

Inner Peace Conference and the Jubilleum World Conference on Religion and Peace featuring 19 diverse faiths and went exceedingly well this past January 1, 2000.

Now these two initiatives have joined together in order to encourage people all over the world, through sharing of a special meal, to reach out to one another for "One Day" by creating an environment of peace and mutualism. Since the beginning of recorded history, breaking bread together has been seen as a tradition when people from opposing sides can sit down and learn about one another in a peaceful manner.

Particularly we as Senators need to put aside our differences, on both sides of the aisle, to discover and celebrate our commonalities in order to prepare ourselves for working more harmoniously during the 107th Congress to solve the critical problems of both violence and hunger in our nation and in our world. We know, all too well, that children around the world and at home are going to bed hungry, and that our children are often afraid to go to school.

Let us make "One Day" a special time of reflection, to eliminate hunger and violence for children and families throughout the world, by sharing our prosperity and friendship with people from all backgrounds, beliefs and cultures. This day should be held high in importance to celebrate our diversities and differences, rather than emphasizing them as barriers between us.

I hope this resolution will be adopted unanimously.

SENATE RESOLUTION 359—DESIGNATING OCTOBER 16, 2000, TO OCTOBER 20, 2000, AS "NATIONAL TEACH FOR AMERICA WEEK"

Mr. SCHUMER submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. RES. 359

Whereas while the United States will need to hire over 2,000,000 new teachers over the next decade, Teach For America has proven itself an effective alternative means of recruiting gifted college graduates into the field of education;

Whereas in its decade of existence, Teach For America's 6,000 corps members have aided 1,000,000 low-income students at urban and rural sites across the United States;

Whereas Teach For America's popularity continues to skyrocket, with a record-breaking number of men and women applying to become corps members for the 2000-2001 school year;

Whereas over half of all Teach For America alumni continue to work within the field of education after their two years of service are complete;

Whereas Teach For America corps members leave their service committed to lifelong advocacy for low-income, underserved children;

Whereas over 100,000 schoolchildren are being taught by Teach For America corps members in 2000; and

Whereas October 16th through 20th will be Teach For America's fourth annual "Teach For America" week, during which government members, artists, historians, athletes, and other prominent community leaders will visit underserved classrooms served by Teach For America corps members: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) commends the Teach For America program, and its past and present participants, for its contribution to our Nation's public school system;

(2) designates the week beginning on October 16, 2000, and ending on October 20, 2000, as "National Teach For America Week"; and

(3) encourages Senators and all community leaders to participate in classroom visits to take place during the week.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED

WATER RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 2000

SMITH OF NEW HAMPSHIRE (AND BAUCUS) AMENDMENT NO. 4164

Mr. SMITH of New Hampshire (for himself and Mr. BAUCUS) proposed an amendment to the bill (S. 2796) to provide for the conservation and development of water and related resources, to authorize the Secretary of the Army to construct various projects for improvements to rivers and harbors of the United States, and for other purposes; as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the "Water Resources Development Act of 2000".

(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

Sec. 2. Definition of Secretary.

TITLE I—WATER RESOURCES PROJECTS

Sec. 101. Project authorizations.

Sec. 102. Small shore protection projects.

Sec. 103. Small navigation projects.

Sec. 104. Removal of snags and clearing and straightening of channels in navigable waters.

Sec. 105. Small bank stabilization projects.

Sec. 106. Small flood control projects.

Sec. 107. Small projects for improvement of the quality of the environment.

Sec. 108. Beneficial uses of dredged material.

Sec. 109. Small aquatic ecosystem restoration projects.

Sec. 110. Flood mitigation and riverine restoration.

Sec. 111. Disposal of dredged material on beaches.

TITLE II—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 201. Cooperation agreements with counties.

Sec. 202. Watershed and river basin assessments.

Sec. 203. Tribal partnership program.

Sec. 204. Ability to pay.

Sec. 205. Property protection program.

Sec. 206. National Recreation Reservation Service.

Sec. 207. Operation and maintenance of hydroelectric facilities.

Sec. 208. Interagency and international support.

Sec. 209. Reburial and conveyance authority.

Sec. 210. Approval of construction of dams and dikes.

Sec. 211. Project deauthorization authority.

Sec. 212. Floodplain management requirements.

Sec. 213. Environmental dredging.

Sec. 214. Regulatory analysis and management systems data.

Sec. 215. Performance of specialized or technical services.

Sec. 216. Hydroelectric power project funding.

Sec. 217. Assistance programs.

TITLE III—PROJECT-RELATED PROVISIONS

Sec. 301. Tennessee-Tombigbee Waterway Wildlife Mitigation Project, Alabama and Mississippi.

Sec. 302. Boydsville, Arkansas.

Sec. 303. White River Basin, Arkansas and Missouri.

Sec. 304. Petaluma, California.

Sec. 305. Gasparilla and Estero Islands, Florida.

Sec. 306. Illinois River basin restoration, Illinois.

Sec. 307. Upper Des Plaines River and tributaries, Illinois.

Sec. 308. Atchafalaya Basin, Louisiana.

Sec. 309. Red River Waterway, Louisiana.

Sec. 310. Narraguagus River, Milbridge, Maine.

Sec. 311. William Jennings Randolph Lake, Maryland.

Sec. 312. Breckenridge, Minnesota.

Sec. 313. Missouri River Valley, Missouri.

Sec. 314. New Madrid County, Missouri.

Sec. 315. Pemiscot County Harbor, Missouri.

Sec. 316. Pike County, Missouri.

Sec. 317. Fort Peck fish hatchery, Montana.

Sec. 318. Sagamore Creek, New Hampshire.

Sec. 319. Passaic River Basin flood management, New Jersey.

Sec. 320. Rockaway Inlet to Norton Point, New York.

Sec. 321. John Day Pool, Oregon and Washington.

Sec. 322. Fox Point hurricane barrier, Providence, Rhode Island.

Sec. 323. Charleston Harbor, South Carolina.

Sec. 324. Savannah River, South Carolina.

Sec. 325. Houston-Galveston Navigation Channels, Texas.

Sec. 326. Joe Pool Lake, Trinity River basin, Texas.

Sec. 327. Lake Champlain watershed, Vermont and New York.

Sec. 328. Waterbury Dam, Vermont.

Sec. 329. Mount St. Helens, Washington.

Sec. 330. Puget Sound and adjacent waters restoration, Washington.

Sec. 331. Fox River System, Wisconsin.

Sec. 332. Chesapeake Bay oyster restoration.

Sec. 333. Great Lakes dredging levels adjustment.

Sec. 334. Great Lakes fishery and ecosystem restoration.

Sec. 335. Great Lakes remedial action plans and sediment remediation.

Sec. 336. Great Lakes tributary model.

Sec. 337. Treatment of dredged material from Long Island Sound.

Sec. 338. New England water resources and ecosystem restoration.

Sec. 339. Project deauthorizations.

TITLE IV—STUDIES

Sec. 401. Baldwin County, Alabama.

Sec. 402. Bono, Arkansas.

Sec. 403. Cache Creek Basin, California.