At the end the following new paragraph:

(12) For purposes of subsection (b), a trail shall not be considered feasible and desirable for designation as a national discovery trail unless it meets all of the following criteria: 

(A) The trail must link one or more areas within the boundaries of a metropolitan area (as those boundaries are determined under section 134(c) of title 23, United States Code). It should also join with other trails, connecting the National Trails System to significant recreation and resources areas.

(B) The trail must be supported by at least one trailwide volunteer-based organization. Each trail should have extensive local and trailwide support by the public, by users groups, and by affected State and local governments.

(C) The trail must be extended and pass through more than one State. At a minimum, it should be a continuous, walkable route.

(13) The appropriate Secretary for each national discovery trail shall administer the trail in cooperation with at least one competent trailwide volunteer-based organization. Where the designation of a discovery trail is aligned with other units of the National Trails System, or State or local trails, the designation of a discovery trail shall not affect the protections or authorities provided for the other trail or trails, nor shall the designation of a discovery trail diminish the values and significance for which those trails were established.

(b) DESIGNATION OF THE AMERICAN DISCOVERY TRAIL AS A NATIONAL DISCOVERY TRAIL—Section 3(a) of such Act (16 U.S.C. 1244(a)) is amended—

(1) by redesignating the paragraph relating to the California National Historic Trail as paragraph (19);

(2) by redesignating the paragraph relating to the Pony Express National Historic Trail as paragraph (19); and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

(21) The American Discovery Trail, a trail of approximately 6,000 miles extending from Cape Henlopen State Park in Delaware to Point Reyes National Seashore in California, extending through Delaware, Maryland, the District of Columbia, West Virginia, Ohio, and Kentucky, where near Cincinnati it splits into two routes. The National Trails System Act is amended—

(1) in section 2(b) (16 U.S.C. 1241(b)), by striking “scenic and historic” and inserting “scenic, historic, and discovery”;

(2) in the section heading to section 5 (16 U.S.C. 1244), by striking “American Discovery Trail” and inserting “American Discovery Trail”;

(3) in section 5(a) (16 U.S.C. 1244(a)), in the matter preceding paragraph (1)—

(A) by striking “and national historic” and inserting “and national historic and discovery”;

(B) by striking “and National Historic” and inserting “National Historic”;

(C) by redesignating the paragraph relating to the California National Historic Trail as paragraph (19); and

(D) in section 5(b)(1) (16 U.S.C. 1244(b)(1)), by striking “or national historic” and inserting “and national historic and discovery”;

(4) in section 5(b)(b) (16 U.S.C. 1244(b)), in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “or national historic” and inserting “national historic, or national discovery”;

(5) in section 5(b)(3) (16 U.S.C. 1244(b)(3)), by striking “or national historic” and inserting “national historic, or national discovery”;

(6) in section 7(a)(2) (16 U.S.C. 1246(a)(2)), by striking “and national historic” and inserting “national historic, or national discovery”;

(7) in section 7(b) (16 U.S.C. 1246(b)), by striking “or national historic” each place such term appears and inserting “national historic, or national discovery”;

(8) in section 7(c) (16 U.S.C. 1246(c))—

(A) by striking “scenic or national historic” each place it appears and inserting “scenic, national historic, or national discovery”;

(B) in the second proviso, by striking “scenic, or national historic” and inserting “scenic, national historic, or national discovery”;

and

(C) by striking “and national historic” and inserting “national historic, and national discovery”;

(9) in section 7(d) (16 U.S.C. 1246(d)), by striking “or national historic” and inserting “national historic, or national discovery”;

(10) in section 7(e) (16 U.S.C. 1246(e)), by striking “or national historic” each place such term appears and inserting “national historic, or national discovery”;

(11) in section 7(f)(2) (16 U.S.C. 1246(f)(2)), by striking “National Scenic or Historic” and inserting “national scenic, historic, or discovery trail”;

(12) in section 7(h)(1) (16 U.S.C. 1246(b)(1)), by striking “or national historic” and inserting “national historic, or national discovery”; and

(13) in section 7(i) (16 U.S.C. 1246(i)), by striking “or national historic” and inserting “national historic, or national discovery”.

“EXXON VALDEZ” OIL SPILL

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 711) to allow the investment of joint Federal and State funds from the civil settlement of damages from the Exxon Valdez oil spill, and for other purposes, which has been reported from the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, with an amendment to strike all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

SECTION 1.

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law—

(1) in subsection (a) of section 251 of the Omnibus Management Act of 1970 (30 U.S.C. 205 note), by striking any reference to the Trust Fund in the matter preceding paragraph (e) and (g), upon the joint motion of the United States and the State of Alaska and the issuance of an appropriate order by the United States District Court for the District of Alaska, the joint trust funds, or any portion thereof, including any interest accrued thereon, previously received or to be received by the United States and the State of Alaska pursuant to the Agreement and Consent Decree issued in United States v. Exxon Corporation, et al. (No. A91–882 CIV) and
State of Alaska v. Exxon Corporation, et al. (No. A91–082 CIV) (hereafter referred to as the “Trustees’”) to have a high degree of reliability and security.

(b) Joint trust funds deposited in the Fund or an outside account may be invested only in income-producing obligations and other instruments or securities that have been determined unanimously by the Federal and State natural resource trustees for the Exxon Valdez oil spill ("trustees") to have a high degree of reliability and security.

(c) The transfer of joint trust funds outside the Country or the Consent Decree shall not affect the supervisory jurisdiction of the District Court under the Consent Decree or the Memorandum of Agreement and Consent Decree in United States v. Exxon Corporation (No. A91–082 CIV) (hereafter referred to as the “Consent Decree”) established in title I of the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1992 (Public Law 102–229, 43 U.S.C. 1474b); or all other accounts as permitted by law.

(d) Nothing herein shall affect the requirement of section 207 of the Desert Storm Act of 1992 (Public Law 102–229, 43 U.S.C. 1474b); or accounts outside the United States Treasury (hereafter referred to as “outside accounts”); or accounts outside the United States Treasury that amounts received by the United States and designated by the trustees for the expenditure by or through a Federal agency must be deposited promptly from the Fund or outside accounts shall be returned to the Court Registry or other account permitted by law.

The committee amendment in the nature of a substitute was agreed to. The bill (S. 711), as amended, was passed, as follows:

S. 711
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1.

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and subject to the provisions of subsection (e) and (g), upon the joint motion of the United States of Alaska and the issuance of an appropriate order by the conservation District Court for the District of Alaska, the joint trust funds, or any portion thereof, including any interest accrued thereon, previously received or to be received by the United States and the State of Alaska pursuant to the Agreement and Consent Decree issued in United States v. Exxon Corporation, et al. (No. A91–082 CIV) and State of Alaska v. Exxon Corporation, et al. (No. A91–083 CIV) (hereafter referred to as the “Consent Decree”), may be deposited in—

(1) the Natural Resource Damage Assessment and Restoration Fund (hereafter referred to as the “Fund”) established in section I of the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1992 (Public Law 102–229, 43 U.S.C. 1474b); or

(2) accounts outside the United States Treasury (hereafter referred to as “outside accounts”); or

(b) Nothing herein shall affect the requirement of section 207 of the Desert Storm Act of 1992 (Public Law 102–229, 43 U.S.C. 1474b); or accounts outside the United States Treasury (hereafter referred to as “outside accounts”); or accounts outside the United States Treasury that amounts received by the United States and designated by the trustees for the expenditure by or through a Federal agency must be deposited promptly from the Fund or outside accounts shall be returned to the Court Registry or other account permitted by law.

The bill was considered, ordered to be passed; as follows:

The bill (S. 1329), as amended, was passed, as follows:

S. 1329
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1.

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and subject to the provisions of subsection (e) and (g), upon the joint motion of the United States of Alaska and the issuance of an appropriate order by the conservation District Court for the District of Alaska, the joint trust funds, or any portion thereof, including any interest accrued thereon, previously received or to be received by the United States and the State of Alaska pursuant to the Agreement and Consent Decree issued in United States v. Exxon Corporation, et al. (No. A91–082 CIV) and State of Alaska v. Exxon Corporation, et al. (No. A91–083 CIV) (hereafter referred to as the “Consent Decree”), may be deposited in—

(1) the Natural Resource Damage Assessment and Restoration Fund (hereafter referred to as the “Fund”) established in title I of the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1992 (Public Law 102–229, 43 U.S.C. 1474b); or

(2) accounts outside the United States Treasury (hereafter referred to as “outside accounts”); or

(b) Nothing herein shall affect the requirement of section 207 of the Desert Storm Act of 1992 (Public Law 102–229, 43 U.S.C. 1474b); or accounts outside the United States Treasury (hereafter referred to as “outside accounts”); or accounts outside the United States Treasury that amounts received by the United States and designated by the trustees for the expenditure by or through a Federal agency must be deposited promptly from the Fund or outside accounts shall be returned to the Court Registry or other account permitted by law.

The bill was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed; as follows: