

doubt about his views on Jews, Israel, and the Holocaust. On October 25, 2005, in advance of Iran's Jerusalem Day, established by Ayatollah Khomeini, he wrote at a conference for the Society Defense of the Palestinian Nation and Islamic Students Union. In his speech, he described his vision for an age-old confrontation between the world of Islam and, as he put it, the world of arrogance, that is the West, portraying Israel and Zionism as the spearhead of the West against the Islamic nation.

He emphasized in that speech the need to eliminate Israel, which he said was an attainable goal. He delivered this speech before several representatives of Hezbollah and its leader, Hassan Nasrallah, and Hamas leader Khaled Mash'al.

Speaking to a student conference entitled, "A World Without Zionism," Mahmoud Ahmadinejad stated: "Very soon this stain that is Israel will vanish from the center of the Islamic world, and that is attainable. The people who sit in closed rooms cannot decide this matter. The Islamic people cannot allow this historic enemy to exist in the heart of the Islamic world. I hope that Palestinians will maintain their wariness and intelligence, much as they have pursued their battles in the last 10 years. This will be a brief period, and if we pass through it successfully, the process of eliminating the Zionist regime will be smooth and simple.

□ 1630

"Our dear Imam Khomeini ordered that the occupying regime in Jerusalem be wiped off the face of the earth. This was a very wise statement."

On April 15, 2006, at the opening of a conference on supporting Palestinians he said, "Like it or not, the Zionist regime is headed towards annihilation."

On April 27, 2006, he stated in a speech in the western Iranian town of Zanjan, carried on live state television, "The regime in Israel will one day vanish."

On May 11, 2006, in a reference to Israel, in a speech to students and instructors at the University of Jakarta, "I advise all of you to pack up and move out of the region before being caught in the fire they have started in Lebanon."

On July 8, 2006, speaking to regional officials at the opening of a two-day conference in Tehran on the security of Iraq he said, "The basic problem in the Islamic world is the existence of the Zionist regime, and the Islamic world and the region must mobilize to remove this problem."

On July 29, 2006, during an emergency meeting with Muslim leaders he said, "The real cure for the Lebanon conflict is the elimination of the Zionist regime, but there should be first an immediate cease-fire."

On August 3, 2006, in a speech before the Organization of the Islamic Conference, to Presidents and Prime Min-

isters and policymakers of 17 Muslim-majority nations in Malaysia, a major international conference, he said, "The Zionist regime is fraudulent and illegitimate and cannot survive."

On October 19, 2006, speaking to crowds of people in Islamshahr, southwest of Tehran, he said, "The regime in Israel will be gone, definitely. You," the western powers, "should know that any government that stands by the Zionist regime from now on will not see any result but the hatred of people."

Earlier this year Congressman STEVE ISRAEL and I had lunch with Iran's Ambassador to the United Nations in New York. After a businesslike 20-minute discussion, the Ambassador for the Islamic Republic of Iran entered into a 30-minute monologue on how he believed the Holocaust in Europe had not happened.

After about half an hour I interrupted the Ambassador and told him I was surprised that he used our time to discuss the Iranian nuclear non-proliferation commitment, under a treaty that Iran had signed, to instead discuss issues: number one, of which there was no significant debate about the Holocaust occurring; number two, on events happening over half a century ago; and number three, all occurring outside Iran.

Iran's Ambassador said that his President had ordered him to deny the Holocaust. It was no accident. And on several occasions, we have seen President Ahmadinejad has tried to convince his people that indeed there was no Holocaust.

On December 1, 2005, in a speech to thousands in the southeastern city of Zahedan in southeastern Sistan va Baluchistan Province, and this was carried on Iranian television, he said, "Today, the Europeans have created a myth in the name of Holocaust and consider it to be above God, religion and the prophets. If you committed this big crime, then why should the oppressed Palestinian people pay the price? This is our proposal: If you committed the crime, then give part of your own land in Europe, the United States, Canada or Alaska to them so the Jews can establish their country."

On April 24, 2006, at a press conference in Tehran, he said, "Every German-born is indebted to the arrogant and greedy Zionists. Sixty years after the war, why do the Palestinians have to burn in the crimes of Zionists under the pretext of the Second World War."

And on December 8, 2005, speaking at a press conference on the sidelines of an Organization of the Islamic Conference antiterrorism summit in Mecca, Saudi Arabia, he said, "Today, they have created a myth in the name of the Holocaust and consider it to be above God, religion and the prophets. If you," Europeans "committed this big crime, then why should the oppressed Palestinian nation pay the price? You should pay the compensation yourself. This is our proposal: Give a part of your own land in Europe, the United

States, Canada or Alaska to them so that the Jews can establish their country."

This is President Ahmadinejad in his own words that I place before the House, all accurately translated and provided in one place by the Congressional Research Service to present clearly a rising danger to our allies in Israel and to the West in general.

Tomorrow we will see the results of the bipartisan Iraq Study Group report. This report is the work of serious men and women. It will lay out well thought out proposals for the United States in the Middle East.

One proposal that it may contain is to increase our dialogue with Iran. Now we should always talk with every country and every leader, but we should have this dialogue with Iran in an informed way so our discussion is clearly led by knowing with whom we are speaking. We should not begin our dialogue with Iran from a position of ignorance as to what the president of Iran has already said to large crowds in published works and on their national television.

What I have laid before the House this afternoon is Ahmadinejad in his own words, so that as we begin a new phase of U.S. relations in the Middle East, we begin by learning more and knowing about this man and what he believes and what he thinks he must do to the world.

I was looking briefly at a recently translated quote by another leader who said, "Why does the world shed crocodile tears over the richly merited fate of the small Jewish minority? What has happened to the conscience of the world when millions in Germany are suffering from hunger and misery? I ask the American people: Are you prepared to receive in your midst these well-poisoners of people and the universal spirit of Christianity?"

It may sound like a recent speech from President Ahmadinejad. It was actually the works of Adolf Hitler published in the magazine *Staatszeitung*.

Looking at these words, we have an eerie echo of the past, but potentially a warning of the future. I lay them before the House today so we see them all clearly for who this leader is, what he has stated publicly, and where he would like to take his Nation and its relation with his neighbors in the Middle East.

I want to thank Peter Black, senior historian for the U.S. Holocaust Memorial Museum, and Greta Stults and Harold Edinger for their help in these translations.

With that, we have laid Ahmadinejad, in his own words, before the House on this very special week for U.S. foreign policy in the Middle East.

APPALACHIAN STATE UNIVERSITY
FOOTBALL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentlewoman from North Carolina (Ms. FOXX) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. FOXX. Mr. Speaker, it was just about a year ago that I had the privilege of standing before the House to recognize and congratulate the 2005 NCAA Division I-AA football national champions, Appalachian State University.

I am here today to congratulate Appalachian State University's football team and coaches for another outstanding year of many triumphs. The Mountaineers football team has now reached the playoff semifinals and currently is 12-1, tying last year's record when the team won the NCAA Division I-AA championship, the university's first-ever national championship.

Not only is head coach Jerry Moore the winningest coach in the Southern Conference's history, he was named the American Football Coaches Association (AFCA) Region 2 Coach of the Year, his fourth such honor during his 18 years at ASU. Coach Moore has now achieved his 100th Southern Conference victory and its 150th win at ASU.

The players of this year's team have also earned seven national accolades, including, but not limited to the following: Running back Kevin Richardson, who is only a junior and is a candidate for the Walter Payton Award, set and matched seven school records with his 131 rushing yards and four touchdowns in last week's win over Montana State. He is also ASU's all-time leader in career points with 282.

Defensive tackle Omarr Byrom led the team with 3.5 sacks in the game against Montana State while the total number of sacks by the defense was 7. Both of these feats broke school records for playoff games.

I applaud the players and coaches who are getting the recognition they so deserve, and I am proud to represent Appalachian State University in Congress. I particularly want to compliment Coach Moore for his faith and his expression of his faith and being the wonderful role model he is, along with his assistant coaches.

Please join me in wishing the Appalachian State University football team good luck in this weekend's game against Youngstown State. Go Mountaineers!

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess subject to the call of the Chair.

Accordingly (at 4 o'clock and 41 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess subject to the call of the Chair.

□ 2142

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. SESSIONS) at 9 o'clock and 42 minutes p.m.

REPORT ON RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 6346, EXTENDING PERMANENT NORMAL TRADE RELATIONS TO VIETNAM

Mr. BISHOP of Utah, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 109-718) on the resolution (H. Res. 1092) providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 6346) to extend certain trade preference programs, to authorize the extension of nondiscriminatory treatment (normal trade relations treatment) to the products of Vietnam, to modify temporarily certain rates of duty and make other technical amendments to the trade laws, and for other purposes, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

REPORT ON RESOLUTION WAIVING REQUIREMENT OF CLAUSE 6(a) OF RULE XIII WITH RESPECT TO CONSIDERATION OF CERTAIN RESOLUTIONS

Mr. BISHOP of Utah, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 109-719) on the resolution (H. Res. 1093) waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions reported from the Committee on Rules, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent, leave of absence was granted to:

Mr. BECERRA (at the request of Ms. PELOSI) for today and December 6.

Mr. LUCAS (at the request of Mr. BOEHNER) for today on account of personal reasons.

SPECIAL ORDERS GRANTED

By unanimous consent, permission to address the House, following the legislative program and any special orders heretofore entered, was granted to:

(The following Members (at the request of Ms. WOOLSEY) to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material:)

Mr. DEFAZIO, for 5 minutes, today.
Mrs. MCCARTHY, for 5 minutes, today.
Mr. PALLONE, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California, for 5 minutes, today.

Ms. WOOLSEY, for 5 minutes, today.
Mr. UDALL of New Mexico, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. SCHIFF, for 5 minutes, today.
(The following Members (at the request of Mr. WALDEN of Oregon) to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material:)

Mr. KIRK, for 5 minutes, today.
Mr. POE, for 5 minutes, today and December 6, 7, and 8.

Mr. JONES of North Carolina, for 5 minutes, today and December 6 and 7.

Mr. HEFLEY, for 5 minutes, December 6.

Mr. MORAN of Kansas, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. BURTON of Indiana, for 5 minutes, today and December 6, 7, and 8.

Ms. SEKULA GIBBS, for 5 minutes, today and December 6, 7, and 8.

Ms. FOXX, for 5 minutes, today and December 6, 7, and 8.

SENATE BILLS AND A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION REFERRED

Bills and a concurrent resolution of the Senate of the following titles were taken from the Speaker's table and, under a rule, referred as follows:

S. 994. An act to authorize the Attorney General to make grants to improve the ability of State and local governments to prevent the abduction of children by family members, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

S. 3759. An act to name the Armed Forces Readiness Center in Great Falls, Montana, in honor of Captain William Wylie Galt, a recipient of the Congressional Medal of Honor; to the Committee on Armed Services.

S. 4014. An act to endorse further enlargement of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) and to facilitate the timely admission of Albania, Croatia, Georgia, and Macedonia to NATO, and for other purposes; to the Committee on International Relations.

S. 4073. An act to designate the outpatient clinic of the Department of Veterans Affairs located in Farmington, Missouri, as the "Robert Silvey Department of Veterans Affairs Outpatient Clinic"; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

S. Con. Res. 119. Concurrent resolution expressing the sense of Congress that public policy should continue to protect and strengthen the ability of farmers and ranchers to join together in cooperative self-help efforts; to the Committee on Agriculture.

ENROLLED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTION—SIGNED

Mrs. Haas, Clerk of the House, reported and found truly enrolled bill and joint resolution of the House of the following titles, which were thereupon signed by the Speaker on Wednesday, November 15, 2006.

H.R. 6326. An act to clarify the provision of nutrition services to older Americans.

H.J. Res. 100. Joint resolution making further continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 2007, and for other purposes.

Mrs. Haas, Clerk of the House, further reported and found truly enrolled bills of the House of the following titles, which were thereupon signed by the Speaker pro tempore, Mr. WOLF, on Monday, November 20, 2006:

H.R. 2383. An act to redesignate the facility of the Bureau of Reclamation located at 19550 Kelso Road in Byron, California, as the "C.W. 'Bill' Jones Pumping Plant".

H.R. 3817. An act to withdraw the Valle Vidal Unit of the Carson National Forest in New Mexico from location, entry, and patent under the mining laws, and for other purposes.

H.R. 4000. An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to revise certain repayment contracts with the Bostwick Irrigation District in Nebraska, the Kansas Bostwick Irrigation District No. 2, the Frenchman-Cambridge Irrigation District, and the Webster Irrigation District No. 4, all a part of