

all Members may have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks on this bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New Jersey?

There was no objection.
Mr. SMITH of New Jersey. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

(Mr. SMITH of New Jersey asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. SMITH of New Jersey. Mr. Speaker, this bill is designed to correct a minor drafting error which was omitted in the legislative provision that was passed last year as part of the Omnibus appropriation bill.

Because the waiver of the requirement for authorization was omitted from last year's supplemental, certain unauthorized parts of the agreed-upon package of assistance for Latin America to continue to help with the suppression of drugs cannot move forward.

In response, we have prepared an amendment to the underlying authorization bill. The change to the authorization will allow this to go forward as agreed upon in the statement of managers of the supplemental appropriations legislation.

The Department of State supports this legislation and is anxious to get these programs going. It is important, we believe, to the jurisdiction of the Committee on International Relations that the statutory requirement that all spending on foreign assistance be authorized, or that such a requirement for authorization be waived by statute.

All of this money has been appropriated and it will be spent. Our purpose here is to have it spent on the list that the Congress and the administration, and in particular General McCaffery, our drug czar, finally agreed upon. That is the list in the statement of managers accompanying the supplemental appropriations.

Accordingly, I urge my colleagues to support this bill.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. CROWLEY. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of this bill. This bill has been on and off the schedule today a few times, and I think we finally have a version that everyone is comfortable with. We are right to move this assistance to Peru, Columbia, Bolivia. Critical interests are at stake there. We have delayed this assistance long enough.

This bill will allow the Agency for International Development to provide assistance to those three countries for alternative development, which is critical to helping those farmers move from the cultivation of illicit and illegal crops to cultivation of legitimate and licit crops.

I was in Columbia recently, Mr. Speaker, to survey the damage of a re-

cent earthquake in that country. The damage was unbelievable. Thousands were dead and tens of thousands were homeless. My colleague, the gentlewoman from New York (Ms. VELÁZQUEZ) and I were able to bring home to Queens two young girls who had been injured in that earthquake.

The people of the United States have provided critical assistance to the suffering people of Columbia. We as a Congress should be doing the same, putting together emergency assistance to address that emergency in Columbia.

I look forward to working with my colleagues to make sure that the suffering people of Columbia, ravaged by a tremendous earthquake, get the help that they need from the U.S. Congress. I support the bill.

Mr. Speaker, I have no further requests for time, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. SMITH of New Jersey. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. SMITH) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 1379, as amended.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

The title was amended so as to read: "A bill to amend the Omnibus Consolidated and Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1999, to make a technical correction relating to international narcotics control assistance."

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Debate has concluded on all motions to suspend the rules.

Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the Chair will now put the question on each motion to suspend the rules on which further proceedings were postponed earlier today in the order in which that motion was entertained. Votes will be taken in the following order:

- H.R. 573, by the yeas and nays;
- H. Res. 128, by the yeas and nays.
- The Chair will reduce to 5 minutes the time for any electronic vote after the first such vote in this series.

AUTHORIZING AWARDING OF GOLD MEDAL TO ROSA PARKS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The pending business is the question of suspending the rules and passing the bill, H.R. 573, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by

the gentleman from Alabama (Mr. BACHUS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 573, as amended, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 424, nays 1, not voting 9, as follows:

	[Roll No. 92] YEAS—424	
Abercrombie	Crane	Hill (IN)
Ackerman	Crowley	Hill (MT)
Aderholt	Cubin	Hilleary
Allen	Cummings	Hilliard
Andrews	Cunningham	Hinchey
Archer	Danner	Hinojosa
Armey	Davis (FL)	Hobson
Bachus	Davis (IL)	Hoefel
Baird	Davis (VA)	Hoekstra
Baker	Deal	Holden
Baldacci	DeFazio	Holt
Baldwin	DeGette	Hooley
Ballenger	Delahunt	Horn
Barcia	DeLauro	Hostettler
Barr	DeLay	Houghton
Barrett (NE)	DeMint	Hoyer
Barrett (WI)	Deutsch	Hulshof
Bartlett	Diaz-Balart	Hunter
Barton	Dickey	Hutchinson
Bass	Dicks	Hyde
Bateman	Dingell	Inslie
Becerra	Dixon	Isakson
Bentsen	Doggett	Istook
Bereuter	Dooley	Jackson (IL)
Berkley	Doolittle	Jackson-Lee
Berman	Doyle	(TX)
Berry	Dreier	Jefferson
Biggart	Duncan	Jenkins
Bilbray	Dunn	John
Bilirakis	Edwards	Johnson (CT)
Bishop	Ehlers	Johnson, E. B.
Blagojevich	Ehrlich	Johnson, Sam
Bliley	Emerson	Jones (NC)
Blumenauer	Engel	Jones (OH)
Blunt	English	Kanjorski
Boehner	Eshoo	Kaptur
Bonilla	Etheridge	Kelly
Bonior	Evans	Kennedy
Bono	Everett	Kildee
Borski	Farr	Kilpatrick
Boswell	Fattah	Kind (WI)
Boucher	Filner	King (NY)
Boyd	Fletcher	Kingston
Brady (PA)	Foley	Klecza
Brady (TX)	Ford	Klink
Brown (CA)	Fossella	Knollenberg
Brown (FL)	Fowler	Kolbe
Brown (OH)	Frank (MA)	Kucinich
Bryant	Franks (NJ)	Kuykendall
Burr	Frelinghuysen	LaFalce
Burton	Frost	LaHood
Buyer	Galleghy	Lampson
Callahan	Ganske	Lantos
Calvert	Gejdenson	Largent
Camp	Gephardt	Larson
Campbell	Gibbons	Latham
Canady	Gilchrest	LaTourette
Cannon	Gillmor	Lazio
Capps	Gilman	Leach
Capuano	Gonzalez	Lee
Cardin	Goode	Levin
Carson	Goodlatte	Lewis (CA)
Castle	Goodling	Lewis (GA)
Chabot	Gordon	Lewis (KY)
Chambliss	Goss	Linder
Chenoweth	Graham	Lipinski
Clay	Granger	LoBiondo
Clayton	Green (TX)	Lofgren
Clement	Green (WI)	Lowey
Clyburn	Greenwood	Lucas (KY)
Coble	Gutierrez	Lucas (OK)
Coburn	Gutknecht	Luther
Collins	Hall (OH)	Maloney (CT)
Combest	Hall (TX)	Maloney (NY)
Condit	Hansen	Manzullo
Conyers	Hastert	Markey
Cook	Hastings (FL)	Martinez
Cooksey	Hastings (WA)	Mascara
Costello	Hayes	Matsui
Cox	Hayworth	McCarthy (MO)
Coyne	Hefley	McCarthy (NY)
Cramer	Herger	McCreery

McDermott	Porter	Spratt
McGovern	Portman	Stabenow
McHugh	Price (NC)	Stark
McInnis	Pryce (OH)	Stearns
McIntosh	Quinn	Stenholm
McIntyre	Radanovich	Strickland
McKeon	Rahall	Stump
McKinney	Ramstad	Stupak
McNulty	Rangel	Sununu
Meehan	Regula	Sweeney
Meek (FL)	Reyes	Talent
Meeks (NY)	Reynolds	Tancred
Menendez	Riley	Tanner
Metcalf	Rivers	Tauscher
Mica	Rodriguez	Tauzin
Millender-	Roemer	Taylor (MS)
McDonald	Rogan	Taylor (NC)
Miller (FL)	Rogers	Terry
Miller, Gary	Rohrabacher	Thomas
Miller, George	Ros-Lehtinen	Thompson (CA)
Minge	Rothman	Thompson (MS)
Mink	Roukema	Thornberry
Moakley	Roybal-Allard	Thune
Mollohan	Royce	Thurman
Moore	Rush	Tiahrt
Moran (KS)	Ryan (WI)	Tierney
Moran (VA)	Ryun (KS)	Toomey
Morella	Sabo	Towns
Murtha	Salmon	Traficant
Myrick	Sanchez	Turner
Nadler	Sanders	Udall (CO)
Napolitano	Sandlin	Udall (NM)
Neal	Sanford	Upton
Nethercutt	Sawyer	Velázquez
Ney	Scarborough	Vento
Northup	Schaffer	Visclosky
Norwood	Schakowsky	Walden
Oberstar	Scott	Walsh
Obey	Sensenbrenner	Wamp
Olver	Sessions	Waters
Ortiz	Shadegg	Watkins
Ose	Shaw	Watt (NC)
Owens	Shays	Watts (OK)
Oxley	Sherman	Waxman
Packard	Sherwood	Weiner
Pallone	Shimkus	Weldon (FL)
Pascarell	Shows	Weldon (PA)
Pastor	Shuster	Weller
Payne	Simpson	Wexler
Pease	Sisisky	Weygand
Pelosi	Skeen	Whitfield
Peterson (MN)	Skelton	Wicker
Peterson (PA)	Slaughter	Wilson
Petri	Smith (MI)	Wise
Phelps	Smith (NJ)	Wolf
Pickering	Smith (TX)	Woolsey
Pickett	Smith (WA)	Wu
Pitts	Snyder	Wynn
Pombo	Souder	Young (AK)
Pomeroy	Spence	Young (FL)

NAYS—1

Paul

NOT VOTING—9

Boehlert	Gekas	Nussle
Ewing	Kasich	Saxton
Forbes	McCollum	Serrano

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. PEASE). Pursuant to the provisions of clause 8 of rule XX, the Chair announces that he will reduce to a minimum of 5 minutes the period of time within which a vote by electronic device will be taken on the additional motion to suspend the rules on which the Chair has postponed further proceedings.

AUTHORIZING AWARDING OF GOLD MEDAL TO ROSA PARKS

Mr. BACHUS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's table the Senate bill (S. 531) to authorize the President to award a gold medal on behalf of the Congress to Rosa Parks in recognition of her contributions to the Nation, and ask for its immediate consideration in the House.

The Clerk read the title of the Senate bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Alabama?

There was no objection.

The Clerk read the Senate bill, as follows:

S. 531

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. FINDINGS.

The Congress finds that—

(1) Rosa Parks was born on February 4, 1913, in Tuskegee, Alabama, the first child of James and Leona (Edwards) McCauley;

(2) Rosa Parks is honored as the “first lady of civil rights” and the “mother of the freedom movement”, and her quiet dignity ignited the most significant social movement in the history of the United States;

(3) Rosa Parks was arrested on December 1, 1955, in Montgomery, Alabama, for refusing to give up her seat on a bus to a white man, and her stand for equal rights became legendary;

(4) news of Rosa Parks' arrest resulted in 42,000 African Americans boycotting Montgomery buses for 381 days, beginning on December 5, 1955, until the bus segregation laws were changed on December 21, 1956;

(5) the United States Supreme Court ruled on November 13, 1956, that the Montgomery segregation law was unconstitutional, and on December 20, 1956, Montgomery officials were ordered to desegregate buses;

(6) the civil rights movement led to the Civil Rights Act of 1964, which broke down the barriers of legal discrimination against African Americans and made equality before the law a reality for all Americans;

(7) Rosa Parks is the recipient of many awards and accolades for her efforts on behalf of racial harmony, including the Springarn Award, the NAACP's highest honor for civil rights contributions, the Presidential Medal of Freedom, the Nation's highest civilian honor, and the first International Freedom Conductor Award from the National Underground Railroad Freedom Center;

(8) Rosa Parks has dedicated her life to the cause of universal human rights and truly embodies the love of humanity and freedom;

(9) Rosa Parks was the first woman to join the Montgomery chapter of the NAACP, was an active volunteer for the Montgomery Voters League, and in 1987, cofounded the Rosa and Raymond Parks Institute for Self-Development;

(10) Rosa Parks, by her quiet courage, symbolizes all that is vital about nonviolent protest, as she endured threats of death and persisted as an advocate for the simple, basic lessons she taught the Nation and from which the Nation has benefited immeasurably; and

(11) Rosa Parks, who has resided in the State of Michigan since 1957, has become a living icon for freedom in America.

SEC. 2. CONGRESSIONAL GOLD MEDAL.

(a) PRESENTATION AUTHORIZED.—The President is authorized to award to Rosa Parks, on behalf of the Congress, a gold medal of appropriate design honoring Rosa Parks in recognition of her contributions to the Nation.

(b) DESIGN AND STRIKING.—For the purposes of the award referred to in subsection (a), the Secretary of the Treasury (hereafter in this Act referred to as the “Secretary”) shall strike a gold medal with suitable emblems, devices, and inscriptions, to be determined by the Secretary.

SEC. 3. DUPLICATE MEDALS.

The Secretary may strike and sell duplicates in bronze of the gold medal struck pursuant to section 2, under such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, and at a price sufficient to cover the costs thereof, including labor, materials, dies, use of machinery, and overhead expenses, and the cost of the gold medal.

SEC. 4. STATUS AS NATIONAL MEDALS.

The medals struck pursuant to this Act are national medals for purposes of chapter 51 of title 31, United States Code.

SEC. 5. FUNDING.

(a) AUTHORITY TO USE FUND AMOUNTS.—There is authorized to be charged against the United States Mint Public Enterprise Fund an amount not to exceed \$30,000 to pay for the cost of the medals authorized by this Act.

(b) PROCEEDS OF SALE.—Amounts received from the sale of duplicate bronze medals under section 3 shall be deposited in the United States Mint Public Enterprise Fund.

The Senate bill was ordered to be read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

A similar House bill (H.R. 573) was laid on the table.

CONDEMNING MURDER OF ROSEMARY NELSON AND CALLING FOR PROTECTION OF DEFENSE ATTORNEYS IN NORTHERN IRELAND

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. LAHOOD). The pending business is the question of suspending the rules and agreeing to the resolution, House Resolution 128, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from New York (Mr. GILMAN) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the resolution, House Resolution 128, as amended, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 421, nays 2, not voting 10, as follows:

[Roll No. 93]

YEAS—421

Abercrombie	Baker	Barton
Ackerman	Baldacci	Bass
Aderholt	Baldwin	Bateman
Allen	Ballenger	Becerra
Andrews	Barcia	Bentsen
Archer	Barr	Bereuter
Armey	Barrett (NE)	Berkley
Bachus	Barrett (WI)	Berman
Baird	Bartlett	Berry