

Mr. McHUGH. Mr. Speaker, if the gentleman from Oregon will continue to yield, I want to thank the gentlewoman from Ohio for bringing this designation to our attention.

We have had the opportunity on this House floor to name facilities on behalf of many distinguished Americans, and clearly, this particular individual meets that high standard.

I think it is important to note that Mr. D'Amico spent a lifetime in service to his community, a lifetime in service to his country, beginning in his service in World War II in the United States Army, moving on as a diligent worker in the Office of Price Stabilization, and later as an auditor for the Air Force.

But clearly through all of his years, he most distinguished himself during his distinguished service in the South Euclid City Council, and as I am told, later became not just the mayor of South Euclid in 1972, but indeed, the first full full-time mayor in 1976.

Reading the materials presented by the gentlewoman on his behalf, I can say without fear of qualification that he accomplished much during his tenure there. He established an office on the aging, a paramedic program, established the 911 emergency program, and pushed for a community center. He later served as president of the county Mayors' Association, chairman and treasurer of the regional income tax authority, and so much more.

Clearly, Mr. Speaker, we have in this individual someone who understood the sense and the value of community, and did not just recognize it in his own heart but went out and gave of himself to contribute back.

It is with a great deal of pleasure that I, as the chairman of the subcommittee, give my full endorsement to this. I am pleased that we are able to take it up this afternoon in this fashion.

I commend the gentlewoman for her actions.

Mrs. JONES of Ohio. If the gentleman from Oregon will yield further, briefly, Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for his support of this designation.

The reason I was so brief in my commentary, I did not think I had a chance to lay upon the record all the things that the gentleman said about Mayor D'Amico of South Euclid.

He was truly a genuine supporter of mine in every office that I have run for previously, and a leader and a light in the community of Cuyahoga County.

I would just like to associate myself with the comments of the chairman and thank him for his support, and thank the gentleman from Oregon (Mr. BLUMENAUER) for his support.

Mr. BLUMENAUER. Mr. Speaker, I withdraw my reservation of objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

The Clerk read the bill, as follows:

H.R. 4853

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. ARNOLD C. D'AMICO STATION.

(a) DESIGNATION.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 1568 South Glen Road in South Euclid, Ohio, and known as the South Euclid Station, shall be known and designated as the "Arnold C. D'Amico Station".

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the "Arnold C. D'Amico Station".

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE OFFERED BY MR. MCHUGH

Mr. McHUGH. Mr. Speaker, I offer an amendment in the nature of a substitute.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment in the Nature of a Substitute offered by Mr. McHUGH:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. ARNOLD C. D'AMICO STATION.

(a) DESIGNATION.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 1568 South Green Road in South Euclid, Ohio, and known as the South Euclid Station, shall be known and designated as the "Arnold C. D'Amico Station".

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the Arnold C. D'Amico Station.

Mr. McHUGH (during the reading). Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the amendment in the nature of a substitute be considered as read and printed in the RECORD.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the amendment in the nature of a substitute offered by the gentleman from New York (Mr. McHUGH).

The amendment in the nature of a substitute was agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed.

The title was amended so as to read: "A bill to redesignate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 1568 South Green Road in South Euclid, Ohio, as the 'Arnold C. D'Amico Station'."

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. McHUGH. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks on H.R. 4853.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

FAMINE PREVENTION AND FREEDOM FROM HUNGER ACT OF 2000

Mr. BRADY of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's table the bill (H.R. 4002) to amend the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 to revise and improve provisions relating to famine prevention and freedom from hunger, with a Senate amendment thereto, and concur in the Senate amendment.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The Clerk read the Senate amendment, as follows:

Senate amendment:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Famine Prevention and Freedom From Hunger Improvement Act of 2000".

SEC. 2. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

(a) DECLARATIONS OF POLICY.—(1) *The first sentence of section 296(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2220a(a)) is amended to read as follows: "The Congress declares that, in order to achieve the mutual goals among nations of ensuring food security, human health, agricultural growth, trade expansion, and the wise and sustainable use of natural resources, the United States should mobilize the capacities of the United States land-grant universities, other eligible universities, and public and private partners of universities in the United States and other countries, consistent with sections 103 and 103A of this Act, for: (1) global research on problems affecting food, agriculture, forestry, and fisheries; (2) improved human capacity and institutional resource development for the global application of agricultural and related environmental sciences; (3) agricultural development and trade research and extension services in the United States and other countries to support the entry of rural industries into world markets; and (4) providing for the application of agricultural sciences to solving food, health, nutrition, rural income, and environmental problems, especially such problems in low-income, food deficit countries."*

(2) *The second sentence of section 296(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2220a(a)) is amended—*

(A) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (7) as subparagraphs (A) through (G), respectively;

(B) in subparagraph (A) (as redesignated), by striking "in this country" and inserting "with and through the private sector in this country and to understanding processes of economic development";

(C) in subparagraph (B) (as redesignated), to read as follows:

"(B) that land-grant and other universities in the United States have demonstrated over many years their ability to cooperate with international agencies, educational and research institutions in other countries, the private sector, and nongovernmental organizations worldwide, in expanding global agricultural production, processing, business and trade, to the benefit of aid recipient countries and of the United States;"

(D) in subparagraph (C) (as redesignated), to read as follows:

"(C) that, in a world of growing populations with rising expectations, increased food production and improved distribution, storage, and