

the Drug Enforcement Administration who died in the line of duty in 1985 while engaged in the battle against illicit drugs;

Whereas the Red Ribbon Campaign is nationally recognized and is in its twenty-first year of celebration to help preserve the memory of Special Agent Camarena and further the cause for which he gave his life;

Whereas the objective of Red Ribbon Week is to promote the creation of drug-free communities through drug prevention efforts, education, parental involvement, and community-wide support;

Whereas drug and alcohol abuse places the lives of children at risk and contributes to domestic violence and sexual assaults;

Whereas drug abuse is one of the major challenges that the citizens of the United States face in securing a safe and healthy future for the families and children of our Nation;

Whereas emerging drug threats, such as the growing epidemic of methamphetamine abuse and the abuse of inhalants and prescription drugs, jeopardize the progress made against illegal drug abuse; and

Whereas parents, youths, schools, businesses, law enforcement agencies, religious institutions, service organizations, senior citizens, medical and military personnel, sports teams, and individuals throughout the United States demonstrate their commitment to drug-free, healthy lifestyles by wearing and displaying red ribbons during this week-long celebration: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) supports the goals of Red Ribbon Week; (2) encourages children and teens to choose to live drug-free lives; and

(3) encourages all people of the United States—

(A) to promote the creation of drug-free communities; and

(B) to participate in drug prevention activities to show support for healthy, productive, and drug-free lifestyles.

SENATE RESOLUTION 577—DESIGNATING SEPTEMBER 24, 2006, AS “NATIONAL GOOD NEIGHBOR DAY”

Mr. BAUCUS (for himself, Mr. BURNS, and Mr. BYRD) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 577

Whereas our society has developed highly effective means of speedy communication around the world, but has failed to ensure meaningful communication among people living across the globe, or even across the street, from one another;

Whereas the endurance of human values and consideration for others are critical to the survival of civilization; and

Whereas being good neighbors to those around us is the first step toward human understanding: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) designates September 24, 2006, as “National Good Neighbor Day”; and

(2) calls on the people of the United States and interested groups and organizations to observe National Good Neighbor Day with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 5021. Mrs. FEINSTEIN (for herself and Mr. CRAIG) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 6061, to establish operational control over

the international land and maritime borders of the United States; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5022. Mr. CRAIG (for himself and Mrs. FEINSTEIN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5023. Mr. BINGAMAN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5024. Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. GRASSLEY (for himself, Mr. BAUCUS, Mr. HATCH, Mr. ROCKEFELLER, and Ms. SNOWE)) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 3525, to reauthorize the safe and stable families program, and for other purposes.

SA 5025. Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. GRASSLEY (for himself, Mr. BAUCUS, Mr. HATCH, Mr. ROCKEFELLER, and Ms. SNOWE)) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 3525, supra.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 5021. Mrs. FEINSTEIN (for herself and Mr. CRAIG) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 6061, to establish operational control over the international land and maritime borders of the United States; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 7, after line 10, insert the following:

TITLE II—AGRICULTURAL JOB OPPORTUNITIES, BENEFITS, AND SECURITY

SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the “Agricultural Job Opportunities, Benefits, and Security Act of 2006” or the “AgJOBS Act of 2006”.

SEC. 202. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

(1) AGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT.—The term “agricultural employment” means any service or activity that is considered to be agricultural under section 3(f) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 203(f)) or agricultural labor under section 3121(g) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 3121(g)). For purposes of this paragraph, agricultural employment includes employment under section 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a)).

(2) BLUE CARD STATUS.—The term “blue card status” means the status of an alien who has been lawfully admitted into the United States for temporary residence under section 211(a).

(3) DEPARTMENT.—The term “Department” means the Department of Homeland Security.

(4) EMPLOYER.—The term “employer” means any person or entity, including any farm labor contractor and any agricultural association, that employs workers in agricultural employment.

(5) JOB OPPORTUNITY.—The term “job opportunity” means a job opening for temporary full-time employment at a place in the United States to which United States workers can be referred.

(6) SECRETARY.—Except as otherwise provided, the term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Homeland Security.

(7) TEMPORARY.—A worker is employed on a “temporary” basis where the employment is intended not to exceed 10 months.

(8) UNITED STATES WORKER.—The term “United States worker” means any worker, whether a United States citizen or national, a lawfully admitted permanent resident alien, or any other alien, who is authorized

to work in the job opportunity within the United States, except an alien admitted or otherwise provided status under section 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a)).

(9) WORK DAY.—The term “work day” means any day in which the individual is employed 5.75 or more hours in agricultural employment.

Subtitle A—PILOT PROGRAM FOR EARNED STATUS ADJUSTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL WORKERS

SEC. 211. AGRICULTURAL WORKERS.

(a) BLUE CARD PROGRAM.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary shall confer blue card status upon an alien who qualifies under this subsection if the Secretary determines that the alien—

(A) has performed agricultural employment in the United States for at least 863 hours or 150 work days during the 24-month period ending on December 31, 2005;

(B) applied for such status during the 18-month application period beginning on the first day of the seventh month that begins after the date of enactment of this Act;

(C) is otherwise admissible to the United States under section 212 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182), except as otherwise provided under subsection (e)(2); and

(D) has not been convicted of any felony or a misdemeanor, an element of which involves bodily injury, threat of serious bodily injury, or harm to property in excess of \$500.

(2) AUTHORIZED TRAVEL.—An alien in blue card status has the right to travel abroad (including commutation from a residence abroad) in the same manner as an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence.

(3) AUTHORIZED EMPLOYMENT.—An alien in blue card status shall be provided an “employment authorized” endorsement or other appropriate work permit, in the same manner as an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence.

(4) TERMINATION OF BLUE CARD STATUS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may terminate blue card status granted under this subsection only upon a determination under this title that the alien is deportable.

(B) GROUNDS FOR TERMINATION OF BLUE CARD STATUS.—Before any alien becomes eligible for adjustment of status under subsection (c), the Secretary may deny adjustment to permanent resident status and provide for termination of the blue card status granted such alien under paragraph (1) if—

(i) the Secretary finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the adjustment to blue card status was the result of fraud or willful misrepresentation (as described in section 212(a)(6)(C)(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(6)(C)(i)); or

(ii) the alien—

(I) commits an act that makes the alien inadmissible to the United States as an immigrant, except as provided under subsection (e)(2);

(II) is convicted of a felony or 3 or more misdemeanors committed in the United States;

(III) is convicted of an offense, an element of which involves bodily injury, threat of serious bodily injury, or harm to property in excess of \$500; or

(IV) fails to perform the agricultural employment required under subsection (c)(1)(A)(i) unless the alien was unable to work in agricultural employment due to the extraordinary circumstances described in subsection (c)(1)(A)(iii).

(5) RECORD OF EMPLOYMENT.—