SEC. 7. DUTIES AND AUTHORITIES OF FEDERAL AGENCIES.
(a) TECHNICAL AND FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.—
(1) PROVISION OF ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary, at the request of the management entity, may provide technical and financial assistance to the management entity to develop and implement the management plan.
(2) REPORT.—In assisting the management entity, the Secretary shall submit reports to the President and to Congress, and to the Governor of the State of Tennessee, which shall comply with the requirements of section 6 of the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 (16 U.S.C. 430f–5).

SEC. 8. SUNSET PROVISION.
The Secretary shall not reauthorize funding under this Act, or the provisions of the Act, after September 30, 2001.

SEC. 9. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
(a) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated for the activities authorized under this Act—
(1) $10,000,000, except that not more than $1,000,000 may be appropriated for any fiscal year; and
(2) the amount necessary to implement the provisions of this Act.

(b) DUTIES.—In accordance with section 602 of the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 (16 U.S.C. 430f–5), the Secretary shall—
(1) submit a report to Congress; and
(2) submit a report to the Governor of the State of Tennessee, which shall comply with the requirements of section 6 of the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 (16 U.S.C. 430f–5).
(C) the development of field fortifications as a tactic of war;
   (e) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—
      (1) IN GENERAL.—To carry this Act, the
   Secretary may enter into cooperative agree-
   ments with entities in the public and private
   sectors, including—
      (A) colleges and universities;
      (B) historical societies;
      (C) state and local agencies; and
      (D) nonprofit organizations.
   (2) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—To develop co-
      operative land use strategies and conduct ac-
      tivities that facilitate the conservation of the
      historic, cultural, natural, and scenic re-
      sources of the Unit, the Secretary may pro-
      vide technical assistance, to the extent that
      a recipient of technical assistance is engaged
      in the protection, interpretation, or com-
      memorization of historically significant Civil
      War resources in the area in and around the
      city of Corinth, to—
      (A) the State of Mississippi (including a
          political subdivision of the State);
      (B) the State of Tennessee (including a po-
          litical subdivision of the State);
      (C) a governmental entity;
      (D) a nonprofit organization; and
      (E) a private property owner.
   (3) RESOURCES OUTSIDE THE UNIT.—Nothing
       in subsection (c)(2) authorizes the Secretary
       to own or manage any resource outside the
       Unit.

SEC. 7. AUTHORIZATION OF SPECIAL RESOURCE
STUDY.
   (a) IN GENERAL.—To determine whether cer-
      tain additional properties are appropriate
      for inclusion in the Unit, the Secretary shall
      conduct a special resource study of land in
      and around the city of Corinth, Mississippi,
      and nearby areas in the State of Tennessee
      that—
      (1) have a relationship to the Civil War
          Siege and Battle of Corinth in 1862; and
      (2) are under the ownership of—
          (A) the State of Mississippi (including a
              political subdivision of the State);
          (B) the State of Tennessee (including a po-
              litical subdivision of the State);
          (C) a nonprofit organization; or
          (D) a private person.
   (b) CONTENTS OF STUDY.—The study shall—
      (1) identify the full range of resources and
          historical significance associated with the
          Civil War Siege and Battle of Corinth in 1862,
          including the relationship of the campaign
to other operations in the western theater of
          the Civil War that occurred in—
          (A) in and around the city of Cor-
              nth; and
          (B) in the State of Tennessee;
      (2) identify alternatives for preserving fea-
          tures from the Civil War era in the area in
          and around the city of Corinth, including
          both military and civilian themes involv-
          ing—
          (A) the role of the railroad in the Civil
              War;
          (B) the story of the Corinth contraband
              camp; and
          (C) the development of field fortifications
              as a tactic of war;
      (3) identify potential partners that might
          support the Secretary, and any other report-
          ing requirements or conditions; and
          (4) identify alternatives to avoid land use
              conflicts. The Secretary shall—
          (A) include estimates for any nec-
              essary activity associated with the alter-

SEC. 8. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
   There are authorized to be appropriated
   such sums as are necessary to carry out this
   Act, including $3,000,000 for the construction
   of an interpretive center under section 602(d)
   of title VI of the Omnibus Parks and Public
   430f-5(d)).
   The committee amendments were agreed to.
   The bill (S. 1117), as amended, was passed,
   as follows:

S. 1117
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Rep-
resentatives of the United States of America in
Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
   This Act may be cited as the "Corinth Bat-
tlefield Preservation Act of 1999".

SECTION 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
   (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
      (1) in 1996, Congress authorized the estab-
          lishment and construction of a center—
          (A) to interpret the significance of the
              Corinth campaign and the Civil
              War relative to the western theater of
              operations, in cooperation with—
              (i) State and local governmental entities;
              (ii) private organizations; and
              (iii) individuals;
          (B) has been identified by the Siege and
              Battle of Corinth National Historic Land-
              mark Study, dated January 8, 1991;
          (c) A VAILABILITY OF MAP.—The Map shall
              be on file and available for public inspection
              in the office of the Director of the National
              Park Service.

SEC. 5. LAND ACQUISITION.
   (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may ac-
      quire land and interests in land within the
      boundary of the Park as depicted on the Map
      by—
      (1) donation;
      (2) purchase with donated or appropriated
          funds; or
      (3) exchange.
      (b) EXCEPTION.—Land may be acquired only
          by donation from—
          (1) the State of Mississippi (including a po-
              litical subdivision of the State);
          (2) the State of Tennessee (including a po-
              litical subdivision of the State); or
          (3) the organization known as "Friends of
              the Siege and Battle of Corinth".

SEC. 6. PARK MANAGEMENT AND ADMINIS-
TRACTION.
   (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall ad-
      minister the Unit in accordance with this
      Act and the laws generally applicable to
      units of the National Park System, includ-
      ing—
      (1) the Act entitled "An Act to establish a
          National Park Service, and for other pur-
          1 et seq.); and
      (2) the Act entitled "An Act to provide for
          the preservation of historic American sites,
          buildings, objects, and antiquities of na-
          tional significance, and for other purposes",
          approved August 21, 1935 (16 U.S.C. 461 et
          seq.).
      (b) DUTIES.—In accordance with section 602
          of the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Man-
          agement Act of 1996 (16 U.S.C. 430f-5), the
          Secretary shall—
November 19, 1999

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—SENATE 31167

(1) commemorate and interpret, for the benefit of visitors and the general public, the Siege and Battle of Corinth and other Civil War actions in the area in and around the city of Corinth within the larger context of the Civil War and American history, including the significance of the Civil War Siege and Battle of Corinth in 1862 in relation to other operations in the western theater of the Civil War and

(2) identify and preserve surviving features from the Civil War era in the area in and around the city of Corinth, including both military and civilian themes that include—

(A) the role of railroads in the Civil War;

(B) the story of the Corinth contraband camp; and

(C) the development of field fortifications as a tactic of war;

(c) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—To carry this Act, the Secretary may enter into cooperative agreements with entities in the public and private sectors, including—

(A) colleges and universities;

(B) historical societies; and

(C) State and local agencies; and

(D) nonprofit organizations.

(2) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—To develop cooperative land use strategies and conduct activities that facilitate the conservation of the historic, cultural, natural, and scenic resources of the Unit, the Secretary may provide technical assistance, to the extent that a recipient of technical assistance is engaged in the protection, interpretation, or commemoration of historically significant Civil War resources in the area in and around the city of Corinth, to—

(A) the State of Mississippi (including a political subdivision of the State);

(B) the State of Tennessee (including a political subdivision of the State);

(C) a governmental entity;

(D) a nonprofit organization; and

(E) a private property owner.

(d) RESOURCES OUTSIDE THE UNIT.—Nothing in subsection (c)(2) authorizes the Secretary to own or manage any resource outside the Unit.

SEC. 7. AUTHORIZATION OF SPECIAL RESOURCE STUDY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—To determine whether certain additional properties are appropriate for inclusion in the Unit, the Secretary shall conduct a formal, scientifically sound study of resources in and around the city of Corinth, Mississippi, and nearby areas in the State of Tennessee that—

(1) have a relationship to the Civil War Siege and Battle of Corinth in 1862; and

(2) are under the ownership of—

(A) the State of Mississippi (including a political subdivision of the State);

(B) the State of Tennessee (including a political subdivision of the State);

(C) a nonprofit organization; or

(D) a private person.

(b) CONTENTS OF STUDY.—The study shall—

(1) identify the full range of resources and historic themes associated with the Civil War Siege and Battle of Corinth in 1862, including the relationship of the campaign to other operations in the western theater of the Civil War that occurred in—

(A) the area in and around the city of Corinth; and

(B) the State of Tennessee;

(2) identify alternatives for preserving features from the Civil War era in the area in and around the city of Corinth, including both military and civilian themes involving—

(A) the role of the railroad in the Civil War;

(b) the story of the Corinth contraband camp; and

(C) the development of field fortifications as a tactic of war;

(3) identify potential partners that might support efforts by the Secretary to carry out this Act, including—

(A) State entities and their political subdivisions;

(B) historical societies and commissions;

(C) civic groups; and

(D) nonprofit organizations;

(4) identify alternatives to avoid land use conflicts;

(5) include cost estimates for any necessary activity associated with the alternatives identified under this subsection, including—

(A) acquisition;

(B) development;

(C) interpretation;

(D) operation; and

(E) maintenance.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year and 180 days after the date on which funds are made available to carry out this section, the Secretary shall submit a report describing the findings of the study under subsection (a) to—

(1) the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate; and

(2) the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 8. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this Act, including $3,000,000 for the construction of an interpretive center under section 602(d) of title VI of the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 (16 U.S.C. 430f–5d).

GETTYSBURG NATIONAL MILITARY PARK

The bill (S. 1324) to expand the boundaries of the Gettysburg National Military Park to include the Wills House, and for other purposes, was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed; as follows:

S. 1324

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. GETTYSBURG NATIONAL MILITARY PARK BOUNDARY REVISION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1 of the Act entitled "An Act to revise the boundary of the Gettysburg National Military Park in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and for other purposes" approved August 17, 1990 (16 U.S.C. 430g–4) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (a) the following:

"(b) ADDITIONAL LAND.—In addition to the land identified in subsection (a), the park shall also include the property commonly known as the Wills House located in the Borough of Gettysburg and identified as "Tract 62" on the map entitled "Gettysburg National Military Park" numbered MARO 305/ 80,011 Segment 2, and dated April 1981, revised May 14, 1989;" and

(3) by inserting in subsection (a) (as redesignated by paragraph (1)), by striking "map referred to in subsection (a)" and inserting "maps referred to in subsections (a) and (b)."

SEC. 2. ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL OF LAND.

Section 2 of the Act entitled "An Act to revise the boundary of the Gettysburg National Military Park in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and for other purposes" approved August 17, 1990 (16 U.S.C. 430g–4) is amended by striking "(b)" each place it appears and inserting "(c)".

HOOVER DAM MISCELLANEOUS SALES ACT

The bill (S. 1275) to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to produce and sell products and to sell publications relating to the Hoover Dam, and to deposit revenues generated from the sales into the Colorado River Dam fund, was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed; as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Hoover Dam Miscellaneous Sales Act".

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

Congress finds that—

(1) the sale and distribution of general public information about the use of public land and water areas for recreation, fish, wildlife, and other purposes serve significant public benefits;

(2) publications and other materials educate the public and provide general information about Bureau of Reclamation programs and projects;

(3) in 1997, more than 1,000,000 visitors, including 300,000 from foreign countries, toured the Hoover Dam;

(4) hundreds of thousands of additional visitors stopped to view the dam;

(5) visitors often ask to purchase maps, publications, and other items to enhance their experience or serve educational purposes;

(6) in many cases the Bureau of Reclamation is the sole source of those items;

(7) the Bureau is in a unique position to fulfill public requests for those items; and

(8) as a public agency, the Bureau should be responsive to the public by having appropriate items available for sale.

SEC. 3. PURPOSES.

The purposes of this Act are—

(1) to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to offer for sale to members of the public that visit the Hoover Dam Visitor Center educational materials and memorabilia; and

(2) to use revenue from those sales to repay the costs relating to construction of the Hoover Dam Visitor Center.

SEC. 4. AUTHORITY TO CONDUCT SALES.

With respect to the Hoover Dam, the Secretary, acting through the Commissioner of Reclamation, may—

(1) conduct sales of—

(A) materials generated by the Bureau of Reclamation such as posters, maps, brochures, photographs, and similar publications, videotapes, and computer information discs that are related to programs or projects of the Bureau; and

(B) memorabilia and other commerative items that depict programs or projects of the Bureau;

(2) convert unneeded property or scrap material into Bureau memorabilia for sale purposes; and

(3) enter into agreements with nonprofit organizations, other Federal agencies, State and local governments, and commercial entities for—