress dissent, and so for months now Members have come to the floor to speak out about this crisis.

I have written and spoken to administration officials, to U.N. officials, and to European officials to call for action and a firm unified message to Khartoum. I have raised the issue, as have