

SENATE RESOLUTION 587—EX-PRESSING CONCERN RELATING TO THE THREATENING BEHAVIOR OF THE ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF IRAN AND THE IDEOLOGICAL ALLIANCE THAT EXISTS BETWEEN THE COUNTRIES OF CUBA AND VENEZUELA, AND SUPPORTING THE PEOPLE OF IRAN, CUBA, AND VENEZUELA IN THE QUEST OF THOSE PEOPLES TO ACHIEVE A TRULY DEMOCRATIC FORM OF GOVERNMENT

Mr. SANTORUM (for himself, Mr. MARTINEZ, and Mr. COLEMAN) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations:

S. RES. 587

Whereas, for the past 2 decades, the Department of State has found Iran to be the leading sponsor of international terrorism in the world;

Whereas the Department of State has consistently added Cuba to the list of state sponsors of terrorism;

Whereas the Department of State declared in the report entitled "Patterns of Global Terrorism 2001" that "Iran's Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps and Ministry of Intelligence and Security continued to be involved in the planning and support of terrorist acts and supported a variety of groups that use terrorism to pursue their goals";

Whereas the President of Iran, Mahmoud Ahmadinejad, has openly declared that Israel "must be wiped off the map", and publicly denied the Holocaust;

Whereas President Ahmadinejad has similarly called for the destruction of the United States and the hatred of all Jewish peoples;

Whereas President Ahmadinejad recently attended a summit of the Non-Aligned Movement in Cuba and, in cooperation with Fidel Castro and Hugo Chavez, has used that body as a platform to spread anti-democratic messages;

Whereas the Government of Cuba, led by Fidel Castro, and the Government of Venezuela, led by President Hugo Chavez, have—

- (1) repressed political dissent in the countries of those leaders;
- (2) propagated antidemocratic ideals; and
- (3) participated in the summit of the Non-Aligned Movement;

Whereas, in September 2000, while being interviewed by Al-Jazeera television, President Castro stated that "We are not ready for reconciliation with the United States, and I will not reconcile with the imperialist system";

Whereas, in August 2005, President Chavez stated that "socialism is the only path", and that his goal is to "save a world threatened by the voracity of U.S. imperialism";

Whereas, on September 20, 2006, while speaking to the General Assembly of the United Nations, President Chavez referred to the President of the United States as the devil, stating "The devil came here yesterday . . . and it smells of sulfur still today."; and

Whereas neither the Non-Aligned Movement nor the United Nations should exist as a venue to spread hate, demagoguery, and anti-democratic ideals: Now, therefore, be it Resolved, That the Senate—

- (1) condemns—
  - (A) the anti-democratic actions of, and repressive regimes created by, the leaders of the Governments of Iran, Cuba, and Venezuela; and
  - (B) the misguided, irrational, and outrageous statements of the leaders of those countries;

(2) expresses concern relating to the national security implications of the relationships between those leaders;

(3) supports the people of Iran, Cuba, and Venezuela in the quest of those peoples to achieve a truly democratic form of government; and

(4) calls on the international community to condemn the antidemocratic actions of those repressive regimes.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 5041. Mr. BINGAMAN (for himself and Mr. DOMENICI) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 6061, to establish operational control over the international land and maritime borders of the United States; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5042. Mr. KENNEDY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5043. Mr. DOMENICI submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5044. Mr. DOMENICI submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5045. Mr. DOMENICI submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5046. Mr. MARTINEZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5047. Mr. KYL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5048. Mr. FRIST submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5049. Mr. FRIST submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5048 submitted by Mr. FRIST and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5050. Mr. FRIST submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5051. Mr. FRIST submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5050 submitted by Mr. FRIST and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5052. Mr. FRIST submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5053. Mr. CHAMBLISS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5054. Mr. LEAHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5028 submitted by Mr. SALAZAR (for himself, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. LIEBERMAN, Mr. OBAMA, Mr. REID, Mr. LEAHY, Mr. DURBIN, and Mr. CARPER) and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5055. Mr. LEAHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5056. Mr. KERRY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5036 proposed by Mr. FRIST to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5057. Mr. KERRY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5036 proposed by Mr. FRIST to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5058. Mr. LEAHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5036 proposed by Mr. FRIST to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5059. Mr. LEAHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5038 proposed by Mr. FRIST to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5060. Mr. LEAHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5061. Mr. BURNS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5062. Mr. SPECTER (for himself and Mr. LEAHY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5038 proposed by Mr. FRIST to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5063. Mr. SPECTER (for himself, Mr. LEAHY, and Mr. SMITH) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5038 proposed by Mr. FRIST to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5064. Mr. SPECTER (for himself and Mr. LEAHY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5036 proposed by Mr. FRIST to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5065. Mr. SPECTER (for himself, Mr. LEAHY, and Mr. SMITH) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5036 proposed by Mr. FRIST to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5066. Mrs. HUTCHISON (for herself and Mr. KYL) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5067. Mrs. HUTCHISON submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5068. Mrs. HUTCHISON submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5069. Mr. SPECTER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5036 proposed by Mr. FRIST to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5070. Mr. SPECTER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5036 proposed by Mr. FRIST to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5071. Mr. SPECTER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5036 proposed by Mr. FRIST to the bill H.R. 6061, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5072. Mr. BAUCUS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2078, to amend the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act to clarify the authority of the National Indian Gaming Commission to regulate class III gaming, to limit the lands eligible for gaming, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5073. Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. ENZI) proposed an amendment to the bill H.R. 5574, to amend the Public Health Service Act to reauthorize support for graduate medical education programs in children's hospitals.

SA 5074. Mr. MCCONNELL (for Mr. CRAIG) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 3421, to

authorize major medical facility projects and major medical facility leases for the Department of Veterans Affairs for fiscal years 2006 and 2007, and for other purposes.

#### TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

**SA 5041.** Mr. BINGAMAN (for himself and Mr. DOMENICI) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 6061, to establish operational control over the international land and maritime borders of the United States; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 7, after line 10, insert the following:

#### SEC. 6. BORDER RELIEF GRANT PROGRAM.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

(1) It is the obligation of the Federal Government of the United States to adequately secure the Nation's borders and prevent the flow of undocumented persons and illegal drugs into the United States.

(2) Despite the fact that the United States Border Patrol apprehends over 1,000,000 people each year trying to illegally enter the United States, according to the Congressional Research Service, the net growth in the number of unauthorized aliens has increased by approximately 500,000 each year. The Southwest border accounts for approximately 94 percent of all migrant apprehensions each year. Currently, there are an estimated 11,000,000 unauthorized aliens in the United States.

(3) The border region is also a major corridor for the shipment of drugs. According to the El Paso Intelligence Center, 65 percent of the narcotics that are sold in the markets of the United States enter the country through the Southwest Border.

(4) Border communities continue to incur significant costs due to the lack of adequate border security. A 2001 study by the United States-Mexico Border Counties Coalition found that law enforcement and criminal justice expenses associated with illegal immigration exceed \$89,000,000 annually for the Southwest border counties.

(5) In August 2005, the States of New Mexico and Arizona declared states of emergency in order to provide local law enforcement immediate assistance in addressing criminal activity along the Southwest border.

(6) While the Federal Government provides States and localities assistance in covering costs related to the detention of certain criminal aliens and the prosecution of Federal drug cases, local law enforcement along the border are provided no assistance in covering such expenses and must use their limited resources to combat drug trafficking, human smuggling, kidnappings, the destruction of private property, and other border-related crimes.

(7) The United States shares 5,525 miles of border with Canada and 1,989 miles with Mexico. Many of the local law enforcement agencies located along the border are small, rural departments charged with patrolling large areas of land. Counties along the Southwest United States-Mexico border are some of the poorest in the country and lack the financial resources to cover the additional costs associated with illegal immigration, drug trafficking, and other border-related crimes.

(8) Federal assistance is required to help local law enforcement operating along the border address the unique challenges that arise as a result of their proximity to an international border and the lack of overall border security in the region.

(b) GRANTS AUTHORIZED.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary is authorized to award grants, subject to the availability of appropriations, to an eligible law enforcement agency to provide assistance to such agency to address—

(A) criminal activity that occurs in the jurisdiction of such agency by virtue of such agency's proximity to the United States border; and

(B) the impact of any lack of security along the United States border.

(2) DURATION.—Grants may be awarded under this subsection during fiscal years 2007 through 2011.

(3) COMPETITIVE BASIS.—The Secretary shall award grants under this subsection on a competitive basis, except that the Secretary shall give priority to applications from any eligible law enforcement agency serving a community—

(A) with a population of less than 50,000; and

(B) located no more than 100 miles from a United States border with—

(i) Canada; or

(ii) Mexico.

(c) USE OF FUNDS.—Grants awarded pursuant to subsection (b) may only be used to provide additional resources for an eligible law enforcement agency to address criminal activity occurring along any such border, including—

(1) to obtain equipment;

(2) to hire additional personnel;

(3) to upgrade and maintain law enforcement technology;

(4) to cover operational costs, including overtime and transportation costs; and

(5) such other resources as are available to assist that agency.

(d) APPLICATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Each eligible law enforcement agency seeking a grant under this section shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and accompanied by such information as the Secretary may reasonably require.

(2) CONTENTS.—Each application submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall—

(A) describe the activities for which assistance under this section is sought; and

(B) provide such additional assurances as the Secretary determines to be essential to ensure compliance with the requirements of this section.

(e) DEFINITIONS.—For the purposes of this section:

(1) ELIGIBLE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY.—The term "eligible law enforcement agency" means a tribal, State, or local law enforcement agency—

(A) located in a county no more than 100 miles from a United States border with—

(i) Canada; or

(ii) Mexico; or

(B) located in a county more than 100 miles from any such border, but where such county has been certified by the Secretary as a High Impact Area.

(2) HIGH IMPACT AREA.—The term "High Impact Area" means any county designated by the Secretary as such, taking into consideration—

(A) whether local law enforcement agencies in that county have the resources to protect the lives, property, safety, or welfare of the residents of that county;

(B) the relationship between any lack of security along the United States border and the rise, if any, of criminal activity in that county; and

(C) any other unique challenges that local law enforcement face due to a lack of security along the United States border.

(3) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security.

(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated \$50,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2007 through 2011 to carry out the provisions of this section.

(2) DIVISION OF AUTHORIZED FUNDS.—Of the amounts authorized under paragraph (1)—

(A)  $\frac{2}{3}$  shall be set aside for eligible law enforcement agencies located in the 6 States with the largest number of undocumented alien apprehensions; and

(B)  $\frac{1}{3}$  shall be set aside for areas designated as a High Impact Area under subsection (e).

(g) SUPPLEMENT NOT SUPPLANT.—Amounts appropriated for grants under this section shall be used to supplement and not supplant other State and local public funds obligated for the purposes provided under this Act.

#### SEC. 7. ENFORCEMENT OF FEDERAL IMMIGRATION LAW.

Nothing in section 6 shall be construed to authorize State or local law enforcement agencies or their officers to exercise Federal immigration law enforcement authority.

**SA 5042.** Mr. KENNEDY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 6061, to establish operational control over the international land and maritime borders of the United States; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 2, line 16, strike the period at the end and insert the following: "; and

(3) the implementation of those measures described in the Comprehensive Immigration Reform Act of 2006, as passed by the Senate on May 25, 2006, that the Secretary determines to be necessary and appropriate to achieve or maintain operational control over the international land and maritime borders of the United States."

**SA 5043.** Mr. DOMENICI submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 6061, to establish operational control over the international land and maritime borders of the United States; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 7, after line 10, insert the following:

#### TITLE I—BORDER INFRASTRUCTURE AND TECHNOLOGY MODERNIZATION

##### SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Border Infrastructure and Technology Modernization Act".

##### SEC. 102. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

(1) COMMISSIONER.—The term "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection of the Department of Homeland Security.

(2) MAQUILADORA.—The term "maquiladora" means an entity located in Mexico that assembles and produces goods from imported parts for export to the United States.

(3) NORTHERN BORDER.—The term "northern border" means the international border between the United States and Canada.

(4) SOUTHERN BORDER.—The term "southern border" means the international border between the United States and Mexico.

##### SEC. 103. PORT OF ENTRY INFRASTRUCTURE ASSESSMENT STUDY.

(a) REQUIREMENT TO UPDATE.—Not later than January 31 of each year, the Administrator of General Services shall update the Port of Entry Infrastructure Assessment Study prepared by the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection in accordance with the matter relating to the ports of entry infrastructure assessment that is set out in the