EXTENSIONS OF REMARKS

Chapter of Delta Sigma Theta Sorority, Inc. will celebrate 50 years of Public Service to the Brooklyn, New York Community. The achievements of this well-regarded group deserve recognition from the wider “Caring Majority” community.

In observing its 50th Anniversary, the Brooklyn Chapter will celebrate a history that began with its charter in November, 1949 as the Delta Gamma Sigma Chapter of Delta Sigma Theta Sorority. The first meeting was called by the late Soror Catherine Alexander. Other sorors in attendance were Pearl Butler Fulcher, Ann Fultz, Dorothy Funn, Rhoda Green, Mary Hairston, Willie Rivers, Vennie Howard, Llewelyn Lawrence, Ameida Lee, Agnes Levy, Fannie Mary, Dorothy Paige, Olive Robinson, Ruth Scott, Gwendolyn Simpson, Carrie Smith, Helen Snead, Frances Van Dunk, and Edith Mott Young.

These twenty dedicated and committed sorors set out to organize programs to enhance the education and cultural life in the Brooklyn Community.

As the years passed, the chapter membership grew as more and more sorors in the area began to take notice of the contributions being made by the Brooklyn Chapters. Today the chapter is comprised of over 200 women dedicated to fulfilling the aims of Delta’s National Five Point Program. The activities of these dedicated women provide immediate benefits for local constituents. The example set by the Brooklyn Alumnae Chapter of Delta Sigma Theta Sorority, Inc. should be viewed as a “POINT-OF-LIGHT” for all Americans.

TRIBUTE TO BRIAN LANCE GUTLIEB

HON. ANTHONY D. WEINER
OF NEW YORK
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Tuesday, November 16, 1999

Mr. WEINER. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize an upstanding member of our community who is being recognized by the Brighton-Atlantic Unit #1672 of B’nai Brith on the occasion of its 1999 Youth Services Award Breakfast.

Brian Lance Gottlieb has earned a well-deserved reputation as a tireless fighter on behalf of the youth in our community, and is rightfully honored for his achievements by B’nai Brith on this special occasion.

Gottlieb, who serves as the liaison to the 60th Precinct Community Council, and as an Executive Board member of the 60th Precinct Community Office located in the Sheepshead Bay neighborhood, is primarily responsible for the intake and resolution of constituent concerns in my Community Office located in the Sheepshead Bay section of Brooklyn.

As a student at the Rabbi Harry Halpern Day School and its Talmud Torah High School division, Gottlieb packed and delivered Passover packages to aid needy senior citizens. Gottlieb strengthened his bond with the Jewish community as an undergraduate and graduate student through his involvement with the Jewish Culture Foundation at New York University and B’nai Brith Hillel at the University of Florida, where he served as a Reporter for the Jewish Student News.

Gottlieb is a member of Community Board 13 and serves on its Education and Library and Youth Services committees. He also serves his neighbors as a member of the Board of Directors in Section 4 of Trump Village and as an Executive Board member of the 60th Precinct Community Council.

Mr. Speaker, I applaud the members of Brighton-Atlantic Unit #1672 of B’nai Brith for recognizing the achievements of Brian Lance Gottlieb, a tireless worker for the people of Brooklyn and Queens.

INTRODUCTION OF DICKINSON DAM BASCULE GATES SETTLEMENT ACT

HON. EAREN POMEROY
OF NORTH DAKOTA
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Tuesday, November 16, 1999

Mr. POMEROY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to introduce the Dickinson Dam Bascule Gates Settlement Act to bring closure to a long-standing issue between the city of Dickinson, North Dakota and the Bureau of Reclamation.

The legislation would permit the Secretary of the Interior to accept a one-time lump sum payment of $300,000 from the city of Dickinson in lieu of annual payments required under the city’s existing repayment contract for the construction of the bascule gates on the Dickinson Dam.

In 1950, a dam was constructed on the Heart River in North Dakota to provide a supply of water to the city of Dickinson. However, by the 1970s, the need for additional water in the area was identified. Early in the 1980s the bascule gates were constructed as a Bureau of Reclamation project to provide additional water storage capacity in Lake Patterson, the reservoir created by the Dickinson Dam. At the time, the city expressed concern about the cost and viability of the gates. Prior to the placement of the gates in North Dakota, no testing on the gates had been conducted at any location in a northern climate. Unfortunately, this significant oversight proved fatal for the gates. In 1982, shortly after the start of