

cancer, from heart disease, from AIDS, from diabetes. It is time to make a reality of our vision of an America in which all populations have equal opportunity to live long and healthy lives.

The Federal government has recognized this serious problem, and we have set a goal of eliminating health disparities by the end of the decade. We have taken some important first steps, including establishing a new National Center on Minority Health and Health Disparities within the National Institutes of Health. But we are halfway through the decade, and there is still much to do to prove this is not a hollow promise.

We need legislation that will clearly establish a base for building effective communication strategies and increasing awareness of health care providers and minority patients. Clinical studies should be redesigned to include more minorities. Health insurance coverage must become accessible for everyone. Our funding priorities must show our moral commitment to eradicating health and healthcare disparities.

We cannot place all the responsibility for a solution on minority Americans. Disparities are the result of problems inherent in our health care system that prevent quality care and allow disparities to persist. There are a number of factors that contribute including the lack of knowledge about how diseases can affect different races in different ways; insufficient training in medical schools; and, lack of diversity in the medical field.

Mr. Speaker, Congress and the Administration must assume the lead responsibility to achieve equality in health care. I urge you, and all of our colleagues, to join with me in supporting the Minority Health bill—soon to be reintroduced in the House and Senate and other critical initiatives to end minority health and healthcare disparities.

HONORING THE CONTRIBUTIONS OF STACEY ROBINETT, REBECCA CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL TEACHER OF THE YEAR

HON. HENRY CUELLAR

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 28, 2005

Mr. CUELLAR. Mr. Speaker, I rise to recognize the many accomplishments of Stacey Robinett, Rebecca Creek Elementary School Teacher of the Year.

Stacey Robinett holds both Bachelor's and Master's degrees from Texas Wesleyan University. In her 11 years of teaching, she has established herself as one of her district's leading educators.

Ms. Robinett enjoys the challenge of teaching her young students a subject which will be crucial for their future success. This is why Ms. Robinett teaches fifth-grade math for the Comal Independent School District.

Ms. Robinett says that she is motivated by belief in what she is doing, and a constant desire to improve her methods. She sees teaching as a position of trust, and is proud to be responsible for the growth and happiness of her young students.

Stacey Robinett is an exemplary educator. Her energy and commitment to her students are an example for teachers everywhere, and

a credit to the Comal Independent School District. She has accomplished a great deal already, and she has a bright future in education ahead of her. I am pleased to have the chance to recognize her accomplishments here today.

THE PENSION PRESERVATION AND SAVINGS ACT

HON. BENJAMIN L. CARDIN

OF MARYLAND

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 28, 2005

Mr. CARDIN. Mr. Speaker, I have greatly enjoyed working with my good friend from Ohio, Representative ROB PORTMAN, on pension legislation for almost a decade. We have gotten good, bipartisan—even nonpartisan—legislation passed into law that has helped, and will continue to help, all Americans save for a better future.

I am very happy with the President's choice to promote (or at least move) ROB to U.S. Trade Representative, where I know he will provide an intelligent, thoughtful voice on trade. I look forward to working with him in his new capacity to provide a level playing field for U.S. workers and freer international markets for U.S. goods.

Today we introduce legislation that represents our progress on creating the next generation of Portman/Cardin pension legislation. These bills demonstrate the progress we have made and the goals we would like to pursue. I look forward to continuing this process that Congressman PORTMAN and I have started as I continue to serve here in the U.S. House of Representatives.

The bills we introduce today include a refundable, permanent savers' credit to give lower-income and younger workers more money to work with in saving for their future. We include incentives for employers to provide automatic enrollment in retirement plans to make saving easier for younger workers. We include incentives for choosing lifetime annuitant retirement, to ensure that retirement savings last a lifetime. This legislation makes permanent all of the pension improvements we made in 2001, including the availability of catch-up contributions, increased contribution limits, and increased portability of retirement savings.

The major difference between the two bills filed today is that the legislation that I have authored does not include increases to the income caps for Roth IRAs.

Once the Joint Tax Committee has scored this legislation, I intend to work with my colleagues to offer revenue offsets to mitigate any effect the enactment of this legislation could have on our budget deficit.

I want to thank my friend, ROB, for being such a good, steadfast partner in helping Americans to plan for their futures. His commitment, intelligence, and willingness to put aside politics to create the best policy have been a credit to him and have made a difference in the lives of countless Americans.

CHILD INTERSTATE ABORTION NOTIFICATION ACT

SPEECH OF

HON. BILL SHUSTER

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, April 27, 2005

Mr. SHUSTER. Mr. Speaker, I rise to applaud the House for the passage of H.R. 748, the Child Interstate Notification Act, sponsored by my colleague from Florida Congresswoman ILEANA ROS-LEHTINEN. This important legislation prohibits the transportation of a minor across state lines to obtain an abortion for the sole purpose of avoiding parental consent laws.

It is a tragedy to deny parents the ability to consult with their child at the most critical time. It is a parent who can provide the emotional and psychological support that their daughter will need. Additionally, parents know their daughter's medical history. They know any allergies that she may have to certain medications or anesthesia. In an era when a child must seek parental consent to receive aspirin from school officials, it seems reasonable to expect that a child seek that same consent to obtain a major medical procedure.

Mr. Speaker, I come from a state that requires parental notification. Yet out of state clinics are constantly trying to circumvent our parental notification laws. It is not an uncommon practice for clinics in New Jersey, a state without parental notification laws, to advertise in Pennsylvania phone books. In fact, these clinics will go as far as to highlight the fact that they will perform abortions without parental notification. The passage of the Child Interstate Notification Act will effectively put an end to this atrocious practice.

Also, it should be noted that in no way does passage H.R. 748 interfere with or supercede existing state law. This bill simply deals with the interstate transporting of minors. As a parent of two children, I appreciate that the passage of this legislation will ensure that children will not be transported across state lines to circumvent state law.

CONGRATULATING MR. AND MRS. ALAN AND JOAN HURST ON THE OCCASION OF THEIR 50TH WEDDING ANNIVERSARY

HON. JUDY BIGGERT

OF ILLINOIS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 28, 2005

Mrs. BIGGERT. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor my dear friends, Alan and Joan Hurst of Hinsdale, Illinois, on the occasion of their 50th wedding anniversary. In June, the Hursts will celebrate 50 years of marriage, and I would like to take a moment to congratulate them on this special event.

My husband Rody and I have known Alan and Joan for almost 35 years—as neighbors and as friends. When we first moved to our home town of Hinsdale, Illinois, they welcomed us into the community with open arms and open hearts. Together, we have enjoyed many years of friendship, including countless dinners, celebrations and family vacations.

The Hursts have been blessed with three children and eight beautiful grandchildren.

Avid world travelers, Alan and Joan have a wonderful zest for life and have always demonstrated incredible generosity, friendship and love of family.

Mr. Speaker, as a longtime friend, I wish to extend my congratulations to Alan and Joan and wish them many more years of love and happiness.

INTRODUCTION OF A PRIVATE
BILL FOR THE RELIEF OF MALIK
JARNO

HON. CHRIS VAN HOLLEN

OF MARYLAND

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 28, 2005

Mr. VAN HOLLEN. Mr. Speaker, today I am introducing a private bill to make Malik Jarno a permanent resident of the United States and to end the protracted ordeal of immigration removal proceedings that have spanned almost one-quarter of this young man's life.

Malik is a mentally disabled teenage orphan from Guinea whose compelling plight has attracted the concern and involvement of more than 70 members of Congress, countless citizens, the international media and dozens of national, state and local organizations working with the mentally disabled, children and immigrants and refugees.

Deporting Malik to Guinea to face life-threatening circumstances would run contrary to the standard of human rights and decency this country maintains. Members of Malik's family were killed and his home was destroyed in the midst of ethnically and politically motivated violence in Guinea. Immigration authorities have received overwhelming evidence of Malik's shattered life and the serious risk of harm he faces, given his father's status as a prominent political dissident, at the hands of Guinean authorities. The heightened threat associated with Malik's deportation places a special responsibility on this country to consider the well-being and livelihood of this young man.

In addition, as a mentally disabled homeless orphan the potential risks of a life in Guinea are aggravated. With no known family or friends to care for Malik, he faces the reality of being relegated to the fringes of a society that has no infrastructure or services to support this young man's special needs. According to information from USAID, UNICEF, UNHCR, WHO and other agencies, there are no government or non-profit programs or legal protections for mentally disabled individuals in Guinea. Given his disability, he will face ostracism and severe discrimination and be extremely vulnerable to physical abuse, oppressive conditions and hostile treatment.

In an act of desperation, family friends that were looking after Malik put him on a plane bound for the United States. Upon his arrival at Dulles International Airport in 2001, Malik was detained by immigration officials and held in adult jails, where his special needs as a mentally disabled child were neglected in the company of adult convicts, for eight months, before he was allowed to appear before a judge to apply for asylum. Only after another two years of detention was Malik transferred from a maximum security prison to a refugee shelter in York, Pennsylvania.

On December 29, 2004, despite strong evidence supporting Malik, an immigration judge

denied Malik asylum. An appeal was filed with the Board of Immigration Appeals (BIA) on January 28, 2005. DHS possesses a travel document for Malik's removal to Guinea which can be used as soon as the BIA dismisses his appeal.

This ordeal has dragged on for too many years and the perpetual uncertainty has left Malik anxious and unsettled. He continues to study, make friends, and go to school in York, Pennsylvania, but with the constant threat of being torn away from his life in the United States. Malik has a promising future in the United States and this bill will provide Malik with a permanent immigration status and the path to becoming a productive and contributing citizen.

In these troubled times, where our reputation as a beacon for human rights has been challenged by the situation in Iraq, the United States has a heightened responsibility to guarantee justice and humane treatment to the most vulnerable in society instead of relegating a mentally disabled orphan to such a horrific fate.

HONORING THE CONTRIBUTIONS
OF BECKY STICH, COMAL ELE-
MENTARY SCHOOL TEACHER OF
THE YEAR

HON. HENRY CUELLAR

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 28, 2005

Mr. CUELLAR. Mr. Speaker, I rise to recognize the outstanding dedication of Becky Stich, Comal Elementary School Teacher of the Year.

After earning a Bachelor's degree from Texas State University in San Marcos, Becky Stich began a committed career in helping children. She has been teaching special education in Comal ISD for 14 years. Currently, she is a Behavior Resource teacher for all grades, kindergarten through 6th grade, at the Comal Elementary School.

As a Behavior Resource teacher, Stich helps manage behavioral problems at school and provides a safe nurturing environment for the children. She also helps the administration identify and implement appropriate behavior management ideas at school.

She summarizes her teaching philosophy this way: "One belief that I now hold is that teaching (and behavioral management) requires doing things with kids, and not to them." Stich understands that students need to have a voice in their own education. As an educator, she realizes the importance in watching, observing, and taking cues directly from the children. It is this philosophy that has allowed Becky Stich to become such a welcoming and great resource for children and educators alike.

Her attitude and dedication to children is an inspiration to the rest of the community. I am honored today to have had the opportunity to recognize her many contributions as an educator in the Comal ISD.

NATIONAL CHILD ABUSE
PREVENTION MONTH

HON. NITA M. LOWEY

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 28, 2005

Mrs. LOWEY. Mr. Speaker, as National Child Abuse Prevention Month draws to a close, I would like to recognize the organizations and individuals who work so hard to break the cycle of violence within families. I urge my colleagues to continue to make eradicating child abuse a top priority, not just during the month of April, but all year long.

Throughout this month we have had many reminders of the tragic events that occur daily in the lives of children throughout the nation. We've heard speeches with startling statistics, stories about families torn apart by unthinkable violence, and we've worn blue ribbons to remember victims.

Sadly, child abuse continues throughout the year, and we all must recognize that child abuse and neglect is not just a family problem—it is a societal problem that requires the attention and efforts of each of our communities.

Effective child abuse programs succeed because of partnerships between social service agencies, schools, faith communities, civic organizations, law enforcements agencies, government, and the business community.

The Exchange Club of Yonkers and the Westchester Child Abuse Prevention Center in my district are just two examples of groups that are making a difference both locally and nationally to eliminate the abuse of children. Both of these organizations work with families in a variety of ways to help break the cycle of abuse and educate the public about ways to help children who are victims of abuse.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to work with organizations nationally and locally to show children that they are a priority and to take a stand against the tragedy of child abuse and neglect.

COMMEMORATING THE 90TH ANNI-
VERSARY OF THE ARMENIAN
GENOCIDE

HON. JOHN F. TIERNEY

OF MASSACHUSETTS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 28, 2005

Mr. TIERNEY. Mr. Speaker, I rise with my fellow members of the Congressional Caucus on Armenian Issues to commemorate the Armenian Genocide. Today, I stand with them and with Armenian-Americans in the 6th District of Massachusetts as we rightfully recognize and renounce the unpardonable horror that occurred 90 years ago.

What began in 1915 when Ottoman Empire officials forcibly led Armenians to their brutal death lasted until 1923. Those 8 long years saw the deaths of 1.5 million innocent victims, who were unsuspectingly led from their homes, their schools, their places of work and worship only to be systematically slaughtered at the hands of Turkish guards.

All the while, the world stood silent, failing to act despite the fact the number of unmarked graves multiplied exponentially throughout Armenia. The tremendous magnitude of this