

the RECORD of November 3, 1999, at the end of the Senate proceedings.)

By Mr. WARNER for the Committee on Armed Services:

The following named officer for appointment in the United States Navy to the grade indicated under title 10, U.S.C., section 624:

*To be rear admiral*

Rear Adm. (lh) Kevin P. Green, 6805

(The above nomination was reported with the recommendation that he be confirmed.)

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, for the Committee on Armed Services, I report favorably the nomination list which was printed in the RECORD indicated below, and ask unanimous consent, to save the expense of reprinting on the Executive Calendar, that the nominations lie at the Secretary's desk for the information of Senators.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

(The nominations ordered to lie on the Secretary's desk were printed in the RECORD of November 3, 1999, at the end of the Senate proceedings.)

In the Army, 2 nominations beginning Alan G. Lackey, and ending Rita A. Price, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD of November 3, 1999.

In the Marine Corps, 1 nomination of Karl G. Hartenstine, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD of November 3, 1999.

In the Navy, 5 nominations beginning Lynne M. Hicks, and ending William D. Watson, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD of November 3, 1999.

In the Navy, 1 nomination of John R. Daly, Jr., which was received by the Senate and appeared in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD of November 3, 1999.

#### INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following bills and joint resolutions were introduced, read the first and second time by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

By Mr. ROBB (for himself, Mr. SARBANES, and Ms. MIKULSKI):

S. 1885. A bill to amend title 5, United States Code, to provide for more equitable policies relating to overtime pay for Federal employees, limitations on premium pay, and the accumulation and use of credit hours; to the Committee on Governmental Affairs.

By Mr. INHOFE (for himself, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, and Mr. SMITH of New Hampshire):

S. 1886. A bill to amend the Clean Air Act to permit the Governor of a State to waive the oxygen content requirement for reformulated gasoline, to encourage development of voluntary standards to prevent and control releases of methyl tertiary butyl ether from underground storage tanks, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

By Mr. ENZI:

S. 1887. A bill to amend the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 to provide for an increase in the minimum wage and protect the rights of States that have adopted State minimum wage laws; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

By Mr. AKAKA (for himself, Mr. INOUE, and Mr. GRAHAM):

S. 1888. A bill to support the protection of coral reefs and other resources in units of the National Park System and other agencies under the administration of the Secretary of the Interior; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

By Mr. GRAMS:

S. 1889. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to provide for joint resolutions on the budget, reserve funds for emergency spending, strengthened enforcement of budgetary decisions, increased accountability for Federal spending; accrual budgeting for Federal insurance programs, mitigation of the bias in the budget process toward higher spending, modifications in paygo requirements when there is an on-budget surplus, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Budget and the Committee on Governmental Affairs, jointly, pursuant to the order of August 4, 1977, with instructions that if one Committee reports, the other Committee have thirty days to report or be discharged.

By Mr. SANTORUM (for himself and Mr. SPECTER):

S. 1890. A bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to provide that geographic reclassifications of hospitals from one urban area to another urban area do not result in lower wage indexes in the urban area in which the hospital was originally classified; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. L. CHAFEE:

S. 1891. A bill to amend the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 to improve literacy through family literacy projects; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

By Mr. DOMENICI (for himself and Mr. BINGAMAN):

S. 1892. A bill to authorize the acquisition of the Valles Caldera, to provide for an effective land and wildlife management program for this resource within the Department of Agriculture, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

By Mr. BOND:

S. 1893. A bill to amend the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act to prohibit the Secretary of the Interior from taking land into trust for Indian tribes for gaming purposes under certain conditions, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

By Mr. THOMAS (for himself and Mr. ENZI):

S. 1894. A bill to provide for the conveyance of certain land to Park County, Wyoming; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

By Mr. BREAUX (for himself, Mr. FRIST, Mr. KERREY, and Mr. HAGEL):

S. 1895. A bill to amend the Social Security Act to preserve and improve the medicare program; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. LEAHY (for himself and Mr. BAUCUS):

S. 1896. A bill to amend the Public Buildings Act of 1959 to give first priority to the location of Federal facilities in central business areas, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

By Mr. BIDEN:

S. 1897. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to establish an Office of Auto-immune Diseases at the National Institutes of Health, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

By Mr. DORGAN (for himself, Mr. ASHCROFT, and Mr. LEAHY):

S. 1898. A bill to provide protection against the risks to the public that are inherent in the interstate transportation of violent prisoners; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

#### SUBMISSION OF CONCURRENT AND SENATE RESOLUTIONS

The following concurrent resolutions and Senate resolutions were read, and referred (or acted upon), as indicated:

By Mr. BAUCUS (for himself and Mr. GRASSLEY):

S. Res. 226. A resolution expressing the sense of the Senate regarding Japanese participation in the World Trade Organization; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. BOND (for himself, Mr. BRYAN, Mr. DEWINE, Mr. BINGAMAN, Mr. JOHNSON, Mr. KENNEDY, and Mr. ROCKEFELLER):

S. Res. 227. A resolution expressing the sense of the Senate in appreciation of the National Committee for Employer Support of the Guard and Reserve; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. LOTT (for himself and Mr. DASCHLE):

S. Res. 228. A resolution making changes to Senate committees for the 106th Congress; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. LOTT:

S. Res. 229. A resolution making certain majority appointments to certain Senate committees for the 106th Congress; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. ENZI (for himself and Ms. LANDRIEU):

S. Res. 230. A resolution expressing the sense of the Senate with respect to government discrimination in Germany based on religion or belief; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

#### STATEMENTS ON INTRODUCED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

By Mr. ROBB (for himself, Mr. SARBANES, and Ms. MIKULSKI):

S. 1885. A bill to amend title 5, United States Code, to provide for more equitable policies relating to overtime pay for Federal employees, limitations on premium pay, and the accumulation and use of credit hours; to the Committee on Governmental Affairs.

##### EQUITABLE OVERTIME PAY FOR FEDERAL SUPERVISORS AND MANAGERS

Mr. ROBB. Mr. President, I am very pleased to be joined by my colleagues, Senators SARBANES and MIKULSKI, to introduce legislation to pay overtime to federal managers and supervisors more equitably.

I'm proud of our federal workers. Despite seemingly constant assaults, our nation's civil servants have persevered to provide government that is working better and more efficiently than ever. We've seen a streamlined federal government that's continually asked to improve services to its customers—the American people. But with smaller staffs and the push to increase the federal government's productivity, workloads continue to grow. As federal employees' duties grow, the need to work