

bill would have established a Department of Labor grant program to subsidize employers for salaries paid to newly hired veterans working in the energy sector.

The ranking member of the Subcommittee on Economic Opportunity, Mr. BOOZMAN, Dr. BOOZMAN, expressed some reservations, some concerns about the approach, and he offered to work with Mr. TEAGUE to craft a bill that would pay for skilled development, providing on-the-job training for veterans in the energy sector. And to the credit of Mr. TEAGUE, he's worked with our side in a bipartisan manner.

I believe we have a better bill that will promote greater veterans employment results in the long run. I liken it to helping a veteran, in a way, instead of perhaps giving him something for a day, we're also giving him the opportunity to learn so that it will be for a lifetime.

Madam Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. FILNER. Madam Speaker, I have no further speakers and am prepared to close.

Mr. STEARNS. Madam Speaker, once again, I thank Chairwoman HERSETH SANDLIN for her leadership and Ranking Member Dr. BOOZMAN and Mr. TEAGUE for their work to bring us a bipartisan bill. I urge my colleagues to support it, as amended, to provide for the establishment of a pilot program to encourage the employment of veterans in energy-related positions.

I yield back the balance of my time. Mr. FILNER. Madam Speaker, as we conclude this package of six bills that I think do so much for our Nation's veterans, this committee has been proud to work in a bipartisan way to get these bills to the floor.

I would like to remind my colleagues that this committee, in the last 4 years, has, in fact, done a tremendous amount for our Nation's veterans. We have increased the health care budget by more than \$20 billion, 60 percent increase in health care for our Nation's veterans. We've updated the GI bill and have a GI bill for the 21st century that about 200,000 students are taking advantage of in this first year of the bill.

We are helping to improve access for our rural veterans, for our women veterans, and, as we show today, to make sure we bring an end to our homeless veterans. So we are very proud of the work that we are doing for the veterans that we are so proud of.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. FILNER. And as I close, Madam Speaker, I would ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material, both on the previous bill, H.R. 4667, and the current bill, H.R. 4592, as amended.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California?

There was no objection.

Ms. JACKSON LEE of Texas. Madam Speaker, I rise in strong support of H.R. 4592,

"To provide for the establishment of a pilot program to encourage the employment of veterans in energy-related positions," a bill sponsored by my colleague Congressman TEAGUE from New Mexico.

H.R. 4592 increases job opportunities increase job opportunities for veterans by reimbursing employers for the cost of providing on-the-job training for veterans in the energy sector through a new "Veterans Energy Related Employment Program" of competitive grants.

We have an obligation to ensure that our veterans can continue to use their expertise and talents that they have so ably used in serving this great nation. We can do this by showing our appreciation of the service of veterans and actively provide opportunities for them to work. These veterans have given great contributions and made incredible personal sacrifices so that all of us in this country might live in a safe and secure nation and world. It is time that we pay up and stand up for our heroes. For, what is the price of freedom?

As President Kennedy once said, 'The price of freedom is high, but Americans have always paid it.' And no one has paid a higher price than the brave men and women through the years who gave the last full measure of devotion to their country. Whether it is the ultimate sacrifice of life or the loss of limb or the loss of time with family and friends, we owe our veterans an enormous outstanding debt of gratitude.

From Bunker Hill to Yorktown, from Washington, D.C. to the Battle of New Orleans, from Bull Run to Gettysburg and Antietam to Appamattox, brave Americans gave their lives so that the nation might live. And from Alsace Lorain to Verdun, and Normandy to Berlin and Pearl Harbor to Okinawa, from Inchon and Corregidor to Vietnam, Lebanon, Grenada, Kuwait, Afghanistan, and Iraq, Americans have nobly sacrificed their lives so that the world may live in freedom.

The debt of gratitude we owe to the soldiers, sailors, marines, and airmen who answered their nation's call and made supreme sacrifices can never be repaid. But the nation can follow President Lincoln's admonition to 'care for him who has borne the battle, and for his [family].' Indeed, it is the least we can do.

It is out of my profound respect and gratitude for all who wear and have worn the uniform of the United States that I continue to work so hard to pass legislation that will ensure that veterans receive the health care, job opportunities, housing assistance, and educational benefits they deserve. Caring for our veterans also means giving them our support when they need it.

Madam Speaker, I strongly urge my colleagues to support H.R. 4592.

Mr. FILNER. I would urge my colleagues to support this bill. I have no further requests for time, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. FILNER) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 4592, as amended.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. FILNER. Madam Speaker, I object to the vote on the ground that a

quorum is not present and make the point of order that a quorum is not present.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX and the Chair's prior announcement, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

The point of no quorum is considered withdrawn.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until approximately 6:30 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 3 o'clock and 15 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess until approximately 6:30 p.m.

□ 1833

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. TEAGUE) at 6 o'clock and 33 minutes p.m.

REPORT ON RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 4899, DISASTER RELIEF AND SUMMER JOBS ACT OF 2010

Mr. HASTINGS of Florida, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 111-454) on the resolution (H. Res. 1204) providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 4899) making emergency supplemental appropriations for disaster relief and summer jobs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2010, and for other purposes, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

REPORT ON RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 4849, SMALL BUSINESS AND INFRASTRUCTURE JOBS TAX ACT OF 2010

Mr. HASTINGS of Florida, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 111-455) on the resolution (H. Res. 1205) providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 4849) to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide tax incentives for small business job creation, extend the Build America Bonds program, provide other infrastructure job creation tax incentives, and for other purposes, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, proceedings will resume on motions to suspend the rules previously postponed.

Votes will be taken in the following order:

H.R. 4810, by the yeas and nays;

H.R. 4667, by the yeas and nays.

The first electronic vote will be conducted as a 15-minute vote. The second electronic vote will be conducted as a 5-minute vote.

END VETERAN HOMELESSNESS ACT OF 2010

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 4810, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. FILNER) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 4810.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 413, nays 0, not voting 16, as follows:

[Roll No. 170]

YEAS—413

Ackerman Cassidy Fudge
 Aderholt Castle Gallegly
 Adler (NJ) Castor (FL) Garamendi
 Akin Chaffetz Garrett (NJ)
 Alexander Chandler Gerlach
 Altmire Childers Giffords
 Andrews Chu Gingrey (GA)
 Arcuri Clarke Gohmert
 Austria Clay Gonzalez
 Baca Cleaver Goodlatte
 Bachmann Clyburn Gordon (TN)
 Bachus Coble Granger
 Baird Coffman (CO) Graves
 Baldwin Cohen Grayson
 Barrow Cole Green, Al
 Bartlett Conaway Green, Gene
 Barton (TX) Connolly (VA) Griffith
 Bean Conyers Grijalva
 Becerra Cooper Guthrie
 Berkley Costa Gutierrez
 Berman Costello Hall (NY)
 Berry Crenshaw Hall (TX)
 Biggert Crowley Halvorson
 Bilbray Cuellar Hare
 Billirakis Culberson Harman
 Bishop (GA) Cummings Harper
 Bishop (NY) Dahlkemper Hastings (FL)
 Bishop (UT) Davis (CA) Hastings (WA)
 Blackburn Davis (IL) Heinrich
 Blumenauer Davis (KY) Heller
 Boccheri DeFazio Herserling
 Boehner DeGette Herger
 Bonner Delahunt Herseth Sandlin
 Bono Mack DeLauro Higgins
 Boozman Dent Hill
 Boren Diaz-Balart, L. Himes
 Boswell Diaz-Balart, M. Hinchey
 Boucher Dingell Hinojosa
 Boustany Doggett Hirono
 Boyd Donnelly (IN) Hodes
 Brady (PA) Doyle Holden
 Brady (TX) Dreier Holt
 Braley (IA) Driehaus Honda
 Bright Duncan Hoyer
 Broun (GA) Edwards (MD) Hunter
 Brown (SC) Edwards (TX) Inglis
 Brown, Corrine Ehlers Johnson, Sam
 Brown-Waite, Ellison Israel
 Ginny Ellsworth Issa
 Buchanan Emerson Jackson (IL)
 Burgess Engel Jackson Lee
 Burton (IN) Eshoo (TX)
 Butterfield Etheridge Jenkins
 Calvert Fallin Johnson (GA)
 Camp Farr Johnson (IL)
 Campbell Fattah Johnson, E. B.
 Cantor Filner Johnson, Sam
 Cao Flake Jones
 Capito Fleming Jordan (OH)
 Capps Forbes Kagen
 Capuano Fortenberry Kanjorski
 Cardoza Foster Kaptur
 Carnahan Foxx Kennedy
 Carney Frank (MA) Kildee
 Carson (IN) Franks (AZ) Kilroy
 Carter Frelinghuysen Kind

King (IA) Moore (WI)
 King (NY) Moran (KS)
 Kingston Murphy (CT)
 Kirk Murphy (NY)
 Kirkpatrick (AZ) Murphy, Patrick
 Kissell Murphy, Tim
 Klein (FL) Myrick
 Kline (MN) Nadler (NY)
 Kosmas Napolitano
 Kratovil Neugebauer
 Kucinich Nunes
 Lamborn Nye
 Lance Oberstar
 Langevin Obey
 Larsen (WA) Olson
 Larson (CT) Olver
 Latham Ortiz
 LaTourette Owens
 Latta Pallone
 Lee (CA) Pascrell
 Lee (NY) Pastor (AZ)
 Levin Paul
 Lewis (CA) Paulsen
 Lewis (GA) Pence
 Linder Perlmutter
 Lipinski Perriello
 LoBiondo Peters
 Loebsock Peterson
 Lofgren, Zoe Petri
 Lowey Pingree (ME)
 Lucas Pitts
 Luetkemeyer Platts
 Lujan Luján
 Lummis Polis (CO)
 Lungren, Daniel Pomeroy
 E. Posey
 Mack Price (GA)
 Maffei Price (NC)
 Maloney Putnam
 Manzullo Quigley
 Marchant Radanovich
 Markey (CO) Rahall
 Markey (MA) Rangel
 Marshall Rehberg
 Matheson Reichert
 Matsui Reyes
 McCarthy (CA) Richardson
 McCaul Rodriguez
 McClintock Roe (TN)
 McCollum Rogers (AL)
 McCotter Rogers (KY)
 McDermott Rogers (MI)
 McGovern Rohrabacher
 McHenry Rooney
 McIntyre Ros-Lehtinen
 McKeon Roskam
 McMahan Ross
 McMorris Rothman (NJ)
 Rodgers Roybal-Allard
 McNeerney Royce
 Meek (FL) Ruppersberger
 Meeks (NY) Rush
 Melancon Ryan (OH)
 Mica Ryan (WI)
 Michaud Salazar
 Miller (FL) Sánchez, Linda
 Miller (MI) T.
 Miller (NC) Sanchez, Loretta
 Miller, Gary Sarbanes
 Miller, George Scalise
 Minnick Schakowsky
 Mitchell Schauer
 Mollohan Schiff
 Moore (KS) Schmidt

Schock
 Schrader
 Schwartz
 Scott (GA)
 Scott (VA)
 Sensenbrenner
 Serrano
 Sessions
 Sestak
 Shea-Porter
 Sherman
 Shimkus
 Shuler
 Shuster
 Simpson
 Sires
 Skelton
 Slaughter
 Smith (NE)
 Smith (NJ)
 Smith (TX)
 Smith (WA)
 Snyder
 Souder
 Space
 Speier
 Spratt
 Stark
 Stearns
 Stupak
 Sullivan
 Sutton
 Poe (TX)
 Tanner
 Taylor
 Teague
 Terry
 Thompson (CA)
 Thompson (MS)
 Thompson (PA)
 Thornberry
 Tiahrt
 Tiberi
 Tierney
 Titus
 Tonko
 Towns
 Tsongas
 Turner
 Upton
 Van Hollen
 Velázquez
 Visclosky
 Walden
 Walz
 Wasserman
 Roskam
 Schultz
 Waters
 Watson
 Watt
 Waxman
 Weiner
 Welch
 Westmoreland
 Whitfield
 Wilson (OH)
 Wilson (SC)
 Wittman
 Wolf
 Woolsey
 Wu
 Yarmuth
 Young (AK)
 Young (FL)

NOT VOTING—16

Barrett (SC) Dicks Neal (MA)
 Blunt Hoekstra Payne
 Buyer Kilpatrick (MI) Shadegg
 Courtney Lynch Shadegg
 Davis (AL) McCarthy (NY) Wamp
 Davis (TN) Moran (VA)

□ 1904

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

MOMENT OF SILENCE IN MEMORY OF THE LATE HONORABLE FRED HEINEMAN, FORMER MEMBER OF CONGRESS

(Mr. PRICE of North Carolina asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. PRICE of North Carolina. Mr. Speaker, I rise to ask our colleagues to observe a moment of silence in memory of our former colleague, Representative Fred Heineman, who represented North Carolina's Fourth District in the 104th Congress. Fred passed away Saturday, March 20, at the age of 80.

Fred Heineman was first and foremost a man who sought to serve his country. He was a marine, a law enforcement professional, and a Member of Congress.

He started out as a beat cop in Harlem. During his 25-year career with the New York Police Department, he shut down organized crime, he rooted out police corruption, and he tried to keep young people away from drugs and crime by giving them positive alternatives to the streets.

In 1979, he came to Raleigh, North Carolina, to serve as the capital city's chief of police. Fred played a role in making that city what it is today, one of the best places to live and raise a family in our country. I worked with him while he served in that role and admired his commitment to the State that became his home.

In 1995, Fred came to this body, serving in the 104th Congress from 1995 to 1996. In the Halls of Congress, he eschewed the title of Congressman or Representative, preferring instead to be called, simply, "The Chief."

Over the last few days, I have heard his former colleagues on the police force and in this institution recount the ways he affected their lives. Fred's colleagues respected his expertise on issues of public safety and his strength of conviction. The nature of this institution, I firmly believe, is such that those who remain true to their convictions, who fight for what they believe in, leave it with pride in the service they have rendered.

Fred is survived by his wife, Linda, and six children. I wish to offer condolences to her and the rest of the family on behalf of my wife, Lisa, and me, and on behalf of colleagues in this body.

I would now like to yield to my colleague from North Carolina (Mr. COBLE), the dean of our delegation, for his thoughts.

Mr. COBLE. I thank the gentleman for yielding.

When Fred Heineman—and you've pretty well touched on it, David, most of it—when Fred Heineman came to this people's House as a result of the 1994 election, I went to him one day and I said, what are your committees of choice? He said, well, I'm not sure. I said, why don't you select House Judiciary? He said, well, my legal background is not that formidable. I said, your law enforcement background is formidable indeed. He said, well, I'm