

Terminating TARP today will immediately return more than \$300 billion to the general treasury. This will give us the fiscal capacity to take the actions necessary to fight the great recession and get Americans back to work. I voted to enact the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 in February and would be willing to support well designed job-creation programs again today.

A disadvantage of keeping TARP alive is that the administration may select job-creating programs based upon whether they somehow fit a contrived and expanded interpretation of the TARP statute, rather than whether they constitute the best job creation strategy. Once the TARP funds are returned to the treasury, Congress should immediately consider job-creating and recession-fighting bills.

THE SCHOOL PRINCIPAL RECRUITMENT AND TRAINING ACT OF 2009

HON. SUSAN A. DAVIS

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, December 16, 2009

Mrs. DAVIS of California. Madam Speaker, research shows that school leadership can be one of the most positive and effective factors in improving student learning. In fact, a strong school principal is often the principle reason behind a successful, well-functioning school that attracts and maintains quality instructors. In high-need schools, strong school leadership is especially crucial.

When the No Child Left Behind Act is reauthorized, the federal government will look to provide additional resources to help high-need schools improve student achievement. With a strong and inspirational principal at the helm, a high-need school will be more likely to achieve success.

Representative TODD RUSSELL PLATTS and I are introducing the School Principal Recruitment and Training Act of 2009 to put the nation on the right track toward creating a new generation of effective school leaders. The legislation provides competitive grants to recruit and train high-caliber aspiring and current principals to lead high-need schools and stay in their positions.

As part of the training, principals will be mentored by other successful school leaders, and they will receive on-going education even after their placement. The legislation includes a data and reporting component so successful outcomes can be disseminated and replicated at other high-need schools.

Madam Speaker, I urge consideration of this legislation as we continue the effort to improve education in the United States and close the Achievement Gap.

RECOGNIZING THE IMPORTANCE OF TRADE TO THE UNITED STATES ECONOMY AND THE IMPORTANCE OF PASSING FREE TRADE AGREEMENTS WITH COLOMBIA, SOUTH KOREA, AND PANAMA

HON. RODNEY P. FRELINGHUYSEN

OF NEW JERSEY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, December 16, 2009

Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN. Madam Speaker, the Department of Labor has recently announced that unemployment across the country remained at double-digits and many states have followed with their own bleak statements of jobs being eliminated and families struggling.

These continued job losses demonstrate the need to approve and implement three free trade agreements—Colombia, South Korea and Panama—that can and will “save and create” high value private sector jobs for Americans.

Since 2005, 64 trade pacts have taken effect across the globe. The U.S. is a party to only five—with Australia, Bahrain, Morocco, Oman and Peru. During the same time frame, Japan has signed nine and the European Union (EU), which already has liberalized trade practices among its 27 member states, has signed eight.

And yet, pending free trade agreements with Colombia, Panama and South Korea that will tear down barriers to our products languish in the United States Congress. Unfortunately, there has not been a debate in Congress on the ratification of these agreements.

When visiting South Korea in November, the President indicated that the U.S. would move forward on the pending U.S.-South Korea free trade agreement (KORUS FTA). This is a pact, signed over two years ago, which will virtually eliminate remaining tariffs between our two economies. It also takes aim at non-tariff barriers such as Seoul's burdensome safety standards that many U.S. businesses have been unable to meet and, thus, gain access to the growing Korean market.

As the U.S. stalls, the EU is moving to fill the void. It is actively negotiating with South Korea, using many of the same principles and goals that our trade officials used years ago. In fact, there are credible estimates that the U.S. will lose 345,000 jobs if it fails to implement the KORUS FTA!

Likewise, it has been nearly 1,100 days since President Bush sent a final U.S.-Colombia free trade agreement to Congress for implementation. In the meantime, the Canadians have completed their own deal with Colombia which will ultimately disadvantage our manufacturers and our farmers.

So, as Congress places us firmly on the sidelines, Canada, the EU, China and other commercial competitors are taking the field and our business.

This is not some dry, theoretical debate for my home state of New Jersey. Our businesses, large and small, and their workers, have a great deal riding on these agreements and others yet to be reached. They will create jobs here in America, in general, and in New Jersey, specifically.

For example, the Port of New Jersey and New York is a major international gateway for

our region. Today, \$80 billion in commerce flows through the Port each year. Total exports from New Jersey have increased by \$8.1 billion over the past five years.

In fact, the latest data has shown that 130,500 jobs in New Jersey depend on trade. Of these, 50,500 are manufacturing jobs. Indeed, approximately one of every six manufacturing jobs in New Jersey is directly connected to trade. In addition, small businesses, America's job creators, would be among the major beneficiaries of U.S. initiatives to reduce foreign barriers to our exports.

Understandably, there is a high level of job-related anxiety in America today. This apprehension is fueling the rise of protectionism. The President and the Congressional leadership apparently now believe that defeating or delaying these trade agreements will somehow shield American jobs. To the contrary, discarding these pending trade agreements will deny American businesses the opportunity to create or grow high quality private sector jobs here at home and cede these markets to our allies and adversaries!

Madam Speaker, there is no doubt that Beijing, Ottawa, Tokyo and our EU friends understand the importance of trade. Our economy and, most importantly, our workers, are paying an incredibly high price for enacting these trade agreements. I urge the adoption of this resolution and the immediate ratification of the Colombia, Panama and South Korean free trade agreements.

RECOGNIZING THE SERVICE OF JAMES J. CORNELL, INSPECTOR GENERAL OF THE U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HON. ROBERT A. BRADY

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, December 16, 2009

Mr. BRADY of Pennsylvania. Madam Speaker, on behalf of myself and Congressman DANIEL E. LUNGREN of California, I want to call to the attention of my colleagues a letter we recently sent to the Speaker regarding the retirement of Mr. James J. Cornell from the post of Inspector General of the House of Representatives. I enclose the letter here for your consideration.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
COMMITTEE ON HOUSE ADMINISTRATION,

Washington, DC, December 16, 2009.

Hon. NANCY PELOSI,
Speaker, House of Representatives, The Capitol, Washington, DC.

DEAR MADAM SPEAKER: The Inspector General of the House of Representatives, Mr. James J. Cornell, will be retiring on January 2, 2010, after a long and distinguished career in service to the United States. His exemplary career spans 31 years, including nearly six years with the House. Jim is a perfect example of the exceptional public servants who labor in the fields, absent the fanfare, but without whom this institution would not function. Jim's commitment to excellence will be missed, but his legacy as Inspector General of the House of Representatives will have an enduring, positive impact on the institution.

One of the objectives of the Office of Inspector General is to produce value-added reviews and analyses which have improved House financial management, administrative processes, workplace safety and security—be

it physical, informational or technological. Jim's creation of an advisory services division has expanded the types of value-added services provided by the Office of Inspector General.

Further, Jim's efforts to train House Officers' staff on process improvement and to provide mentoring and project support, have allowed numerous House management staff to detect process inefficiencies and find ways to eliminate them. None of this would have been possible without Jim's strong commitment to training, transparency, and accountability. Jim's hard work and tenacity for thorough analyses have been vital to ensuring the success of the House's administrative and financial operations.

Jim's non-partisan collaboration with House Leadership and the Committee on House Administration has provided a solid foundation for the continued work of the Office of Inspector General. Due to Jim's leadership, we have great confidence that the Office will continue to ensure strong internal controls on the financial and administrative functions, will promote policies and procedures to improve efficiency and reduce the risk of asset loss, and will streamline processes and ensure that House operations remain in compliance with applicable rules, laws, and regulations.

Although Jim will be missed by his colleagues, we share the excitement for his new challenge and opportunity. As Jim opens a Christian school in an under-served area in New Jersey, we know that he will make a positive impact on the lives of many children. Jim can take great pride and satisfaction in the positive and important accomplishments made throughout his career. We wish Jim and his wife Joanne a joyful and exciting retirement, and we know that all Members of the House join us in thanking Jim Cornell for his years of distinguished service.

Sincerely,

ROBERT A. BRADY,
Chairman.

DANIEL E. LUNGREN,
Ranking Member

NATIONAL MEDIA SPELL
'SCANDAL' WITHOUT THE 'D'

HON. LAMAR SMITH

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, December 16, 2009

Mr. SMITH of Texas. Madam Speaker, the national media spell 'scandal' without the 'D.' Recently, the mayor of Baltimore was convicted of embezzlement.

On December 2, ABC's "Good Morning America" and CBS's "The Early Show" both briefly reported the Mayor's conviction.

Both failed to mention that she is a Democrat.

The Baltimore Sun and The Washington Post both failed to identify the Mayor as a Democrat in articles at the beginning of the trial.

The media also were guilty of selective omission in their coverage of scandals involving the Democratic former governors of Illinois and New York, as well as the Democratic former mayor of Detroit, among others.

On the contrary, when a former mayor in Georgia was arrested earlier this year, the Atlanta Journal-Constitution was quick to point out that he is a Republican.

The national media should treat both sides the same, not show favoritism based on party affiliation.

CONGRATULATING THE HARNETT
CENTRAL HIGH SCHOOL 2009
VARSITY FOOTBALL TEAM

HON. BOB ETHERIDGE

OF NORTH CAROLINA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, December 16, 2009

Mr. ETHERIDGE. Madam Speaker, I rise today to congratulate the Harnett Central High

School Trojans football team in Angier, North Carolina, for their historic season and trip to the North Carolina High School Athletic Association State Championship football game this past Saturday, December 12, 2009 at Carter Finley Stadium in Raleigh. Saturday marked the first time any Harnett County school has made it to the state championship game since school district consolidation in the 1970s. Harnett Central also made history this year by finishing the season with a 15 and 1 record, a record made more impressive because this is the first year the team has played in the 4-A conference.

I am extremely proud of the dedication, determination, sportsmanship, and discipline of this talented football team and its coaches, and they are to be commended for their drive and perseverance. The 2009 team members include Anthony Johnson, A.J. Hayes, Jarrod Spears, Mike Murray, Jeremy Wells, Logan Klauka, Ocean Stroud, Torin Walker, Tate Wheelin, Brian Taylor, Jevon Morris, Nick Corbin, Brian Baker, Lemonte Taylor, Dalan Snow, Jacob Hyde, Shag Long, Kendrick Rodgers, Rico Currie, Michael Vahue, Todd Hodges, Donavon General, Dylan Kinton, Joseph Diniz, Ethan Gardner, Eric Upchurch, Jared Crumpler, Travis Jones, Alan Swan, Landon Ellington, Zack Avrette, Carlos Salas, Quincy Wells-Johnson, Alvin McLean, Frank Vetere, Wesely Smith, Johnathon Hill, Caleb Baker, Max Ramirez, Abiye Fubara, Jordan Keith, Tim McClain, Darius Forte, and Brandon McLean.

Head Coach Marc Morris and his great team of assistant coaches, including Wayne Stewart, Bill Wyrick, Travis Gaster, Clayton Williams, Joseph Capps, Kenny Jones, Scott Riley, Rodney Ellis, worked tirelessly behind the scenes all season and are backbone of the team's success.

I am proud to have the honor of representing this outstanding high school and I ask my colleagues to join me today in honoring these fine young athletes.