

investigative skills and tracking techniques provide vital information and intelligence to local, state, and federal law enforcement agents. Their traditional roles in intelligence gathering, evidence collection, and prosecution have been imperative to our national security and anti-drug efforts.

Unfortunately, these roles have been altered since being reassigned to the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection, CBP, which does not view itself as responsible for intelligence gathering and evidence collection. CBP's control has stifled the impact of the Shadow Wolves.

Since the transfer to CBP, the number of drug seizures has noticeably declined. In 2002, before the transfer, the Shadow Wolves interdicted over 93,000 pounds of marijuana. Only two years later, under CBP, only 52,000 pounds of marijuana were seized.

Under CBP, the Shadow Wolves have been hampered by operational restrictions that continuously undermine the unit's unique capabilities. They are now confined to a seven mile grid along the border, which hampers their ability to track smugglers; they were told they can't do undercover work because "the Border Patrol doesn't do that;" and all of the Native American informants on the Reservation are now handled by non-Indian Border Patrol agents.

A unit that once had 21 agents is down to 16 and is under the threat of losing more. Low morale and a lack of respect and purpose under the control of CBP threaten their very existence.

H.R. 5589 would restore the vital role the Shadow Wolves have traditionally played in drug interdiction and combating smugglers along our border. I strongly support this legislation and hope that it will reach President Bush's desk quickly.

IN RECOGNITION OF DR. BEN SMITH'S RETIREMENT FROM LAKELAND BAPTIST CHURCH

**HON. MICHAEL C. BURGESS**

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, July 11, 2006*

Mr. BURGESS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to commend Dr. Ben Smith for his thirty-two years of service as the pastor of Lakeland Baptist Church in Lewisville, Texas which is my hometown. I am particularly grateful to the service Dr. Smith has provided not only the church but also to those less fortunate in North Texas.

Lakeland has always had a strong emphasis on outreach to the community, and Dr. Smith as sought to strengthen this ministry during his tenure as pastor. He is largely responsible for the congregation's in-depth outreach strategies, such as F.A.I.T.H. Under his leadership Lakeland has grown from less than 200 to over 2,700 members, with 22 full time staff. There have been 14 missions started and of those 7 are now strong churches.

Mr. Speaker, it is with great honor that I stand here today to honor Dr. Ben Smith. He is a strong, moral voice in the community; an actively involved citizen; and a role model to us all. I am proud to serve as his representative in Washington.

HONORING GAY GAMES VII

**HON. RAHM EMANUEL**

OF ILLINOIS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, July 11, 2006*

Mr. EMANUEL. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize Gay Games VII, which will take place next month in Chicago. On behalf of the people of Chicago I welcome the athletes and spectators from around the world who will participate in this year's games.

The Gay Games will bring nearly 12,000 people together for seven days of celebration and competition in 30 sports, as well as music performances, nightly medal ceremonies, and a week-long arts festival. I am proud that Chicago will serve as the host for this historic event.

In the spirit of participation and inclusion, there are no qualifying events and no minimum or maximum requirements. The games are open to all, regardless of age, ability or sexual orientation.

The Gay Games were founded in 1982 by Dr. Tom Waddell, a 1968 Olympic decathlete. Since its inception, over 50,000 people have participated in the Games. Through the years this event has emphasized global unity and universal participation under the slogan "Where the World Meets."

The City of Chicago is an ideal for these games, with a proud tradition of diversity and a strong gay and lesbian community. From Wrigley Field to Soldier Field, the Windy City is ready to welcome the world on July 15th.

Mr. Speaker, it is with great pride that I honor the Gay Games. I wish all of the participants the best of luck in their respective events, and I thank everyone who has worked to make Gay Games VII a reality.

TRIBUTE TO JUNE ALLYSON

**HON. ELIOT L. ENGEL**

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, July 11, 2006*

Mr. ENGEL. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay honor to June Allyson, an actress and spokeswoman who represented America's image of the ideal sweetheart during her film career in the 1940's and 50's. In addition to her work as an entertainer, Allyson vocally advocated the importance of research concerning various senior health issues.

Born Eleanor Geisman in 1917, she was raised in the Bronx by her mother, who worked two jobs to support her family. At age 8, a tree branch fell on Geisman while she was bicycling, breaking several bones. She was confined to a wheelchair and doctors said she would never walk again. Defying the odds, she fought to regain her health through months of therapy and eventually achieved a full recovery.

Finding her inspiration in Ginger Rogers and Fred Astaire, Geisman auditioned for the Broadway show "Sing out the News." The director not only offered her a part, but gave her a stage name as well: June Allyson. Allyson went on to dance in several musicals, including "Very Warm for May" and "Higher and Higher." Her performance in the 1941's "Best Foot Forward" led to her feature film debut by

reprising her role in the MGM musical, which starred Lucille Ball. Allyson's film career consisted mainly of playing the wife of many of Hollywood's leading men, including James Stewart and Van Johnson. Her sunny disposition and youthful optimism particularly resonated with U.S. servicemen overseas, making her an icon for the "ideal girl" to bring home to Mom.

Later in life Allyson worked to raise awareness concerning urological and gynecological diseases in seniors. In appreciation of her efforts, the June Allyson Foundation was formed in partnership with the American Urogynecologic Society as a non-profit research and education foundation. Allyson was also recognized in 1988 when President Reagan appointed her to the Federal Council on Aging, a position she remained extremely proud of for the rest of her life.

June Allyson is a wonderful example of an icon that could both entertain and educate the American people. Her contribution to the film industry will not soon be forgotten, and her devotion to the cause of senior health issues will sorely be missed.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

**HON. PATRICK T. McHENRY**

OF NORTH CAROLINA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, July 11, 2006*

Mr. McHENRY. Mr. Speaker, I would like to submit the following as an extension of my remarks regarding the series of votes for Thursday, June 29, 2006. I was detained from votes due to a scheduled event in my district.

Rollcall votes: No. 350, vote "aye", Previous question on the Rule for H. Res. 895; No. 351, vote "aye", Adoption of the Rule for H. Res. 895; No. 352, vote "aye", Previous question on the Rule for H.R. 4761; No. 353, vote "aye", H. Res. \_\_\_\_ Providing for the adjournment of the House Information Resources; No. 354, vote "no", Markey Amendment; No. 355, vote "no", Bilirakis Amendment; No. 356, vote "aye", Final Passage of H.R. 4761, Deep Ocean Energy Resources Act; and No. 357, vote "aye", Adoption of H. Res. 895, Supporting Terrorist Finance Tracking Program.

DIRECTING SECRETARY OF HOMELAND SECURITY TO TRANSFER FUNCTIONS OF UNIT OPERATING ON THE TOHONO O'ODHAM INDIAN RESERVATION

SPEECH OF

**HON. SHEILA JACKSON-LEE**

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Monday, July 10, 2006*

Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 5589. This bill directs the Secretary of Homeland Security to transfer all functions of the Customs Patrol Officers unit operating on the Tohono O'odham Indian reservation to the United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement.

The Shadow Wolves are a specialized all-Native American unit of the legacy U.S. Customs Service within the Tohono O'odham Indian nation, and they have patrolled 76 miles