

case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. AMODEI (for himself, Ms. CHU, Ms. TITUS, Mr. HECK of Nevada, Mr. HORSFORD, Mr. GRIMM, Ms. GABBARD, Mr. SCHOCK, and Mrs. NAPOLITANO):

H.R. 1923. A bill to amend the Immigration and Nationality Act to provide for the eligibility of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region for designation for participation in the visa waiver program for certain visitors to the United States; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mrs. BUSTOS (for herself and Mr. LOEBSACK):

H.R. 1924. A bill to reinstate year-round Federal Pell Grants under the Higher Education Act of 1965; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. CARSON of Indiana (for himself, Ms. NORTON, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. PAYNE, Ms. MOORE, and Ms. BROWN of Florida):

H.R. 1925. A bill to amend the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990 to require criminal background checks, inspections, and training of child care providers; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. CHABOT (for himself, Mr. GRAVES of Missouri, Ms. CHU, and Mr. TIPTON):

H.R. 1926. A bill to further enhance the promotion of exports of United States goods and services, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. COSTA:

H.R. 1927. A bill to provide congressional direction for implementation of the Endangered Species Act as it relates to operation of the Central Valley Project and the California State Water Project and for water relief in the State of California; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Ms. DELAURIO (for herself, Mr. GRIJALVA, Ms. SCHWARTZ, and Mr. TAKANO):

H.R. 1928. A bill to clarify the calculation of cohort default rates for proprietary institutions of higher education under the Higher Education Act of 1965; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Ms. DELBENE:

H.R. 1929. A bill to amend the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 to carry out pilot projects to reduce dependency and increase work effort in the supplemental nutrition assistance program; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. ENGEL (for himself and Mr. TERRY):

H.R. 1930. A bill to prohibit the manufacture, marketing, sale, or shipment in interstate commerce of products designed to assist in defrauding a drug test; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. FLEISCHMANN (for himself, Ms. NORTON, Mrs. BLACKBURN, Mrs. BROOKS of Indiana, Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. JONES, and Mr. BENISHEK):

H.R. 1931. A bill to amend title 5, United States Code, to enhance the authority under which Federal agencies may pay cash awards to employees for making cost saving disclosures, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform.

By Mr. FORTENBERRY:

H.R. 1932. A bill to amend the Food Security Act of 1985 to restore integrity to and strengthen payment limitation rules for commodity payments and benefits; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Ms. FUDGE (for herself, Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi, Mr. RANGEL, Ms. KAPTUR, Ms. PINGREE of Maine, Mr. CONYERS, and Ms. CHU):

H.R. 1933. A bill to provide assistance and opportunity for the creation and support of sustainable agriculture activities in America's cities and to improve access to nutrition in America's cities; to the Committee on Agriculture, and in addition to the Committee on Education and the Workforce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. GRIJALVA (for himself, Mr. BARBER, and Mrs. KIRKPATRICK):

H.R. 1934. A bill to expand the boundary of Saguaro National Park, to study additional land for future adjustments to the boundary of the Park, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Ms. HAHN:

H.R. 1935. A bill for the relief of John Castellano; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Ms. HAHN:

H.R. 1936. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to direct the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to establish the Merchant Mariner Equity Compensation Fund to provide benefits to certain individuals who served in the United States merchant marine (including the Army Transport Service and the Naval Transport Service) during World War II; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. HUNTER (for himself and Mr. ANDREWS):

H.R. 1937. A bill to amend the Higher Education Act of 1965 to update reporting requirements for institutions of higher education and provide for more accurate and complete data on student retention, graduation, and earnings outcomes at all levels of postsecondary enrollment; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. JONES:

H.R. 1938. A bill to amend title 10, United States Code, to ensure that members of the Armed Forces serving on active duty who are diagnosed with post-traumatic stress disorder or traumatic brain injury have access to hyperbaric oxygen therapy, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. KILMER (for himself and Mr. POLIS):

H.R. 1939. A bill to amend the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 to establish lifelong learning accounts programs, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. LOEBSACK (for himself, Mr. MICHAUD, Mr. PAYNE, Ms. MCCOLLUM, and Mr. PRICE of North Carolina):

H.R. 1940. A bill to establish an Office of Specialized Instructional Support in the Department of Education and to provide grants to State educational agencies to reduce barriers to learning; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York (for herself, Ms. MOORE, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. GRIJALVA, Mr. CICILLINE, Ms. LEE of California, and Mr. CONYERS):

H.R. 1941. A bill to amend the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 regarding reasonable break time for nursing mothers; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York:

H.R. 1942. A bill to assure quality and best value with respect to Federal construction projects by prohibiting the practice known as bid shopping; to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform.

By Mr. PETERS of California (for himself and Mr. HUFFMAN):

H.R. 1943. A bill to establish a task force to review policies and measures to promote, and to develop best practices for, reduction of short-lived climate pollutants, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. SENSENBRENNER:

H.R. 1944. A bill to protect private property rights; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi (for himself and Ms. JACKSON LEE):

H.R. 1945. A bill to extend the Terrorism Risk Insurance Program of the Department of the Treasury for 10 years, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Financial Services, and in addition to the Committee on Homeland Security, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. TIERNEY (for himself, Mr. COURTNEY, and Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California):

H.R. 1946. A bill to amend the Federal Direct Loan Program under the Higher Education Act of 1965 to provide for student loan affordability, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. ANDREWS (for himself, Mr. GRIJALVA, Ms. SPEIER, Ms. CHU, Mr. LOWENTHAL, Ms. NORTON, Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Mr. GUTIERREZ, Ms. SChAKOWSKY, Mr. RICHMOND, Ms. PINGREE of Maine, Mr. MICHAUD, Mr. RUPPERSBERGER, Mr. SARBANES, Ms. EDWARDS, Mr. HOYER, Mr. CUMMINGS, Mr. VAN HOLLEN, Ms. TSONGAS, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. DINGELL, Mr. CONYERS, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Mr. ELLISON, Mr. CLAY, Ms. MICHELLE LUJAN GRISHAM of New Mexico, Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York, Ms. KAPTUR, Mr. MORAN, Mr. SMITH of Washington, and Ms. MOORE):

H.J. Res. 43. A joint resolution removing the deadline for the ratification of the equal rights amendment; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. JONES:

H. Res. 210. A resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that a commemorative postage stamp should be issued in remembrance of the victims and in honor of the veterans of the peacekeeping mission in Beirut, Lebanon, from 1982 to 1984; to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform.

By Ms. NORTON:

H. Res. 211. A resolution expressing support for designation of the week of October 7 through October 13, 2013, as "Naturopathic Medicine Week" to recognize the value of naturopathic medicine in providing safe, effective, and affordable health care; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following statements are submitted regarding the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution.

By Mr. POMPEO:

H.R. 1900.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3

By Mr. SMITH of Texas:

H.R. 1901.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 4 of the United States Constitution

By Mr. FITZPATRICK:

H.R. 1902.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the United States Constitution.

The Congress shall have power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts, and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defense and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.

By Mr. MCKINLEY:

H.R. 1903.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

According to Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the Constitution: The Congress shall have power to enact this legislation to regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes.

By Mr. THORNBERRY:

H.R. 1904.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority on which this bill rests is the power of Congress "to provide for the common Defence", "to raise and support Armies", "to provide and maintain a Navy" and "to make Rules for the Government and Regulation of the land and naval Forces" as enumerated in Article I, section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. MCKINLEY:

H.R. 1905.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

According to Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the Constitution: The Congress shall have power to enact this legislation to regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes.

By Mr. MCGOVERN:

H.R. 1906.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 and Clause 18

By Ms. SCHAKOWSKY:

H.R. 1907.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

By Mr. SALMON:

H.R. 1908.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill makes specific changes to existing law in a manner that returns power to the States and to the People, in accordance with Amendment X of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. GRAVES of Missouri:

H.R. 1909.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. CARTWRIGHT:

H.R. 1910.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 (relating to the power of Congress to regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.)

By Mr. KLINE:

H.R. 1911.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, section 8 of the Constitution of the United States

By Mr. COFFMAN:

H.R. 1912.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Sec. 8, Clause 1, of the United States Constitution

This states that "Congress shall have power to . . . lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States." The power to lay and collect taxes is the power to establish taxes to be placed on the American public, to foster the common good. The Supreme Court in deliberating the constitutionality of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Public Law No: 111-148; ruled that the individual mandate requiring the purchase of health insurance was a tax. Therefore, establishing criteria for the purchase falls under the jurisdiction of Article 1.

By Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia:

H.R. 1913.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 Section 8.

By Ms. HAHN:

H.R. 1914.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clause 3.

By Mr. ENGEL:

H.R. 1915.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 1;
Article I, Section 8, Clause 1; and
Article I, Section 8, Clause 18.

By Mr. TIPTON:

H.R. 1916.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3

The Congress shall have Power . . . to regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.

By Mr. RUSH:

H.R. 1917.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3: "To regulate commerce with foreign nations . . ."

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18: "To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this Constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof."

By Mr. LATHAM:

H.R. 1918.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, clause 1 of the United States Constitution—"The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts, and Excises."

By Mr. LATTA:

H.R. 1919.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Taxation: Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3

The Congress shall have Power to regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.

By Mr. LEWIS:

H.R. 1920.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I of the United States Constitution and its subsequent amendments, and further clarified and interpreted by the Supreme Court of the United States.

By Ms. DEGETTE:

H.R. 1921.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

By Mr. GOSAR:

H.R. 1922.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 3 and 18 of Article, Section 8 of the Constitution of the United States, which read, respectively, "To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes;" and "To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States or in any Department or Officer thereof."

By Mr. AMODEI:

H.R. 1923.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution, specifically clause 1 (relating to providing for the general welfare of the United States).

By Mrs. BUSTOS:

H.R. 1924.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. CARSON of Indiana:

H.R. 1925.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 1 of section 8 of Article I of the Constitution.

By Mr. CHABOT:

H.R. 1926.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. COSTA:

H.R. 1927.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution.

By Ms. DELAURO:

H.R. 1928.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3

By Ms. DELBENE:

H.R. 1929.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 (the necessary and proper clause)

By Mr. ENGEL:

H.R. 1930.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, clause 3 of the Constitution.

By Mr. FLEISCHMANN:

H.R. 1931.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, clauses 1 & 18.

By Mr. FORTENBERRY:

H.R. 1932.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority for this bill is pursuant to Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the United States Constitution.

By Ms. FUDGE:

H.R. 1933.