

CELEBRATING THE DEDICATION
OF THE TOM HARPOOL WATER
TREATMENT PLANT

HON. MICHAEL C. BURGESS

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, May 7, 2008

Mr. BURGESS. Madam Speaker, I rise today to celebrate the dedication of the Tom Harpool Water Treatment Plant. The dedication ceremony for this new water plant in North East Denton County, Texas, is scheduled for May 13, 2008. The facility is named after the past president of the Upper Trinity Regional Water District President, Tom Harpool, a water pioneer for the Denton County area.

The water treatment plant incorporates technology that is at the forefront of the industry and will improve the reliability of the water system for the entire region. It is the first facility in the area that will incorporate advanced membrane technology. This new technology is the latest advancement in the treatment of potable water that will provide a barrier against pollutants as well as helping to assure the health and security of all water that leaves this facility.

With the naming of this facility, the Upper Trinity Regional Water District is bestowing a well-deserved honor on a local civil leader. Tom Harpool is credited with securing the large water supply the people of his community will require in the future. Mr. Harpool began his service in 1954 by serving on the Denton Independent School District Board of Trustees. Since then he has committed his life to serving his community, and Denton County is a better place because of it.

Madam Speaker, I hope you will join me in rising to celebrate the dedication of the Tom Harpool Water Treatment Plant in the 26th District of Texas. I am proud to represent this area and I am glad to know that the people of my district have this remarkable facility to provide them the highest quality water possible. I am comforted knowing the Denton County vicinity will have a healthy and secure water supply for many years to come.

INTRODUCTION OF THE “BIOMETRIC
ENHANCEMENT FOR AIR-
PORT-RISK REDUCTION ACT OF
2008”

HON. BENNIE G. THOMPSON

OF MISSISSIPPI

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, May 7, 2008

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Madam Speaker, today, I am introducing the Biometric Enhancement for Airport-Risk Reduction Act of 2008, also cited as the BEAR Act of 2008.

Nearly a year ago, I stood here before you to discuss H.R. 1, legislation implementing the unfinished business of the 9/11 Commission recommendations to secure America against terrorism. Since its enactment, the Committee has continued aggressive oversight of the Transportation Security Administration's efforts to comply with security mandates set forth in one of the most important laws enacted by this Congress, the Implementing the Recommendations of the 9/11 Commission Act of 2007 (P.L. 110-53).

I must recognize Assistant Secretary Kip Hawley, the head of the Transportation Security Administration, TSA, who has always shown a willingness to engage in open dialogue with me and Committee Members when we have raised particular questions or concerns having to do with TSA. One area of concern that has been raised on numerous occasions is how to best strengthen security for airport workers with unescorted access to sterile and secure areas of the airport. I strongly believe that biometric technologies can be an invaluable homeland security tool—especially with regard to this security challenge.

I am introducing the BEAR Act to promote progress on this issue and legislate a smart security approach that promotes collaboration between TSA, industry, and other key stakeholders to provide airports with a blueprint on how to make biometrics work for them. Specifically, the bill requires TSA to study how airports can transition to uniform, standards-based and interoperable biometric identifier systems for airport workers with unescorted access. TSA, together with a working group comprised of key stakeholders, will examine existing programs and identify approaches that can enhance protections for secure and sterile areas of the airport.

Additionally this bill requires TSA to provide Congress and airport operators with a breakdown on best practices for utilizing biometrics to better protect airports. Today, workers with unescorted access to this critical infrastructure go through background screening to get issued badges that includes terror watch list checks. While this is a necessary and important check, a job applicant's biometrics are not being captured to check against biographic information provided and establish identity. This is a problem, as revealed when Federal law enforcement raided Chicago's O'Hare International Airport in November 2007 and arrested 23 people for fraudulently securing badges to gain access to sensitive airport locations. According to the charging affidavit, more than 100 temporary workers were found to be in possession of the fraudulent badges and the staffing agency that sponsored told them that they needed identification, but such identification did not have to be legitimate. Studying approaches to bring biometrics into airports is all the more important since the struggling Transportation Worker Identification Credential, TWIC, program is not likely to be introduced into the airport environment any time soon.

Additionally, this bill requests TSA to consider existing parallel biometric security systems such as FIPS 201-compliant cards, TWIC, and the GSA Smart Card. This bill is not about re-inventing the wheel or putting a stop to any good work at TSA on this issue. It is about encouraging public-private partnerships and promoting an open dialogue between TSA, industry, and Congress on how best to secure our airports.

Madam Speaker, I ask that you support the BEAR Act, for it frames a series of important biometric and security credentialing issues that need to be addressed in a study and that will build on what this Congress has supported in the past. More importantly, it will provide Congress with the necessary information to continue building on smart, efficient and effective airport security measures needed to secure Americans and protect this critical sector in our economy.

RECOGNIZING RABBI HOWARD
SHAPIRO ON THE OCCASION OF
HIS RETIREMENT

HON. RON KLEIN

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, May 7, 2008

Mr. KLEIN of Florida. Madam Speaker, I rise today to honor a leader in our community. A man of faith and a deep generosity of spirit, Rabbi Howard Shapiro has served his congregation at Temple Israel in Palm Beach County, Florida, with distinction for the last 27 years. His retirement in June will be bitter-sweet for all those who have come to know the rabbi.

Rabbi Howard Shapiro has served our community for nearly 30 years and has also served our country as an Army chaplain in Vietnam. The rabbi is a family man, and often speaks proudly of his wife, Eileen, his son, David, and daughter, Rachel, and her husband Bobby Green. The Shapiros have five grandchildren—Tali, Jacob, Maya, Samantha and Cory.

Since coming to South Florida, Rabbi Shapiro has been a steadfast leader, serving as president of the Palm Beach County Board of Rabbis and Urban Interfaith Council. He leads his congregation in regular good works, mitzvot, that include helping the elderly and the needy.

Rabbi Shapiro is not only a leader in our Jewish community. He frequently organizes joint programming with Christian congregations and interfaith groups. The rabbi is a community builder in the Palm Beaches, bridging different institutions and forging links between people, traditions and congregations. He cares deeply for Jewish education and loves to teach and to learn.

Rabbi Shapiro has been a blessing to the thousands of congregants he has served over the years. He will be sorely missed.

HONORING THOMAS S. CONELY,
SR., OF DADE CITY, FLORIDA

HON. GINNY BROWN-WAITE

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, May 7, 2008

Ms. GINNY BROWN-WAITE of Florida. Madam Speaker, I rise today to honor an American soldier who was wounded in service to our Nation during the conflict in Vietnam. Mr. Thomas S. Conely, Sr., is a Marine who served with honor and distinction on the battlefield. It is truly an honor to present this brave patriot with his long overdue Purple Heart medal.

Born in Wheeling, West Virginia, Mr. Conely's family moved to Pittsburgh when he was in ninth grade. Enlisting in the Marine Corps at the age of eighteen, Mr. Conely was one of about 78 enlistees dubbed the “Pittsburgh Pirate Platoon” when, all gathered around home plate for the ceremony, they were sworn into the Marines in the 7th inning of a baseball game at Forbes Field.

After completing his basic training at Parris Island, South Carolina, Mr. Conely went on to attend radio operator school in California and then served as the 2531 Field Radio Operator