CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—SENATE 11467

May 27, 1999

Mr. NICKLES, Mr. REID, Mr. ROBB, Mr. SARBANES, Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. SMITH of Oregon, Ms. BOWEN, Mr. STEVENS, Mr. THOMSON, Mr. THOMPSON, Mr. TORRICELLI, Mr. WARNER, Mr. WYDEN, Mr. BAUCUS, Mr. BROWNBACK, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. ROTH, Mr. LIEBERMAN, Mr. WELLSTONE, Mr. ALLARD, Mr. BIDEN, and Mr. EDWARDS) submitted the following resolution, which was considered and agreed to:

S. Res. 110

Whereas breast cancer is the leading cause of death for women between the ages of 35 and 55;

Whereas every 3 minutes a woman will be diagnosed with breast cancer and every 12 minutes a woman will die of breast cancer;

Whereas the Komen National Race for the Cure is celebrated its 10th Anniversary during 1999;

Whereas the Komen National Race for the Cure, an event of the Susan G. Komen Breast Cancer Foundation, is the largest series of 5 kilometer races in the world; and

Whereas there will be 98 Komen National Race for the Cure events throughout the United States during 1999; and

Whereas the Susan G. Komen Breast Cancer Foundation and the Komen National Race for the Cure events have raised an estimated $136,000,000 to further the mission of eradicating breast cancer as a life-threatening disease by advancing research, education, screening, and treatment:

Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, SECTION 1. COMMEMORATION AND DESIGNATION.
The Senate—
(1) commemorates the 10th Anniversary of the National Race for the Cure;
(2) designates June 5, 1999, as “National Race for the Cure Day”; and
(3) requests that the President issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe the day with appropriate programs and activities.

SENATE RESOLUTION 111—DESIGNATING JUNE 6, 1999, AS “NATIONAL CHILD’S DAY”

Mr. GRAHAM (for himself, Mr. BURNS, Mr. SARBANES, Mr. SMITH of Oregon, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. BOND, Mr. DASCHLE, Mr. D’WINE, Mr. ROBERTS, Mr. SPECKER, Ms. MIKULSKI, Mr. MACK, Mr. THURMOND, Mr. EDWARDS, Mr. VIOMOVICH, Mr. TORRICELLI, Mr. CRAIG, Mr. JOHNSON, Mr. GRASSLEY, Ms. LANDRIEU, Ms. SNOWE, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. WARNER, Mr. ROBB, Mr. ENZI, Mr. LATTENBERG, Mr. CRAPO, Mr. AKAKA, Mr. GORTON, Mr. DODD, Mr. DOMENICI, Mr. BREAUX, Mr. STEVENS, Mr. CLEland, Mr. HAGEL, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. ABRAM, Mr. DORGAN, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. KERRY, Mr. BOXER, Mr. REID, Mr. JURBY, Mr. CONRAD, Mr. BYRD, Mr. INOUYE, Mr. BAYH, Mr. BINGAMAN, Mr. BRYAN, Mr. LIEBERMAN, Mr. WYDEN, Mr. HOLINGS, and Mr. HATCH,) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. Res. 111

Whereas each child is unique, a blessing, and holds a special place in the family unit;
Whereas the people of the United States should celebrate children as the most valuable asset of the United States;
Whereas the children represent the future, hope, and inspiration of the United States;
Whereas the children of the United States should be allowed to feel that their ideas and dreams will be respected because adults in the United States take time to listen;
Whereas many children of the United States face crises of grave proportions, especially as they enter their adolescent years;
Whereas it is important for parents to spend time listening to their children on a daily basis;
Whereas modern societal and economic demands often pull the family apart;
Whereas, whenever practicable, it is important for both parents to be involved in their child’s life;
Whereas encouragement should be given to families to set aside a special time for all family members to engage together in family activities;
Whereas adults in the United States should have an opportunity to reminisce on their youth to recapture some of the fresh insight, innocence, and wonder that they may have lost through the years;
Whereas the designation of a day to commemorate the children of the United States will provide an opportunity to emphasize to children the importance of developing an ability to make the choices necessary to distance themselves from impropriety and to contribute to their communities;
Whereas the people of the United States should emphasize to children the importance of family life, education, and spiritual qualities;
Whereas because children are the responsibility of all people of the United States, everyone should celebrate children, whose questions, laughter, and dreams are important to the existence of the United States; and
Whereas the designation of a day to commemorate the children will emphasize to the people of the United States the importance of the role of the child within the family and society:
Now, therefore, be it

Resolved.

SENATE RESOLUTION 112—TO DESIGNATE JUNE 5, 1999, AS “SAFE NIGHT USA”

Mr. FEINGOLD submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. Res. 112

Whereas Safe Night involved over 10,000 Wisconsin participants and included over 100 individual Safe Nights throughout Wisconsin in 1996;
Whereas Safe Night has been credited as a factor in reducing the teenage homicide rate in Milwaukee by 80 percent in just the first 3 years of the program;
Whereas Wisconsin Public Television, the Public Broadcasting Service, Black Entertainment Television, the National Latino Children’s Institute, the National Civics League, 100 Black Men of America, the Resolving Conflict Creatively Center and Educators for Social Responsibility, the Boys and Girls Club of America, the Community Anti-Drug Coalitions of America, the National 4-H Youth Council, Public Television Outreach, and the American Academy of Pediatrics have joined with Safe Night USA to lead this major violence prevention initiative;
Whereas community leaders, including parents, teachers, doctors, religious officials, and business leaders, will enter into partnership with youth to foster a drug-free and violence-free environment on June 5, 1999;
Whereas this partnership combines stress and anger management programs with drug prevention and education, Safe Night has been credited as a factor in reducing the teenage homicide rate in Milwaukee by 80 percent in just the first 3 years of the program;
Whereas Safe Night USA helps youth avoid the most common factors that precede acts of violence, provides children with the tools to resolve conflict and manage anger without violence, encourages communities to work together to identify key issues affecting teenagers, and creates local partnerships with youth that will continue beyond the expiration of the project; and
Whereas June 5, 1999, will witness over 10,000 local Safe Night activities joined together in one nationwide effort to combat youth violence and substance abuse:
Now, therefore, be it

Resolved.

SENATE RESOLUTION 113—TO DESIGNATE JUNE 6, 1999, AS “SAFE NIGHT USA”

Mr. FEINGOLD submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. Res. 113

Whereas Safe Night involved over 10,000 Wisconsin participants and included over 100 individual Safe Nights throughout Wisconsin in 1996;
Whereas Safe Night has been credited as a factor in reducing the teenage homicide rate in Milwaukee by 80 percent in just the first 3 years of the program;
Whereas Wisconsin Public Television, the Public Broadcasting Service, Black Entertainment Television, the National Latino Children’s Institute, the National Civics League, 100 Black Men of America, the Resolving Conflict Creatively Center and Educators for Social Responsibility, the Boys and Girls Club of America, the Community Anti-Drug Coalitions of America, the National 4-H Youth Council, Public Television Outreach, and the American Academy of Pediatrics have joined with Safe Night USA to lead this major violence prevention initiative;
Whereas community leaders, including parents, teachers, doctors, religious officials, and business leaders, will enter into partnership with youth to foster a drug-free and violence-free environment on June 5, 1999;
Whereas this partnership combines stress and anger management programs with drug prevention and education, Safe Night has been credited as a factor in reducing the teenage homicide rate in Milwaukee by 80 percent in just the first 3 years of the program;
Whereas Safe Night USA helps youth avoid the most common factors that precede acts of violence, provides children with the tools to resolve conflict and manage anger without violence, encourages communities to work together to identify key issues affecting teenagers, and creates local partnerships with youth that will continue beyond the expiration of the project; and
Whereas June 5, 1999, will witness over 10,000 local Safe Night activities joined together in one nationwide effort to combat youth violence and substance abuse:
Now, therefore, be it

Resolved.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED

NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT OF FISCAL YEAR 2000

WARNER (AND OTHERS)

AMENDMENT NO. 411

Mr. WARNER (for himself, Mr. ROBB, Mr. INHOFE, and Mr. LEVIN) proposed an amendment to the bill (S. 1059) to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2000 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes; as follows:
On page 482, after line 19, insert the following new section:

SEC. 4. ENHANCEMENT OF PENTAGON RENOVATION ACTIVITIES.

The Secretary of Defense in conjunction with the Pentagon Renovation Program is authorized to design and construct secure secretarial office and support facilities and security-related changes to the METRO entrance at the Pentagon Reservation. The Secretary shall, not later than January 15, 2000, submit to the congressional defense committees the estimated cost for the planning, design, construction, and installation of equipment for these enhancements, together with the revised estimate for the total cost of the renovation of the Pentagon.

WARNER (AND LEVIN) AMENDMENT NO. 412

Mr. WARNER (for himself and Mr. LEVIN) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

On page 28, line 15, strike "$71,693,093,000." and insert in lieu thereof the following:

"$71,693,093,000, and in addition funds in the total amount of $1,838,426,000 are authorized to be appropriated for emergency appropriations to the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2000 for military personnel, as appropriated in section 2012 of the 1999 Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act (Public Law 106-31)."

ALLARD (AND CLELAND) AMENDMENT NO. 413

Mr. WARNER (for Mr. ALLARD, for himself and Mr. WARNER) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

In title VII, at the end of subtitle B, add the following:

SEC. 717. ENHANCEMENT OF DENTAL BENEFITS FOR RETIRED.

Subsection (d) of section 1076c of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(d) BENEFITS AVAILABLE UNDER THE PLAN.—The dental insurance plan established under subsection (a) shall provide benefits for dental care and treatment which may be comparable to the benefits authorized under section 1076b of this title for plans established under that section and shall include diagnostic services, preventative services, endodontics and other basic restorative services, surgical services, and emergency services.

MACK (AND GRAHAM) AMENDMENT NO. 414

Mr. WARNER (for Mr. Mack, for himself and Mr. GRAHAM) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

On page 29, line 12, increase the amount by $5,000,000.

On page 29, line 14, decrease the amount by $5,000,000.

WARNER AMENDMENT NO. 415

Mr. WARNER proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

In title III, at the end of subtitle D, add the following:

SEC. 349. MODIFICATION OF LIMITATION ON FUNDS FOR PURCHASE OF EQUIPMENT FOR THE NATIONAL GUARD FOR DRUG INTERDICTION AND COUNTER-DRUG ACTIVITIES.

Section 112(a)(3) of title 32, United States Code, is amended by striking "per purchase order" in the second sentence and inserting "per item."

TORRICELLI AMENDMENT NO. 416

Mr. LEVIN (for Mr. TORRICELLI) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

On page 357, between lines 11 and 12, insert the following:

SEC. 1032. REVIEW OF INCIDENT OF STATE MOTOR VEHICLE VIOLATIONS BY ARMY PERSONNEL.

(a) REVIEW AND REPORT REQUIRED.—The Secretary of the Army shall review the incidence of violations of State and local motor vehicle laws applicable to the operation and parking of Army motor vehicles by Army personnel during fiscal year 1999, and, not later than March 31, 2000, submit a report on the results of his review to Congress.

(b) CONTENT OF REPORT.—The report under subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) A quantitative description of the extent of the violations described in subsection (a).

(2) An estimate of the total amount of the fines that are associated with citations issued for the violations.

(3) Any recommendations that the Inspector General considers appropriate to curtail the incidence of the violations.

CRAPO (AND LOTT) AMENDMENT NO. 417

Mr. WARNER (for Mr. CRAPO, for himself and Mr. LOTT) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

Strike section 654, and insert the following:

SEC. 654. REPEAL OF REDUCTION IN RETIRED PAY FOR CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES.

(a) REPEAL.—(1) Section 5532 of title 5, United States Code, is repealed.

(2) The chapter analysis at the beginning of chapter 55 of such title is amended by striking the item relating to section 5532.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect on the first day of the first month that begins after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SOWE AMENDMENT NO. 418

Mr. WARNER (for Ms. SOWE) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

In title X, at the end of subtitle D, add the following:

SEC. 1061. MULTINATIONAL ECONOMIC EMBARGOES AGAINST GOVERNMENTS IN ARMED CONFLICT WITH THE UNITED STATES.

(a) POLICY ON THE ESTABLISHMENT OF EMBARGOES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—It is the policy of the United States, that upon the use of the Armed Forces of the United States to engage in hostilities in foreign country, the President shall as appropriate—

(A) seek the establishment of a multinational economic embargo against such country; and

(B) seek the seizure of its foreign financial assets.

(b) REPORTS.—Not later than 20 days, or earlier than 14 days, after the first day of the engagement of the United States in any armed conflict described in subsection (a), the President shall, if the armed conflict continues, submit a report to Congress setting forth—

(1) the specific steps the United States has taken and will continue to take to institute the embargo and financial asset seizures pursuant to subsection (a); and

(2) any foreign sources of trade of revenue that directly or indirectly support the ability of the adversarial government to sustain a military conflict against the Armed Forces of the United States.

HATCH AMENDMENT NO. 419

Mr. WARNER (for Mr. HATCH) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

On page 54, after line 24, insert the following:

Subtitle E—Other Matters

SEC. 251. REPORT ON AIR FORCE DISTRIBUTED MISSION TRAINING.

(a) REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary of the Air Force shall submit to Congress, not later than January 31, 2000, a report on the Air Force Distributed Mission Training program.

(b) CONTENT OF REPORT.—The report shall include a discussion of the following:

(1) The progress that the Air Force has made to demonstrate and prove the Air Force Distributed Mission Training concept of linking geographically separated, high-fidelity simulators to provide a mission rehearsal capability for Air Force units, and any units of any other Armed Forces as may be necessary to train together from their home stations.

(2) The actions that have been taken or are planned to be taken within the Department of the Air Force to ensure that—

(A) an independent study of all requirements, technologies, and acquisition strategies essential to the formulation of a sound Distributed Mission Training program is under way; and

(B) all Air Force laboratories and other Air Force facilities necessary to the research, development, testing, and evaluation of the Distributed Mission Training program have been assessed regarding the availability of the necessary resources to demonstrate and prove the Air Force Distributed Mission Training concept.

REED (AND CHAFEE) AMENDMENT NO. 420

Mr. LEVIN (for Mr. REED, for himself and Mr. CHAFEE) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

On page 48, line 5, after "laboratory", insert the following: "and the director of one test and evaluation laboratory.",

On page 48, between lines 11 and 12, insert the following:

(b) To develop or expand innovative methods of operation that provide more defense research for each dollar of cost, including to carry out such initiatives as focusing on the development, testing, and evaluation of the future core functions and adopting more business-like practices.

On page 48, line 12, strike "(B)" and insert "(C)"
GRAMS AMENDMENT NO. 421  
Mr. WARNER (for Mr. GRAMS) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

On page 453, between lines 10 and 11, insert the following:

SEC. 2832. LAND CONVEYANCES, TWIN CITIES ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT, MINNESOTA.  
(a) CONVEYANCE TO CITY AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary of the Army may convey to the City of Arden Hills, Minnesota (in this section referred to as the "City"), all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of real property, including improvements thereon, consisting of approximately 4 acres at the Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant, for the purpose of permitting the City to construct a city hall complex on the parcel.  

(b) CONVEYANCE TO COUNTY AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary of the Army may convey to Ramsey County, Minnesota (in this section referred to as the "County"), all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of real property, including improvements thereon, consisting of approximately 35 acres at the Twin Cities Army Ammunition Plant, for the purpose of permitting the County to construct a maintenance facility on the parcel.

SEC. 1061. CONDITIONS FOR LENDING OBsolete OR CONdemned RIFLES FOR FUnERAL CEREMONIES.  
Section 4683(a)(10) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(2) issue and deliver those rifles, together with blank ammunition, to those units without charge if the rifles and ammunition are to be used for ceremonies and funerals in honor of veterans at national or other cemeteries."

SNOE AMENDMENT NO. 424  
Mr. WARNER (for Ms. SNOE) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

On page 25, between lines 17 and 18, insert the following:

(c) OTHER FUNDS FOR ADVANCE PROCUREMENT.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, of the funds authorized to be appropriated under section 102(a) for procurement programs, projects, and activities of the Navy, up to $190,000,000 may be made available, as the Secretary of the Navy may direct, for advance procurement for the Arleigh Burke class destroyer program. Authority to make transfers under this subsection is in addition to the transfer authority provided in section 1001.

SHELBY (AND SESSIONS) AMENDMENT NO. 425  
Mr. WARNER (for Mr. SHELBY, for himself and Mr. SESSIONS) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

In title I, at the end of subtitle B, add the following:

SEC. 114. MULTIPLE LAUNCH ROCKET SYSTEM.  
Of the funds authorized to be appropriated under section 101(2), $500,000 may be made available to complete the development of multiple launch rocket systems and to acquire and install motors and associated equipment for use in the disposition of Army MLRS inventory.

GRAMM AMENDMENT NO. 426  
Mr. WARNER (for Mr. GRAMM, for himself and Mrs. HUTCHISON) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

On page 446, between lines 6 and 7, insert the following:

SEC. 2807. EXPANSION OF ENTITIES ELIGIBLE TO PARTICIPATE IN ALTERNATIVE AUTHORITY FOR ACQUISITION AND IMPEOVEMENT OF MILITARY HOUSING.  
(a) DEFINITION OF ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—Section 2871 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (5) through (7) as paragraphs (6) through (8) respectively; and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (4) the following new paragraph (5):

"(5) The term 'eligible entity' means any individual, corporation, firm, partnership, company, State or local government or housing authority of a State or local government."

CLELAND AMENDMENT NO. 427  
Mr. LEVIN (for Mr. CLELAND) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

On page 272, between lines 8 and 9, insert the following:

SEC. 717. MEDICAL AND DENTAL CARE FOR CERTAIN MEMBERS INCURRING INJURIES OR DISEASES ON ACTIVE DUTY TRAINING.  
(a) ORDER TO ACTIVE DUTY AUTHORIZED.—(1) Chapter 1230 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"§ 12322. Active duty for health care.  
"(b) General Authority.—Section 2872 of such title is amended by inserting 'private persons' and inserting 'eligible entities'.  
(c) Direct Loans and Loan Guarantees.—Section 2873 of such title is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(1) by striking "persons in private sector" and inserting "an eligible entity"; and

(2) in subsection (b)(1)—

(A) by striking "any person in the private sector" and inserting an "eligible entity"; and

(B) by striking "the person" and inserting "the eligible entity".  
(d) Investments.—Section 2875 of such title is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking "non-governmental entities" and inserting an "eligible entity"; and

(2) in subsection (c)—

(A) by striking "a nongovernmental entity" both places it appears and inserting an "eligible entity"; and

(B) by striking the "person" each place it appears and inserting the "eligible entity".

(e) Rental Guarantees.—Section 2876 of such title is amended by striking "private persons" and inserting "eligible entities".  
(f) Differential Lease Payments.—Section 2877 of such title is amended by striking "private".

(g) Conveyance or Lease of Existing Property and Facilities.—Section 2878(a) of such title is amended by striking "private persons" and inserting "eligible entities".

(h) Clerical Amendments.—(1) The heading of section 2875 of such title is amended to read as follows:

"2875. Investments."  
(2) The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter IV of chapter 169 of such title is amended by striking the item relating to section 2875 and inserting the following new item:

"2875. Investments.".
(b) MEDICAL AND DENTAL CARE FOR MEMBERS.—Subsection (a) of section 1074a of such title is amended to read as follows:—

"(1) A member of a uniformed service on active duty for health care or recuperation reasons, as described in paragraph (2), is extended on active duty pursuant to a modification or extension of orders, or is ordered on active duty, so as to result in active duty for a period of more than 30 days.",

(c) MEDICAL AND DENTAL CARE FOR DEPENDENTS.—Subparagraph (D) of section 1076a(a) of such title is amended to read as follows:—

"(D) A member on active duty who is entitled to benefits under subsection (e) of section 1074a of this title by reason of paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of subsection (a) of such section.",

THOMPSON (AND OTHERS)

AMENDMENT NO. 428

Mr. WARNER (for Mr. THOMPSON for himself, co-sponsor Mr. PRICE, and Mr. LEVIN) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

At the end of title VIII, add the following:

SEC. 807. STREAMLINED APPLICABILITY OF COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS.—

(a) APPLICABILITY.—Paragraph (2) of section 26(f) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 222(f)(2)) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as subparagraph (D);

(2) by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting the following:

"(B) The cost accounting standards shall not apply to a contractor or subcontractor for a fiscal year (or other one-year period used for financial reporting purposes by the contractor or subcontractor) if the total value of all of the contracts and subcontracts covered by the cost accounting standards contained in subsection (a) were entered into by the contractor or subcontractor, respectively, in the previous or current fiscal year (or other one-year cost accounting period) was less than $50,000,000.",

(c) GSA FEDERAL SUPPLY SCHEDULES PROGRAM.—The amendments are further amended by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting the following:

"(B) the requirement in section 2304(c) of title 10, United States Code, and section 333(j)(3) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 253(j)(3)) for a statement of work in each task order or deliver order contract issued that clearly specifies all tasks to be performed or property to be delivery under the order.",

SEC. 810. USE OF SPECIAL SIMPLIFIED PROCEDURES FOR PURCHASES OF COMMERICAL ITEMS WITH RESPECT TO THE SIMPLIFIED ACQUISITION THRESHOLD.

(a) EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY.—Section 4202(e) of the Clinger-Cohen Act of 1996 (divisions D and E of Public Law 104-106; 110 Stat. 654; 10 U.S.C. 2304 note) is amended by striking "three years after the date on which such amendments take effect pursuant to section 401(c)" and inserting "January 1, 2002", and inserting "January 1, 2002".

(b) GAO REPORT.—Not later than March 1, 2001, the Comptroller General shall submit to Congress an evaluation of the test program authorized by section 4204 of the Clinger-Cohen Act of 1996, together with any recommendations that the Comptroller General considers appropriate regarding the test program or the use of special simplified procedures for purchases of commercial items in excess of the simplified acquisition threshold.
May 27, 1999

LIEBERMAN (AND SANTORUM) AMENDMENT NO. 429

Mr. LEVIN (for Mr. LIEBERMAN, for himself and Mr. SANTORUM) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

On page 17, line 1, strike “$3,669,070,000” and insert “$3,647,370,000.”

On page 29, line 10, strike “$4,671,194,000” and insert “$4,692,894,000.”

GRASSLEY (AND DOMENICI) AMENDMENT NO. 430

Mr. WARNER (for Mr. GRASSLEY, for himself and Mr. DOMENICI) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

On page 321, line 18, strike out “and”.

On page 321, after line 24, insert the following:

(iv) obligations and expenditures are recorded contemporaneously with each transaction;

(v) organizational and functional duties are performed at each step in the cycles of transactions (including, in the case of a contract, the specification of requirements, the formation of the contract, the certification of contract performance, receiving and warehousing, accounting, and disbursing); and

(vi) use of progress payment allocation systems results in posting of payments to appropriate accounts consistent with section 1301 of title 31, United States Code.

On page 322, line 4, insert before the semicolon the following: “that, at a minimum, uses double-entry bookkeeping and complies with the United States Government Standard General Ledger at the transaction level as required under section 20(a) of the Federal Financial Management Improvement Act of 1996 (31 U.S.C. 3512 note)”.

On page 322, between lines 17 and 18, insert the following:

(5) an internal controls checklist which, consistent with the authority in sections 3511 and 3512 of title 31, United States Code, the Comptroller General shall prescribe as the standards for use throughout the Department of Defense, together with a statement of the Department of Defense policy on use of the checklist by the department.

On page 323, line 14, before the period insert “or the certified date of receipt of the items”.

On page 324, between the matter following line 20 and the matter on line 21, insert the following:

(c) STUDY AND REPORT ON DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ELECTRONIC FUND TRANSFERS.—(1) Subject to paragraph (3), the Secretary of Defense shall conduct a feasibility study to determine

(A) whether all electronic payments issued by the Department of Defense should be routed through the Regional Finance Centers or the Department of the Treasury for verification and reconciliation;

(B) whether all electronic payments made by the Department of Defense should be subject to the same level of reconciliation as United States Treasury checks, including matching each payment issued with each corresponding deposit at financial institutions;

(C) whether the appropriate computer security controls are in place in order to ensure the integrity of electronic payments;

(D) the estimated costs of implementing the processes and controls described in subparagraphs (A), (B), (C); and

(E) the period that would be required to implement the standard Federal Government policies on the disposition of records.

(2) Not later than March 1, 2000, the Secretary of Defense shall submit a report to Congress containing the results of the study required by paragraph (1).

(3) In this study, the term “electronic payment” means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephonic instrument, or computer or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a debit or credit to a financial account.

On page 326, after line 25, insert the following:

SEC. 1009. RESPONSIBILITIES AND ACCOUNTABILITY FOR FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT.

(a) UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE (COMPTROLLER).—(1) Section 135 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(A) by redesignating subsections (d) and (e) as subsections (e) and (f), respectively; and

(B) by inserting after subsection (c) the following:

“(d)(1) The Secretary is responsible for ensuring that the financial statements of the Department of Defense are in a condition to receive an unqualified audit opinion on the basis that such an opinion is obtained for the statements.

“(2) If the Under Secretary delegates the authority to perform a duty, including any duty relating to disbursement or accounting, to another officer, employee, or entity of the United States, the Under Secretary continues after the delegation to be responsible and accountable for the activity, operation, or performance of a system covered by the delegated authority.’’.;

(2) Subsection (a) of such section is amended by inserting “and to ensure accountability to the citizens of the United States, Congress, the President, and managers within the Department of Defense” before the semicolon at the end.

(b) MANAGEMENT OF CREDIT CARDS.—(1) The Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) shall prescribe policies on the use and control of all credit cards and convenience checks that are issued to Department of Defense personnel for official use. The regulations shall be consistent with regulations that apply government-wide regarding use of credit cards by Federal Government personnel for official purposes.

(2) The regulations shall include safeguards and internal controls to ensure the following:

(A) There is a record of all credited card holders that is annotated with the limitations on amounts that are applicable to the use of each card by each credit card holder.

(B) The credit card holders and authorizing officials are responsible for reconciling the charges appearing on each statement of account with receipts and other supporting documentation and for forwarding reconciled statements to the designated disbursing office in a timely manner.

(C) Disputes and discrepancies are resolved in the manner prescribed in the applicable Government-wide regulations governing the use of Federal Government credit card contracts entered into by the Administrator of General Services.

(D) Credit card payments are made promptly within prescribed deadlines to avoid interest penalties.

(E) Rebates and refunds based on prompt payment on credit card accounts are properly recorded in the books of account.

(F) Records of a credit card transaction (including records on associated contracts, reports, accounts, and invoices) are retained in accordance with standard Federal Government policies on the disposition of records.

(c) REMITTANCE ADDRESSES.—The Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) shall prescribe regulations setting forth controls on alteration of remittance addresses. The regulations shall ensure that—

(1) a remittance address for a disbursement that is provided by an officer or employee of the Department of Defense authorizing or requesting the disbursement is not altered by any officer or employee of the department authorized to prepare the disbursement; and

(2) a remittance address for a disbursement is altered only if the alteration is—

(A) requested by the person to whom the disbursement is authorized to be remitted; and

(B) made by an officer or employee authorized to do so who is not an officer or employee referred to in paragraph (1).

REID AMENDMENT NO. 431

Mr. WARNER (for Mr. REID) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

On page 18, line 13, strike “$1,169,000,000” and insert “$1,164,500,000.”

On page 29, line 14, strike “$9,400,081,000” and insert “$9,404,581,000.”

COCHRAN AMENDMENT NO. 432

Mr. WARNER (for Mr. COCHRAN) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

On page 29, line 11, increase the amount by $3,500,000.

On page 29, line 14, decrease the amount by $3,500,000.

ALLARD AMENDMENT NO. 433

Mr. WARNER (for Mr. ALLARD) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

At the end of title XI, add the following:

SEC. 1107. EXTENSION OF CERTAIN TEMPORARY AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE BENEFITS FOR EMPLOYEES IN CONNECTION WITH DEFENSE WORKFORCE REDUCTION AND RESTORATION.

(a) LUMP-SUM PAYMENT OF SEVERANCE PAY.—Section 5595(i)(4) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking “the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996 and before October 1, 1999” and inserting “February 10, 1996, and before October 1, 2003”.

(b) VOLUNTARY SEPARATION INCENTIVE.—Section 5597(c) of such title is amended by striking “September 30, 2001” and inserting “September 30, 2003”.

(c) CONTINUATION OF FEHBP ELIGIBILITY.—Section 8905a(a)(4)(B) of such title is amended by striking clauses (i) and (ii) and inserting the following:

“(i) October 1, 2003; or

(ii) February 1, 2004, if specific notice of such separation was given to such individual before October 1, 2003.”.

LANDRIEU AMENDMENT NO. 434

Mr. LEVIN (for Ms. LANDRIEU) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

In title V, at the end of subtitle F, add the following:
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—SENATE
May 27, 1999

Mr. WARNER (for Mr. ABRAHAM, for himself and Mr. THURMOND) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

In title X, at the end of subtitle A, add the following:

SEC. 1009. AUTHORIZATION OF EMERGENCY SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 1999.

Amounts authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1999 in the Strom Thurmond National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1999 (Public Law 105-261) are hereby adjusted, with respect to any such authorized amount, by the amount by which appropriations pursuant to such authorization were increased (by a supplemental appropriation) or decreased (by a rescission), or both, in the 1999 Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act.

WARNER AMENDMENT NO. 439

Mr. WARNER proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

On page 371, at the end of line 13, add the following: “The preceding sentence does not apply to the operation, by a non-Department of Defense entity, of a communication system, device, or apparatus on any portion of the frequency spectrum that is reserved for exclusively non-governmental use or redesign would result in interference with or receiving interference from a non-Department of Defense system.”

BOND (AND KERRY) AMENDMENT NO. 440

Mr. WARNER (for Mr. BOND, for himself, and Mr. KERRY) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

On page 283, line 19, strike “(A)” and insert “(1)”. On page 283, line 23, strike “(B)” and insert “(2)”. On page 284, line 3, strike “(C)” and insert “(3)”. On page 284, between lines 6 and 7, insert the following:

“(4) The term ‘HUBZone small business concern’ has the meaning given the term in section 3(3) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632(p)(3)).”

ROBERTS (AND OTHERS) AMENDMENT NO. 441

Mr. WARNER (for Mr. ROBERTS, for himself, Mr. BINGMAN, Mr. WARNER, and Mr. LEVIN) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

In title X, at the end of the section add the following:

SEC. 1061. MILITARY ASSISTANCE TO CIVIL AUTHORITIES FOR RESPONDING TO TERRORISM.

(a) AUTHORITY.—During fiscal year 2000, the Secretary of Defense, upon the request of

Mr. WARNER (AND LEVIN) AMENDMENT NO. 435

Mr. WARNER (for himself and Mr. LEVIN) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

On page 574, strike lines 1 through 24 and insert the following:

SEC. 3175. USE OF AMOUNTS FOR AWARD FEES FOR DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY CLOSURE PROJECT SITES.

(a) AUTHORITY To Use Amounts.—The Secretary of Energy may use an amount authorized to be appropriated for the payment of award fees for a Department of Energy closure project for purposes of conducting additional cleanup activities at the closure project site if the Secretary—

(1) anticipates that such amount will not be obligated for payment of award fees in the fiscal year in which such amount is authorized to be appropriated; and

(2) determines that the use will not result in a deferral of the payment of the award fees for more than 12 months.

(b) REPORT on USE OF Authority.—Not later than 30 days after each exercise of the authority in subsection (a), the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report of the exercise of the authority.
the Attorney General, may provide assistance under subsection (a) in response to an act or threat of an act of terrorism, including an act of terrorism or threat of an act of terrorism that involves a weapon of mass destruction, within the United States if the Secretary of Defense determines that—

(1) special capabilities and expertise of the Department of Defense are necessary and critical to respond to the act or threat; and

(2) the provision of such assistance will not adversely affect the military preparedness of the armed forces.

(b) USE OF FORCES.—Department of Defense personnel, equipment, and supplies may be used in providing an act of terrorism or threat of an act of terrorism, as determined by the Secretary of Defense in consultation with the Attorney General, to respond to the act or threat; and actions taken to provide the assistance may include the prepositioning of Defense resources to the extent and for such period as the Secretary of Defense determines necessary to prepare for, prevent, or respond to an act or threat described in that subsection. Actions taken to provide the assistance may include the prepositioning of Department of Defense personnel, equipment, and supplies.

(c) No Delegation.—(1) Assistance provided under subsection (a) may include the deployment of Department of Defense personnel and the use of any Department of Defense resources to the extent and for such period as the Secretary of Defense determines necessary to prepare for, prevent, or respond to an act or threat described in that subsection. Actions taken to provide the assistance may include the prepositioning of Department of Defense personnel, equipment, and supplies.

(2) LIMITATION ON FUNDING.—(a) Assistance provided under this section shall normally be provided on a reimbursable basis. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the amounts reimbursed shall be limited to the amounts of incremental costs of providing the assistance. In extraordinary circumstances, the Secretary of Defense may waive the reimbursement determination that a waiver of the reimbursement is in the national security interests of the United States and submit to Congress a notification of the determination.

(b) If funds are appropriated for the Department of Justice to cover the costs of responding to an act or threat for which assistance is provided under subsection (a), the Department of Defense shall be reimbursed out of such funds for the costs incurred by the department in providing the assistance without regard to whether the assistance was provided on a nonreimbursable basis.

(c) LIMITATION ON FUNDING.—(1) More than $500,000,000 shall be obligated to provide assistance pursuant to subsection (a) in a fiscal year.

(d) PERSONNEL RESTRICTIONS.—In carrying out this section, a member of the Army, Navy, Air Force, or Marine Corps may not, unless authorized by another provision of law—

(1) directly participate in a search, seizure, arrest, or other similar activity; or

(2) collect intelligence for law enforcement purposes.

(1) NONDELEGABILITY OF AUTHORITY.—(1) The Secretary of Defense may not delegate to any other official authority to make determinations and to authorize assistance under this section.

(2) The Attorney General may not delegate to any other official authority to make a request for assistance under subsection (a).

(h) RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER AUTHORITY.—(1) The authority provided in this section is in addition to the authority available to the Secretary of Defense.

(2) Nothing in this section shall be construed to restrict any authority regarding use of military forces or other elements of the Department of Defense that was in effect before the date of enactment of this Act.

(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “threat of an act of terrorism” includes any circumstance providing a basis for reasonably anticipating an act of terrorism, as determined by the Secretary of Defense in consultation with the Attorney General and the Secretary of the Treasury.

2. (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) On December 21, 1988, 270 people, including 189 United States citizens, were killed in a terrorist bombing on Pan Am Flight 103 over Lockerbie, Scotland.

(2) Britain and the United States indicted two Libyan intelligence agents, Abd al-Baset Ali al-Megrahi and Ali-Mumin Khalifa Fhimah, in 1991 and sought their extradition from Libya to the United States or the United Kingdom to stand trial for this heinous terrorist act.

(3) The United Nations Security Council called for the extradition of the suspects in Security Council Resolution 731 and imposed sanctions on Libya in Security Council Resolutions 748 and 883 because Libyan leader Colonel Muammar Qadhafi refused to transfer the suspects to either the United States or the United Kingdom to stand trial.

(4) The United Nations Security Council Resolutions 748, 748, and 883 demand that Libya cease all support for terrorism, turn over the two suspects, cooperate with the investigation and the trial, and address the issue of appropriate compensation.

(5) The sanctions in United Nations Security Council Resolutions 748 and 883 include—

(A) a worldwide ban on Libya’s national airline;

(B) a ban on flights into and out of Libya by other nations;

(C) a prohibition on supplying arms, aircraft parts, and certain oil equipment to Libya, and a blocking of Libyan Government funds in other countries;

(D) Colonel Muammar Qadhafi for many years refused to extradite the suspects to either the United States or the United Kingdom and had insisted that he would only transfer the suspects to a third and neutral country to stand trial.

(7) On August 24, 1998, the United States and the United Kingdom agreed to the proposal that Colonel Qadhafi transfer the suspects to The Netherlands, where they would stand trial under Scottish law and with a panel of Scottish judges.


(9) Libya has only fulfilled one of four conditions (the transfer of the two suspects accused in the Lockerbie bombing act) set forth in United Nations Security Council Resolutions 731, 748, and 883 that would justify the lifting of United Nations Security Council sanctions against Libya.

(10) Libya has not fulfilled the other three conditions (cooperation with the Lockerbie investigation and trial; renunciation of and ending support for terrorism; and payment of appropriate compensation) necessary to lift the United Nations Security Council sanctions.

(11) The United Nations Security General is expected to issue a report to the Security Council on or before May 7, 1999, on the issue of Libya’s compliance with the remaining conditions.

(12) Any member of the United Nations Security Council has the right to introduce a resolution to lift the sanctions against Libya after the United Nations Security General’s report has been issued.

(13) The United States Government continues to support a state sponsors of terrorism list and the State Department Report, “Patterns of Global Terrorism; 1998,” stated that Colonel Qadhafi “continued publicly and privately to support Palestinian terrorist groups, including the PFLP and the PFLP-GC”.

(14) United States Government sanctions (other than sanctions on food or medicine) should be maintained on Libya, and in accordance with U.S. law, the Secretary of State should keep Libya on the list of countries the governments of which have repeatedly provided support for acts of international terrorism under section 6(j) of the Export Administration Act of 1979 in light of Libya’s ongoing support for terrorist groups.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the President should use all diplomatic means necessary, including the use of the United States veto at the United Nations Security Council, to ensure that the Security Council from lifting sanctions against Libya until Libya fulfills all of the conditions set forth in United Nations Security Council Resolutions 748, 748, and 883.

Mr. FEINGOLD proposed two amendments to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

AMENDMENT NO. 443

Mr. FEINGOLD proposed Amendment Nos. 443–444
(3) The Secretary of the Navy shall annu-
ually submit a report, at the same time
the budget is submitted under section 1105(a)
of title 31, United States Code, written no-
tice of any change in the amount set forth in
paragraph (1) during the preceding fiscal year
to the Senate, has determined to be
associated with a cost referred to in para-
graph (2). 

AMENDMENT NO. 444
On page 26, strike lines 20 through 25, and
insert the following:

(1) The Secretary of Defense certifies to the
Committees on Armed Services of the Senate
and House of Representatives that the F/A–
18E/F aircraft has successfully completed
initial operational test and evaluation;
(2) the Secretary of the Navy—
(A) certifies that the results of op-
erational test and evaluation demonstrate
that the version of the aircraft to be procured
under the multiyear contract in the higher
quantity than the other version satisfies all
key performance parameters in the oper-
ational requirements document for the F/A–
18E/F program, as submitted on April 1, 1997;
and
(B) certifies those results of operational
test and evaluation; and
(3) the Comptroller General reviews those
results of operational test and evaluation
and transmits to the Secretary of the Navy
the Comptroller General’s concurrence with
the Secretary’s certification.

COCHRAN AMENDMENT NO. 445
Mr. COCHRAN proposed an amend-
ment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as fol-
lows:

In title X, at the end of subtitle B, insert the
following:

SEC. 1013. TRANSFER OF NAVAL VESSEL TO FOR-
EIGN COUNTRY.
(a) THAILAND.—The Secretary of the Navy
is authorized to transfer to the Government of
Thailand the CYCLONE class coastal patrol
vessel COPPERHEAD (PCL 132) on a craft with
a similar hull. The transfer shall be made on a
grant basis under section 316 of the Foreign
(b) LIMITATION.—Any expense incurred by
the United States in connection with the trans-
ferral authorized under subsection (a) shall be
charged to the Government of Thailand.
(c) REPAIR AND REFURBISHMENT IN UNITED
STATES SHIPYARDS.—To the maximum extent
practicable, the Secretary of the Navy shall
require, as a condition of the transfer of the
vessel to the Government of Thailand under
this section, that the Government of Thai-
land have such repair or refurbishment of
the vessel as is needed, before the vessel
joins the naval forces of that country, per-
formed at a United States Naval shipyard
or other shipyard located in the United States.
(d) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of the Navy
shall have authority to transfer a vessel under subsection
(a) shall expire at the end of the two-year pe-
riod beginning on the date of the enactment
of this Act.

KYL (AND OTHERS) AMENDMENT
NO. 446
Mr. KYL (for himself, Mr. DOMENICI,
Mr. MURKOWSKI, Mr. SHELBY, Mr.
HUTCHINSON, Mr. HELMS, and Mr.
COVERDELL) proposed an amendment to the
bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

Strike Section 3158 and insert the follow-

SEC. 3158(a). ORGANIZATION OF DEPARTMENT
OF ENERGY COUNTERINTEL-
LIGENCE, SECURITY, AND NU-
CLEAR SECURITY PROGRAMS AND
ACTIVITIES.

(1) OFFICE OF COUNTERINTELLIGENCE.—
Title II of the Department of Energy Organiza-
tion Act (42 U.S.C. 7131 et seq.) is amended by
adding at the end the following:

"OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY (CONTINUED)"
"SEC. 210. The Office of Counterintelligence is
within the Department of Energy.

(1) The head of the Office shall be the
Director of the Office of Counterintelligence.

(2) The Secretary shall, with the concur-
rence of the Director of the Federal Bureau
of Investigation, designate the head of the
office from among senior executive service
employees of the Bureau of Investigation
who have expertise in matters relat-
ing to counterintelligence.

(3) The Director of the Federal Bureau
of Investigation may detail, on a reimbursable
basis, any employee of the Bureau to the De-
partment for service as Director of the Of-
cine. The Secretary of Defense, the Secretary
of the Navy, and the Secretary of State may
detail any such employee within the Bureau
as Director of the Office shall not re-
result in any loss of status, right, or privilege
by the employee within the Bureau.

(4) The Director of the Office of Count-
erintelligence shall report directly to the Sec-
retary.

(5) The Director of the Office of Count-
erintelligence shall develop and ensure the
implementation of security and counterintelli-
gence programs and activities at De-
partment facilities in order to reduce the
threat of disclosure or loss of classified and
other sensitive information at such facil-
ties.

(6) The Director of the Office of Count-
erintelligence shall be responsible for the ad-
ministration of the personnel assurance pro-
gams of the Department.

(7) The Director of the Office of Count-
erintelligence shall inform the Secretary,
the Director of Central Intelligence, and the Di-
rector of the Federal Bureau of Investiga-
tion on a regular and upon request by such
officials regarding the status and effectiveness
of the security and counterin-
telligence programs and activities at
Department facilities.

(8) The Director of the Office of Counter-
intelligence shall report immediately to the
President of the United States, the Senate
and the House of Representatives any actual
or potential significant threat to, or loss of,
national security information.

(9) The Director of the Office of Count-
erintelligence shall not be required to obtain
the approval of any officer or employee of
the Department of Energy for the prepara-
tion or delivery to Congress of any report
requ-
ered by this section; nor shall any officer
or employee of the Department of Energy or
any other Federal agency or department
delay, deny, obstruct or otherwise interfere
with the preparation of or delivery to Con-
gress of any report required by this section.

(10) The Secretary of Energy shall certify
in writing to the Director of the Office of Coun-
terintelligence of any significant threat to,
or loss of, national security information.

(11) The Director of the Office of Coun-
terintelligence shall certify to the Com-
mittees on Armed Services of the Senate
and House of Representatives, a report on the
status and effectiveness of the security and counterintelli-
gence programs and activities at Depart-
ment facilities during the preceding year.

(12) Each report shall include for the year
covered by the report the following:

"(1) A description of the status and ef-
fectiveness of the security and counterintelli-
gence programs and activities at Depart-
ment facilities.

"(2) The adequacy of the Department of
Energy’s procedures and policies for pro-
tecting national security information, mak-
ing such recommendations to Congress as
may be appropriate.

"(3) Whether each Department of Energy
is in full compliance with all Departmental security require-
ments, and if not what measures are being
taken to bring such laboratory into compli-
ance.

"(4) A description of any violation of law
or other requirement relating to intel-
lence, counterintelligence, or security at
such facilities, including—

"(1) the number of violations that were
investigated; and

"(ii) the number of violations that remain
unresolved.

"(5) A description of the number of for-
ign visitors to Department facilities, in-
cluding the locations of the visits of such
visitors.

"(6) Each report submitted under this sub-
section to the committees referred to in
paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassi-
fied form, but may include a classified
appendix.

"(7) Every officer or employee of the De-
partment of Energy, every officer or em-
ployee of a Department of Energy national
laboratory, and every officer or employee of
a Department of Energy contractor, who has
reason to believe that there is an actual or
potential significant threat to, or loss of, na-
tional security information shall imme-
diately report such information to the Dire-
ctor of the Office of Counterintelligence.

"(8) Thirty days prior to the report re-
quired by subsection (a), the Director of the
Department of Energy national labora-
tory shall certify in writing to the Director
of the Office of Counterintelligence whether that laboratory is in full compliance with all
Departmental national security information
protection requirements. If the laboratory
is not in full compliance, the Director of
the laboratory shall report on why it is not in
compliance, what measures are being taken
to bring it into compliance, and when it will
be in compliance.

"(9) Within 180 days of the date of enact-
ment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy
shall report to the Senate and the House of Repre-
sentatives on the adequacy of the De-
partment of Energy’s procedures and policies
for protecting national security information,
including national security information at
the Department’s laboratories, making such
recommendations to Congress as may be approp-
riate.

"OFFICE OF INTELLIGENCE

"SEC. 214. (a) There is within the Depart-
ment an Office of Intelligence.

"(b)(1) The head of the Office shall be the
Director of the Office of Intelligence.

"(2) The Director of the Office shall be a
senior executive service employee of the De-
partment.
“(3) The Director of the Office of Intelligence shall report directly to the Secretary.

“(4) The Director of the Office of Intelligence shall be responsible for the programs and activities of the Department relating to the analysis of intelligence with respect to nuclear weapons and materials, other nuclear matters, and energy security.

“NUCLEAR SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

“Sec. 215. (a) There shall be within the Department an agency to be known as the Nuclear Security Administration, to be headed by an Administrator, who shall report directly to, and shall be accountable directly to, the Secretary. The Secretary may not delegate to any Department official the duty to supervise the Administrator.

“(b)(1) The Assistant Secretary assigned the functions under section 203(a)(5) shall serve as the Administrator.

“(2) The Administrator shall be responsible for the executive and administrative operation of the functions assigned to the Administration, including functions with respect to (A) the selection, appointment, (B) the supervision and direction of, any officer, employee, or agent of the Administrator.

“(c) The personnel of the Administration, in carrying out any function assigned to the Administrator, shall be responsible to, and subject to the supervision and direction of, the Administrator, and shall not be responsible to, or subject to the supervision or direction of, any officer, employee, or agent of any other part of the Department of Energy.

“(2) For purposes of this subsection, the term ‘personnel of the Administration’ means any officer or employee within the Department of Energy, and any officer or employee of any contractor of the Department, whose responsibilities include carrying out a function assigned to the Administrator, or employment is funded under the Weapons Activities budget function of the Department.

“(d) The Secretary shall assign to the Administrator direct authority over, and responsibility for, the nuclear weapons production facilities and the national laboratories.

“(d) The Secretary shall assign to the Administrator direct authority over, and responsibility for, the nuclear weapons production facilities and the national laboratories. The functions assigned to the Administrator with respect to the nuclear weapons production facilities and national laboratories shall include, but not be limited to, authority over, and responsibility for, the following:

“(1) Strategic management.

“(2) Policy development and guidance.

“(3) Budget formulation and guidance.

“(4) Resource requirements determination and allocation.

“(5) Program direction.

“(6) Safeguard and security operations.

“(7) Personnel management.

“(8) Integrated safety management.

“(9) Environment, safety, and health operations.

“(10) Administration of contracts to manage and operate the nuclear weapons production facilities and the national laboratories.

“(12) Relationships within the Department of Energy and with other Federal agencies, the Congress, State, tribal, and local governments and the public.

“(13) Each of the functions described in subsection (f).

“(e) The head of each nuclear weapons production facility and of each national laboratory shall report directly to, and be accountable directly to, the Administrator.

“(f) The Administrator may delegate functions under subsection (d) only within the headquarters office of the Administrator, except that the Administrator may delegate to the head of a specified operations office functions not limited to, providing or supporting the following activities at a nuclear weapons production facility or a national laboratory:

“(1) Operational activities.

“(2) Program execution.

“(3) Personnel.

“(4) Contracting and procurement.

“(5) Facility operations oversight.

“(6) Integration of production and research and development activities.

“(7) Integration of other Federal agencies, State, tribal, and local governments, and the public.

“(g) The head of a specified operations office, in carrying out the functions delegated under subsection (f) to that head of that specified operations office, shall report directly to, and be accountable directly to, the Administrator.

“(h) In each annual authorization and appropriations request under this Act, the Secretary shall identify the portion thereof in appropriations request under this Act, the Secretary shall identify the portion thereof in appropriations request for the purposes of this Act that the Administrator shall concurrently transmit a copy thereof to the appropriate committees of the Congress.

“(i) As used in this section—

“(1) The term ‘nuclear weapons production facility’ means any of the following facilities:

“(A) The Kansas City Plant, Kansas City, Missouri.

“(B) The Pantex Plant, Amarillo, Texas.


“(D) The tritium operations facilities at the Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina.

“(E) The Nevada Test Site, Nevada.

“(2) The term ‘nuclear laboratory’ means any of the following laboratories:

“(A) The Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee.

“(B) The Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, Livermore, California.

“(C) The Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, New Mexico, and Livermore, California.

“(D) The term ‘specified operations office’ means any of the following operations offices of the Department of Energy:


“(C) Oakland Operations Office, Oakland, California.

“(D) Nevada Operations Office, Nevada Test Site, Las Vegas, Nevada.

“(E) Savannah River Operations Office, Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina.

“(b) IN GENERAL.—Section 203 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 7133) is amended by adding at the end of the following new subsection:

“Each of the Administrator assigned the functions under section (a)(5) shall be a person who, by reason of professional background and experience, is specially qualified—

“(1) to manage a program designed to ensure the safety and reliability of the nuclear weapons stockpile;

“(2) to manage the nuclear weapons production facilities and the national laboratories;

“(3) to protect national security information; and

“(4) to carry out the other functions of the Administrator of the Nuclear Security Administration.

“(c) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for that Act is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 212 the following:

“‘213. Office of Counterintelligence.

“‘214. Office of Intelligence.

“‘215. Nuclear Security Administration.’

“AMENDMENTS

“AMENDMENT NO. 447

Mr. GRAHAM proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

On page 404, below line 22, add the following:

“SEC. XIII—COMMISSION ON COUNTER-INTELLIGENCE CAPABILITIES OF THE UNITED STATES

“SEC. 1301. ESTABLISHMENT.

“There is established a commission to be known as the Commission on the Counterintelligence Capabilities of the United States Intelligence Community (in this title referred to as the ‘Commission’).

“SEC. 1302. COMPOSITION AND QUALIFICATIONS.

“(a) MEMBERSHIP.—(1) The Commission shall be composed of 17 members, as follows:

“(A) Nine members shall be appointed by the President from private life, no more than four of whom shall have previously held senior leadership positions in the intelligence community and no more than five of whom shall be members of the same political party.

“(B) Two members shall be appointed by the majority leader of the Senate, of whom one shall be a Member of the Senate and one shall be from private life.

“(C) Two members shall be appointed by the minority leader of the Senate, of whom one shall be a Member of the Senate and one shall be from private life.

“(D) Two members shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, of whom one shall be a Member of the House and one shall be from private life.

“(E) Two members shall be appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, of whom one shall be a Member of the House and one shall be from private life.

“(2) The members of the Commission appointed from private life under paragraph (1) shall be persons of demonstrated ability and accomplishment in government, business, law, academy, journalism, or other profession, who have a substantial background in national security matters.

“CHAIRMAN AND VICE CHAIRMAN.—The President shall designate two of the members appointed from private life to serve as Chairman and Vice Chairman, respectively, of the Commission.

“(c) PERIOD OF APPOINTMENT; VACANCIES.—Members shall be appointed for the life of
the Commission. Any vacancy in the Commission shall not affect its powers but shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.

(d) DEADLINE FOR APPOINTMENTS.—The appointments under subsection (a) shall be made within 45 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(e) MEETINGS.—(1) The Commission shall meet at the call of the Chairman.

(2) The Commission shall hold its first meeting not later than four months after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(3) Members of the Commission shall constitute a quorum, but a lesser number of members may hold hearings, take testimony, or receive evidence.

(g) SECURITY CLEARSANCES.—Appropriate security clearances shall be required for members of the Commission who are private United States citizens. Such clearances shall be processed and completed on an expedited basis by appropriate elements of the executive branch of Government and shall, in any case, be completed within 90 days of the date of appointment.

(h) APPLICATION OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF LAW.—(1) In light of the extraordinary and sensitive nature of its deliberations, the provisions of the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. App.), and the regulations prescribed by the Administrator of General Services pursuant to that Act, shall not apply to the Commission.

(2) The provisions of section 552 of title 5, United States Code (commonly known as the ‘‘Freedom of Information Act’’), shall not apply to the Commission. However, records of the Commission shall be subject to the Federal Records Act and, when transferred to the National Archives and Records Administration, shall no longer be exempt from the provisions of such section 552.

SEC. 1303. DUTIES OF THE COMMISSION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—It shall be the duty of the Commission—

(1) to review the efficacy and appropriate- ness of the counterintelligence capabilities of the United States; and

(2) to receive, consider, and transmit the reports described in section 1304.

(b) IMPLEMENTATION.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Commission shall specifically consider the following:

(1) Whether there should be established within the Federal Government a single entity responsible for the centralized oversight and coordination of government-wide counterintelligence policies and practices.

(2) Whether current personnel levels and training are adequate to meet the counterintelligence requirements of the United States.

(3) Whether current funding is adequate to meet the counterintelligence requirements of the United States.

(4) Whether current oversight of the counterintelligence activities of the United States by the executive branch and legislative branch is adequate, and, if not, what changes to such oversight are necessary.

(5) Whether current coordination of counterintelligence activities and issues among the departments and agencies of the Federal Government is adequate to meet the counterintelligence requirements of the United States.

(6) Whether current laws governing counterintelligence activities are appropriate for the counterintelligence requirements of the United States.

(7) Whether current investigative techniques (including the use of polygraph examinations, background investigations, and financial disclosure) are adequate for counterintelligence purposes.

(8) Whether and how a vigorous counterintelligence capability can coexist with the work which requires the exchange of scientific information.

(9) Whether the current assessment of the counterintelligence threat to the United States is accurate, and if not, how the assessment might be modified in order to improve its accuracy.

SEC. 1304. REPORTS.

(a) INITIAL REPORT.—Not later than two months after the first meeting of the Commission, the Commission shall transmit to the congressional intelligence committees a report setting forth its plan for the work of the Commission.

(b) INTERIM REPORTS.—Prior to the submission of the report required by subsection (c), the Commission may issue such interim reports as it finds necessary and desirable.

(c) FINAL REPORT.—No later than January 15, 2001, the Commission shall submit to the President and to the congressional defense and intelligence committees a report setting forth the activities, findings, and recommendations of the Commission, including any recommendations for the enactment of legislation which the Commission considers advisable. To the extent feasible, such report shall be unclassified and made available to the public. Such report shall be supplemented as necessary by a classified report or annex, which shall be provided separately to the President and the congressional defense and intelligence committees.

SEC. 1305. PERSONNEL MATTERS.

(a) COMPENSATION OF MEMBERS.—Each member of the Commission or, at its direction, any panel or member of the Commission, may, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this title, hold hearings, sit and act at times and places, take testimony, receive evidence, and administer oaths to the extent that the Commission or any panel or member considers advisable.

(b) INFORMATION FROM FEDERAL AGENCIES.—The Commission may secure directly from any intelligence agency or from any other department or agency, any information that the Commission considers necessary to enable the Commission to carry out its responsibilities under this title. Upon request of the Commission, the head of any such department or agency shall furnish such information expeditiously to the Commission.

(c) POSTAL, PRINTING AND BINDING SERVICES.—The Commission may use the United States mails and obtain printing and binding services in the same manner and under the same conditions as other departments and agencies of the Federal Government.

(d) SUBCOMMITTEES.—The Commission may establish panels composed of less than the full membership of the Commission for the purpose of carrying out the Commission’s duties. The actions of each such panel shall be subject to the review and control of the Commission. Any findings and determinations made by such a panel shall not be considered the findings and determinations of the Commission unless approved by the Commission.

(e) AUTHORITY OF INDIVIDUALS TO ACT FOR COMMISSION.—Any member or agent of the Commission may, in the name and by the Commission, take any action which the Commission is authorized to take under this title.

SEC. 1306. PERSONNEL MATTERS.

(a) COMPENSATION OF MEMBERS.—Each member of the Commission who is a private United States citizen shall be paid, if requested, at a rate equal to the daily equiva-
for the payment of compensation, travel allowances, and per diem allowances, respectively, of employees of the Central Intelligence Agency.

SEC. 1308. TERMINATION OF THE COMMISSION.

The Commission shall terminate one month after the date of the submission of the report required by section 1304(c).

SEC. 1309. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

(1) The term “intelligence agency” means any agency, office, or element of the intelligence community.

(2) The term “intelligence community” shall have the same meaning as set forth in section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a(4)).

(3) The term “congressional intelligence committees” refers to the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.

REID AMENDMENT NO. 448

Mr. LEVIN (for Mr. Reid) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

SEC. 1061. DESIGNATION OF DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS HOSPITAL BED REPLACEMENT BUILDING INreno, Nevada.

The hospital bed replacement building under construction at the Joannis A. Lougaris Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Center in Reno, Nevada, is hereby designated as the “Jack Streeter Building”. Any reference to that building in any law, regulation, or other paper of the United States shall be considered to be a reference to the Jack Streeter Building.

BRYAN (AND REID) AMENDMENT NO. 449

Mr. LEVIN (for Mr. Bryan, for himself and Mr. Reid) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

On page 416, in the table following line 13, insert after the item relating to Nellis Air Force Base, Nevada, the following new item:

| Nellis Air Force Base | $11,600,000 |

On page 417, in the table preceding line 1, strike “$628,133,000” in the amount column of the item relating to the total and insert “$639,733,000”.

On page 419, line 15, strike “$1,917,191,000” and insert “$1,928,791,000”.

On page 420, line 17, strike “$18,000,000” and insert “$18,000,000”.

HARKIN (AND BOXER) AMENDMENT NO. 450

Mr. LEVIN (for Mr. Harkin, for himself and Mrs. Boxer) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

In title VI, at the end of subtitle E, add the following:

SEC. 676. IMPLEMENTATION OF THE SPECIAL SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION PROGR\-AM.

(a) CLARIFICATION OF BENEFITS RESPONSIBILITY.—Subsection (a) of section 1060a of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “shall carry out a program to provide special supplemental food benefits” and inserting “shall carry out a program to provide supplemental foods and nutrition education”.

(b) FUNDING.—Subsection (b) of such section is amended to read as follows: “(b) FEDERAL PAYMENTS.—The Secretary of Defense shall use funds available for the Department of Defense to provide supplemental foods and nutrition education and to pay for costs for nutrition services and administration under the program required under subsection (a).”.

(c) PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION.—Subsection (c)(1)(A) of such section is amended by adding at the end the following: “In the determining of eligibility for the program benefits, a person already certified for participation in the special supplemental nutrition program for women, infants, and children under section 17 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1766) shall be considered eligible for the duration of the certification period under that program.”.

(d) NUTRITIONAL RISK STANDARDS.—Subsection (c)(1)(B) of such section is amended by inserting “and nutritional risk standards” after “income eligibility standards”.

(e) DEFINITIONS.—Subsection (f) of such section is amended by adding at the end the following: “(d) The terms ‘costs for nutrition services and administration’, ‘nutrition education’ and ‘supplemental foods’ have the meanings given the terms in paragraphs (4), (7), and (14), respectively, of section 17(b) of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1766(b)).”. On page 17, line 6, reduce the amount by $18,000,000.

LEAHY AMENDMENT NO. 451

Mr. LEVIN (for Mr. Leahy) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place in the bill, insert the following:

SEC. 1061. RUSSIAN NONSTRATEGIC NUCLEAR ARMS.

(a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) it is in the interest of Russia to fully implement the Presidential Nuclear Initiatives announced in 1991 and 1992 by then-President of the Soviet Union Gorbachev and then-President of Russia Yeltsin;

(2) the President of the United States should call on Russia to match the unilateral reductions in the United States inventory of tactical nuclear weapons, which have reduced the inventory by nearly 90 percent; and

(3) if the certification under section 104 is made, the President should emphasize the continued interest of the United States in working cooperatively with Russia to reduce the dangers associated with Russia’s tactical nuclear arsenal.

(b) ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—(1) Each annual report on accounting for United States assistance under Cooperative Threat Reduction programs that is submitted to Congress under section 1206 of Public Law 104–106 (110 Stat. 471; 22 U.S.C. 5955 note) after fiscal year 1999 shall include, regarding Russian nonstrategic nuclear warheads, the following: (A) Estimates regarding current types, numbers, yields, viability, locations, and deployment status of the warheads.

(B) An assessment of the strategic relevance of the warheads.

(c) VIEWS OF THE DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE.—The Director of Central Intelligence shall submit to Congress, for inclusion in the annual report under subsection (b), the Director’s views on the matters described in paragraph (1) of that subsection regarding Russia’s tactical nuclear weapons.

CONRAD AMENDMENTS NOS. 452–454

Mr. LEVIN (for Mr. Conrad) proposed three amendments to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

AMENDMENT NO. 452

In title II, at the end of subtitle C, add the following:

SEC. 225. REPORT ON NATIONAL MISSILE DE-
FENSE.

Not later than March 15, 2000, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress the Secretary’s assessment of the advantages of a two-site deployment of a ground-based National Missile Defense system, with special reference to considerations of defensive coverage, redundancy and survivability, and economies of scale.

AMENDMENT NO. 453

In title X, at the end of subtitle D, add the following:

SEC. 1061. RUSSIAN NONSTRATEGIC NUCLEAR ARMS.

(a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) it is in the interest of Russia to fully implement the Presidential Nuclear Initiatives announced in 1991 and 1992 by then-President of the Soviet Union Gorbachev and then-President of Russia Yeltsin;

(2) the President of the United States should call on Russia to match the unilateral reductions in the United States inventory of tactical nuclear weapons, which have reduced the inventory by nearly 90 percent; and

(3) if the certification under section 104 is made, the President should emphasize the continued interest of the United States in working cooperatively with Russia to reduce the dangers associated with Russia’s tactical nuclear arsenal.

(b) ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—(1) Each annual report on accounting for United States assistance under Cooperative Threat Reduction programs that is submitted to Congress under section 1206 of Public Law 104–106 (110 Stat. 471; 22 U.S.C. 5955 note) after fiscal year 1999 shall include, regarding Russian nonstrategic nuclear warheads, the following: (A) Estimates regarding current types, numbers, yields, viability, locations, and deployment status of the warheads.

(B) An assessment of the strategic relevance of the warheads.

(c) VIEWS OF THE DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE.—The Director of Central Intelligence shall submit to Congress, for inclusion in the annual report under subsection (b), the Director’s views on the matters described in paragraph (1) of that subsection regarding Russia’s tactical nuclear weapons.
LAUTENBERG AMENDMENT NO. 456
Mr. LEVIN (for Mr. LAUTENBERG) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:
On page 453, between lines 10 and 11, insert the following:

SEC. 2852. LAND CONVEYANCE, NIKE BATTERY 80, FAXBERT HOUSING SITE, EAST HANOVER TOWNSHIP, NEW JERSEY.

(a) CONVEYANCE AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary of the Army may convey, without consideration, to the Township Council of East Hanover, New Jersey (in this section referred to as the ‘‘Township’’), all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of real property, including improvements thereon, consisting of approximately 13.88 acres located near the unincorporated area of Hanover Neck in East Hanover, New Jersey, the former family housing site for Nike Battery 80. The purpose of the conveyance is to permit the Township to develop the parcel for affordable housing and for recreational purposes.

(b) DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.—The exact acreage and legal description of the real property to be conveyed under subsection (a) shall be determined in a survey satisfactory to the Secretary. The cost of the survey shall be borne by the Township.

(c) ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the conveyance under subsection (a) as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

SARBANES AMENDMENT NO. 457
Mr. LEVIN (for Mr. SARBANES) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:
At the end of subtitle E of title XXVIII, add the following:

SEC. . ONE-YEAR DELAY IN DEMOLITION OF RADIO TRANSMITTING FACILITY TOWERS AT NAVAL STATION, ANNAPOLIS, MARYLAND, TO FACILITATE TRANSFER OF TOWERS.

(a) ONE-YEAR DELAY.—The Secretary of the Navy may not obligate or expend any funds for the demolition of the naval radio transmitting towers described in subsection (b) during the one-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) COVERED TOWERS.—The naval radio transmitting towers described in this subsection are the three southeastern most naval radio transmitting towers located at Naval Station, Annapolis, Maryland that are scheduled for demolition as of the date of enactment of this Act.

(c) TRANSFER OF TOWERS.—The Secretary may transfer to the State of Maryland, or the County of Anne Arundel, Maryland, all right, title, and interest (including maintenance responsibilities and requirements under applicable laws) to the four ranges referenced in section 2901 and transmit such proposal to the Congress no later than July 1, 1999.
Mr. WARNER proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

On page 83, between lines 2 and 3, insert:

SEC. 349. (a) AUTHORITY TO MAKE PAYMENTS.—Subject to the provisions of this section, the Secretary of Defense is authorized to make payments for the settlement of the claims arising from the deaths caused by the accident involving a United States Marine Corps EA-6B aircraft on February 3, 1998, near Cavalese, Italy and the subsequent determination that parties involved in the accident obstructed the investigation by disposing of evidence.

(b) DEADLINE FOR EXERCISE OF AUTHORITY.—The Secretary shall make the decision to exercise the authority in subsection (a) not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

(c) SOURCE OF PAYMENTS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, of the amounts appropriated or otherwise made available for the Department of Navy for operation and maintenance for fiscal year 2000 or other unexpended balances from prior years, the Secretary shall make available $40 million only for emergency and extraordinary expenses associated with the settlement of the claims arising from the accident and the subsequent determination that parties involved in the accident obstructed the investigation by disposing of evidence described in subsection (a).

(d) AMOUNT OF PAYMENT.—The amount of the payment under this section in settlement of the claims arising from the death of any person associated with the accident described in subsection (a) may not exceed $2,000,000.

(e) TREATMENT OF PAYMENTS.—Any amount paid to a person under this section is intended to supplement any amount subsequently determined to be payable to the person under section 127 or chapter 70 of title 10, United States Code, or any other provision of law for administrative settlement of claims against the United States with respect to damages arising from the accident described in subsection (a).

(f) CONSTRUCTION.—The payment of an amount under this section may not be considered a statement of liability on the part of the United States or otherwise as evidence of any material fact in any judicial proceeding or investigation arising from the accident described in subsection (a).

Mr. LEVIN (for Mr. ROBB) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

 Amend the tables in section 2301 to include $7.8 million for C130 squadron operations/AMU facility at the Little Rock Air Force Base in Little Rock, Arkansas. Further amend Section 2304 to so include the adjustments.

SMITH AMENDMENT NO. 463

Mr. WARNER (for Mr. Smith of New Hampshire) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

On page 429, line 5, strike out "$172,472,000" and insert in lieu thereof "$159,349,000".

On page 411, in the table below, insert after item related Mississippi Naval Construction Battalion Center, Gulfport following new item:

New Hampshire NSY Portsmouth $3,850,000

HELMS AMENDMENT NO 464

Mr. WARNER (for Mr. HELMS) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

Insert at the appropriate place in the bill:

SEC. 314. ADDITIONAL AMOUNTS FOR DRUG INTERD ICTION AND COUNTER-DRUG ACTIVITIES.

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF ADDITIONAL AMOUNT.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the amount authorized to be appropriated by section 301(a)(20) is hereby increased by $59,200,000.

(b) USE OF ADDITIONAL AMOUNTS.—Of the amounts authorized by this section, funds shall be available in the following amounts for the purposes:

(1) $6,000,000 shall be available for Operation Caper Focus.

(2) $17,500,000 shall be available for a Relocatable Over the Horizon (ROTH) capability for the Eastern Pacific based in the continental United States.

(3) $2,700,000 shall be available for forward looking infrared radars for P-3 aircraft.

(4) $8,000,000 shall be available for enhanced intelligence capabilities.

(5) $5,000,000 shall be used for Mothership Operations.

(6) $20,000,000 shall be used for National Guard State plans.

(7) Of the amounts authorized by this Act, the total amount available for...
Mr. WARNER (for Mr. HELMS, for himself and Mr. BOND) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

SEC. 2911. EMBARKATION POINTS.

It is the sense of the Senate that—

(1) it is vital to the national interest that the withdrawal of the lands withdrawn by paragraph 1(c) of the Military Lands Withdrawal Act of 1986 (Public Law 99–606), relating to Barry M. Goldwater Air Force Range and the Cabazon Prieta National Wildlife Refuge, which would otherwise expire in 2001, be renewed in 1999;

(2) the renewed withdrawal of such lands is critical to meet the military training requirements of the Armed Forces and to provide the Armed Forces with experience necessary to defend the national interests;

(3) the Armed Forces currently carry out environmental stewardship of such lands in a comprehensive and focused manner; and

(4) a continuation in high-quality management of United States natural and cultural resources is required if the United States is to preserve its national heritage.

HATCH AMENDMENT NO. 472

Mr. LEVIN (for Mr. HATCH) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

SEC. 3. AUTHORITY FOR PUBLIC BENEFIT TRANSFERS TO CERTAIN TAX-SUPPORTED EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS OF SURPLUS PROPERTY UNDER THE BASE CLOSURE LAWS.

(a) In general.—(1) Notwithstanding any provision of the applicable base closure law or any provision of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, the Administrator of General Services may transfer to institutions described in subsection (b) the facilities described in subsection (a). Any such transfer shall be without consideration to the United States.

(b) Covered institutions.—An institution eligible for the transfer of a facility under subsection (a) is any tax-supported educational institution that agrees to use the facility for—

(1) student instruction;

(2) the provision of services to individual with disabilities;

(3) the health and welfare of students;

(4) the storage of instructional materials or other materials directly related to the administration of student instruction; or

(5) other educational purposes.

(c) Available facilities.—A facility available for transfer under subsection (a) is any facility that—

(1) is located at a military installation approved for closure or realignment under a base closure law;

(2) has been determined to be surplus property under that base closure law; and

(3) is available for disposal as of the date of the enactment of this Act.

(d) Definitions.—In this section—

(1) the term ‘‘base closure law’’ means the following:


(2) The term ‘‘tax-supported educational institution’’ means any tax-supported educational institution covered by section 283(k)(1)(A) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 484(k)(1)(A)).
Mr. LEVIN, for Mr. EDWARDS, proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra, as follows:

In title VI, at the end of subtitle B, add the following:

SEC. 629. SENSE OF THE SENATE REGARDING TAX TREATMENT OF MEMBERS RECEIVING SPECIAL PAY.

It is the sense of the Senate that members of the Armed Forces who receive special pay for duty subject to hostile fire or imminent danger (57 U.S.C. 310) should receive the same tax treatment as members serving in combat zones.

GRAMM AMENDMENT NO. 474

Mr. WARNER (for Mr. GRAMM, for himself, Mr. ASHCROFT, Mr. COVERDELL, Mr. LOTT, and Mrs. HUTCHISON) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

On page 387, below line 24, add the following:

SEC. 1061. COMMEMORATION OF THE VICTORY OF FREEDOM IN THE COLD WAR.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The Cold War between the United States and the former Union of Soviet Socialist Republics was the longest and most costly struggle for democracy and freedom in the history of mankind.

(2) Whether millions of people all over the world would live in freedom hinged on the outcome of the Cold War.

(3) Democratic countries bore the burden of the struggle and paid the costs in order to preserve and promote democracy and freedom.

(4) The Armed Forces and the taxpayers of the United States bore the greatest portion of such a burden and struggle in order to protect such principles.

(5) Tens of thousands of United States soldiers, sailors, Marines, and airmen paid the ultimate price during the Cold War in order to preserve the freedoms and liberties enjoyed by democratic nations.

(6) The Berlin Wall erected in Berlin, Germany, epitomized the totalitarianism that the United States struggled to eradicate during the Cold War.

(7) The fall of the Berlin Wall on November 9, 1989, marked the beginning of the end for Soviet totalitarianism, and thus the end of the Cold War.

(8) November 9, 1999, is the 10th anniversary of the fall of the Berlin Wall.

(b) DESIGNATION OF VICTORY IN THE COLD WAR DAY.—Congress hereby—

(1) designates November 9, 1999, as “Victory in the Cold War Day”; and

(2) requests that the President issue a proclamation calling on the people of the United States to observe that week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

(c) COLD WAR VICTORY MEDAL.—Chapter 57 of Title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“§ 1133. Cold War medal: award; issue.

“(a) There is hereby authorized an award of an appropriate decoration, as provided for under subsection (b), to all individuals who served in the United States Armed Forces during the Cold War in order to recognize the contributions of such individuals to United States victory in the Cold War.

“(b) The Joint Chiefs of Staff shall, under regulations prescribed by the President, design for purposes of this section a decoration called the ‘Reagan–Truman Victory in the Cold War Medal’. The decoration shall be of appropriate design, with ribbons and appurtenances.

“(c) Period of Cold War.—For purposes of this section, the term ‘Cold War’ means the period beginning on August 14, 1945, and ending on November 9, 1989.”.

(d) PARTICIPATION OF ARMED FORCES IN CELEBRATION OF ANNIVERSARY OF END OF COLD WAR.—(1) Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3), amounts authorized to be appropriated by section 301(1) shall be available for the purpose of covering the costs of the Armed Forces in participating in a celebration of the 10th anniversary of the end of the Cold War to be held in Washington, District of Columbia, on November 9, 1999.

(2) The total amount of funds available under paragraph (1) for the purpose set forth in that paragraph may not exceed $15,000,000.

(3)(A) The Secretary of Defense may accept contributions from the private sector for the purpose of reducing the costs of the Armed Forces described in paragraph (1).

(B) The amount of funds available under paragraph (1) for the purpose set forth in that paragraph may not exceed an amount equal to the amount of contributions accepted by the Secretary under subparagraph (A).

(j) COMMISSION ON VICTORY IN THE COLD WAR.—(1) There is hereby established a commission to be known as the “Commission on Victory in the Cold War” (in this subsection to be referred to as the ‘Commission’). (2) The Commission shall be composed of seven individuals, as follows:

(A) Three shall be appointed by the President, in consultation with the Majority Leader of the Senate and the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives.

(B) Two shall be appointed by the Majority Leader of the Senate.

(C) Two shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

(3) The Commission is authorized as its duty to conduct an investigation of the Armed Forces in the celebration referred to in paragraph (1) of this section, and to report whether such funds are derived from funds of the United States or from amounts contributed by the private sector under paragraph (3)(A) of that subsection.

(4) In addition to the duties provided for under paragraph (3), the Commission shall also have the authority to design and award medals and decorations to current and former public officials and other individuals whose efforts were vital to United States victory in the Cold War.

SMITH AMENDMENT NO. 475

Mr. WARNER (for Mr. SMITH of New Hampshire) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

On page 357, between lines 11 and 12, insert the following:

SEC. 1032. REPORT ON MILITARY-TO-MILITARY CONTACTS WITH THE PEOPLES REPUBLIC OF CHINA.

(a) REPORT.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report on military-to-military contacts with the People’s Republic of China.

(b) REPORT ELEMENTS.—The report shall include the following:

(1) A list of the general and flag grade officers of the People’s Liberation Army who have visited United States military installations since January 1, 1993.

(2) The itinerary of the visits referred to in paragraph (1), including the installations visited, the duration of the visits, and the activities conducted during the visits.

(3) The involvement, if any, of the general and flag officers referred to in paragraph (2) in the Tiananmen Square massacre of June 1989.

(4) A list of facilities in the People’s Republic of China that United States military officers have visited as a result of any military-to-military contact program between the United States and the People’s Republic of China since January 1, 1993.

(5) A list of facilities in the People’s Republic of China that have been the subject of a requested visit by the Department of Defense which has been denied by the People’s Republic of China authorities.

(6) A list of facilities in the United States that have been the subject of a requested visit by the People’s Liberation Army which has been denied by the United States.

(7) Any official documentation, such as memoranda for the record, after-action reports, and final itineraries, and any receipts for expenses over $1,000, concerning military-to-military contacts or exchanges between the United States and the People’s Republic of China.

(8) The report shall be submitted no later than March 31, 2000 and shall be unclassified but may contain a classified annex.

THOMAS AMENDMENT NO. 476

Mr. WARNER (for Mr. THOMAS) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place in the bill, insert the following new section and renumber any following sections accordingly:

SEC. . IMPLEMENTATION OF THE FEDERAL ACTIVITIES INVENTORY REFORM ACT.

The Federal Activities Inventory Reform Act of 1998 (P.L. 105-270) shall be implemented by an Executive Order issued by the President.

HUTCHISON AMENDMENT NO. 477

Mr. WARNER (for Mrs. HUTCHISON) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place in the bill, insert the following:

SEC. .
TITLE XIII—CHEMICAL DEMILITARIZATION ACTIVITIES

SEC. 1301. SHORT TITLE.
This title may be cited as the “Communify-Army Cooperation Act of 1999”.

SEC. 1302. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.
(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
(1) Between 1945 and 1989, the national security interests of the United States required the deployment and storage of weapons of mass destruction throughout the geographical United States.
(2) The United States is a party to international commitments and treaties which require the decommissioning or destruction of certain of these weapons.
(3) The United States has ratified the Chemical Weapons Convention which requires the destruction of the United States chemical weapons stockpile by April 29, 2007.
(4) Section 1412 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986 (50 U.S.C. 1521) provides that the Department of the Army shall be the executive agent for the destruction of the chemical stockpile.
(5) In 1988, the Department of the Army determined that on-site incineration of chemical weapons at the eight chemical weapons storage and destruction facilities in the United States would provide the safest and most efficient means for the destruction of the chemical weapons stockpile.
(6) The communities in the vicinity of such locations have expressed concern over the safety of the process to be used for the incineration of the chemical weapons stockpile.
(7) Sections 1412 and 1414 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993 (Public Law 102–102) and section 8065 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 1997 (Public Law 104–206) require that the Department of the Army employ methods other than incineration for the destruction of the chemical weapons stockpile.
(8) Compliance with the 2007 deadline for the destruction of the United States chemical weapons stockpile in accordance with the Chemical Weapons Convention will require accelerated funding and the expediting and transporting of United States chemical weapons.
(9) The decommissioning or transporting of such weapons has caused, or will cause, environmental, economic, and social disruptions.
(10) It is appropriate for the United States to mitigate such disruptions.
(b) PURPOSE.—It is the purpose of this title to provide for the mitigation of the environmental, economic, and social disruptions to communities and Indian tribes resulting from the on-site decommissioning of chemical agents and munitions, and related materials, at chemical demilitarization facilities in the United States.

SEC. 1303. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
It is the sense of Congress that the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of the Army shall accelerate the demilitarization of chemical agents and munitions, and related materials, and (A) accelerate the decommissioning of chemical agents and munitions, and related materials; and (B) enforce budget discipline on the chemical demilitarization program of the United States while mitigating the disruption to communities and Indian tribes resulting from the onsite decommissioning of the chemical weapons stockpile at chemical demilitarization facilities in the United States.

SEC. 1304. DECOMMISSIONING OF UNITED STATES CHEMICAL WEAPONS STOCKPILE.
(a) IN GENERAL.—As executive agent for the chemical demilitarization program of the United States, the Department of the Army shall facilitate, expedite, and accelerate the decommissioning of the United States chemical weapons stockpile so as to complete the decommissioning of that stockpile by April 29, 2007, as required by the Chemical Weapons Convention.

SEC. 1305. ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS.
(a) IN GENERAL.—Upon the direction of the Secretary of the Army, the Comptroller of the Army shall make economic assistance payments to communities and Indian tribes directly affected by the decommissioning of chemical agents and munitions and related materials, at chemical demilitarization facilities in the United States.

SEC. 1306. DECOMMISSIONING PROCEEDINGS.
(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
(1) The United States has more than 6,000 active-duty divisions from the Western Pacific to the Mediterranean; its largest force is more than 300 separate missions.
(2) The United States has diverted permanently assigned resources from other theaters to support operations in the Balkans.
(3) The United States provides military forces to seven active United Nations peacekeeping operations, including some missions that have continued for decades or more.
(4) Between 1986 and 1996, the number of American military deployments per year has nearly tripled at the same time the Department of Defense budget has been reduced in real terms by 38 percent.
(5) The Army has 10 active-duty divisions today, down from 22 in 1991, while 70 percent of air superiority in Operation Allied Force over the Balkans are U.S.-flown and the Air Force continues to enforce northern and southern no-fly zones in Iraq. In response, the Air Force has a "stop loss" program to block normal retirements and separations.
(6) The United States Navy has been reduced in size to 339 ships, its lowest level since 1938, necessitating the redeployment of the only overseas homeported aircraft carrier from the Western Pacific to the Mediterranean to support Operation Allied Force; 12 percent of eligible carrier naval aviators—27 out of 261—accepted continuation bonuses and remained in service.
(7) In 1998 48 percent of Air Force pilots eligible for continuation opted to leave the service.
(8) The Army has 10 active-duty divisions in the United States.
(9) The Army has 10 active-duty divisions.
(10) Active Air Force fighter wings have gone from 22 to 13 since 1991, while 70 percent of air superiority in Operation Allied Force over the Balkans are U.S.-flown and the Air Force continues to enforce northern and southern no-fly zones in Iraq. In response, the Air Force has a "stop loss" program to block normal retirements and separations.
(11) The United States Navy has been reduced in size to 339 ships, its lowest level since 1938, necessitating the redeployment of the only overseas homeported aircraft carrier from the Western Pacific to the Mediterranean to support Operation Allied Force; 12 percent of eligible carrier naval aviators—27 out of 261—accepted continuation bonuses and remained in service.
(12) In 1998 48 percent of Air Force pilots eligible for continuation opted to leave the service.
(13) The Army could fall 6,000 below Congressionally authorized troop strength by the end of 1999.
(b) Sense of Congress:
(1) It is the sense of Congress that—
(A) The readiness of U.S. military forces to execute the National Security Strategy of the United States is being eroded from a combination of declining defense budgets and continued missions;
(B) There may be missions to which the United States is contributing Armed Forces from which the United States can begin disengaging;
(c) Report Requirement.
(1) Not later than March 1, 2000, the President shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives, and to the Committees on Appropriations in both Houses, a report prioritizing the ongoing global missions to which the United States is contributing troops. The President shall include in the report a feasibility analysis of how the United States can—
(1) shift resources from low priority missions in support of higher priority missions;
(2) consolidate or reduce U.S. troop commitments worldwide;
(3) end low priority missions.

SMITH (AND WYDEN) AMENDMENT—NO. 478
Mr. WARNER (for Mr. Smith of Oregon, for himself and Mr. Wyden) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:
On page 404, below line 22, add the following:
(A) accelerate the decommissioning of chemical agents and munitions, and related materials; and
(B) enforce budget discipline on the chemical demilitarization program of the United States while mitigating the disruption to communities and Indian tribes resulting from the onsite decommissioning of the chemical weapons stockpile at chemical demilitarization facilities in the United States.
(f) COMPUTATION OF PAYMENT.—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amount of each payment under this section with respect to a chemical demilitarization facility shall be the amount equal to $10,000 multiplied by the lesser of the aggregate amount required by subsection (c)(1), or

(2) The amount of the final payment under this section shall be the amount equal to the difference between such aggregate amount and the minimum amount required by subsection (c)(1).

(B) This paragraph shall not apply with respect to a facility if the decommissioning of chemical agents and munitions, and related materials, continues at the facility after April 29, 2007.

(g) INTEREST ON UNTIMELY PAYMENTS.—(1) Any amount required to be paid under this section for an applicable payment period after the date specified for that period in subsection (d) shall include, in addition to the payment amount otherwise provided for under this section, interest at the rate of 1.5 percent per month.

(2) Amounts of payments of interest under this paragraph shall be derived from amounts available for the Department of Defense, other than amounts available for chemical demilitarization activities.

(h) USE OF PAYMENTS.—(1) A community or Indian tribe receiving a payment under this section may utilize amounts of the payment for such purposes as the community or Indian tribe, as the case may be, considers appropriate in its sole discretion.

SEC. 1306. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND USE OF FACILITIES.

Paragraph (2) of section 1412(c) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986 (50 U.S.C. 1521(c)) is amended to read as follows:

“(2) Facilities constructed to carry out this section may not be used for any other purpose than the destruction of the following:

“(i) The United States stockpile of lethal chemical agents and munitions that exist on the basis of population, as determined by the most recent available census, on April 29, 2007.

“(ii) The United States stockpile of chemical agents and munitions or related materials, at the facility for purposes of determining the responsibility of the entity for any matters raised by the action of the United States under section 1305 while so participating in such action.

“(2)(A) A court of the United States may assess damages against a nongovernmental entity for any payment that contribute to the failure of the United States to decommission chemical agents and munitions, or related materials, at the facility concerned by April 29, 2007, in accordance with the Chemical Weapons Convention.

“(B) The damages assessed under subparagraph (A) may include the imposition of liability on an entity for any payment that would otherwise be required of the United States under section 1305 with respect to the facility concerned.

SEC. 1308. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

(1) CHEMICAL AGENT AND MUNITION.—The term "chemical agent and munition" has the meaning given that term in section 1412(j)(1) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986 (50 U.S.C. 1521(j)(1)).


(3) COMMUNITY.—The term "community" means a country, parish, or other unit of local government.

(4) DECOMMISSION.—The term "decommission", with respect to a chemical agent and munition, or related material, means the decommissioning of chemical agents and munitions, or related materials, at a chemical demilitarization facility in the United States in accordance with the provisions of section 1412 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986 (50 U.S.C. 1521).

(5) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term "Indian tribe" has the meaning given the term in section 4(e) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450(b)).

congressional record—senate
THURMOND AMENDMENT NO. 479

Mr. WARNER (for Mr. THURMOND) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 1059, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place insert the following:


(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate makes the following findings:

(1) On September 13, 1997, a German Luftwaffe Tupolev TU–154M aircraft collided with a United States Air Force C–141 Starlifter aircraft off the coast of Namibia.

(2) As a result of that collision nine members of the United States Air Force were killed, namely Staff Sergeant Stacey D. Bryant, 82, loadmaster, Providence, Rhode Island; Staff Sergeant Gary A. Bucknam, 25, flight engineer, Oakland, Maine; Captain Gregory M. Cindrich, 28, pilot, Byrans Road, Maryland; Airman 1st Class Justin R. Drager, 19, loadmaster, Colorado Springs, Colorado; Staff Sergeant Robert K. Evans, 31, flight engineer, Garrison, Kentucky; Captain Jason S. Ramsey, 27, pilot, South Boston, Virginia; Staff Sergeant Scott N. Roberts, 27, flight engineer, Library, Pennsylvania; Captain Peter C. Vallejo, 34, aircraft commander, Crestwood, New York; and Senior Airman Frankie L. Walker, 23, crew chief, Windber, Pennsylvania.

(b) Procedures for filing claims under the Status of Forces Agreement are unavailable for the families of the members of the United States Air Force killed in the collision.

(c) The families of the members of the United States Air Force killed in the collision have filed claims against the Government of Germany.

(d) The Government of Germany and the families of the victims of the collision promptly settle with the families of the victims of the collision.

(e) With respect to the collision described in that paragraph.

(f) The families of the members of the Armed Forces assigned responsibility for the accident off the coast of Namibia on September 13, 1997;

(g) The families of the members of the United States Air Force killed in the collision described in paragraph (1) with respect to the collision described in that paragraph.

Sec. 2108. 3-Methoxycarbonylaminophenyl-N-(phenmedipham).

Sec. 2107. 3-Amino-p-cresol.

Sec. 2106. Ethofumesate singularly or in mixture with application adjuvants.

Sec. 2105. 6-Amino-1,3-naphthalenedisulfonic acid.

Sec. 2104. 4-Chloro-3-nitrobenzenesulfonic acid, monosodium salt.

Sec. 2103. 2,4-Dichloro-5-hydrazinophenol.

Sec. 2102. Racemic dl-menthol.

Sec. 2101. 6-Bromo-2,4-dinitroaniline.

Sec. 2100. 7-Acetylamino-4-hydroxy-2-naphthalenesulfonic acid, monosodium salt.

Sec. 2109. 2-Amino-p-cresol.

Sec. 2108. 3-Ethoxycarbonylaminophenyl-N-(phenmedipham).

Sec. 2107. 3-Methoxycarbonylaminophenyl-N-(phenmedipham).

Sec. 2106. Ethofumesate singularly or in mixture with application adjuvants.

Sec. 2105. 6-Amino-1,3-naphthalenedisulfonic acid.

Sec. 2104. 4-Chloro-3-nitrobenzenesulfonic acid, monosodium salt.

Sec. 2103. 2,4-Dichloro-5-hydrazinophenol.

Sec. 2102. Racemic dl-menthol.

Sec. 2101. 6-Bromo-2,4-dinitroaniline.

Sec. 2100. 7-Acetylamino-4-hydroxy-2-naphthalenesulfonic acid, monosodium salt.

Sec. 2109. 2-Amino-p-cresol.

Sec. 2108. 3-Ethoxycarbonylaminophenyl-N-(phenmedipham).

Sec. 2107. 3-Methoxycarbonylaminophenyl-N-(phenmedipham).

Sec. 2106. Ethofumesate singularly or in mixture with application adjuvants.

Sec. 2105. 6-Amino-1,3-naphthalenedisulfonic acid.

Sec. 2104. 4-Chloro-3-nitrobenzenesulfonic acid, monosodium salt.

Sec. 2103. 2,4-Dichloro-5-hydrazinophenol.

Sec. 2102. Racemic dl-menthol.

Sec. 2101. 6-Bromo-2,4-dinitroaniline.

Sec. 2100. 7-Acetylamino-4-hydroxy-2-naphthalenesulfonic acid, monosodium salt.

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