

There was no objection.

**REAPPOINTMENT AS MEMBER TO
COORDINATING COUNCIL ON JU-
VENILE JUSTICE AND DELIN-
QUENCY PREVENTION**

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, and pursuant to the provisions of section 206 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5616), the Chair announces the Speaker's reappointment of the following member on the part of the House to the Coordinating Council on Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention:

Mr. Gordon A. Martin, Roxbury, Massachusetts, to a 2-year term.

There was no objection.

**ANNUAL REPORT OF RAILROAD
RETIREMENT BOARD—MESSAGE
FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE
UNITED STATES**

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following message from the President of the United States; which was read and, together with the accompanying papers, without objection, referred to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure and the Committee on Ways and Means.

To the Congress of the United States:

I transmit herewith the Annual Report of the Railroad Retirement Board for Fiscal Year 1999, pursuant to the provisions of section 7(b)(6) of the Railroad Retirement Act and section 12(1) of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON.

THE WHITE HOUSE, October 17, 2000.

SCIENCE SHOWS IT IS NOT SAFE

(Mr. GIBBONS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. GIBBONS. Madam Speaker, this Wednesday, scientists will present a research paper on Alloy 22, the material the Department of Energy has proposed to be used for the disposal canister for spent nuclear fuel and high-level waste at Yucca Mountain, Nevada.

The DOE has based the safety of storing high-level waste at Yucca Mountain almost solely on the performance of these waste canisters, since the existing conditions at Yucca Mountain are so poor.

However, this latest research shows that the safety of the canister itself proves to be just as poor.

In fact, scientists induced significant corrosion on the Alloy 22 within only 15 days, raising serious questions whether the material would survive even the first 1,000 years in Yucca Mountain, let alone the 10,000 years needed for safe storage.

It seems that yet again that science is proving that storing high-level nuclear waste at Yucca Mountain would be a disastrous and deadly decision.

I yield back this administration's nuclear storage plan, which is obviously based on trying to put a square peg in a round hole.

Madam Speaker, I include the following advisory for the RECORD:

OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR,
AGENCY FOR NUCLEAR PROJECTS,
Carson City, NV,

ADVISORY

Scientists working for the State of Nevada will present the results of preliminary research on Alloy 22, the material the Department of Energy (DOE) has proposed to be used for the disposal canister for spent nuclear fuel and high level waste in the proposed repository at Yucca Mountain, Nevada. The presentation will be made to the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission's Advisory Committee on Nuclear Waste at their 122nd meeting Wednesday, October 18, 2000 at Two White Flint North, Room 2B3 11545, Rockville Pike, Maryland.

The Department of Energy has assigned more than 95% of the performance of Yucca Mountain to the waste packages because the existing conditions at the Yucca Mountain Site are so poor. In preliminary tests, scientists working for the State of Nevada have, within 15 days, induced significant corrosion on the Alloy 22 which raises questions whether the material will survive even the first 1,000 years in the Yucca Mountain environment. The Department of Energy has conceded that Yucca Mountain itself cannot contain the wastes and that if the metal containers fail rapidly in the Mountain's environment, DOE will be back to square one in their attempts to make Yucca Mountain work as a repository for high level waste and spent nuclear fuel.

If you would like additional information concerning the Advisory Committee meeting or the Alloy 22 research, please contact the State of Nevada Governor's Agency for Nuclear Projects at the above phone number or address.

SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 6, 1999, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

SPECIAL ORDERS GRANTED

By unanimous consent, permission to address the House, following the legislative program and any special orders heretofore entered, was granted to:

(The following Members (at the request of Mr. UDALL of New Mexico) to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material:)

Ms. LEE, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. PALLONE, for 5 minutes, today.

Mrs. MINK of Hawaii, for 5 minutes, today.

(The following Members (at the request of Mr. YOUNG of Alaska) to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material:)

Mr. CANADY of Florida, for 5 minutes, October 18 and 19.

Mr. SHAYS, for 5 minutes, October 18.
Ms. PRYCE of Ohio, for 5 minutes, October 19.

Mrs. MORELLA, for 5 minutes, October 18.

SENATE BILLS REFERRED

Bills of the Senate of the following titles were taken from the Speaker's table and, under the rule, referred as follows:

S. 1848. An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior, pursuant to the provisions of the Reclamation Wastewater and Groundwater Study and Facilities Act to participate in the design, planning, and construction of the Denver Water Reuse project; to the Committee on Resources.

S. 2195. An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior, pursuant to the provisions of the Reclamation Wastewater and Groundwater Study and Facilities Act to participate in the design, planning, and construction of the Truckee watershed reclamation project for the reclamation and reuse of water; to the Committee on Resources.

S. 2301. An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior, pursuant to the provisions of the Reclamation Wastewater and Groundwater Study and Facilities Act to participate in the design, planning, and construction of the Lakehaven water reclamation project for the reclamation and reuse of water; to the Committee on Resources.

S. 2425. An act to authorize the Bureau of Reclamation to participate in the design, planning, and construction of the Bend Feed Canal Pipeline Project, Oregon, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Resources.

S. 2594. An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to contract with the Mancos Water Conservancy District to use the Mancos Project facilities for impounding, storage, diverting, and carriage of non-project water for the purpose of irrigation, domestic, municipal, industrial, and any other beneficial purposes; to the Committee on Resources.

S. 2688. An act to amend the Native American Languages Act to provide for the support of Native American Language Survival Schools, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

S. 2877. An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to conduct feasibility studies on water optimization in the Burnt River basin, Malheur River basin, Owyhee River basin, and Powder River basin, Oregon; to the Committee on Resources.

S. 2882. An act to authorize the Bureau of Reclamation to conduct certain feasibility studies to augment water supplies for the Klamath Project, Oregon and California, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Resources.

S. 2951. An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to conduct a study to investigate opportunities to better manage the water resources in the Salmon Creek watershed of the upper Columbia River, to the Committee on Resources.

JOINT RESOLUTION PRESENTED
TO THE PRESIDENT

Mr. THOMAS, from the Committee on House Administration, reported that that committee did on the following date present to the President, for his approval, a joint resolution of the House of the following title: