downturn we have seen perhaps since post-World War II and perhaps since the Great Depression—the worst set of economic circumstances. We must do something. To sit back and watch Americans continue to lose hope, to lose their jobs, to lose their sense of the potential of this country is unacceptable. We need swift action. No more debate; we need to vote. We need to pass an unemployment compensation extension bill before we leave today.

Mr. President, I yield the floor.

EXTENSION OF MORNING BUSINESS

Mr. REED. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the time for morning business be extended until 12 noon, with Senators permitted to speak for up to 10 minutes each.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. REED. Mr. President, I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. The clerk will call the roll.

The assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Senator from Florida is recognized.

Mr. NELSON of Florida. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. NELSON of Florida. Mr. President, is the Senate in morning business?

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. It is. The Senator from Florida is recognized.

Mr. NELSON of Florida. I thank the Chair.

(The remarks of Mr. NELSON of Florida pertaining to the introduction of S. Con. Res. 106 are located in today’s RECORD under “Statements on Introduced Bills and Joint Resolutions.”)

Mr. NELSON of Florida. Mr. President, I yield the floor, and I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. The clerk will call the roll.

The assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, is what is the parliamentary situation? Is the Senator from Virginia able to address the Senate?

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Senate is in a period of morning business.

Mr. WARNER. I ask unanimous consent to proceed for no more than 5 minutes.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, it is so ordered.

TRIBUTE TO SENATORS

TED STEVENS

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, this may well be my last opportunity to speak on the floor of the Senate. I see my senior colleague, the senior Senator from Alaska. I come for the purpose of saying some remarks about several colleagues, a longtime friend. If it is convenient, I will take the 5 minutes I have just been granted by the Presiding Officer because I have to go out to the CIA for a meeting that has been established for some time. I shall leave shortly after I finish my remarks.

Again, I see my friend from Alaska, and it evokes many long years of interesting and happy memories. I recall so well that when I came here 30 years ago to the Senate, Senator STEVENS was one of those who sort of took the “youngsters” as we called ourselves in those days, under his wing. He had been here 11 years, I think, when I arrived. I remember the Senator from the Senator when he was the whip. I remember that whip; he exercised it judicially but with determination. All in our freshman class remember that very well.

I support what I remember most is that I had a 10-day and brief tour of military service in World War II. I was only 17. I went in the last year of the war, as did all the kids on my block. We joined and went in. I don’t know if I ever shared this story with the Senator. In those days, the boys on the block who were a year or two older than me had already gone in and started military service and were coming back on leave to visit their families. Some were severely wounded and having to stay for long periods of hospitalization. It was a dramatic period in American history.

I remember the Army Air Corps and those fellows who would come back having flown their missions in Europe, in the South Pacific, or wherever the case may be. All of us who were 16 and 17 and getting ready to take up our responsibilities stood in awe because the nearest thing we had connected with an airplane was building model airplanes. We built all the different types of planes he flew—primarily the old C-47, if my recollection serves me—and flying over the hump, which was a perilous, dangerous mission not only from enemy resistance, but if anything malfunctioned on that plane, there was no landing field below you, just miles and miles of rugged mountain terrain, much of it totally unknown to me.

I think the Senator was under 21 when he flew those missions, and his crew exemplified the courage of the World War II generation. He, among many, deserves credit as being a member of the “greatest generation.”

In subsequent years, when I came to the Senate and joined the Armed Services Committee, it was my privilege to travel to many places in this world with Senator STEVENS to visit the men and women in the Armed Forces. How many times did we work together on this floor—I as an authorizer and him as an appropriator—shaping that annual bill which I regard with a sense of humility as the most important bill that my body passes every year; this bill that cares for the men and women of the Armed Forces and provides the economic resources for them to train, to modernize, and to preserve and protect the freedom of this Nation. Speaking on behalf of the men and women of the Armed Forces, they are grateful to Senator STEVENS for all he has done for them through his distinguished career in the Senate. I yield the floor.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Alaska is recognized.

FAREWELL TO THE SENATE

Mr. STEVENS. Mr. President, I am grateful to the Senator from Virginia for his comments. I understand that duty calls him to go to his meeting at the CIA. I am grateful for his support.

Mr. President, just before Christmas in 1968, I was appointed to succeed Alaska’s first senior Senator, Bob Bartlett. Next month will mark the 40th year I have had the honor and privilege to serve in this great Chamber.

First, and most important, I thank my family. After my wife Ann’s tragic death in 1978, I thought the end of my career had come, but my dear wife Catherine entered my life in 1980, and joined by my six children, Susan, Beth, Ted, Walter, Ben, and Lily, and my 11 grandchildren, my family has given me love, support, and sacrifice, which made my continued career in the Senate possible and meaningful. I dearly love each member of my family.

Forty years. It is hard to believe that so much time could pass so quickly, but it has. I want everyone listening to know that I treasure every moment I have had here representing Alaska and Alaskans, the land and the people I love.

As a Member of this body, I served as whip from 1976 to 1984, as chair of the Republican Senatorial Campaign Committee, as chair of the Republican Senatorial Campaign Observer Group, as chair of the Ethics Committee, as chair of the Rules Committee, as chair of the Governmental...
Affairs Committee, as chair of the Appropriations Committee, and also had functions as the ranking member as the political change took place back and forth across this aisle. I also served as President pro tempore and President pro tempore of this Chamber.

I am having really a difficult time today articulating my feelings, and I hope if I piddle up a little bit, as my old friend used to say, I will be excused.

When I came to the Senate, Alaska had been a State for less than a decade. We were then more of an impoverished territory than a full-fledged State. The commitments made by the Federal Government in our Statehood Act were unfulfilled, and some are still unfulfilled. Alaska had not received the land and resources it had been promised. Poverty and illness reigned supreme in rural regions of our State. I remember so well when Senator KEN NUNN, Chairman of the Armed Services Committee, and I examined some of those villages. It was a disaster. Our fisheries were in peril, primarily from the intrusion of foreign vessels that were anchored just a few miles offshore 12 months out of the year.

Many people doubted whether Alaska had what it took to be a successful State, and they asked whether Alaska was still Seward's Folly. We proved those doubters were wrong. Working with Alaskans and with great friends in the Senate, Alaskans took control of our own destiny.

In 1958, as legislative counselor for the Department of Interior, I worked on Alaska's Statehood Act. Section 4 of that act committed Congress to settle the Alaska Native land claims.

In 1971, Congress did enact the Alaska Natives Land Claims Settlement Act, settling aboriginal claims in our State. Native corporations, established at a cost of $1 billion, manage over 40 million acres of land given to our State by the Federal Government, and the 44-million acre land settlement are now driving forces in the Alaska economy.

In 1973, after a dramatic tie-breaking vote by the Vice President of this Chamber on an amendment which closed the courts of this country to further delay by extreme environmentalists, the President signed into law the Trans-Alaska Pipeline Authorization Act. That act dramatically improved America's security and secured the economic future of Alaska.

In 1976, Congress passed what became known as the Magnuson-Stevens Act to fight foreign fishing fleets which endangered America's fisheries. Because of that act, America's fisheries today are the most productive and the best managed in the world.

Working within the framework of these basic laws, Alaskans have labored in the appropriations and administration processes to make statehood a reality. Where there was nothing but tundra and forest, today there are now airports, roads, ports, water and sewer systems, hospitals, clinics, communications networks, research labs, and much, much more. Alaska was not Seward's folly and is no longer an impoverished territory. Alaska is a great State and an essential contributor to our Nation's energy security and national security. It is to home States like Alaska that have had a role in this transformation. Working to help Alaska achieve its potential has been and will continue to be my life's work.

My mother has been here "to hell with politics, just do what's right for Alaska," and I have tried every day to live up to those words. I take great pride in the work of the Appropriations Defense Subcommittee, the leadership of which I have shared for almost three decades with my brother Senator DAIK INOUYE, and I thank him for being here. He is a great American patriot and a true friend. Together, we have worked to rebuild our Armed Forces to provide the support and training needed by our warfighters to meet the challenges of a rapidly changing world.

I don't have time today to recount the highlights of 40 years of work in this body. That will take a lot of time. I will take time, however, to acknowledge and express my appreciation to so many of my colleagues and Senate staffers.

I really am grateful to every Member of the Senate for their friendship, and I bear no ill will toward any Member of this body. I did my part for this body. I have given counsel and support and counsel of my colleagues in the Alaska congressional delegation, my old friend in the House, Congressman DON YOUNG, who has done so much for our State, and my steadfast partner in the Senate, Senator LISA MURKOWSKI, to whom I owe so much and admire so much. She has been a true friend and true partner. I wish her well in the future here.

I also want to acknowledge the tremendous support and counsel of my friends and those who have gone before me in the Senate. I am grateful for the support and counsel of my colleagues in the Alaska congressional delegation, my old friend in the House, Congressman DON YOUNG, who has done so much for our State, and my steadfast partner in the Senate, Senator LISA MURKOWSKI, to whom I owe so much and admire so much. She has been a true friend and true partner. I wish her well in the future here.

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I feel blessed by God to have had the opportunity to serve in this body. I deeply appreciate the trust Alaskans have placed in me. When Alaska needed a strong voice to speak up for its interests, I did my part to the best of my ability. When an administration submitted legislation or a budget that ignored Alaska's legislative concerns, I urged Congress to exercise its constitutional power to redress the balance. When an Alaskan—or any Alaskan—or any Alaskan entity needed help, my office was ready and did help to the maximum extent possible.

I feel the same way now that I did in 1968. I really must publish myself to fully understand that I am privileged to speak on the floor of the U.S. Senate. Coming from the boyhood I had, I could never have even dreamed of being here today. And home is where the heart is, Mr. President, if that is so, I have two homes—one is right here in this Chamber, and the other is my beloved State of Alaska. I must leave one to return to the other.

I told members of the press yesterday that I don't have any rearview mirror. I look only forward, and I still see the day when I can remove the cloud that continues to surround my predecessor. The President has been gone. My mission in life is not complete. I believe God will give me more opportunities to be of service to Alaska and to our Nation. And I look forward with glad heart and with confidence in its justice and mercy.

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Mr. MCCONNELL. Mr. President, Senate colleagues, how does one sum up the extraordinary accomplishments of the longest serving Republican Senator in U.S. history? The majority leader has summarized Senator STEVENS’ career, but I think there is a way to measure it and to summarize it that is even shorter. I think it is safe to say, without any fear of contradiction, there is no Senator in the history of the United States who has ever done more for his State than Senator TED STEVENS. Alaska would not be what it is today—

Mr. BYRD. That is right.

Mr. MCCONNELL. But for him.

Mr. BYRD. That is right.

Mr. MCCONNELL. So we say farewell to our friend from Alaska and wish him well in coming years. He can always be proud of the fact that no Senator in the history of this country has ever done more for his State than Senator TED STEVENS.

Mr. BYRD. That is right, Ted. That is right.

(Appleprox.)

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The junior Senator from Alaska.

Ms. MURKOWSKI. Mr. President, I would like to speak this morning from the perspective of an Alaskan. Sometimes it is not appropriate for a woman to acknowledge her age, but when Senator STEVENS first came to this body, I was 11 years old. Senator STEVENS, TED STEVENS, has been “Alaska” in this Senate for four decades now. Many Senators earn their place in the history of their States during the course of service in the Senate. But by the time TED came to the Senate back in 1968, he had already earned his place in Alaskan history. He had earned his history for his work a decade earlier.

As an Interior Department attorney in the late 1950s, TED was the Eisenhower administration’s point man on Alaska statehood. Well, this year, our State is celebrating its 50th anniversary of statehood. But for the persistence of TED STEVENS at that time, our statehood anniversary date might be celebrated some years off in the future. It was that persistence that TED brought to the Senate.

Historians will record the life of TED STEVENS and the history of post-statehood Alaska and suggest they are all intertwined. But I think there is an easier way to express that. When I think of the good things, the positive things, that have come to Alaska in the past 50 years, I see the face and I see the hands of TED STEVENS in so many of them.

Some of them are so small, like a washereteria for Golovin, a village of 67 people near Nome. TED STEVENS, through funding from the Denali Commission, has enabled that village to have that washereteria. You might not think much of that, but when you don’t have a washereteria, you don’t have a place for basic sanitary services, providing a washing facility in a little community is a big deal.

There are also the big projects, whether it is our 800-mile trans-Alaska pipeline that Senator STEVENS helped to create or the settlement of our Alaska Native land claims, the fact that we have F-22s at Elmendorf Air Force Base in a compromise that allowed Eielson Air Force Base to remain a vibrant and strategic center for our military. And then the big things that are yet to come, as we are working to advance a natural gas pipeline to bring much needed energy source to the lower 48. We will also have a new VA outpatient clinic in Anchorage that TED has been responsible for.

When Alaskans think about the difficult debates, the issues Congress has dealt with over the years as they relate to Alaska—and primarily these are debates where the Nation has sought to tell Alaskans what we should be doing to manage our lands, to develop our resources, to earn our two natural resources. Every time there has been an argument, a debate, a victory, it has been the forceful voice of TED STEVENS defending the right of Alaskans that prevails.

I ask the Members who come to the floor wearing his Incredible Hulk tie, he was fighting a battle for Alaska that day, and look out. Whether it was our timber issues or the battle over ANWR or our fisheries, he was there fighting, compromising, negotiating these battles for the State of Alaska.

There are a lot of things we know about TED and his passions, as he has demonstrated them here on the floor, but there are some other things you might not know about Senator STEVENS and what drives him, such as his care and his passion and support for world-class fishing out on the Kenai River, his support for public broadcasting, which earned our two national awards, and his unyielding commitment for the Olympic movement and amateur athletics.

Somebody mentioned it would take a long time to enumerate the accomplishments of TED STEVENS. Mr. Majority Leader, I might suggest that in order to do that, it would take as long as it took you when you read your book about Searchlight on the floor when I was sitting in the Presiding Officer’s chair. We don’t have time to do that this morning, and that is not my purpose today. But I would like to refer to TED’s accomplishments in two small areas to illustrate a point I wish to make about his character, his personal commitment to public service. These are in the areas of what he has done to improve the lives of Alaska’s Native people and also his legacy to America’s fisheries.

Some believe our society is judged by the way it treats its most vulnerable members, and it is appropriate we judge the character of our elected leaders in a similar way. In Alaska, the most vulnerable among us are our Alaska Native people—the 120,000 or so Aleuts, Eskimos, and Indians who are the descendants of Alaska’s first inhabitants. We recognize that the statistics
about the condition of our Alaskan Natives are not something of which we are proud, with incomes that are half of other Alaskans and high rates of domestic violence, suicide, child abuse, violent deaths, and a prison rate among our population which is not acceptable.

For decades, Alaska’s most vulnerable people have had no better friend than Ted Stevens. If you go to Ted’s Web site, it lists his milestone legislative accomplishments, and if of the 13 are directed to improving the conditions of Alaska’s first people. So many of them are so basic. You have all heard the stories; Ted has stood on the floor and talked about the economic conditions we face—the fact that we don’t have road systems, the fact we have to fly to most of the villages or go by boat—but the reality is that in so many of our communities, so many of our villages, we still don’t have basic water and sanitation for those who live there. Ted Stevens came to the Senate, many of these villages had no running water, no flush toilets, no plumbing, no place to wash clothes or take a shower—the basic needs when it comes to sanitation and health.

In those places, our Native people have lived, and some still live, in what could be called Third World conditions, conditions that wouldn’t be tolerated anywhere in this country, andconditions Ted Stevens would not tolerate. He determined he was going to change it and he did. In 1980, only about 20 percent of the rural houses in Alaska had indoor sanitation facilities. Thanks to Ted Stevens, that percentage has risen to well over 75 percent. Now, we still have a ways to go, but what he has done is pretty remarkable.

Talking about health improvements and conditions, it is almost impossible to recruit health professionals to our small communities. So Ted brought telemedicine. It is the backbone of what we have in Alaska in terms of how we provide for our health care needs. It is the largest telemedicine program in the world. It gives first responders an ability to consult with doctors in Anchorage and Juneau and the other cities. Thanks to Ted Stevens, people’s lives have been saved. He has made an enormous difference in our community. He has championed the construction of hospitals in our rural hubs out in Kotzebue, Barrow, Nome, and Dillingham. He has brought about the community health centers and health clinics.

I know a lot of you have had an opportunity to come to Alaska, and your first stop is the airport in Anchorage, and you notice that the airport is named after Ted Stevens. Well, you might not know that there is a large monument at the entrance to the Alaskan Native Medical Center that has been erected to remind Alaskans that this facility would not have been possible without the work of Ted Stevens. So our Alaska Natives today enjoy an integrated, high quality health care system thanks to Ted Stevens.

This is important for us to remember because so much of what we see in the Senate, the record that is created, we don’t have the opportunity to see how that translates into the work Ted Stevens has represented for some 40 years. Other areas he has worked for Alaska’s Natives involve work to preserve their cultural lifestyles through preservation of their subsistence traditions and make sure that the people can continue their whaling and helping with economic opportunities and reducing transportation costs. We are seeing a migration from our smaller villages into our larger cities, but I can tell you, without the lifestyle improvements Ted Stevens has brought to rural Alaska, our Native people would have left their villages decades ago. So I wish to thank you, Ted, for all you have done there.

I mentioned the fishery resource, and Senator Stevens himself mentioned that in his comments, but it was nearly 40 years ago that Ted joined with Warren Magnuson and developed a new management regime for our fisheries. This was at a time when our fisheries in the United States, including Alaska, were heavily overfished by foreign fleets. The Magnuson-Stevens Act helped put America back in the fishing industry. This legislation also created the Regional Fishery Management Council. It is largely responsible for the development of Alaska’s sustainable fisheries. We are very proud of the fact that to this day we supply about half the seafood that is caught in this country.

It was at Ted Stevens’ insistence that the United States negotiated an agreement to stop the illegal fishing in the international waters of the Bering Sea. This preserved the Alaska pollock fishery from near collapse. He has been an absolute champion of ocean conservation. He pushed the U.N. to ban high seas drift net fishing, a practice that was devastating our salmon fisheries. Alaska fishermen will never forget Ted Stevens, the conservationist, the advocate who has truly helped bring our fisheries where they are.

Ted’s departure from the Senate truly leaves a void in our hearts and some very big shoes to fill here in the Senate. There are a lot of us in Alaska who are wondering if anyone can fill these shoes. We agonize over whether the Federal government’s interest in Alaska is going to dwindle without Ted here to fight for us. But I am optimistic, Ted, that is not going to be the case.

You have said many times in speeches you have given here on the floor and back at home—you voiced the words of GEN Billy Mitchell back in 1935 when he said:

I believe that, in the future, whoever holds Alaska will hold the world. . . . I think it is the most important strategic place in the world.

Those words of Billy Mitchell, I think you and I agree. I think today, Alaska continues to provide this top cover for the defense of the North American Continent. Our troops tell us our communities in Alaska support the military like nowhere else in the country. The heartfelt appreciation is genuine. We offer unencumbered military training areas that are simply not available anywhere else. Our resources—our natural gas, our mineral resources—will support and continue to support America’s national security for generations to come.

Through his investments in the development of our State and our people, Ted Stevens has helped to prepare Alaska to meet its future challenges. We are a strong and confident and skilled people, and I am certain— we are empowered by all Ted’s work has brought to us over 40 years of service in the Senate.

While Ted may leave this body, I think all of us will continue to seek his advice, his counsel, his example for as long as he is willing to offer it. Ted, you have earned a very special place in the golden hearts of Alaskans, and you hold a very special place in my heart. Thank you for your service to Alaska.

I yield the floor.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The senior Senator from Hawaii is recognized.

Mr. INOUYE. Mr. President, all of us realize the events of recent weeks have been less than pleasant and at times dismal and heartbreaking. But to my friend, I say stand tall, Ted, because you have every reason to do so. Your good and courageous service to our Nation is part of our history. It can never be obliterated. Your service to the people of Alaska is legendary, and I am certain that in decades to come, Native Alaskans—Eskimos and Indians—will be singing you songs of praise. But above all, I thank you for your four decades of friendship. I will cherish them. Thank you.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senate President pro tempore is recognized.

Mr. BYRD. Mr. President, I have been thinking, while sitting here listening to the eloquent remarks of the senior Senator from Alaska on this day, I have been here a long time, and so has he, the Senator from Alaska, although he is just a youngster compared to me. Some in this town would say we have both lived too long.

A long life is a blessing for many reasons. One of the reasons is one learns a lot. One learns to take the bad with the good. One learns to separate the phonies from the friends. One learns that family is the most important gift. One learns that small, special moments and the really good things in life—like a good laugh, a good cry, a good dog, and a good meal.
Politics is a rough business, with lots of highs and lots of lows. After a long time in politics, I come to understand that the point of it all is helping people. Ted Stevens has helped a lot of people. We all make mistakes. I have made more of them than I have hair follicles. But thank God we will be judged in the next world by the good we do in this world. Ted Stevens has done a lot of good.

I wish for you, my friend Ted Stevens, many happy years. I know you will never stop working for the people of your beloved State of Alaska. Bless your heart, Ted. I love you.

I offer an Irish blessing: May all the roads that you have built, Ted, rise up to meet you, and may the wind, Ted, be always at your back. May the Sun shine warmly upon your face, Ted, and may the rain fall softly upon your fields. And until we meet again, may God hold you, Ted, in the hollow of His hand.

Bless your heart, Ted. I love you.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from New Mexico is recognized.

Mr. DOMENICI. Mr. President, I rise now because I look around and I don't think there is any Senator left on the floor who has served longer than I with him. He has had his 40; I have had my 36.

Senator, I just want to say this to you. The Constitution of the United States said that there will be a difference between the Senate and the House of Representatives. One way to get one's constitution is to make sure they provide that individually the States would be adequately represented. And they said: We will make sure of that by creating a U.S. Senate where two Senators represent the State.

My friend, I want to say to you, obviously I have traveled a little bit different path in my 36 years, but many times the paths have crossed—you and this Senator. I do want to say that, more than anyone else, you have taught me the meaning of representing my State. You are unabashed about that. That caused me on many occasions to think about what I was doing and whether I was representing my State correctly, to the full extent of my ability, and whether I did that with gusto, knowing that we needed things. For we are comparable in that we are a very poor State. We are among the last that came in, and we have many of the same problems you have. It is a true luxury of my life to work with you, to see how you got things done, and, from time to time, to be able to help you because you asked—you were unabashed in that regard too—to help your State. You would ask any of us to join you in your cause, and most of us did that willingly.

Mr. BYRD. You bet.

Mr. DOMENICI. But, Senator, I wish to say just a word to the people of your State.

We know Ted Stevens as a Senator representing you people. A big event has occurred in the life of Ted Stevens that you people of Alaska quite properly have been involved in. But none of us who have worked with him could let this day pass with anyone not knowing—whether they be in Alaska, a Native of Alaska, or a Native, true Native—all of you must know of the high respect and great esteem in which we hold your Senator.

We are most grateful that you sent him here for 40 years. For some of us, it ends too abruptly, but every ride seems to have an end.

All I hope is, with what you have left in your life, that you will feel this day is a special one, when Senators have put their hearts out here on the Senate floor to tell you who you were to them, what you meant to them. I hope I have done my share in my few moments. Nobody will know how many times we have talked and met, how many times you and I have shared personal things and gone on with our own business, but we were concerned our personal problems along with it, things we wanted to share as men. I thank you for every bit of that.

To the extent that some of our prayers and the prayers of some of our religious lives normally I pray for you—I hope it has had some good. I hope when you were down, you were lifted a bit. I hope that today you are going to be lifted more so that you can stand what is ahead of you with a high head and come out of it with more of the successes of your life right out in front of you for you to feel and touch, as those hard issues still remain.

Thank you for your friendship.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Connecticut is recognized.

Mr. LIEBERMAN. Mr. President, much that has been true and honest has been said by our colleagues this morning to support and pay tribute to the great and historic service of Senator Ted Stevens to the Senate, to the State, and to our country. I will come back to that, but I wish to take a moment to speak about Ted Stevens as a friend and a neighbor.

It happened that when I first came to the Senate 20 years ago, our wives, Catherine and Hadassah, became friends. As usual, they led us in the right direction—which is toward each other. In fact, it was Catherine and Ted's counsel and urging to Hadassah and me that led us, after 6 years living somewhere in the neighborhood we live in now, which is where they used to live. In the last several years, they have come back to that neighborhood.

Maybe, beyond the news that comes out of the Senate in Washington and the politics that dominates the news, a lot of people back home and around the country do not realize we are actually just normal people—we live in neighborhoods here, we have friends, and we get to know our friends.

I speak of Ted in that regard. Once years ago somebody said: What can you tell me about Ted Stevens? I can tell you a lot and others can about what he is like as a Senator. I will tell you this, that Hadassah and I talked the other day and we said: Who would we call, of our colleagues in the Senate, if something happened in the family?

I think about it, it was said at 3 a.m. in the morning. That was before the commercials in the last campaign. But this was not about a national emergency, this was about something that had happened in the family. And you needed somebody's help to come over and watch the kids or something such as that. We said we would call Ted and Catherine Stevens. I never had to make that call, but I have no doubt they would have responded.

I have gotten to know Ted Stevens very well. This is a good and honorable man. He is a wise man, reads a lot. And in recent years we have exchanged books, usually adventure novels, with one another. He has a tremendous sense of history, and more than some might appreciate, he has a great sense of humor as well.

So I salute him as a good and honorable man, a man of faith who has served our country with great effect. I want to take a moment before I close to talk about the extraordinary service and supportive leadership Ted Stevens has given to the Armed Forces of the United States and, therefore, the security and freedom of every American, the freedom of every American, and I would say the security and freedom of people in countries all over the world who have benefited from the courage of our military, the skill of our diplomats, and even more directly because of the support Ted Stevens and Dan Inouye have given to our allies militarily around the world.

The distinguished Republican leader said he could not think of any Senator who had done more for his State in the history of the Senate than Ted Stevens has done for Alaska. I would say something else at this moment. Regardless of which we have been in the majority and which was in the so-called minority, these two senators have served us very well.

Mr. DOMENICI. But, Senator, I wish to say just a word to the people of your State.

We know Ted Stevens as a Senator representing you people. A big event has occurred in the life of Ted Stevens that you people of Alaska quite properly have been involved in. But none of us who have worked with him could let this day pass with anyone not knowing—whether they be in Alaska, a Native of Alaska or a Native, true Native—all of you must know of the high respect and great esteem in which we hold your Senator. We are most grateful that you sent him here for 40 years. For some of us, it ends too abruptly, but every ride seems to have an end.
What did you say your oath was? To hell with politics. I have got to do what is good for Alaska. I am going to say, in so many ways, particularly working with DAN INOUYE, you have said throughout this 40 years, particularly in the years you were in the Senate, working on the Defense Appropriations Subcommittee, to hell with politics, we, DAN INOUYE and I, are going to do what is good for America.

I salute you for that. I thank you for that. I love the fact that you said in your remarks that you are confident God has more work for you to do. I share that confidence and that faith. I wish you and your wonderful family, your beloved wife Catherine and your children, all of God’s blessings in the years ahead.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Utah.

Mr. HATCH. I remember the first time I met TED STEVENS. It was back in 1976 when I was a young candidate for office, citizen candidate, hardly knew where the Senate floor was. I have loved and admired him ever since.

We have been in the presence of three great senior lions in the Senate. BOB Dole has given us a lesson of being elected to the Senate in 1976 when I was a young candidate for the courage, honor, and friendship time I met TED STEVENS. It was back in the history as I regarded TED Stevens."

All of a sudden there was TED STEVENS standing in front of me. That was sort of a frightening experience for a new Senator. But he came up and he jabbed his finger on my chest—TED, you will not remember this—and he said, ‘I know who you are.’

I said, ‘Well, I sure as hell know who you are.’

He said, ‘You allegedly know something about agriculture. Bob Dole told me about you, said you were a stand-up guy.’

I said, ‘Thank you. That is a real compliment.’

He said, ‘You serve on Armed Services and Intelligence?’

I said, ‘Yes, sir, I do.’

He said, ‘How would you like to go to the Russian Far East with me?’

I thought to myself: Why on Earth would I want to go to the Russian Far East?

He said, ‘We are going to go to Habarodbfk. I can assure you, Habarodbfk is not one of the places that you would want to go to if you had free time to go anywhere.’ And he said, ‘Then we are going to go to Vladivostok. We are going to meet with the admiral of the Russian navy. He is closer to Alaska than he is to Moscow. I know him.’

I thought, this is a man who has unusual relationships with people all around the world.

‘And then we are going to go to South Korea to meet one of the many presidents that come and go in South Korea to indicate our strong support. But then we are going to be the first delegation allowed into North Korea.’

Well, that got my attention. He said, ‘That is why I would like to have you come along, because if we could arrange a third-party grain sale’—and I guess this is not classified anymore, but at any rate—‘arrange a third-party grain sale, and using agriculture as a tool for peace, there are things we can do in North Korea to at least establish a relationship.’

This man has tried to do that all around the world with our adversaries.
People talk about that a lot, that he actually just does it. He does not make any press releases about it, does not talk about it much.

So I said, "Well, sure, I will sign up." And he said, "I understand that you are a journalist." I said, "Yep, that is an unemployed newsman."

And he said, "You could be the scribe in regard to this CODEL." I might say that any CODEL you went on with Ted Stevens, so always had a T-shirt saying: "I survived CODEL STEVENS" because you would go to the South Pole, you would go to other places, but you didn't go to the water holes where apparently the business executives of our financial institutions go now to think about things.

In any case, we went to Habarovsk where I had a little discussion with Senator INOUYE about where we were staying, our accommodations, and how to know DANNY very well. We went to Vladivostok. We talked to that admiral who felt closer to TED STEVENS than he did the Russian Government at that particular time. We went to Sakhalin Island. There are tremendous oil reserves here. We were trying to work out some kind of arrangement where American oil companies could come in and take advantage of all of the oil reserves. We had to work our way through the saber-toothed tigers; I am not making that up.

They went to South Korea because you have to go to South Korea if you are going to go to North Korea. That is just required. Then we went into North Korea. Darndest experience I ever have had in my life. It was a situation where that is a theocracy. It is a robotic theocracy. If there is a trudging contest in the Olympics, the North Koreans will win without any question. It was the first delegation allowed into North Korea. Senator INOUYE and I, along with Senator S TEVENS met with the North Koreans. It was Senator COCHRAN who insisted on going to a farm. I say that with a smile. We did that. I will just say from an agricultural standpoint, it was just a field with nothing there except a 1938 Case tractor with a camouflage net over it. That sort of tells you where they are: not a Third World country but, as I said, a theocracy. Back to the story. It was about 11 or midnight. This was a special trip. We left everything on the plane, and we stayed at an alleged VIP headquarters. There wasn't any heat. I won't go into all that.

At any rate, this discussion had gone on and on and on, and there was an interpreter with the two people with whom we were meeting. We had hoped to meet with Kim Jong-il. That was not possible. So he sent two of his puppets down there to meet with us. They were just going back and forth with questions and answers. We had permission from the Treasury to waive certain requirements so we could arrange for a third party grain sale to assist North Korea which goes through a famine every harvesting year. In response, we could ask for other things.

So you had two World War II veterans who told these two individuals: We are World War II veterans. We want to make real progress in a humanitarian attraction. We want to make real progress about that. Finally, Ted had it up to here.

He said: Knock off the BS. I know you understand English. Just take the interpreter out of it and let's get to the bottom line.

The bottom line was that they couldn't do anything. They were there to learn what we were about. They really couldn't make any decisions. That was a real lost opportunity at that particular time. I will never forget his leadership.

At any rate, I would just like to say on another CODEL, I don't even know which one it was, we landed at 11 and we got to the hotel about midnight. This man is a great connoisseur of movies, and I am not. He could name almost any other movie. He is a great devotee of that great documentary "Band of Brothers." So we were playing "Band of Brothers" to virtually staff and to all present. And this is at 12:30 at night. The first 5 episodes; we were going to episode 6. So there we all were. And, of course, it was playing and playing. I looked around. All the staff were asleep. Loyal, they were still there, but they were asleep. Then, all the Members who were still there, because you didn't leave in regards to the Stevens entourage and whatever performance he decided that we should see, so consequently, I was having a hard time keeping my eyelids open.

I looked over at him and his eyes were closed. I thought, the great man has his eyes closed. Everybody else is asleep. So I will get up, the scribe of the CODEL, and look around and gently turn off the television and then I can get out of here and let them wake him up and say: "Ted, it is pretty late, 1 o'clock, we all ought to go to bed."

As I reached for the button to turn off the power, he said: "This next part is the best part." He wasn't watching it; he was listening because he had seen it about three times. Well, needless to say, we saw episode 6 in its entirety. Thank the Lord, we didn't go into episode 7. We would have been there all night.

This was a very unusual trip. We left 12:30 at night. We had reached episode 7. We would have been there all night. We got to Sakhalin Island. It is a robotic theocracy. If there is a situation where that is a theocracy. Whatever the President or anybody get approval or approval from his leadership, that is it. As a matter of fact, she called him the mad penguin. She never called him that to his face. I don't know if you know that or not, Ted. But that was the label.

So under this great, gruff facade, i.e., the mad penguin—there is a compassionate, caring, wise and, yes, a man with a very good sense of humor which I enjoyed immensely.

When you come to this body and you come to public service, you know that you risk your ideas, your thoughts, your hopes, and your dreams before the crowd. Sometimes the crowd says yes, and sometimes there are people who will stand behind you when you are taking the bows. Then when something happens in your life, when it is most unfortunate—and my family has experienced this as well—you wonder where your friends are who will stand beside you when you are taking the bows as opposed to the bows.

I want to tell you that being the Alaskan of the Century and the Alaskan or the Senator who has done so much for the country and my State of Kansas, I stand next to your Ted, and as many have said: You are a dear friend. I love you. God bless.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. TESTER). The Senator from Texas.

Mrs. HUTCHISON. Mr. President, I so appreciate hearing the many stories that Ted Stevens has generated in this body. He has been a friend to everyone who has served all of the time with him. People say: Ted took care of Alaskans. I don't know if it is true, but I do know that Ted made sure that every State was taken care of, that every Senator's priorities were met, if at all possible. He
I will say two things in conclusion about TED STEVENS. His country has never called that he has not answered the call—from the military, to being in the Eisenhower administration, to fighting for Alaska to be a State, and then fighting to make Alaska a great State. It is a great State. It would not be the State it is without your leadership, TED.

But I want to say the most important thing I think you could say about anyone you know; that is, those who know him best love him most.

Thank you.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Washington.

EXTENSION OF MORNING BUSINESS

Mrs. MURRAY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the time for morning business be extended until 2 p.m., with Senators permitted to speak for up to 10 minutes each.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The Senator from Hawaii.

TRIBUTE TO SENATORS

TED STEVENS

Mr. AKAKA. Mr. President, I rise to pay honor to Senator TED STEVENS of Alaska. While our country may not realize this, TED has been a great advocate on a number of important issues for our country. Reminding our country of its responsibility to its indigenous people has been one of the major causes that TED STEVENS has pursued and advanced. It has been a delight to work with him to expand opportunities and help our indigenous peoples of the noncontiguous States of Alaska and Hawaii, as well as those across the country.

We have worked well together to improve the lives of Federal employees. We tried hard this Congress to enact meaningful reforms on telework opportunities in the Federal Government and, most importantly, to provide retirement equity to Federal employees in Alaska, Hawaii, and the territories by extending locality pay to those areas. Your leadership on those issues was invaluable to our efforts to move the bills forward. Thank you for your efforts to expand opportunities for Federal employees.

Also, I want to mention something that is probably an unknown part of history, and that is a number of years ago I discovered that since 1965 the model of the Statue of Freedom was in storage at the Smithsonian. I worked to try to bring that statute here to the Capitol, and I was having a hard time with that until TED STEVENS joined me. With his help we were able to move that statute from storage in the Smithsonian. It was, as you may now know, the model which was erected in the Russell Rotunda. I am pleased to say that on December 2, 2008, the new Capitol Visitor Center will be dedicated and that Statue of Freedom will be placed between the two escalators that will lead to the Capitol. For me and for TED STEVENS, this symbolizes that freedom is returning to the Capitol of the United States. And on December 2, 2008, the Center will be open and the Statue of Freedom will be an eminent part of the Visitor Center.

I thank TED STEVENS for all the help that he has given us in Hawaii and other States. He has brought strength and passion to the Senate and has been a constant presence in this institution. And for Millie and me, Ted, I want to say aloha, and a warm aloha and mahalo nui loa to you for all the friendship that we have had and continue to have. I want to say God bless you and Catherine and your family in the years ahead.

Mahalo.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Minnesota.

Mr. COLEMAN. Mr. President, I think the length of my speech is a back of the head comment for them who have spoken before. And as I stand here, I cannot tell you whether it is going to be two blinks.

But I was on the CODEL with the Senator from Washington. We were in China with Senator STEVENS and I would like to offer some insight, if I can, as to the question raised by my colleague from Kansas as to what makes TED STEVENS tick.

When we were in China, Senator STEVENS was treated as a hero. And he is a hero because of his service in World War II. He flew under General Chennault and went over. I think it was, the China-India-Burma bump. He landed in places in China to refurbish supplies, ammunition, I think, bring in intelligence sources, as described to me, where landing fields were cut out. There may have been a foot on one side and a foot on the other side, and this young guy was flying in there because he had to fly his country.

When we talk about TED STEVENS and his service to our country—so many talk about 40 years in the Senate—as I reflected on who that young guy was, flying in there with absolute fearlessness, with courage, with love of country, he is the same guy. He is the same guy. That is what he has given to this country his entire adult life, and it has been given in great service to this country. I think this is pretty special. He has the veneer of a tough guy. And TED STEVENS can be tough. There is no question about that. But those of us who know him also see the love, the love that is in his heart, reflected in love of country, love of family, love for his magnificent wife, love for his daughter. You see the gleam in his eye anytime he talks about her or she is in his presence. We see the love he has for this body, the love he has for his colleagues, the love he even has for those with whom he disagrees. I have not been on the side of ANWR with my colleagues from Alaska. But if you simply...