With passage of this resolution, which I very pleased that the Senate has given accomplishments.

RATIONALER OF HONORABLE JOSEPH JEFFERSON “SHOELESS JOE” JACKSON

Ms. COLLINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate now proceed to the consideration of H.R. 3456.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the bill by title.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Ms. COLLINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the bill be read a third time and passed, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating to the bill be printed in the Record.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The bill (H.R. 3456) was read the third time and passed.

HONORING JOSEPH JEFFERSON “SHOELESS JOE” JACKSON

Mr. HARKIN. Mr. President, I am very pleased that the Senate has given its approval to Senate Resolution 134. With passage of this resolution, which I introduced earlier this year with Senators Thurmond and Hollings, the Senate has gone on record to right a wrong perpetrated against one of the greatest American baseball players of all time—Joseph Jefferson “Shoeless Joe” Jackson. And I want to commend Senators Thurmond and Hollings for their good work on this.

Shoeless Joe” has been an inspiration to baseball players and fans for decades. Even the legendary Babe Ruth was said to have copied Jackson’s swing. I was touched by Jackson’s story through the movie “Field of Dreams,” which recounted his story. The movie was filmed in Dyersville, Iowa. Thousands of Iowans, young and old alike, have come to embrace “Shoeless Joe.” In fact, there is an annual Shoeless Joe Jackson celebration and baseball game in Dyersville, this year it was attended by a cast of baseball greats, including Bob Feller.

Jackson’s career statistics and accomplishments throughout his thirteen years in professional baseball clearly earned him a place as one of baseball’s all-time greats.

His career batting average of .356 is the third highest of all time. In addition, Jackson was one of only seven Major League Baseball players to top the coveted mark of a .400 batting average for a season. Despite all this, in 1920 “Shoeless Joe” Jackson was banned from the game of baseball, the game he loved. He was banned from Major League baseball for allegedly taking part in the 1919 World Series, in what has become known as the “Black Sox” scandal.

While “Shoeless Joe” did admit that he received $5,000 from his roommate, Lefty Williams, to participate in the fix, evidence suggests that Jackson did everything in his power to stop the fix from going through. He twice tried to give the money back. He offered to sit out the World Series in order to avoid any appearance of impropriety. And, he tried to inform White Sox owner Charles Comiskey of the fix. All of these efforts fell on deaf ears.

Perhaps the most convincing evidence of Jackson’s withdrawal from the conspiracy was his performance on the field during the series. During the 1919 World Series—which he was accused of conspiring to fix—“Shoeless Joe” Jackson’s batting average was .375, the highest of any player for either team. He had twelve hits, a World Series record. He led his team in runs scored and runs batted in. And, he hit the only home run of the series. On defense, Jackson committed no errors and had no questionable plays in thirty chances.

When criminal charges were brought against Jackson in trial, the jury found him “not guilty.” White Sox owner Charles Comiskey and several sports writers testified that they say no indication that Jackson did anything to indicate he was trying to throw the series. But, when the issue came before the newly-formed Major League Baseball Commissioner’s office, Commissioner Judge Kenesaw “Mountain” Landis found Jackson guilty of taking part in the fix, and he was banned for life from playing baseball. The Commissioner’s office never conducted an investigation and never held a hearing, thus denying “Shoeless Joe” Jackson due process.

Major League Baseball now has the opportunity to correct a great injustice. I have written to Commissioner Bud Selig urging him to take a new look at this case. I was very pleased when the Commissioner responded to my inquiry by saying he is giving the case full review.

Restoring “Shoeless Joe” Jackson’s eligibility for the Hall of Fame would benefit Major League Baseball, baseball fans, and all Americans who appreciate a sense of fair play.

The resolution we passed today states that Major League Baseball should honor Jackson’s accomplishments appropriately. I believe Jackson should be inducted into the Major League Baseball Hall of Fame.

If that is to happen, Jackson must first be cleared for consideration by the Hall of Fame Veterans Committee, which will stand as the jury which decides whether Jackson’s accomplishments during his playing career are worthy of recognition in the Hall of Fame.

Mr. President, we are involved in many important issues. Clearly, this matter will not and should not take up the same amount of time this body devotes to critical issues like health care, education, or national defense.

But, restoring the good name and reputation of a single American is important. This resolution has given us the opportunity to right an old wrong. It has given us the opportunity to honor one of the all-time great players of America’s pastime, “Shoeless Joe” Jackson.

I thank my colleagues for supporting this resolution.
There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the joint resolution.

Ms. COLLINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the joint resolution be considered read a third time and passed, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating to the bill be printed in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The joint resolution (H.J. Res. 46) was read the third time and passed.

DIRECTING SENATE COMMISSION ON ART TO RECOMMEND PAINTINGS FOR SENATE RECEPTION ROOM

Ms. COLLINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of S. Res. 241, submitted earlier by Senator LOTT.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the resolution by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 241) to direct the Senate Commission on Art to recommend to the Senate two outstanding individuals whose paintings shall be placed in two of the remaining unfilled spaces in the Senate Reception Room.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.

Ms. COLLINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the resolution be agreed to, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating to the resolution be printed in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The resolution (S. Res. 241) was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

The resolution, with its preamble, reads as follows:

S. Res. 241

Whereas the reception room in the Capitol outside the Senate Chamber was originally designed to contain medallion likenesses of outstanding Americans;

Whereas there are at present 6 unfilled spaces in the Senate reception room for such medallions; and

Whereas it is in the public interest to accomplish the original objective of the design of the Senate reception room by selecting individuals who were outstanding Senate legislators with a deep appreciation for the Senate, who will serve as role models for future Americans: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That (a) the Senate Commission on Art, established under section 903 of the Arizona-Idaho Conservation Act of 1988 (40 U.S.C. 188b) (referred to as the “Commission”) shall select 2 outstanding individuals whose paintings shall be placed in 2 of the remaining unfilled spaces in the Senate reception room, upon approval by the Senate.

(b) The Commission shall select individuals from among those without consideration to party affiliation, who have not served as a Senator in the last 21 years. The Commission shall not select a living individual.

(2) The Commission shall consider first those Senators who are not already commemorated in the Capitol or Senate Office Building, although the resolution shall serve as an absolute bar to consideration or selection only for those who have served as President of the Senate, as the latter is visibly and appropriately commemorated through the Vice Presidential bust collection.

(3) The Commission also shall give primary consideration to the service of the Senator while in the Senate, as opposed to other service to the United States.

(c) The Commission is authorized to seek advice and recommendations from historians and other sources in carrying out this resolution.

SEC. 2. The Commission shall make its selections and recommendations pursuant to the first section no later than the close of the second session of the 106th Congress.

SEC. 3. For purposes of making recommendations required by this resolution, a member of the Commission may designate another Senator to act in place of that member.

SEATTLE, WASHINGTON, WTO MEETING

Ms. COLLINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate now turn to H. Con. Res. 190, regarding the Seattle, WA, WTO meeting, the resolution be considered agreed to, and the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, all with no intervening action or debate.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 190) was agreed to.

Mr. ROTH. Mr. President, I am pleased that the Senate has unanimously supported this concurrent resolution. As the United States prepares for the World Trade Organization meeting in Seattle, it is important that Congress send this message—that electronic commerce should be free of tariff and non-tariff barriers, and of multiple and discriminatory taxation. At this time, I do want to make one clarification.

The resolution urges a permanent international ban on tariffs on electronic commerce. It is my understanding that, in this context, this phrase really urges a permanent international ban on tariffs on electronic transmissions. Electronic commerce transmissions is a more exact phrase, which more clearly reflects the findings of this resolution and the current negotiating position of the United States.

Ms. COLLINS. Mr. President, I suggest commemorating the quorum.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will call the roll.

The legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Ms. COLLINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.