CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—SENATE

November 19, 1999

Ms. COLLINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the amendment be agreed to, the resolution be agreed to, as amended, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and any statements related to the resolution be printed in the Record.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The amendment (No. 2793) was agreed to.

The concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 221), as amended, was agreed to.

RECOGNIZING THE 4–H YOUTH DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM’S CENTENNIAL

Ms. COLLINS. Mr. President, I now ask unanimous consent that the Governmental Affairs Committee be discharged from further consideration of S. Res. 218, and the Senate proceed to its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered. The clerk will report the resolution by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 218) expressing the sense of the Senate that a commemorative postage stamp should be issued recognizing the 4–H Youth Development Program’s centennial.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.

Ms. COLLINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the concurrent resolution and preamble be agreed to, en bloc, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements related to the resolution be printed in the Record.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered. The resolution (S. Res. 218) was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

The resolution, with its preamble, reads as follows:

S. CON. RES. 42

Whereas the Order of the Purple Heart for Military Merit, commonly known as the Purple Heart, is the oldest military decoration in the world in present use;

Whereas the Purple Heart is awarded in the name of the President of the United States to members of the Armed Forces who are wounded in conflict with an enemy force or while held by an enemy force as a prisoner of war, and posthumously to the next of kin or while held by an enemy force as a prisoner of war, and posthumously to the next of kin or while held by an enemy force as a prisoner of war, and posthumously to the next of kin of members of the Armed Forces who have been awarded the Purple Heart;

Whereas the Order of the Purple Heart was established on August 7, 1782, during the Revolutionary War, when General George Washington issued an order establishing the Honorary Badge of Distinction, otherwise known as the Badge of Military Merit, commonly known as the Purple Heart;

Whereas the Purple Heart ceased with the end of the War of the Revolution, but was revived out of respect for the memory and military achievements of George Washington in 1932, the year marking the 200th anniversary of his birth; and

Whereas 1999 is the year marking the 200th anniversary of the death of George Washington: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That it is the sense of the Senate that—

(1) the United States Postal Service should make preparations to issue a commemorative postage stamp recognizing the 4–H Youth Development Program’s centennial; and

(2) the Citizens’ Stamp Advisory Committee should recommend to the Postmaster General that such a postage stamp be issued in 2002.

HONORING THE MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES WHO HAVE BEEN AWARDED THE PURPLE HEART

Ms. COLLINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the committee on Governmental Affairs be discharged from further consideration of S. Con. Res. 42, and that the Senate proceed to its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered. The clerk will report the concurrent resolution by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A concurrent resolution (S. Con. Res. 42) expressing the sense of the Congress that a commemorative postage stamp should be issued by the United States Postal Service honoring the members of the Armed Forces who have been awarded the Purple Heart.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the concurrent resolution.

Ms. COLLINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the concurrent resolution and preamble be agreed to, en bloc, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements related thereto be printed in the Record.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The resolution (S. Con. Res. 42) was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

The resolution, with its preamble, reads as follows:

S. CON. RES. 42

Whereas the Order of the Purple Heart for Military Merit, commonly known as the Purple Heart, is the oldest military decoration in the world in present use;

Whereas the Purple Heart is awarded in the name of the President of the United States to members of the Armed Forces who are wounded in conflict with an enemy force or while held by an enemy force as a prisoner of war, and posthumously to the next of kin of members of the Armed Forces who have been awarded the Purple Heart;

Whereas the Order of the Purple Heart was established on August 7, 1782, during the Revolutionary War, when General George Washington issued an order establishing the Honorary Badge of Distinction, otherwise known as the Badge of Military Merit, commonly known as the Purple Heart;

Whereas the Purple Heart ceased with the end of the War of the Revolution, but was revived out of respect for the memory and military achievements of George Washington in 1932, the year marking the 200th anniversary of his birth; and

Whereas 1999 is the year marking the 200th anniversary of the death of George Washington: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That it is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) a commemorative postage stamp should be issued by the United States Postal Service honoring the members of the Armed Forces who have been awarded the Purple Heart; and

(2) the Citizens’ Stamp Advisory Committee should recommend to the Postmaster General that such a stamp be issued in 1999, the year marking the 200th anniversary of the death of George Washington.

THE CALENDAR

Ms. COLLINS. Mr. President, I now ask unanimous consent that any committee amendments, if applicable, be agreed to, that the bills be considered read a third time and passed, the motions to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements related to any of these bills be printed in the Record, with the above occurring en bloc.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

LANCÉ CORPORAL HAROLD GOMEZ POST OFFICE

The bill (S. 1295) to designate the United States Post Office located at 3813 Main Street in East Chicago, Indiana, as the “Lancé Corporal Harold Gomez Post Office,” was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed; as follows:

S. 1295

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. DESIGNATION OF LANCE CORPORAL HAROLD GOMEZ POST OFFICE.

The United States Post Office located at 3813 Main Street in East Chicago, Indiana, shall be known and designated as the “Lance Corporal Harold Gomez Post Office”.

SEC. 2. REFERENCES.

Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the post office referred to in section 1 shall be deemed to be a reference to the “Lance Corporal Harold Gomez Post Office”.

UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE BUILDING IN PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

The bill (H.R. 100) to establish designations for United States Postal Service buildings in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, was considered, ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

CLIFFORD R. HOPE POST OFFICE

The bill (H.R. 197) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service at 410 North 6th Street in Garden City, Kansas, as the “Clifford R. Hope Post Office,” was considered, ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.