

Tiberi	Walsh (NY)	Whitfield
Upton	Weldon (FL)	Wilson (SC)
Walberg	Weller	Wolf
Walden (OR)	Westmoreland	Young (AK)

NOT VOTING—8

Baker	Johnson, E. B.	Sessions
Davis, Jo Ann	Kanjorski	Young (FL)
Fattah	Pence	

□ 1301

Messrs. MILLER of Florida, SUL-LIVAN, WELDON of Florida and Ms. GRANGER changed their vote from “yea” to “nay.”

Messrs. CARNEY, SAXTON, ROTHMAN, LOBIONDO, PORTER, OBERSTAR, SHAYS, JOHNSON of Illinois, FLAKE, PLATTS, ROHRBACHER, JONES of North Carolina, GILCHREST, DENT, DANIEL E. LUNGREN of California, and MORAN of Kansas changed their vote from “nay” to “yea.”

So the motion was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

LEADERSHIP FROM BOTH SIDES
MUST COME TOGETHER

(Mr. LEWIS of California asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. LEWIS of California. Mr. Speaker, first I appreciate your recognizing me.

Mr. Speaker, the process we have just gone through where we had a vote whereby a significant majority voted to overrule the ruling of the Chair would suggest to me it is very important at the highest level our leadership come together from both sides of the aisle and discuss how this kind of thing can happen in the House. It is not good for the body. It does not allow us to go forward with our work effectively.

I thank the Speaker.

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRIES

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. Parliamentary inquiry, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, is it not the case that the vote did not overrule the Chair? Is it not the case that the Chair's ruling that the words were out of order was not challenged, and was it not the case that the motion was simply to restore the right of the gentleman from Mississippi to speak and in no way overruled the ruling of the Chair?

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. PAS-TOR). The gentleman is correct. The motion was to allow the gentleman from Mississippi to proceed in order on this day.

Mr. WESTMORELAND. Parliamentary inquiry, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from Georgia.

Mr. WESTMORELAND. We just had a vote to restore the floor privileges for a Member who had his words taken down. Is it not true that the Democratic leadership, Speaker PELOSI, made the comments that we were going

to have a more civil House and that we—

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. Point of order, Mr. Speaker. The gentleman has not stated a parliamentary inquiry.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman may state a parliamentary inquiry.

Mr. WESTMORELAND. Parliamentary inquiry: Is it true that we did not pass rules in this House that talked about civility?

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The rules that have been adopted address order in the House.

The gentlewoman from Texas.

Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas. Mr. Speaker, parliamentary inquiry.

I am not sure everyone heard you. I would appreciate it, so the vote we just voted is clarified, would you please restate the vote and also indicate whether or not that was an overruling of the Chair? Would you restate it for the full body, please?

The SPEAKER pro tempore. By motion, the gentleman from Mississippi was allowed to proceed in order on this day.

The gentleman from Mississippi.

Mr. TAYLOR. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to address the House for 1 minute.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Mississippi?

Mr. ISSA. I object.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Objection is heard.

Mr. STEARNS. Parliamentary inquiry.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from Florida.

Mr. STEARNS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to inquire of the Rules of the House, when the words of a Member is taken down and the Speaker rules that these words were incorrect and not within the decorum of the House and that these words would be stricken, is the normal procedure, notwithstanding the motion from Mr. FRANK, is the normal procedure that the Member is no longer allowed to debate for the full day in the House? Is that the procedure? I want to confirm that procedure.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The answer is yes; the presumptive sanction is a disability from further recognition on that day; but in this case, by motion, the gentleman from Mississippi is allowed to proceed in order on this day.

Mr. STEARNS. I have a follow-up question, Mr. Speaker.

If that is the normal procedure, when is the last time we have allowed someone to speak on the floor after his words were taken down and stricken from the RECORD? Would the Parliamentarian please provide it to this Member? When was the last time we allowed someone to continue to debate on this floor after his words were stricken from the RECORD?

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair cannot place today's proceedings in historical context. That is not the role of the Chair.

Mr. BUYER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the gentleman from Mississippi be recognized for 1 minute out of order.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Indiana?

There was no objection.

Mr. TAYLOR. Thank you, Mr. Speaker, and thank you, Mr. BUYER.

In the course of the debate I encouraged, with words that were a little bit too strong, my colleague from Georgia to come visit south Mississippi and see the aftermath of Katrina. I used the word “decency” when I should have said “the courtesy.” If I have offended his decency, then I apologize for that.

But the offer stands. The gentleman was good enough to admit privately that he has not visited south Mississippi since the storm, has not seen that the town of Waveland is virtually gone, that Bay Saint Louis is virtually gone, that Pass Christian is virtually gone. To the point of his amendment: How does a town that is gone come up with matching funds to restore itself?

So I appreciate the gentleman yielding. I hope I have made my point to the membership, and I thank the body.

GULF COAST HURRICANE HOUSING
RECOVERY ACT OF 2007

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 254 and rule XVIII, the Chair declares the House in the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill, H.R. 1227.

□ 1308

IN THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Accordingly, the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill (H.R. 1227) to assist in the provision of affordable housing to low-income families affected by Hurricane Katrina, with Mr. HOLDEN (Acting Chairman) in the chair.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The Acting CHAIRMAN. When the Committee of the Whole rose earlier today, 5 minutes debate remained on amendment No. 7 printed in part B of House Report 110-53 by the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. PRICE).

The gentleman from Georgia (Mr. PRICE) has 3½ minutes remaining and the gentlewoman from California (Ms. WATERS) has 1½ minutes remaining.

Who yields time?

□ 1310

Mr. PRICE of Georgia. Mr. Chairman, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

I appreciate the apology of the gentleman from Mississippi. It should be noted that it was an offer from this Member to forego what occurred over the past hour in this House to the gentleman from Mississippi during the process, and that offer was declined. But I appreciate his apology, and I accept his apology.

Mr. Chairman, it is indeed a remarkable privilege for each and every one of us to serve in this House of Representatives. This is the greatest deliberative body in the world, and it is the greatest deliberative body in the world because we treat one another with respect during our deliberations. Our deliberative process works because of a level of comity. It is not appropriate to impugn the motives of individuals, nor is it appropriate to call one's personal character into question.

My amendment to this bill simply would move us in the direction of financial responsibility, a small direction admittedly, but in the direction of financial responsibility.

To correct some historical inaccuracies that have been stated on this floor, during the 1998 floods in the Midwest, the local match that was required by our government was 25 percent. During the 2004 Florida hurricanes, the local match that was required for Federal grants was 10 percent.

This amendment would simply state that more resources provided for the local communities from this remarkably generous Nation who have already provided, authorized over \$100 billion for recuperation after the remarkable devastation of Hurricane Katrina, that further moneys would not be allowed to be utilized for the local match. That does not preclude this administration or the Secretary of HUD being able to waive that requirement.

This amendment is a very small step in the direction of fiscal responsibility, of respecting the hard-earned taxpayer money that is sent to Washington. I would encourage my colleagues to support this commonsense amendment that respects that hard work and moves us in the direction of accountability in an area that is desperately requiring that kind of accountability.

Mr. Chairman, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. WATERS. May I inquire of the Chair if we have the right to close?

The Acting CHAIRMAN. The gentleman from California has the right to close.

Ms. WATERS. Has the gentleman exhausted his time?

The Acting CHAIRMAN. The gentleman has 30 seconds remaining on his time.

Ms. WATERS. If the gentleman would like to use his 30 seconds, then we would proceed.

The Acting CHAIRMAN. The gentleman reserves the balance of her time?

Ms. WATERS. Yes.
Mr. PRICE of Georgia. May I inquire if the gentlewoman has any other speakers?

Ms. WATERS. No, we will use our balance of the time for our close.

Mr. PRICE of Georgia. Mr. Chairman, then I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. WATERS. Mr. Chairman, I yield myself the remaining time.

First, I would like to congratulate Mr. TAYLOR not only for his passion,

but for all of the work that he has done to try and help restore the gulf coast and his town and his city, and to get the kind of development that is necessary for people to restore their lives. He has worked very hard, as other Members of the gulf coast have. They were on the floor today, Mr. MELANCON, Mr. JEFFERSON, Mr. TAYLOR, trying to make the case that this gulf coast catastrophe should not be penalized.

We do not know why and they do not know why they would be prohibited from using their CDBG, Community Development Block Grant, funds as a match. It is unheard of, it is unprecedented that any town, any city, any region that has been hit by this kind of disaster, and there is no other like it in the history of this country, would be prohibited from using as a match the Community Development Block Grant funds.

These communities have been virtually destroyed, their city halls, their water systems, their schools, their hospitals. They do not have any money. They are cash strapped. They do not have any money to use as a match, and we do not know why they would be singled out with this disaster and told that they could not use Community Development Block Grant funds. This is not new money. This would simply allow them to use that CDBG money as a match.

I would ask that this amendment be rejected, and I ask my colleagues to vote "no."

The Acting CHAIRMAN. All time has expired.

The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. PRICE).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chairman announced that the noes appeared to have it.

Mr. PRICE of Georgia. Mr. Chairman, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIRMAN. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Georgia will be postponed.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIRMAN

The Acting CHAIRMAN. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, proceedings will now resume on those amendments on which further proceedings were postponed, in the following order:

Amendment No. 6 printed in part B by Mr. NEUGEBAUER of Texas.

Amendment No. 7 printed in part B by Mr. PRICE of Georgia.

The Chair will reduce to 5 minutes the time for any electronic vote after the first vote in this series.

AMENDMENT NO. 6 OFFERED BY MR. NEUGEBAUER

The Acting CHAIRMAN. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Texas (Mr. NEUGEBAUER) on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIRMAN. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 185, noes 247, not voting 6, as follows:

[Roll No. 168]

AYES—185

Aderholt	Gallegly	Neugebauer
Akin	Garrett (NJ)	Nunes
Alexander	Gerlach	Paul
Bachmann	Gilchrest	Pearce
Bachus	Gillmor	Peterson (PA)
Baker	Gingrey	Petri
Barrett (SC)	Gohmert	Pickering
Bartlett (MD)	Goode	Pitts
Barton (TX)	Goodlatte	Platts
Biggert	Granger	Poe
Billbray	Graves	Porter
Bilirakis	Hall (TX)	Price (GA)
Bishop (UT)	Hastert	Pryce (OH)
Blackburn	Hastings (WA)	Putnam
Blunt	Hayes	Radanovich
Boehner	Heller	Ramstad
Bonner	Hensarling	Regula
Bono	Herger	Rehberg
Boozman	Hobson	Reichert
Brady (TX)	Hoekstra	Renzi
Brown (SC)	Hulshof	Reynolds
Brown-Waite,	Hunter	Rogers (AL)
Ginny	Inglis (SC)	Rogers (KY)
Buchanan	Issa	Rogers (MI)
Burgess	Johnson (IL)	Rohrabacher
Burton (IN)	Johnson, Sam	Roskam
Buyer	Jones (NC)	Royce
Calvert	Jordan	Ryan (WI)
Camp (MI)	Keller	Sali
Campbell (CA)	King (IA)	Saxton
Cantor	King (NY)	Schmidt
Capito	Kingston	Sensenbrenner
Carter	Kirk	Sessions
Castle	Kline (MN)	Shadegg
Chabot	Knollenberg	Shays
Coble	Kuhl (NY)	Shimkus
Cole (OK)	Lamborn	Shuster
Conaway	Latham	Simpson
Crenshaw	Lewis (CA)	Smith (NE)
Cubin	Lewis (KY)	Smith (NJ)
Culberson	Linder	Smith (TX)
Davis (KY)	LoBiondo	Souder
Davis, David	Lucas	Stearns
Davis, Tom	Lungren, Daniel	Sullivan
Deal (GA)	E.	Tancredo
Dent	Mack	Terry
Doolittle	Manzullo	Thornberry
Drake	Marchant	Tiahrt
Dreier	McCarthy (CA)	Tiberi
Duncan	McCaul (TX)	Turner
Ehlers	McCotter	Upton
English (PA)	McCrery	Walberg
Everett	McHenry	Walden (OR)
Fallin	McKeon	Walsh (NY)
Feeney	McMorris	Wamp
Ferguson	Rodgers	Welch (VT)
Flake	Mica	Weldon (FL)
Forbes	Miller (MI)	Weller
Fortenberry	Miller, Gary	Westmoreland
Fossella	Moran (KS)	Wilson (SC)
Fox	Murphy, Tim	Wolf
Franks (AZ)	Musgrave	Young (AK)
Frelinghuysen	Myrick	

NOES—247

Abercrombie	Boren	Clarke
Ackerman	Boswell	Clay
Allen	Boucher	Cleaver
Altmore	Boustany	Clyburn
Andrews	Boyd (FL)	Cohen
Arcuri	Boyd (KS)	Conyers
Baca	Brady (PA)	Cooper
Baird	Braley (IA)	Costa
Baldwin	Brown, Corrine	Costello
Barrow	Butterfield	Courtney
Bean	Capps	Cramer
Becerra	Capuano	Crowley
Berkley	Cardoza	Cuellar
Berman	Carnahan	Cummings
Berry	Carney	Davis (AL)
Bishop (GA)	Carson	Davis (CA)
Bishop (NY)	Castor	Davis (IL)
Blumenauer	Chandler	Davis, Lincoln
Bordallo	Christensen	DeFazio

DeGette
Delahunt
DeLauro
Diaz-Balart, L.
Diaz-Balart, M.
Dicks
Dingell
Doggett
Donnelly
Doyle
Edwards
Ellison
Ellsworth
Emanuel
Emerson
Engel
Eshoo
Etheridge
Faleomavaega
Farr
Fattah
Filner
Fortuño
Frank (MA)
Giffords
Gillibrand
Gonzalez
Gordon
Green, Al
Green, Gene
Grijalva
Gutierrez
Hall (NY)
Hare
Harman
Hastings (FL)
Herseth
Higgins
Hill
Hinchey
Hinojosa
Hirono
Hodes
Holden
Holt
Honda
Hooley
Hoyer
Inslee
Israel
Jackson (IL)
Jackson-Lee
(TX)
Jefferson
Jindal
Johnson (GA)
Jones (OH)
Kagen
Kaptur
Kennedy
Kildee
Kilpatrick
Kind
Klein (FL)
Kucinich

LaHood
Lampson
Langevin
Lantos
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)
LaTourette
Lee
Levin
Lewis (GA)
Lipinski
Loeb sack
Lofgren, Zoe
Lowey
Lynch
Mahoney (FL)
Maloney (NY)
Markey
Marshall
Matheson
Matsui
McCarthy (NY)
McCollum (MN)
McDermott
McGovern
McHugh
McIntyre
McNerney
McNulty
Meehan
Meek (FL)
Meeks (NY)
Melancon
Michaud
Millender-
McDonald
Miller (FL)
Miller (NC)
Taylor
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Tierney
Towns
Udall (CO)
Udall (NM)
Van Hollen
Velázquez
Viscosky
Walz (MN)
Wasserman
Schultz
Waters
Watson
Watt
Waxman
Weiner
Wexler
Whitfield
Wicker
Wilson (NM)
Wilson (OH)
Woolsey
Wu
Wynn
Yarmuth

NOT VOTING—6

Cannon
Davis, Jo Ann

Johnson, E. B.
Pence
Young (FL)

□ 1336

Messrs. PATRICK J. MURPHY of Pennsylvania, BLUMENAUER, and MILLER of Florida changed their vote from “aye” to “no.”

Mr. DOOLITTLE and Mr. PICKERING changed their vote from “no” to “aye.”

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 7 OFFERED BY MR. PRICE OF GEORGIA

The Acting CHAIRMAN. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. PRICE) on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIRMAN. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIRMAN. This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 98, noes 333, not voting 7, as follows:

[Roll No. 169]

AYES—98

Akin
Bachmann
Barrett (SC)
Barton (TX)
Bilbray
Bishop (UT)
Blackburn
Boehner
Bono
Boozman
Brown (SC)
Burton (IN)
Buyer
Campbell (CA)
Hulshof
Hunter
Carney
Carter
Chabot
Coble
Conaway
Crenshaw
Cubin
Davis (KY)
Davis, David
Deal (GA)
Dreier
Duncan
English (PA)
Fallin
Feeney
Flake
Forbes

Fox
Franks (AZ)
Gallegly
Garrett (NJ)
Gingrey
Goode
Graves
Hall (TX)
Hastert
Hastings (WA)
Hayes
Hensarling
Herger
Hoekstra
Hulshof
Hunter
Inglis (SC)
Johnson (IL)
Johnson, Sam
Jordan
Keller
King (IA)
Kingston
Kline (MN)
Knollenberg
Lamborn
Lewis (KY)
Linder
Mack
Manzullo
Marchant
McHenry
McKeon

NOES—333

Abercrombie
Ackerman
Aderholt
Alexander
Allen
Altmire
Andrews
Arcuri
Baca
Bachus
Baird
Baker
Baldwin
Barrow
Bartlett (MD)
Bean
Becerra
Berkley
Berman
Berry
Biggart
Bilirakis
Bishop (GA)
Bishop (NY)
Blumenauer
Blunt
Bonner
Bordallo
Boren
Boswell
Boucher
Boustany
Boyd (FL)
Boyd (KS)
Brady (PA)
Brady (TX)
Braley (IA)
Brown, Corrine
Brown-Waite,
Drake
Ginny
Buchanan
Burgess
Butterfield
Calvert
Camp (MI)
Capito
Capps
Capuano
Cardoza

Everett
Faleomavaega
Farr
Fattah
Ferguson
Filner
Fortenberry
Fortuño
Fossella
Frank (MA)
Cohen
Gerlach
Giffords
Gilchrist
Gillibrand
Gillmor
Gohmert
Gonzalez
Goodlatte
Gordon
Granger
Green, Al
Green, Gene
Grijalva
Gutierrez
Hall (NY)
Hare
DeFazio
DeGette
DeLauro
Dent
Diaz-Balart, L.
Diaz-Balart, M.
Dicks
Dingell
Doggett
Donnelly
Doolittle
Doyle
Edwards
Ehlers
Ellison
Ellsworth
Emanuel
Emerson
Engel
Eshoo
Etheridge

Jefferson
Jindal
Johnson (GA)
Jones (NC)
Jones (OH)
Kagen
Kaptur
Kennedy
Kildee
Kilpatrick
Kind
King (NY)
Kirk
Klein (FL)
Kucinich
Kuhl (NY)
LaHood
Lampson
Langevin
Lantos
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)
Latham
LaTourette
Lee
Levin
Lewis (CA)
Lewis (GA)
Lipinski
LoBiondo
Loeb sack
Lofgren, Zoe
Lowey
Lucas
Lungren, Daniel
E.
Lynch
Mahoney (FL)
Maloney (NY)
Markey
Marshall
Matheson
Matsui
McCarthy (CA)
McCarthy (NY)
McCaul (TX)
McCollum (MN)
McCotter
McCrery
McDermott
McGovern
McHugh
McIntyre
McMorris
Caster
Rogers
McNerney
McNulty
Meehan
Meek (FL)
Meeks (NY)
Melancon
Michaud
Millender-
McDonald
Miller (FL)

NOT VOTING—7

Davis, Jo Ann
Delahunt
Johnson, E. B.

Kanjorski
Pence
Shadegg

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIRMAN
The Acting CHAIRMAN (during the vote). Members are advised that there are 2 minutes remaining in this vote.

□ 1345

Mr. BROWN of South Carolina changed his vote from “no” to “aye.”

Mr. DICKS changed his vote from “aye” to “no.”

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Mr. CONYERS. Mr. Chairman, I rise today in support of House Resolution 1227, the Gulf Coast Hurricane Housing Recovery Act of 2007. This resolution will improve flexibility for previously appropriated funds for hurricane recovery efforts on the Gulf Coast. In addition, the bill would free up for use \$1.175 billion in funds previously made available to the State of Louisiana under the Hazard Mitigation Grant Program, but not being utilized by

FEMA. The legislation also includes a number of provisions designed to preserve the supply of affordable rental housing and would authorize 4,500 new housing vouchers for the purpose of project-based assistance for supportive housing units for seniors, disabled persons, and the homeless. In addition, this bill would require HUD to provide a replacement voucher for every public housing and assisted housing unit that is not brought back on line. The House also adopted the Green Amendment which extends FEMA housing assistance until December 31, 2007 and then transfers eligible households to HUD's tenant-based rental assistance program. This amendment is of vital importance, because it addresses the looming September deadline and gives more than 12,000 families the assurance that they will not be displaced for a second time as they await the rebuilding of their housing.

In effect, this bill provides an opportunity for our government to correct some of the injustices to the residents of the Gulf Coast for the slow and sometimes mismanaged response of the Bush Administration. This bill helps those displaced residents begin to regain stability in their lives.

A test of our government's commitment to these citizens occurred when the first flood waters and storm surges arrived. Unfortunately as the waters slowly receded, the government also moved slowly. It is in this aftermath, over 18 months later, that we finally begin to address the grave miscarriage of justice that occurred.

The current status has former residents caught in a perpetual, vicious circle in that the storm damaged areas do not have enough schools, hospitals and services to support their return home. However, these resources are not available because there are not enough people in their neighborhoods to support having hospitals, schools and services. The lack of housing fuels this crisis and prevents many from returning to the area.

Currently, fewer than 200,000 of the 454,000 pre-Katrina displaced residents have returned home. The survivors of Hurricane Katrina are not asking for a hand out, these survivors were not displaced through any fault of their own and we must immediately use our resources to help them return home. We must treat the survivors of Hurricanes Katrina and Rita in the Gulf Coast region the same as we have treated survivors of other natural disasters.

Though we have much work ahead to make the residents of the Gulf Coast whole, this is a very important first step.

The Acting CHAIRMAN. There being no further amendments, under the rule, the Committee rises.

Accordingly, the Committee rose; and the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. HASTINGS of Florida) having assumed the chair, Mr. HOLDEN, Acting Chairman of the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union, reported that that Committee, having had under consideration the bill (H.R. 1227), to assist in the provision of affordable housing to low-income families affected by Hurricane Katrina, pursuant to House Resolution 254, he reported the bill, as amended by that resolution, back to the House with sundry further amendments adopted in the Committee of the Whole.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the rule, the previous question is ordered.

Is a separate vote demanded on any further amendment reported from the Committee of the Whole?

Mr. PRICE of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, I demand a re-vote on the Green amendment.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is a separate vote demanded on any other amendment? If not, the Chair will then put them en gros.

The amendments were agreed to. The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will designate the amendment on which a separate vote has been demanded.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

Amendment:
At the end of the bill, add the following new title:

TITLE IX—PROTECTION OF HOUSEHOLDS RECEIVING FEMA HOUSING ASSISTANCE
SEC. 901. EXTENSION OF FEMA HOUSING ASSISTANCE.

There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to provide until December 31, 2007, temporary housing assistance, including financial and direct assistance, under section 408(c)(1) of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5174(c)(1)) to individuals and households eligible to receive such assistance as a result of Hurricane Katrina, Rita, or Wilma, and to the extent that amounts for such purpose are made available, such assistance shall be so extended.

SEC. 902. VOUCHER ASSISTANCE FOR HOUSEHOLDS RECEIVING FEMA RENTAL ASSISTANCE AND HOUSEHOLDS RESIDING IN FEMA TRAILERS.

(a) TRANSFER OF FEMA RENTAL ASSISTANCE TO SECTION 8 VOUCHER PROGRAM.—There are authorized to be appropriated, for tenant-based rental assistance under section 8(o) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f(o)), such sums as may be necessary to provide vouchers for such assistance for each individual and household that is eligible for such voucher assistance and received financial assistance for temporary housing under section 408(c)(1) of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5174(c)(1)) as a result of Hurricane Katrina, Rita, or Wilma, for the period beginning upon termination of such temporary housing assistance and continuing through such period that such individual or household remains eligible for such voucher assistance. Such voucher assistance shall be administered by the public housing agency having jurisdiction of the area in which such assisted individual or household resides as of such termination date.

(b) VOUCHER ASSISTANCE FOR HOUSEHOLDS RESIDING IN FEMA TRAILERS.—

(1) OFFER.—The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development shall offer, to each individual and household who, as of the date of the enactment of this Act, receives direct assistance for temporary housing under section 408(c)(2) of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5174(c)(2)) as a result of Hurricane Katrina, Rita, or Wilma and is eligible for tenant-based rental assistance under section 8(o) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f(o)), a voucher for such rental assistance, subject to the availability of amounts for such assistance made available in advance in appropriation Acts.

(2) PROVISION OF ASSISTANCE.—There are authorized to be appropriated, for tenant-

based rental assistance under section 8(o) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f(o)), such sums as may be necessary to provide vouchers for such assistance for each individual and household that, pursuant to an offer of such assistance under paragraph (1) requests such assistance, for the period beginning upon occupancy of the individual or household in a dwelling unit acquired for rental with such assistance and continuing through such period that such individual or household remains eligible for such voucher assistance.

(c) TEMPORARY VOUCHERS.—If at any time an assisted family for whom a voucher for rental housing assistance is provided pursuant to this section becomes ineligible for further such rental assistance—

(1) the public housing agency administering such voucher pursuant to this section may not provide rental assistance under such voucher for any other household;

(2) the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development shall recapture from such agency any remaining amounts for assistance attributable to such voucher and may not reobligate such amounts to any public housing agency; and

(3) such voucher shall not be taken into consideration for purposes of determining any future allocation of amounts for such tenant-based rental assistance for any public housing agency.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the amendment.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. PRICE of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 242, nays 184, not voting 7, as follows:

[Roll No. 170]

YEAS—242

Abercrombie	Cooper	Gutierrez
Ackerman	Costa	Hall (NY)
Allen	Costello	Hare
Altmire	Courtney	Harman
Andrews	Cramer	Hastings (FL)
Arcuri	Crowley	Herseth
Baca	Cuellar	Higgins
Baird	Cummings	Hill
Baldwin	Davis (AL)	Hinchev
Barrow	Davis (CA)	Hinojosa
Bean	Davis (IL)	Hirono
Becerra	Davis, Lincoln	Hodes
Berkley	DeFazio	Holden
Berman	DeGette	Holt
Berry	Delahunt	Honda
Bilirakis	DeLauro	Hooley
Bishop (GA)	Dent	Hoyer
Bishop (NY)	Diaz-Balart, L.	Inslee
Blumenauer	Diaz-Balart, M.	Israel
Boren	Dicks	Jackson (IL)
Boswell	Dingell	Jackson-Lee
Boucher	Doggett	(TX)
Boyd (FL)	Donnelly	Jefferson
Boyda (KS)	Doyle	Jindal
Brady (PA)	Edwards	Johnson (GA)
Braley (IA)	Ellison	Jones (OH)
Brown, Corrine	Ellsworth	Kagen
Buchanan	Emanuel	Kaptur
Burgess	Emerson	Kennedy
Butterfield	Engel	Kildee
Capps	Eshoo	Kilpatrick
Capuano	Etheridge	Kind
Cardoza	Farr	Klein (FL)
Carnahan	Fattah	Kucinich
Carney	Filner	Lampson
Carson	Frank (MA)	Langevin
Castor	Giffords	Lantos
Chandler	Gilchrest	Larsen (WA)
Clarke	Gillibrand	Larson (CT)
Clay	Gonzalez	Lee
Cleaver	Gordon	Levin
Clyburn	Green, Al	Lewis (GA)
Cohen	Green, Gene	Lipinski
Conyers	Grijalva	Loeb sack

Lofgren, Zoe	Olver	Sires
Lowe	Ortiz	Skelton
Lynch	Pallone	Slaughter
Mahoney (FL)	Pascarell	Smith (WA)
Maloney (NY)	Pastor	Snyder
Markey	Payne	Solis
Matheson	Perlmutter	Space
Matsui	Peterson (MN)	Spratt
McCarthy (NY)	Pickering	Stark
McCollum (MN)	Pomeroy	Stupak
McDermott	Price (NC)	Sutton
McGovern	Rahall	Tanner
McIntyre	Rangel	Tauscher
McNerney	Reyes	Taylor
McNulty	Rodriguez	Thompson (CA)
Meehan	Ros-Lehtinen	Thompson (MS)
Meek (FL)	Ross	Tierney
MEEKS (NY)	Rothman	Towns
Melancon	Roybal-Allard	Udall (CO)
Michaud	Ruppersberger	Udall (NM)
Millender-	Rush	Van Hollen
McDonald	Ryan (OH)	Velázquez
Miller (NC)	Salazar	Visclosky
Miller, George	Sánchez, Linda	Walz (MN)
Mitchell	T.	Wasserman
Mollohan	Sanchez, Loretta	Schultz
Moore (KS)	Sarbanes	Waters
Moore (WI)	Schakowsky	Watson
Moran (VA)	Schiff	Watt
Murphy (CT)	Schwartz	Waxman
Murphy, Patrick	Scott (GA)	Weiner
Murphy, Tim	Scott (VA)	Welch (VT)
Murtha	Serrano	Wexler
Nadler	Sestak	Wilson (OH)
Napolitano	Shays	Woolsey
Neal (MA)	Shea-Porter	Wu
Oberstar	Sherman	Wynn
Obey	Shuler	Yarmuth

NAYS—184

Aderholt	Frelinghuysen	Mica
Alexander	Gallegly	Miller (FL)
Bachmann	Garrett (NJ)	Miller (MI)
Bachus	Gerlach	Miller, Gary
Baker	Gillmor	Moran (KS)
Barrett (SC)	Gingrey	Musgrave
Bartlett (MD)	Gohmert	Myrick
Barton (TX)	Goode	Neugebauer
Biggert	Goodlatte	Nunes
Bilbray	Granger	Paul
Bishop (UT)	Graves	Pearce
Blackburn	Hall (TX)	Peterson (PA)
Blunt	Hastert	Petri
Boehner	Hastings (WA)	Pitts
Bonner	Hayes	Platts
Bono	Heller	Poe
Boozman	Hensarling	Porter
Boustany	Herger	Price (GA)
Brady (TX)	Hobson	Pryce (OH)
Brown (SC)	Hoekstra	Putnam
Brown-Waite,	Hulshof	Badanovich
Ginny	Hunter	Ramstad
Burton (IN)	Inglis (SC)	Regula
Buyer	Issa	Rehberg
Calvert	Johnson (IL)	Reichert
Camp (MI)	Johnson, Sam	Renzi
Campbell (CA)	Jones (NC)	Reynolds
Cannon	Jordan	Rogers (AL)
Cantor	Keller	Rogers (KY)
Capito	King (IA)	Rogers (MI)
Carter	King (NY)	Rohrabacher
Castle	Kingston	Roskam
Chabot	Kirk	Royce
Coble	Kline (MN)	Ryan (WI)
Cole (OK)	Knollenberg	Sali
Conaway	Kuhl (NY)	Saxton
Crenshaw	LaHood	Schmidt
Cubin	Lamborn	Sensenbrenner
Culberson	Latham	Sessions
Davis (KY)	LaTourette	Shadegg
Davis, David	Lewis (CA)	Shimkus
Davis, Tom	Lewis (KY)	Shuster
Deal (GA)	Linder	Simpson
Doolittle	LoBiondo	Smith (NE)
Drake	Lucas	Smith (NJ)
Dreier	Lungren, Daniel	Smith (TX)
Duncan	E.	Souder
Ehlers	Mack	Stearns
English (PA)	Manzullo	Sullivan
Everett	Marchant	Tancred
Fallin	McCarthy (CA)	Terry
Feeney	McCaul (TX)	Thornberry
Ferguson	McCotter	Tiahrt
Flake	McCrery	Tiberi
Forbes	McHenry	Turner
Fortenberry	McHugh	Upton
Fossella	McKeon	Walberg
Foxx	McMorris	Walden (OR)
Franks (AZ)	Rodgers	Walsh (NY)

Wamp	Whitfield	Wolf
Weldon (FL)	Wicker	Young (AK)
Weller	Wilson (NM)	
Westmoreland	Wilson (SC)	

NOT VOTING—7

Akin	Kanjorski	Young (FL)
Davis, Jo Ann	Marshall	
Johnson, E. B.	Pence	

□ 1404

So the amendment was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Mr. WESTMORELAND. Mr. Speaker, I have a parliamentary inquiry.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman will state it.

Mr. WESTMORELAND. Mr. Speaker, according to rule IV, clause 4(a), the privileges of former Members on this floor, it states, "is a registered lobbyist or an agent of a foreign principal, as those terms are defined in clause 5 of rule XXV." Is it true that if a former Member was a registered lobbyist or an agent of a foreign principal, that they could not be on the floor?

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman is correct.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT OFFERED BY MR. JINDAL

Mr. JINDAL. Mr. Speaker, I offer a motion to recommit.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is the gentleman opposed to the bill?

Mr. JINDAL. In its current form, I am.

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. Mr. Speaker, having as the manager of the bill seen the motion to recommit about 8 seconds ago, I reserve a point of order until we get a chance to know what is in it.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman reserves a point of order against the motion.

The Clerk will report the motion.

The Clerk says as follows:

Mr. Jindal moves to recommit the bill H.R. 1227 to the Committee on Financial Services with instructions that the Committee report the same back to the House forthwith with the following amendments:

In section 202(c), strike "to the extent that" and insert "that such Housing Authority or other manager shall prevent a household from occupying such a dwelling unit, and shall provide priority for occupancy in such dwelling units, as follows:".

At the end of section 202(c), add the following new paragraphs:

(1) Notwithstanding any priority under paragraphs (4) through (6), a household shall be prevented from such occupancy to the extent that any other provision of Federal law prohibits occupancy or tenancy of such household, or any individual who is a member of such household, in the type of housing of the replacement dwelling unit provided for such household.

(2) Notwithstanding any priority under paragraphs (4) through (6), a household shall be prevented from such occupancy if it includes any individual who has been convicted of a drug dealing offense, sex offense, or crime of domestic violence.

(3) Notwithstanding any priority under paragraphs (4) through (6), a household shall be prevented from such occupancy on the basis of a determination that occupancy of any individual who is a member of the household may constitute a threat to public safety, including a threat caused by occupancy that would facilitate reunification of members of gangs involved in criminal activity.

(4) Priority in such occupancy shall be provided to individuals who are employed or households that include individuals who are employed.

(5) Priority in such occupancy in public housing dwelling units shall be provided to—

(A) individuals who agree to contribute toward community service, or to participate in an economic self-sufficiency program for, more hours per month than is required under section 12(c) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437j(c));

(B) individuals who, under paragraph (2) of section 12(c) of the United States Housing Act of 1937, are exempt from the requirement under paragraph (1) of such section; and

(C) households that include such individuals.

(6) A household that consists of a family or youth described in section 8(x)(2) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f(x)(2); relating to family unification) shall be provided priority in such occupancy. The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development shall issue regulations to carry out the exceptions under paragraphs (1) through (6).

Mr. JINDAL (during the reading). Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the motion be considered as read and printed in the RECORD.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Louisiana?

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. No, we object to that, because we just got it, and it would be inappropriate in 10 seconds to be able to read it.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Objection is heard.

The Clerk will continue to read.

The Clerk continued reading the motion to recommit.

□ 1410

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Louisiana is recognized for 5 minutes in support of his motion.

Mr. JINDAL. I want to thank the chairman and I want to thank Ranking Member BACHUS for their contributions to this legislation in trying to ensure that we do the right thing in New Orleans, that things can actually be better, that we do not have to return to the way that things were even before the storms.

Prior to hurricanes, thousands of New Orleans residents living in public housing often had to deal with horrific living conditions, poorly maintained units, out-of-control crime, drugs, gangs and more. It was not the living conditions that any human being should have to endure. We must ensure that the residents of Louisiana returning home following the devastation of Hurricanes Katrina and Rita have access to safe, affordable and quality housing.

We now have the opportunity to rebuild a significant portion of our State,

and we must make certain that the mistakes of the past are not repeated. This includes ensuring that our public housing system does not force residents to live in unacceptable conditions, and replacing the old public housing units with safe, habitable and affordable housing for the future.

Mixed-income developments have proven to be successful when tried in other States and should be given a chance to succeed in New Orleans.

We must also ensure that the poor, elderly or disabled individuals coming back are given the tools that they need to ensure affordable housing opportunities. Our housing system must give individuals a range of affordable choices. We must ensure that our public housing system is not again overwhelmed with drugs and crime, but that it instead serves its intended purpose of aiding those in need of housing assistance with a safe place to live. That is why I am offering this motion to recommit.

Building upon the base bill, this motion to recommit gives priority in the awarding of housing units under the bill to individuals who are either employed or residents of households with people who are employed, exceed the number of legally required hours of community service that public housing residents may perform. Third, are individuals who are elderly or disabled. Fourth, who qualify for placement in housing to avoid having their families separated under existing Federal family unification housing rules.

The motion to recommit also seeks to ensure that public housing facilities in New Orleans foster a safer living environment for returning families by precluding availability of housing to individuals who have either been convicted of being drug dealers, have been convicted of a sex crime, have been convicted of a crime of domestic violence, or are a direct threat to public safety. This includes allowing a refusal to return if an applicant is a threat to a community through gang membership. Given the fact that New Orleans' murder rate on a per-capita basis now may be the highest in the Nation, I believe this motion to recommit should be supported.

Mr. Speaker, we must put the residents of public housing in a position to succeed. Allowing the old system to be put back in place is irresponsible and unacceptable; and especially when you consider the fact that we are in desperate need of workers to help us rebuild our community. We think this motion to recommit deserves every Member's support.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. I thank the gentleman.

Let me ask the gentleman from Louisiana, we have been reading it over, and I do regret the fact that we got this a couple of minutes ago. I am going to check with Valerie Plame, I don't think there was anything secret

in here. I don't know why it had to be withheld so we couldn't have a sensible analysis, but maybe there is one possibility. Could the gentleman tell me what in here changes existing law?

Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Louisiana.

Mr. JINDAL. We are directing the housing authority that they have to do these things.

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. Does this change existing law? The housing authority, by the way, so people can understand, the housing authority that we are directing here is otherwise known as HUD, because HUD controls this housing authority and has for some time since before the hurricane. But does this change existing law affecting housing authorities?

Mr. JINDAL. Mr. Speaker, this changes current law by not giving the discretion, by directing the housing authority to keep these certain criminals—

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. In what areas does it direct them? My understanding is that, for instance, the work requirement they have already got, the housing authority, that the restrictions on people with criminal backgrounds are already there. In what way does this recommit? Which I am sure the gentleman has seriously studied and is very familiar with it. He wouldn't legislate unseriously. Could he tell me what in this changes existing law?

I will yield to the gentleman from Louisiana.

Mr. JINDAL. Mr. Speaker, under current law, they have the discretion; they are not required. We are requiring the housing authority to do this.

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. The question is, in what area, since in the work requirement they don't have discretion. Check with whoever you have to check with. In what areas are you changing it from discretionary to mandatory?

I will yield to the gentleman from Louisiana again.

Mr. JINDAL. The underlying bill prevents the preferences that we have listed in this motion to recommit. This would direct the housing authority to give preference to those that meet the requirements.

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. Well, the point that we are directing the housing authority to give preference to people who follow existing law; Mr. Speaker, I wish we had had this before, we might have been able to understand it better. It appears to me to be simply a restatement of existing law.

And apparently Members on the other side are afraid that HUD, which is the housing authority, won't follow existing law. And I do have my own doubts about this administration's predilection for following existing law.

Mr. JINDAL. Will the gentleman yield?

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. No. I tried five times. I give up.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER

Mr. CROWLEY. The audience in not in order, Mr. Speaker. The gallery is not in order.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Persons in the gallery are reminded to refrain from manifestations of approval or disapproval of proceedings.

The gentleman from Massachusetts may continue.

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. Mr. Speaker, I just have got to comment that some of my friends on the other side appear more concerned about enforcing the rules strictly than at other times. I asked several times to get an answer. I don't think the answer is over there. I don't think this is very well considered. It does not appear to me to change existing law.

And to say that we are going to tell them that they have to follow existing law, it seems rather odd. If it is so important, you know, if this had been offered as an amendment, we argued successfully all the subsequent amendments would be in order. To the extent that it changes anything, it changes only for New Orleans. So this is only for people whose houses were washed away.

Now, I don't know how it makes any change. I will take on faith the gentleman's assertion that it makes changes, even though he couldn't tell me what they were. But I would then say, why would we say only if your house had been washed away would you be subject to some restriction?

Mr. Speaker, I will now yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Louisiana (Mr. MELANCON).

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from Massachusetts must reclaim his time.

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. The gentleman is probably trying to figure out what the amendment says, and that is a hard job.

I will then repeat what he said to me, which is, and read this, this I do know, "it is for New Orleans only." Now, we could not amend it for the whole area. What about Mississippi? I mean, was the gentleman afraid that if he included Mississippi, the gentleman, Mr. TAYLOR, would challenge him to come to Mississippi? I think the gentleman from Louisiana has already been to Mississippi. He wouldn't have to change his travel plans the way the gentleman from Georgia would have.

Why should only people who have suffered this enormous trauma, who live in New Orleans, be subjected to a special set of rules? By the way, we will send the Members long lists of rules already on the books, statutory and regulatory, that prevent public housing authorities from allowing people with criminal records to come in. You have the "one strike" situation where they can be easily evicted.

So this does not add, as nearly as we can tell, to the restriction on letting people in. To the extent that it imposes a greater work requirement, we are talking about people whose homes were

destroyed, whose jobs may have been washed away, who may be trying to find additional housing.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman's time has expired.

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. Thank you, Mr. Speaker, for so has my patience.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Does the gentleman from Massachusetts withdraw his reservation?

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. I withdraw my parliamentary reservation. I reinforce my substantive ones.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The point of order reservation is withdrawn.

All time has expired.

Without objection, the previous question is ordered on the motion to recommit.

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to recommit.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the noes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Mr. JINDAL. Mr. Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XX, the Chair will reduce to 5 minutes the minimum time for any electronic vote on the question of passage.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 249, noes 176, answered "present" 1, not voting 7, as follows:

[Roll No. 171]

AYES—249

Aderholt	Chabot	Gerlach
Akin	Chandler	Giffords
Alexander	Coble	Gilchrest
Altmire	Cole (OK)	Gillibrand
Bachmann	Conaway	Gillmor
Bachus	Courtney	Gingrey
Baker	Cramer	Gohmert
Barrett (SC)	Crenshaw	Goode
Barrow	Cubin	Goodlatte
Bartlett (MD)	Cuellar	Gordon
Barton (TX)	Davis (AL)	Granger
Bean	Davis (KY)	Graves
Biggert	Davis, David	Hall (NY)
Bilbray	Davis, Lincoln	Hare
Bilirakis	Davis, Tom	Harman
Bishop (UT)	DeFazio	Hastert
Blackburn	Dent	Hastings (WA)
Blunt	Diaz-Balart, L.	Hayes
Boehner	Diaz-Balart, M.	Heller
Bonner	Doggett	Hensarling
Bono	Donnelly	Hergert
Boozman	Doolittle	Herseth
Boren	Drake	Hill
Boswell	Dreier	Hobson
Boustany	Duncan	Hoekstra
Boyd (FL)	Edwards	Holden
Boya (KS)	Ehlers	Hulshof
Brady (TX)	Ellsworth	Hunter
Brown (SC)	Emerson	Inglis (SC)
Brown-Waite,	English (PA)	Issa
Ginny	Etheridge	Jindal
Buchanan	Everett	Johnson (IL)
Burgess	Fallin	Johnson, Sam
Burton (IN)	Feeney	Jones (NC)
Buyer	Ferguson	Jordan
Calvert	Flake	Keller
Camp (MI)	Forbes	Kildee
Campbell (CA)	Fortenberry	King (IA)
Cannon	Fossella	King (NY)
Cantor	Fox	Kingston
Capito	Franks (AZ)	Kirk
Carney	Frelinghuysen	Kline (MN)
Carter	Galleghy	Knollenberg
Castle	Garrett (NJ)	Kuhl (NY)

LaHood	Musgrave	Shimkus
Lamborn	Myrick	Shuler
Lampson	Neugebauer	Shuster
Latham	Nunes	Simpson
LaTourrette	Pearce	Skelton
Lewis (CA)	Peterson (PA)	Smith (NE)
Lewis (KY)	Petri	Smith (NJ)
Linder	Pickering	Smith (TX)
Lipinski	Pitts	Snyder
LoBiondo	Platts	Souder
Lucas	Poe	Space
Lungren, Daniel	Pomeroy	Spratt
E.	Porter	Stearns
Lynch	Price (GA)	Stupak
Mack	Pryce (OH)	Sullivan
Mahoney (FL)	Putnam	Tancredo
Manzullo	Radanovich	Tanner
Marchant	Rahall	Taylor
Marshall	Ramstad	Terry
Matheson	Regula	Thornberry
McCarthy (CA)	Rehberg	Tiahrt
McCaul (TX)	Reichert	Tiberi
McCotter	Renzi	Turner
McCrery	Reynolds	Upton
McHenry	Rogers (AL)	Walberg
McHugh	Rogers (KY)	Walden (OR)
McIntyre	Rogers (MI)	Walsh (NY)
McKeon	Rohrabacher	Wamp
McMorris	Ros-Lehtinen	Weiner
Rodgers	Roskam	Weldon (FL)
McNerney	Ross	Weller
Mica	Royce	Westmoreland
Miller (FL)	Ryan (WI)	Whitfield
Miller (MI)	Sali	Wicker
Miller, Gary	Saxton	Wilson (NM)
Mitchell	Schmidt	Wilson (OH)
Mollohan	Sensenbrenner	Wilson (SC)
Moore (KS)	Sessions	Wolf
Moran (KS)	Shadegg	Yarmuth
Murphy, Tim	Shays	Young (AK)

NOES—176

Abercrombie	Gutierrez	Murtha
Ackerman	Hastings (FL)	Nadler
Allen	Higgins	Napolitano
Andrews	Hinchey	Neal (MA)
Arcuri	Hinojosa	Oberstar
Baca	Hirono	Obey
Baird	Hodes	Olver
Baldwin	Holt	Ortiz
Becerra	Honda	Pallone
Berkley	Hooley	Pascrell
Berman	Hoyer	Pastor
Berry	Inslee	Paul
Bishop (GA)	Israel	Payne
Bishop (NY)	Jackson (IL)	Perlmutter
Blumenauer	Jackson-Lee	Peterson (MN)
Boucher	(TX)	Price (NC)
Brady (PA)	Jefferson	Rangel
Bralley (IA)	Johnson (GA)	Reyes
Brown, Corrine	Jones (OH)	Rodriguez
Butterfield	Kagen	Rothman
Capps	Kaptur	Roybal-Allard
Capuano	Kennedy	Ruppersberger
Cardoza	Kilpatrick	Rush
Carnahan	Kind	Ryan (OH)
Carson	Klein (FL)	Salazar
Castor	Kucinich	Sánchez, Linda
Clarke	Langevin	T.
Clay	Lantos	Sanchez, Loretta
Cleaver	Larsen (WA)	Sarbanes
Clyburn	Larson (CT)	Schakowsky
Cohen	Lee	Schiff
Conyers	Levin	Schwartz
Cooper	Lewis (GA)	Scott (GA)
Costa	Loeb sack	Scott (VA)
Costello	Lofgren, Zoe	Serrano
Crowley	Lowey	Sestak
Cummings	Maloney (NY)	Shea-Porter
Davis (CA)	Markey	Sherman
Davis (IL)	Matsui	Sires
DeGette	McCarthy (NY)	Slaughter
Delahunt	McCollum (MN)	Smith (WA)
DeLauro	McDermott	Solis
Dicks	McGovern	Stark
McNulty	McNulty	Sutton
Meehan	Meehan	Tauscher
Meek (FL)	Meek (FL)	Thompson (CA)
Meeke (NY)	Meeke (NY)	Thompson (MS)
Melancon	Melancon	Tierney
Michaud	Michaud	Towns
Millender-	Millender-	Udall (CO)
McDonald	McDonald	Udall (NM)
Miller (NC)	Miller (NC)	Van Hollen
Miller, George	Miller, George	Velázquez
Moore (WI)	Moore (WI)	Visclosky
Moran (VA)	Moran (VA)	Walz (MN)
Wasserman	Murphy (CT)	Wasserman
Schultz	Murphy, Patrick	Schultz

Waters	Waxman	Woolsey
Watson	Welch (VT)	Wu
Watt	Wexler	Wynn

ANSWERED "PRESENT"—1

Culberson

NOT VOTING—7

Davis, Jo Ann	Johnson, E. B.	Young (FL)
Deal (GA)	Kanjorski	
Hall (TX)	Pence	

□ 1440

Messrs. CAPUANO, LANTOS and LARSON of Connecticut changed their vote from "aye" to "no."

Ms. BEAN, Messrs. HARE, YARMUTH, COURTNEY, ELLSWORTH, SPRATT and RAHALL changed their vote from "no" to "aye."

So the motion to recommit was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to the instructions of the House in the motion to recommit, I report the bill, H.R. 1227, back to the House with an amendment.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

In section 202(c), strike "to the extent that" and insert "that such Housing Authority or other manager shall prevent a household from occupying such a dwelling unit, and shall provide priority for occupancy in such dwelling units, as follows:".

At the end of section 202(c), add the following new paragraphs:

(1) Notwithstanding any priority under paragraphs (4) through (6), a household shall be prevented from such occupancy to the extent that any other provision of Federal law prohibits occupancy or tenancy of such household, or any individual who is a member of such household, in the type of housing of the replacement dwelling unit provided for such household.

(2) Notwithstanding any priority under paragraphs (4) through (6), a household shall be prevented from such occupancy if it includes any individual who has been convicted of a drug dealing offense, sex offense, or crime of domestic violence.

(3) Notwithstanding any priority under paragraphs (4) through (6), a household shall be prevented from such occupancy on the basis of a determination that occupancy of any individual who is a member of the household may constitute a threat to public safety, including a threat caused by occupancy that would facilitate reunification of members of gangs involved in criminal activity.

(4) Priority in such occupancy shall be provided to individuals who are employed or households that include individuals who are employed.

(5) Priority in such occupancy in public housing dwelling units shall be provided to—

(A) individuals who agree to contribute toward community service, or to participate in an economic self-sufficiency program for, more hours per month than is required under section 12(c) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437j(c));

(B) individuals who, under paragraph (2) of section 12(c) of the United States Housing Act of 1937, are exempt from the requirement under paragraph (1) of such section; and

(C) households that include such individuals.

(6) A household that consists of a family or youth described in section 8(x)(2) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f(x)(2); relating to family unification) shall be provided priority in such occupancy.

The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development shall issue regulations to carry out the exceptions under paragraphs (1) through (6).

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts (during the reading). Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the amendment be considered as read and printed in the RECORD.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Massachusetts?

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the amendment.

The amendment was agreed to.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. Mr. Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 302, noes 125, not voting 6, as follows:

[Roll No. 172]

AYES—302

Abercrombie Cooper Grijalva
 Ackerman Costa Gutierrez
 Alexander Costello Hall (NY)
 Allen Courtney Hare
 Altmire Cramer Harman
 Andrews Crowley Hastings (FL)
 Arcuri Cuellar Hayes
 Baca Cummings Heller
 Baird Davis (AL) Herseth
 Baker Davis (CA) Higgins
 Baldwin Davis (IL) Hill
 Barrow Davis (KY) Hinchey
 Bean Davis, Lincoln Hinojosa
 Becerra Davis, Tom Hirono
 Berkley DeFazio Hobson
 Berman DeGette Hodes
 Berry Delahunt Holden
 Biggett DeLauro Holt
 Bilirakis Dent Honda
 Bishop (GA) Diaz-Balart, L. Hooley
 Bishop (NY) Diaz-Balart, M. Hoyer
 Blumenauer Dicks Inslee
 Boren Dingell Israel
 Boswell Jackson (IL)
 Boucher Doggett Jackson-Lee
 Boustany Donnelly (TX)
 Boyd (FL) Edwards Jefferson
 Boyd (KS) Ehlers Jindal
 Brady (PA) Ellison Johnson (GA)
 Brady (TX) Ellsworth Johnson (IL)
 Braley (IA) Emanuel Jones (NC)
 Brown, Corrine Emerson Jones (OH)
 Buchanan Engel Kagen
 Burgess English (PA) Kaptur
 Butterfield Eshoo Kennedy
 Buyer Etheridge Kildee
 Capito Farr Kilpatrick
 Capps Fattah Kind
 Capuano Ferguson King (NY)
 Cardoza Filner Kirk
 Carnahan Fortenberry Klein (FL)
 Carney Frank (MA) Knollenberg
 Carson Frelinghuysen Kucinich
 Castle Gerlach Kuhl (NY)
 Castor Giffords LaHood
 Chandler Gilchrest Lampson
 Clarke Gillibrand Langevin
 Clay Gillmor Lantos
 Cleaver Gonzalez Larsen (WA)
 Clyburn Gordon Larson (CT)
 Cohen Green, Al Latham
 Conyers Green, Gene LaTourette

Lee
 Levin
 Lewis (CA)
 Lewis (GA)
 Lipinski
 LoBiondo
 Loeb sack
 Lofgren, Zoe
 Lowey
 Lynch
 Mahoney (FL)
 Maloney (NY)
 Markey
 Marshall
 Matheson
 Matsui
 McCarthy (NY)
 McCaul (TX)
 McCollum (MN)
 McCrery
 McDermott
 McGovern
 McHugh
 McIntyre
 McMorris
 Rodgers
 McNeerney
 McNulty
 Meehan
 Meek (FL)
 Meeks (NY)
 Melancon
 Michaud
 Millender-
 McDonald
 Miller (NC)
 Miller, George
 Mitchell
 Mollohan
 Moore (KS)
 Moore (WI)
 Moran (VA)
 Murphy (CT)
 Murphy, Patrick
 Murphy, Tim
 Murtha
 Nadler
 Napolitano
 Neal (MA)
 Nunes
 Oberstar

NOES—125

Aderholt
 Akin
 Bachmann
 Bachus
 Barrett (SC)
 Bartlett (MD)
 Barton (TX)
 Bilbray
 Bishop (UT)
 Blackburn
 Blunt
 Boehner
 Bonner
 Bono
 Boozman
 Brown (SC)
 Brown-Waite,
 Ginny
 Burton (IN)
 Calvert
 Camp (MI)
 Campbell (CA)
 Cannon
 Cantor
 Carter
 Chabot
 Coble
 Cole (OK)
 Conaway
 Crenshaw
 Cuban
 Culberson
 Davis, David
 Doolittle
 Marchant
 Dreier
 Duncan
 Everrett
 Fallin
 Feeney
 Flake
 Forbes
 Fossella

Shuler
 Simpson
 Sires
 Skelton
 Slaughter
 Smith (NJ)
 Smith (WA)
 Snyder
 Solis
 Space
 Spratt
 Stark
 Stupak
 Sutton
 Tanner
 Tauscher
 Taylor
 Thompson (CA)
 Thompson (MS)
 Tierney
 Towns
 Udall (CO)
 Udall (NM)
 Upton
 Van Hollen
 Velázquez
 Visclosky
 Walden (OR)
 Walsh (NY)
 Walz (MN)
 Wasserman
 Schultz
 Waters
 Watson
 Watt
 Waxman
 Weiner
 Welch (VT)
 Sarbanes
 Saxton
 Schakowsky
 Schiff
 Schwartz
 Scott (GA)
 Scott (VA)
 Serrano
 Sestak
 Shays
 Shea-Porter
 Sherman
 Shimkus

Foxx
 Franks (AZ)
 Gallegly
 Garrett (NJ)
 Gingrey
 Gohmert
 Goode
 Goodlatte
 Granger
 Graves
 Hall (TX)
 Hastert
 Hastings (WA)
 Hensarling
 Herger
 Hoekstra
 Hulshof
 Hunter
 Inglis (SC)
 Issa
 Johnson, Sam
 Jordan
 Cannon
 King (IA)
 Kingston
 Kline (MN)
 Lamborn
 Lewis (KY)
 Linder
 Lucas
 Lungren, Daniel
 E.
 Mack
 Manzullo
 Marchant
 McCarthy (CA)
 McCotter
 McHenry
 McKeon
 Mica
 Miller (FL)
 Miller (MI)
 Miller, Gary

NOT VOTING—6

Davis, Jo Ann Johnson, E. B. Pence
 Deal (GA) Kanjorski Young (FL)

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE
 The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. RA-HALL) (during the vote). Members are advised there are 2 minutes remaining in this vote.

□ 1451

Mr. HALL of Texas changed his vote from “aye” to “no.”

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the Chair will postpone further proceedings today on motions to suspend the rules on which a recorded vote or the yeas and nays are ordered, or on which the vote is objected to under clause 6 of rule XX.

Record votes on postponed questions will be taken later today.

HAWAIIAN HOMEOWNERSHIP OPPORTUNITY ACT OF 2007

Ms. WATERS. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 835) to reauthorize the programs of the Department of Housing and Urban Development for housing assistance for Native Hawaiians.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 835

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Hawaiian Homeownership Opportunity Act of 2007”.

SEC. 2. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR HOUSING ASSISTANCE.

Section 824 of the Native American Housing Assistance and Self-Determination Act of 1996 (25 U.S.C. 4243), as added by section 513 of Public Law 106-569 (114 Stat. 2969), is amended by striking “fiscal years” and all that follows and inserting the following: “fiscal years 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2012.”.

SEC. 3. LOAN GUARANTEES FOR NATIVE HAWAIIAN HOUSING.

Section 184A of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1992 (12 U.S.C. 1715z-13b), as added by section 514 of Public Law 106-569 (114 Stat. 2989), is amended as follows:

(1) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—In subsection (j)(7), by striking “fiscal years” and all that follows and inserting the following: “fiscal years 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2012.”.

(2) AUTHORITY.—In subsection (b), by striking “or as a result of a lack of access to private financial markets”.

(3) ELIGIBLE HOUSING.—In subsection (c), by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following new paragraph:

“(2) ELIGIBLE HOUSING.—The loan will be used to construct, acquire, refinance, or rehabilitate 1- to 4-family dwellings that are standard housing and are located on Hawaiian Home Lands.”.