

Mrs. CLAYTON. Mr. Speaker, two of us will be talking on the floor and maybe others will join us later on.

Mr. Speaker, according to FEMA, the route many take to visit Disney World in Orlando, Florida, is Interstate 95, and it was designed to withstand the 500-year flood and more.

When Hurricane Floyd, with its mighty wind and its rushing waters, swept through North Carolina, it caused Interstate 95 to close. Indeed, as this photo shows, and I will pass a couple of them so my colleagues can see it, Highway 301 split in two, washed away, left impassable.

In fact, initially more than 500 roads were impassable. Railroad tracks, and I think my colleagues will see that in this, railroad tracks were broken up and rendered unusable. Bridges were closed. Helicopters or boat, transportation mediums few in North Carolina, has been the only means of travel for many throughout the hurricane impacted areas.

Mr. Speaker, Hurricane Floyd left in its wake the worst flooding in the history of the State of North Carolina. And more rain fell yesterday. The people of North Carolina need help. They need help now. It is not charity they seek but a chance, a chance to recover, a chance to restore, a chance to rebuild, a chance to put their lives back on track. It is the kind of a chance that we as Americans afford each other when tragedy of this magnitude strikes.

At least 42 persons are known dead. Many more are unaccountable for, still missing. The Tar, Neuse, Cape Fear, and Lumber Rivers are all above flood stage. Even as the 20 inches of rain that fell begins to clear, the flooding remains. Dangerous and powerful currents are flowing, sweeping citizens away, like the family of four from Pinetops, like the 18-wheelers being driven along I-95, or like the sedan pushed in the pile of water, at least 4 feet of water, in Wilson, North Carolina.

Thousands and thousands of homes remain now underwater. Trees are down. Power remains out for nearly 50,000 households. Now, that is down from the more than 1.5 million that were initially without electricity. Water and sewage systems are in disrepair. Shelters are housing thousands of citizens.

Today the FEMA director said in North Carolina there are 35,000 homes affected. More than 100,000 hogs have been lost, 2.4 million chickens, 500 turkeys killed. Disease and contamination is a real and dangerous threat, as animals' carcasses clutter the roads.

Coffins dredged up by the flooding have been seen floating in Goldsboro and Wilson. Gasoline from flooded stations is now in the water. Industrial waste is mixing with the other toxic material, creating an unsafe and unsanitary health environment.

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Yet among all this tragedy there are bright spots. The President released more than 520 million to FEMA to address immediate needs, then visit my district last Monday, and my colleagues joined me there, the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. ETHERIDGE) and the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. PRICE). The President's visit brought hope even to those who were hopeless, and we appreciate the effort of FEMA to provide the ready made meals ready to eat, ice, blankets, water, temporary housing, grants and loans, and emergency generators. We also appreciate the hundreds and hundreds of individuals from around this country who are on the grounds helping us out. The private sector is also responding. Red Cross has opened more than 49 shelters in our State. The Salvation Army has 31 mobile kitchens.

Yet much more, much more help and support is needed from citizens around this country and from my colleagues right here. That is why, Mr. Speaker, I intend to join with Members of Congress on a bipartisan basis from other impacted areas to try to send a legislative package for further relief for the President to sign. As a part of that package, we need to update the law so that farmers and small business persons can be treated in a way that actually help them to recover. Actually more loans may not do that because many of them will indeed not survive.

Farmers and fishermen are among those who have been hit the hardest by Hurricane Floyd. Our loss already to date we know in North Carolina exceeds more than \$1.3 billion. We will, therefore, need more resources, and that will also be a part of the legislative package.

Mr. Speaker, the people of North Carolina are resilient, and we will come back from the situation, but we will need the help of all America, and, Mr. Speaker, I urge America and my colleagues that in the spirit of North Carolina to work with us, and I thank Americans who have helped and respond to us, and I urge my colleagues to be responsive to the need.

NORTH CAROLINA NEEDS THE HELP OF CONGRESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. ETHERIDGE) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. ETHERIDGE. Mr. Speaker, I thank you for this opportunity, and, as my colleague from North Carolina (Mrs. CLAYTON) has just shared with us, I want to talk for a few minutes about some of the real damage that has affected not only my district, but my State, and the truth is some of this can be said for a number of other States and communities up and down the east coast.

I have here with me this evening three charts. The first one is a chart from Wilson County. That is somewhere over 100 to 110 homes there, what we would call mobile homes or trailer homes in North Carolina and across the country. But as you can see, the early stages, all of these homes are under water in some form, and all of them, all, had to be removed and spent their time in shelters.

As bad as this looks, in some places in eastern North Carolina tonight there are thousands of citizens of our State who went into shelters on Wednesday night, one week ago, fearing the worst from Hurricane Floyd, not realizing that a week later they would be there, and fears greater than they had ever anticipated have been realized. Not only have they been in shelters with people they did not know, they are in shelters with their children and with people who, many of whom have not had an opportunity for a bath in a week, but with the help of federal and State and the good graces of individuals they have been fed, they have been provided a place to stay, and as bad as the conditions are in some places, people are scrambling to help make it better with FEMA's help. And I must, this evening, pay tribute to Director Witt who, I think he and his people have just done an outstanding job in coordinating it.

They had no idea that a week later they would have, in some cases, no home to go home to, no jobs to accept when they went back because the businesses they worked for were gone. If they happen to be farmers, their farms are under water. All the crops this year are gone because in North Carolina we had a bad drought this summer, and what crops were left are now totally under water and gone.

If they happen to have been a tobacco farmer and were able to salvage something, those tobacco barns are under water, and what little tobacco they had in those barns, they are under water. Their tractors, all their equipment and in some cases their homes, their clothing, and the only thing many of them had when they left were the clothes on their back.

It is a tough situation, and in some cases places in my district are still under water, but in places east of us are even worse. There are whole houses under water, and the water has not yet subsided a week later.

This is an additional photograph taken also in Wilson County. As you can see, this was a commercial building, but behind it was supposed to have been farm land. It looks like a lake. I cannot tell you what kind of crops were in it because they are under water.

This is a photograph of one of the towns. I traveled on Monday with the President and a number of other people from the district and Secretaries to