

planning and leading a service project for their community. This is not an honor given out lightly: this young man is becoming an Eagle Scout because he is intelligent, dedicated, and principled.

I am proud to call Nicholas George Richardson my constituent, for he is a shining example of the promise of the next generation. Indeed, he represents the best of the young people in our country. I extend my sincere congratulations to him and his family, on this momentous occasion.

CONGRATULATING THE 2004 FLORIDA HIGH SCHOOL ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION CLASS 1A STATE FOOTBALL CHAMPIONS

**HON. ADAM H. PUTNAM**

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Wednesday, February 2, 2005*

Mr. PUTNAM. Mr. Speaker, I want to congratulate the 2004 Florida High School Athletic Association (FHSAA) Class 1A State Football Champion Fort Meade Middle-High School Fighting Miners from the 12th Congressional District of Florida.

This was an incredible season for the Fighting Miners as they finally became the best football program in Class 1A and one of the elite teams in Florida under Head Coach Michael Hayde.

I commend the champion Fort Meade Middle-High School football team for a wonderful and magical run this year. The people of Florida and all of Polk County are proud of you. You have all demonstrated that hard work, perseverance and unity are the foundation of success.

I applaud the entire Fort Meade football coaching staff for their commitment and dedication to their players and for proving that hard work, sportsmanship and determination pay off.

I pay tribute to Fort Meade Middle-High School students, teachers, coaches and the entire football team on their achievement as victors of the Class 1A state championship football game.

NATIVE AMERICAN VETERANS BURIAL FAIRNESS ACT OF 2005

**HON. TOM UDALL**

OF NEW MEXICO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Wednesday, February 2, 2005*

Mr. UDALL of New Mexico. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to introduce the Native American Veterans Cemetery Act of 2005. I first introduced this bill in the 108th Congress, and I am optimistic about its prospects during the 109th Congress.

The Native American Veterans Cemetery Act makes all Native American tribes eligible to apply for state cemetery grants. Under current law, only states are eligible for these grants. The bill would not give preference or special exceptions to Native American tribes that apply for the state cemetery grants. It would simply put tribes on equal footing with state governments—consistent with tribal sovereignty—by allowing them to apply for grants

to establish, expand or improve tribal veterans cemeteries. Moreover, if a Native American tribe were awarded a state cemetery grant, the cemetery would be open to all veterans.

Historically, Native Americans have the highest record of service per capita of any ethnic group. New Mexico is home to almost 9,800 Native American Veterans, making it one of the top five states in the country with regard to its Native American veteran population. I believe it is time that Native American veterans who have served our country so honorably are allowed to pursue a decent, dignified resting place on their tribal lands.

Last year, Secretary of Veterans Affairs Anthony Principi stated in writing that he strongly supported this bill's enactment, and because it does not extend any special exceptions or benefits to Native American tribes that apply for state cemetery grants, this bill is budget neutral. The bill is also supported by the Navajo Nation, the largest federally recognized tribe, as well as National American Indian Veterans, Inc (NAIV). In addition to a resolution adopted by the Navajo Nation Council, the New Mexico and Arizona state legislatures have both passed memorials urging Congress to adopt this measure. I have included with this statement support letters from the VA, Navajo Nation, and NAIV.

I would like to thank my colleague Representative TOM COLE of Oklahoma for his strong and early support of this bill, as well as the other 24 original cosponsors. I look forward to working with all of my colleagues to move this bill during the 109th Congress.

THE SECRETARY OF VETERANS AFFAIRS,  
*Washington, July 29, 2004.*

Hon. TOM UDALL,  
*Member, Committee on Veterans' Affairs, House of Representatives, Washington, DC.*

DEAR MR. UDALL: We are pleased to present our views on H.R. 2983, 108th Congress, a bill, "[t]o amend title 38, United States Code, to provide for eligibility of Indian tribal organizations for grants for the establishment of veterans cemeteries on trust lands." This bill would authorize the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to make grants to tribal organizations to assist them in establishing, expanding, or improving veterans' cemeteries in the same manner and under the same conditions as grants to states are made under 38 U.S.C. 2408.

The cemetery-grants program has proven to be an effective way of making the option of veterans-cemetery burials available in locations not conveniently served by our national cemeteries. H.R. 2983 would create another means of accommodating the burial needs of Native American veterans who wish to be buried in tribal lands, and we strongly support its enactment.

While we are unsure of the number of grant applications that may be prompted by the bill's enactment, we do not assume its passage would result in the appropriation of additional funds for the cemetery-grants program. Hence, we estimate its enactment would be budget neutral.

The Office of Management and Budget has advised that there is no objection to the submission of this report from the standpoint of the Administration's program.

Sincerely yours,

ANTHONY J. PRINCIPI.

NATIONAL AMERICAN INDIAN VETERANS, INC.,

*Mitchell, SD, October 7, 2004.*

DEAR CONGRESSIONAL REPRESENTATIVE: The National American Indian Veterans, Inc. is writing to respectfully request your sup-

port of H.R. 2983, the Native American Veterans Cemetery Act of 2003 (Act). The Act will authorize the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to make grants available to tribal organizations for establishing, expanding, or improving Veterans cemeteries on trust land owned by, or held in trust for tribal organizations. The Act has been referred to the U.S. House of Representatives Committee on Veterans Affairs, Sub-Committee on Benefits.

Today, American Indian Veterans cemeteries in Indian Country are either non-existent or are filled to capacity. As a result, our deceased brothers and sisters in arms are either laid to rest in State Veterans Cemeteries far from their homelands and families, or in cemeteries without the identifying honor of distinguished service in defense of our great nation.

During his second inaugural address, President Abraham Lincoln spoke to the mission of the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs to "care for him who shall have borne the battle and his widow and orphan." On a population per capita basis, no one has borne the battle more than the American Indian Veteran and their widows and orphans. American Indian Veterans have served in the defense of the United States in all its military conflicts throughout the 20th and 21st Century.

Your support of H.R. 2983, the Native American Veterans Cemetery Act of 2003, will honor American Indian Veterans by establishing Veterans Cemeteries in Indian Country.

DONALD E. LOUDNER,  
*National Commander.*  
ANDERSON MORGAN,  
*Junior Vice Chairman.*  
CASSANDRA MORGAN,  
*Treasurer.*  
MICHAEL PAVATEA,  
*Senior Vice Commander.*  
JOEY STRICKLAND,  
*Chief of Staff.*  
BRYCE IN THE WOODS,  
*Secretary.*

RESOLUTION OF THE INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS COMMITTEE OF THE NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL

APPROVING AND SUPPORTING THE NATIVE AMERICAN VETERANS CEMETERY ACT OF 2003 (H.R. 2983) INTRODUCED BY U.S. REPRESENTATIVE TOM UDALL OF NEW MEXICO THAT THE BILL WILL MAKE ALL TRIBES ELIGIBLE TO APPLY FOR STATE CEMETERY GRANTS FROM THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS (VA)

Whereas:

1. Pursuant to 2 N.N.C. §§821 and 824(B)(5), the Intergovernmental Relations Committee is hereby established as a standing committee of the Navajo Nation Council and is to coordinate with all committees, chapters, branches and entities concerned with all Navajo appearances and testimony before Congressional committees, departments of the United States government, state legislatures and departments and county and local governments; and

2. Pursuant to 2 N.N.C. §§601 and 604(B)(1), (3) and (5), the Human Services Committee is established and continued as a standing committee of the Navajo Nation Council, and is empowered to promulgate regulations for the enforcement and implementation of the labor laws and policies of the Navajo Nation and laws relating to veterans services; to recommend legislation regarding employment, training, and veterans services; and to serve as the oversight authority for the Division of Human Resources, including the Department of Navajo Veterans Affairs (DNVA); and