

S. RES. 484

Whereas the regime in Burma, the State Peace and Development Council (SPDC), reportedly threatened to abolish the pro-democracy National League for Democracy;

Whereas recent reports indicate that the SPDC escalated its brutal campaign against ethnic groups in November 2005;

Whereas reports indicate that the military operation has resulted in approximately 13,000 new internally displaced persons in Burma;

Whereas reports estimate that approximately 540,000 people are now internally displaced within Burma, the most serious internal displacement crisis in Asia;

Whereas the Thailand Burma Border Consortium reports that the military junta in Burma has destroyed, relocated, or forced the abandonment of approximately 2,800 villages in eastern Burma over the past 10 years;

Whereas refugees continue to pour across Burma's borders;

Whereas those forced to flee their homes in Burma are increasingly vulnerable, and the humanitarian situation grows more dire as the rainy season approaches;

Whereas the United Nations Security Council was briefed on the human rights situation in Burma for the first time ever in December 2005;

Whereas United Nations Secretary-General Kofi Annan and Under-Secretary-General for Political Affairs Ibrahim Gambari acknowledged the seriousness of the problems in Burma, and the Secretary-General's office suggested the first-ever course of action on Burma at the United Nations Security Council at the December 2005 briefing;

Whereas numerous efforts outside the United Nations Security Council to secure reform in Burma, including 28 consecutive non-binding resolutions of the United Nations General Assembly and United Nations Commission on Human Rights, have failed to bring about change;

Whereas there is ample precedent in the United Nations Security Council for action on Burma; and

Whereas Daw Aung San Suu Kyi remains the world's only incarcerated Nobel Peace Prize recipient;

Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That it is the sense of the Senate—

(1) to condemn the military junta in Burma for its recent campaign of terror against ethnic minorities; and

(2) to call on the United States and other democracies to continue to work with the Association of South East Asian Nations to promote democracy, human rights and justice in Burma; and

(3) to call on the United States to lead an effort at the United Nations Security Council to pass immediately a binding, non-punitive resolution calling for the immediate and unconditional release of Daw Aung San Suu Kyi and all other prisoners of conscience in Burma, condemning these atrocities, and supporting democracy, human rights and justice in Burma.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 95—EXPRESSING THE SENSE OF CONGRESS WITH REGARD TO THE IMPORTANCE OF WOMEN'S HEALTH WEEK, WHICH PROMOTES AWARENESS OF DISEASES THAT AFFECT WOMEN AND WHICH ENCOURAGES WOMEN TO TAKE PREVENTIVE MEASURES TO ENSURE GOOD HEALTH

Mr. FEINGOLD (for himself and Ms. SNOWE) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions:

S. CON. RES. 95

Whereas women of all backgrounds have the power to greatly reduce their risk of common diseases through preventive measures such as a healthy lifestyle and frequent medical screenings;

Whereas significant disparities exist in the prevalence of disease among women of different backgrounds, including women with disabilities, African American women, Asian/Pacific Islander women, Latinas, and American Indian/Alaska Native women;

Whereas since healthy habits should begin at a young age, and preventive care saves Federal dollars designated to health care, it is important to raise awareness among women and girls of key female health issues;

Whereas National Women's Health Week begins on Mother's Day annually and celebrates the efforts of national and community organizations working with partners and volunteers to improve awareness of key women's health issues; and

Whereas in 2006, the week of May 14 through May 20, is dedicated as the National Women's Health Week;

Now, therefore, be it
Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That Congress—

(1) recognizes the importance of preventing diseases that commonly affect women;

(2) calls on the people of the United States to use Women's Health Week as an opportunity to learn about health issues that face women;

(3) calls on the women of the United States to observe National Women's Check-Up Day on Monday, May 15, 2006, by receiving preventive screenings from their health care providers; and

(4) recognizes the importance of federally funded programs that provide research and collect data on common diseases in women and highlight racial disparities in the rates of these diseases.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 4066. Mr. KENNEDY (for himself, Mr. MCCAIN, and Mr. GRAHAM) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 2611, to provide for comprehensive immigration reform and for other purposes.

SA 4067. Mr. SALAZAR submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2611, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4068. Mr. KYL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2611, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4069. Mr. REED submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2611, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4070. Mr. DURBIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the

bill S. 2611, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4071. Mr. BOND (for himself and Mr. GREGG) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2611, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4072. Mrs. CLINTON (for herself, Mr. OBAMA, Mrs. BOXER, Mr. SALAZAR, and Mr. SCHUMER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2611, supra.

SA 4073. Mr. SALAZAR (for himself, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. BINGAMAN, and Mr. REID) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2611, supra.

SA 4074. Mr. OBAMA (for himself, Mr. REID, and Mr. HARKIN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2611, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4075. Mrs. FEINSTEIN (for herself and Mr. GRASSLEY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2611, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4076. Mr. ENSIGN (for himself, Mr. GRAHAM, and Mr. CRAIG) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2611, supra.

SA 4077. Mr. BIDEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2611, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4078. Mr. BIDEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2611, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4079. Mr. OBAMA (for himself, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. REID, Mr. HARKIN, and Mr. SALAZAR) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2611, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4080. Mr. CHAMBLISS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2611, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4081. Mr. DURBIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2611, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4082. Mr. DURBIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2611, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

CORRECTED TEXT OF AMENDMENT SUBMITTED ON MAY 17, 2006

SA 4052. Mr. KYL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2611, to provide for comprehensive immigration reform and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 345, strike line 10 and all that follows through page 395, line 23, and insert the following:

Subtitle A—Mandatory Departure and Reentry in Legal Status

SEC. 601. MANDATORY DEPARTURE AND REENTRY IN LEGAL STATUS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title II (8 U.S.C. 1151 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 218C, as added by section 405, the following: “**SEC. 218D. MANDATORY DEPARTURE AND REENTRY.**

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Homeland Security may grant Deferred Mandatory Departure status to aliens who are in the United States illegally to allow such aliens time to depart the United States and to seek admission as a nonimmigrant or immigrant alien.

“(b) REQUIREMENTS.—