daily, yet only one inspector is on duty allowing for only 10 to 14 truck inspections daily. At other crossings, there are no inspectors. Of those Mexican trucks inspected, about 44 percent were placed out of service because of serious safety violations. This contrasts with a 25 percent out-of-service rate for US trucks and 17 percent for Canadian trucks. This safety record is unacceptable.

The DOT’s Inspector General confirmed last year that 68 Mexican trucks were found operating beyond the border commercial zones, where they are legally allowed to work and are probably involved in US cabbage cultivation for US truckers. H.R. 3419 would reaffirm the prohibition on foreign motor carriers operating outside the boundaries of a commercial zone along the US-Mexico border. Foreign trucks that are found to be operating outside the commercial zones without authority will be subject to civil penalties.

In conclusion, I would like to ask my colleagues for their support in the passage of this legislation. I would like to thank the following Senate staff for their work on this bill; Debbie Hersman, Carl Beltzel, Kevin Kayes and Moses Boyd, Ann Begeman, Charlotte Casey, and Mark Buese. I would also like to thank House staffers, Clyde Woodall, Dave Meyersfeld, Ward McCarragher, Jess Sharp, Chris Bertram, Patty Doersch, Jack Schenendorf and Roger Naber. These staffers all worked hard to help reach a bipartisan compromise.

H.R. 3419 is a good bill. I strongly support the passage of H.R. 3419 and look forward to its enactment.

Ms. COLLINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the bill be read a third time and passed, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating to the bill be printed in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The bill (H.R. 3419) was read the third time and passed.

MILTON FRIEDMAN CONGRESSIONAL GOLD MEDAL ACT

Ms. COLLINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Banking Committee be discharged from further consideration of S. 1971 and the Senate proceed to its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered. The clerk will report the bill by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (S. 1971) to authorize the President to award a gold medal on behalf of the Congress to Milton Friedman, in recognition of his outstanding and enduring contributions to individual freedom and opportunity in American society through his exhaustive research and teaching of economic, and his extensive writings on economics and public policy.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Ms. COLLINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the bill be read a third time and passed, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and any statements relating to the bill be printed in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The bill (S. 1971) was read the third time and passed.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE. This Act may be cited as the "Milton Friedman Congressional Gold Medal Act".

SEC. 2. FINDINGS. The Congress finds that—

(1) Milton Friedman, born July 31, 1912 in New York, New York, is acclaimed as one of the great original thinkers of this century;

(2) Milton Friedman is a Paul Snowden Russell Distinguished Service Professor Emeritus of Economics at the University of Chicago, where he taught from 1946 to 1976, and where he is widely regarded as the leader of the Chicago school of monetary economists;

(3) Milton Friedman is the world's most renowned economist;

(4) Milton Friedman was awarded the Nobel Memorial Prize for Economic Service in 1976;

(5) Milton Friedman is a Paul Snowden Russell Distinguished Service Professor Emeritus of Economics at the University of Chicago, where he taught from 1946 to 1976, and where he is widely regarded as the leader of the Chicago school of monetary economics;

(6) Milton Friedman has been a senior research fellow at the Hoover Institute since 1977, and a member of the research staff of the National Bureau of Economic Research from 1937 to 1961;

(7) Milton Friedman has selflessly served his country on several occasions, serving as an informal economic advisor to Presidents Richard Nixon and Ronald Reagan;

(8) Milton Friedman has been awarded honorary degrees by universities in the United States, Japan, Israel, and Guatemala, as well as the Grand Cross of the First Class Order of the Sacred Treasure by the Japanese government in 1986; and

(9) Milton Friedman is known throughout the world as a champion of freedom, opportunity, free markets, and capitalism.

SEC. 3. CONGRESSIONAL GOLD MEDAL. (a) PRESENTATION AUTHORIZED.—The President is authorized to present, on behalf of the Congress, a gold medal of appropriate design to Milton Friedman in recognition of his outstanding and enduring contributions to individual freedom and opportunity in American society through his exhaustive research and teaching of economics, and his extensive writings on economics and public policy.

(b) DESIGN AND STRIKING.—For the purposes of the award referred to in subsection (a), the Secretary of the Treasury (hereafter in this Act referred to as the "Secretary") shall strike a gold medal with suitable emblems, devices, and inscriptions, to be determined by the Secretary.

SEC. 4. DUPLICATE MEDALS. The Secretary may strike and sell duplicates of the gold medal struck pursuant to section 3, under such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, and at a price sufficient to cover the costs thereof, including labor, materials, dies, use of machinery, and overhead expenses, and the cost of the gold medal.

SEC. 5. STATUS AS NATIONAL MEDALS. The medals struck pursuant to this Act are national medals for purposes of chapter 51 of title 31, United States Code.

SEC. 6. FUNDING. (a) AUTHORITY TO USE FUND AMOUNTS.—There is authorized to be charged against the United States Mint Public Enterprise Fund an amount not to exceed $30,000 to pay for the cost of the medals authorized by this Act.

(b) PROCEEDS OF SALE.—Amounts received from the sale of duplicate bronze medals under section 4 shall be deposited in the United States Mint Public Enterprise Fund.

CONGRESSIONAL GOLD MEDAL AWARD TO FATHER THEODORE McCARRHER

Ms. COLLINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration of H.R. 1932, which is at the desk.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill will report the bill by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (H.R. 1932) to authorize the President to award a gold medal on behalf of the Congress to Father Theodore M. Hesburgh, in recognition of his outstanding and enduring contributions to civil rights, higher education, the Catholic Church, the Nation, and the global community.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Ms. COLLINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the bill be read a third time and passed, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating to the bill be printed in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The bill (H.R. 1932) was read the third time and passed.

AMENDING THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE ACT

Ms. COLLINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of S. 1996, introduced by Senators Jeffords, Kennedy, and Frist.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the bill by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (S. 1996) to amend the Public Health Service Act to clarify provisions relating to the content of petitions for compensation under the vaccine injury compensation program.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. JEFFORDS. Mr. President, in 1986, the Vaccine Injury Compensation Act was signed into law. The act created the National Vaccine Injury Compensation program which serves two important functions: it provides timely and fair compensation to those few children who are injured from routine