service area licensing proceeding within 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) SERVICE REQUIREMENTS.—The Commission shall provide that, as a condition of an applicant’s license, pursuant to a covered rural service area licensing proceeding, the applicant shall provide cellular radio-telephone service to subscribers in accordance with sections 22.946 and 22.947 of the Commission’s rules (47 CFR 22.946, 22.947); except that the time period applicable under section 22.947 of the Commission’s rules (or any successor rules) to the applicants identified in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of section 4(1) shall be 3 years rather than 5 years and the waiver authority of the Commission shall apply to such 3-year period.

(c) CALCULATION OF LICENSE FEE.—

(1) FEE REQUIRED.—The Commission shall establish a fee for each of the licenses under the covered rural service area licensing proceeding. In determining the amount of the fee, the Commission shall consider:

(A) the average price paid per paid per person served in the Commission’s Cellular Unserved Auction (Auction No. 12); and

(B) the settlement payments required to be paid by the permittees pursuant to the consent decree entered into by the Commission in the Commission’s order, In re the Tellesis Partners (7 FCC Rcd #370 on August 24, 1989 (formerly Cellwave Communications Limited Partnership chosen by the California general partnership chosen by the Delaware limited partnership chosen by the California general partnership chosen by the Delaware limited partnership)), applying the Federal Communications Commission’s rules (47 CFR 22.946, 22.947); except that the time period applicable under section 22.947 of the Commission’s rules for grant of the license.

(d) PAYMENT FOR LICENSES.—No later than 18 months after the date that an applicant is granted a license, each applicant shall pay to the Commission the fee established pursuant to subsection (c) of this section for the license granted to the applicant under subsection (a).

(e) AUCTION AUTHORITY.—If, after the amendment of an application pursuant to section 4(a)(2) of this Act, the Commission finds that the applicant is ineligible for grant of a license to provide cellular radio-telephone services for a rural service area or the applicant meets the requirements under subsection (b) of this section, the Commission shall grant the license for which the applicant is the tentative selectee (pursuant to section 308(j)(1) by competitive bidding pursuant to section 308(j) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 308(j)).

SEC. 3. PROHIBITION OF TRANSFER.

During the 5-year period that begins on the date that an applicant is granted any license pursuant to section 1, the Commission may not authorize the transfer or assignment of that license under section 316 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 316). Nothing in this Act may be construed to prohibit any applicant granted a license pursuant to section 1 from contracting with other licensees to improve cellular telephone service.

SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.

For the purposes of this Act, the following definitions shall apply:

(A) APPLICANT.—The term “applicant” means—

(1) A Great Western Cellular Partners, a California general partnership chosen by the Commission as tentative selectee for RSA #492 on May 4, 1989;

(B) Monroe Telephone Services L.P., a Delaware limited partnership chosen by the Commission as tentative selectee for RSA #370 on August 24, 1989 (formerly Cellwave Telephone Services L.P.); and

(C) FutureWave General Partners L.P., a Delaware limited partnership chosen by the Commission as tentative selectee for RSA #615 on May 25, 1990.

(2) COMMISSION.—The term “Commission” means the Federal Communications Commission.

(3) COVERED RURAL SERVICE AREA LICENSING PROCEEDING.—The term “covered rural service area licensing proceeding” mean the proceeding of the Commission for the grant of cellular radiotelephone licenses for rural service areas #492 (Minnesota 11), #370 (Florida 11), and #615 (California 4).

(4) TENTATIVE SELECTEE.—The term “tentative selectee” means a party that has been selected by the Commission under a licensing proceeding for grant of a license, but has not yet been granted the license because the Commission has not yet determined whether the party is qualified under the Commission’s rules for grant of the license.

HONORING ROSE ANN VUICH

HON. GEORGE RADANOVICH
OF CALIFORNIA
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Thursday, May 27, 1999

Mr. RADANOVICH. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to introduce a brief biography on Senator Rose Ann Vuich, who, for her ethical leadership, has been honored with an award in her namesake. The Rose Ann Vuich Ethical Leadership Award is designed to increase ethical sensitivity, raise expectations for behavior and acknowledge personal integrity. The first recipient of the award was Fresno County Supervisor Sharon Levy. This year’s recipient is Lindsay Mayor Valenano Saucedo.

Rose Ann Vuich was the daughter of immigrant parents who grew up on a farm in rural Tulare County. She became a small-town accountant and went on to California State Senate as the first woman ever to serve in that body. Although at first she was reluctant to run for the office, she eventually (in her own words) “tore into that campaign and campaigned from morning till night, in my own grass-roots, down-to-earth way * * *” Rose Ann won the primary by only 242 votes and faced an uphill battle in the run-off. Despite comments from political pros that said she didn’t have a chance, she kept moving forward in a very simple and effective campaign and eventually won the election by more than 2,600 votes in 1976.

Rose Ann’s first election was the last hard-fought election she would face. She so handily swept her challengers in 1980 and 1984 that nobody ran against her in 1988. Had she chosen to run in 1992, it’s likely she would have run unopposed again.

The reason she became progressively more effective delivery of service.

In addendum to her biography, I would be remiss if I failed to recognize Rose Ann for the recent dedication to her of the Rose Ann Vuich Interchange. The Interchange, which links three major Fresno freeways, was named after the lawmaker who got it built. Vuich made the completion of Freeway 41 the centerpiece of her 1976 election campaign. Her vision has finally been realized.

Mr. Speaker, it is with great pleasure that I recognize Rose Ann Vuich, a woman of vision and integrity. I urge my colleagues to join me in wishing her a bright future, and many years of continued success.

HONORING ROBERT B. ADERHOLT
OF ALABAMA
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Thursday, May 27, 1999

Mr. ADERHOLT. Mr. Speaker, I would like to pay tribute to the City of Haleyville, Alabama, as it holds the annual 911/Heritage Festival in June of each year. On Friday February 16, 1968 the Speaker of the Alabama House, Rankin Fite dialed 911 in Haleyville Mayor James Whitt’s office and Congressman Tom Bivell picked up the receiver in the Haleyville Police Station resulting in America’s first emergency dial telephone service.

Since that first call in 1968, the overall plan to establish this service nationwide has been implemented and become second nature to the American people. Today anyone can dial 911 in any type of emergency, such as sickness, fire, police, or ambulance and a police man on duty will immediately summon the help needed. Although there are no specific figures available, it is clear the 911 service has saved countless lives across the country.

This impressive accomplishment all began in the city of Haleyville which is in the Fourth Congressional District of Alabama. As a lifelong resident of the city of Haleyville, I am proud of this achievement and pay tribute to this accomplishment which is something we can all support.

HONORING ROBERT ROGERS’ UPON HIS RETIREMENT FROM THE EWING MARION KAUFFMAN FOUNDATION

HON. KAREN MCCARTHY
OF MISSOURI
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Thursday, May 27, 1999

Ms. MCCARTHY of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor Robert “Bob” Rogers upon his retirement from the position of Chairman of the Board of the Ewing Marion Kauffman Foundation, which he has held since 1993. Fortunately, Mr. Rogers will continue to serve...
as the Chairman Emeritus on the Board and pursue his involvement in civic and community service at a national level. I know his valuable work will continue as he serves on the boards of the Independent Sector, the Council on Foundations, America’s Promise, the Alliance for Youth, American College Testing, and the Corporation for National Service.

During his tenure as Chairman of the Board for the Ewing Marion Kauffman Foundation, Mr. Rogers was instrumental in the development of the strategic direction of both Foundation operating divisions: Youth Development and the Kauffman Center for Entrepreneurial Leadership. Under his guidance, these two divisions have effectively impacted youth development and entrepreneurial causes.

Before his career with Ewing Marion Kauffman, Mr. Rogers had a distinguished career in the private sector, working for Coopers and Lybrand, TWA, Waddell and Reed, and Gateway Capital. This experience, as well as his personal life experiences have allowed him to shape and guide the Ewing Marion Kauffman Foundation to a position as an effective leader of youth development programming and entrepreneurship training into the new millennium.

Mr. Rogers is an inspiration to me—his dedication and commitment to public service serves as example to all of us who work to make our constituents lives better. Please join me in thanking him for his service to our community and the nation, Mr. Speaker.

A TRIBUTE TO THE MAXEY FAMILY

HON. BOB SCHaffer
OF COLORADO
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Thursday, May 27, 1999

Mr. SCHaffer. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to the Maxey Family in the 4th District of Colorado. Started by Loren Maxey in 1969, Maxey Companies will celebrate their thirtieth anniversary this June.

When Maxey Companies was started thirty years ago it was comprised of one division. Today Carl Maxey, Loren’s son, and his wife Marla have expanded the company to four divisions. This expansion took twelve years of labor which I believe mirrors the work ethic of Colorado’s 4th District.

Today Maxey Companies’ four divisions manufacture, equip, distribute and sell trailers, truck bodies, truck equipment and snow removal equipment. Mr. Speaker, on June 4th, 1999, Maxey Companies will officially open the doors to an expansion of Max-Air Trailer Sales, 9715 Brighton Road, Brighton, Colorado.

On a personal note Mr. Speaker, I have known the Maxey family for many years and am proud to count them among the best of my friends. The Maxeys are known widely as a family dedicated to their community.

The Maxeys are always there for their friends, neighbors and associates. I know of no family that outpaces the Maxeys when it comes to volunteerism and leadership. Loren, for example, has punctuated his community dedication by distinguished service on the Fort Collins City Council. Carl, has emerged as one of Fort Collins’ most respected business leaders.

Kathy Maxey, and Marla Maxey have accumulated countless hours of volunteer time too, serving area youth and those suffering mental illness and developmental disabilities.

As a strong close-knit family, the Maxeys are the finest example of real America. The loving bond of the Maxey family is their trade-mark. A model for all, the Maxeys inspire those who know them through their honesty, hard work, generosity, kindness, and pejil.

I hereby commend the example of the Maxeys to my colleagues in Congress and salute this brilliant Colorado Family upon their great success.

The entire Maxey family, their business, employees, and their collective good works are truly among Colorado’s greatest assets.

EXTENSIONS OF REMARKS

John P. Barrett, Boys Hope/Girls Hope Heart of Gold Award Recipient

HON. ROB PORTMAN
OF OHIO
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Thursday, May 27, 1999

Mr. PORTMAN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize the contributions of John Barrett, a friend, distinguished constituent and community leader who will receive Cincinnati’s Boys Hope/Girls Hope’s highest honor the Heart of Gold Award, on June 1, 1999.

As a member of the Board of Boys Hope/Girls Hope in Cincinnati, John Barrett has given countless hours of his personal time to further the organization’s important mission of helping vulnerable young people in our area. Boys Hope/Girls Hope works to overcome the obstacles of poverty, abuse and neglect and provide a structured, caring educational experience for those deserving students through high school and college. John’s enthusiasm for this organization is contagious and he has been instrumental in attracting others in the business community to this most worthy cause.

John Barrett believes in giving back to his community and he is particularly committed to improving the lives of the young people in our area. In addition to the tremendous work he does for Boys Hope/Girls Hope, he serves on the boards of the Children’s Hospital, the Dan Beard Council/Boy Scouts of America, and the Greater Cincinnati Scholarship Association.

All of us in Greater Cincinnati owe John a debt of gratitude and congratulate him on receiving the Heart of Gold Award.

INTRODUCTION OF THE FEDERAL OIL AND GAS LEASE MANAGEMENT IMPROVEMENT ACT OF 1999

HON. BARBARA CUBIN
OF WYOMING
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Thursday, May 27, 1999

Mrs. CUBIN. Mr. Speaker, production of oil and gas from our public lands is fast becoming a rarity. Today I am introducing a bill, together with Rep. Joe Skeen of New Mexico, which we trust will stem this decline, and encourage investment in federal mineral leases. We call it the Federal Oil and Gas Lease Management Improvement Act of 1999. Senator Murkowski has already introduced a companion bill in the other body.

The “oil patch” in the United States is in tough shape. Consumers blissfully enjoyed record low gasoline prices until very recently, but producers have suffered immeasurably from the diminished proceeds they have received for their crude oil for many, many months. Even the recent slow climb back to semi-respectable oil and gas prices in the last few weeks has turned back down again in the last week of trading. Our bill, is will provide some incentives to federal oil and gas lessees to “stay the course” when prices drop below $18 per barrel, or $2.30 per million BTU’s for