

I will continue to support significant increases in funding for Head Start, Early Head Start, after-school programs and the Child Care and Development Block Grant program in large part because of the potential these programs have to reduce juvenile crime and domestic violence nationwide.

COMBATTING METHAMPHETAMINE IN SOUTH DAKOTA

A number of South Dakota law enforcement officials and local leaders have told me that meth abuse has become one of their top crime-fighting priorities in the past few years. Meth abuse threatens our young people, law enforcement officers, and our environment. Once again, I led efforts to enhance punishments of meth operators, mandate restitution for meth lab clean-up, and increase funding for treatment and prevention efforts. I also joined Senator TOM HARKIN (D-IA) in successfully securing emergency funding for meth lab clean-up efforts in South Dakota and nationwide.

There is much to be done to bring crime rates in our state down, and to help every South Dakotan feel safe in their home and community. I look forward to continuing my work with state and local leaders, law enforcement agencies in South Dakota, and my Republican and Democratic Senate colleagues in Washington. Together, by focusing on community crime prevention and by investing in our kids, I believe we can make progress in addressing the unique needs of our South Dakota communities.

ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

TRIBUTE TO COL. ROBERT F. SINK

• Mr. MILLER. Mr. President, history gives us many examples of men and women who went above and beyond the call of duty to serve our great country. In our military, there have always been men and women who were not satisfied with maintaining the status quo, but who, instead, strove to make our armed forces the world's finest and the most powerful. One such individual was the late Colonel Robert F. Sink, commander of the 506th Parachute Infantry Regiment in Toccoa, Georgia.

The 506th Parachute Infantry Regiment was constituted on July 1, 1942 in the Army of the United States, activated July 20, 1942 at Camp General Robert Toombs at Toccoa, Georgia, attached to the 101st Airborne Division on June 1, 1943 and assigned to the 101st Airborne Division on March 1, 1945. The camp located at Currahee Mountain in Toccoa was soon renamed Camp Toccoa and was chosen because of its rugged terrain. The 506th Regiment selected the symbol of the Currahee Mountain as its Coat of Arms and "Currahee" became its battle cry.

It was here, in Toccoa, that Col. Sink initiated his rigorous training program

called "Muscle College" and set many of the standards for the paratrooper basic training program of the 101st Airborne Division. Because of Col. Sink's efforts, the 506th Parachute Infantry established records never before reached by any military unit in the world. Furthermore, Airborne infantrymen around the nation recognized the "Currahee trained" men from Camp Toccoa as a cut above their peers in strength and performance.

Col. Sink led his 506th Regiment into combat on D-Day at Normandy, then to Holland, Bastogne, France, Germany, and all the way to Hitler's "Eagle Nest." By the end of World War II, the 506th had received several coveted awards and decorations. The courageous service of the 506th Parachute Infantry Regiment was due, in no small measure, to the tireless efforts of Colonel Robert F. Sink, a true American hero. In honor of this great man, the Currahee Mountain Road, which changed the boys of the famous "Currahee" Regiment into men, will be fittingly renamed the "Col. Robert F. Sink Memorial Trail."

I hope my colleagues will join with me today in honoring this great man and his groundbreaking work on behalf of our nation's security. For those under Colonel Sink's tutelage who will travel back to Toccoa for this important reunion and celebration, I wish you the best and thank you for your service. Finally, special thanks should be extended to State Representative Mary Jeanette Jamieson for her work on this project. It was a pleasure to be involved in such a worthy effort.●

TRIBUTE TO REVEREND WILLIE JAMES

• Mr. LAUTENBERG. Mr. President, I rise today to recognize the great work of a civil rights pioneer and chapter president of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People of Willingboro, New Jersey, Reverend Willie James, on the occasion of his receiving the award for exemplary community service.

Reverend James began his work for civil rights in 1958 when he attempted to buy a house in Willingboro's Levitt community. He was told that houses would not be sold to African-Americans. Reverend James decided to sue. Two years later, the United States Supreme Court officially integrated Willingboro, enabling Reverend James to become one of the community's first African-American residents.

In 1974, work demands forced Reverend James to move to Rhode Island. While in Rhode Island, Reverend James joined a statewide commission that studied disparities in white and minority prison rates than whites.

Eventually Reverend James returned to New Jersey where his level of activism flourished. He became president of

the Willingboro chapter of the NAACP. During his time as president, Reverend James made great progress researching the issue of disproportionate African-American male imprisonment.

In the recent election, Reverend James and the local chapter of the NAACP worked on motivating minorities to vote. Reverend James is a recipient of more than 30 local and national awards for his commitment to public service.

I am pleased to honor Reverend Willie James on this joyous occasion. His family, his friends, and his community are indebted to him for his unyielding service. This honor is richly-deserved. I salute him on yet another great achievement.●

IN RECOGNITION OF MR. WOODROW W. WOODY

• Mr. LEVIN. Mr. President, on Thursday, November 16, 2000, the people of Michigan, will pay tribute to Mr. Woodrow W. Woody, president and owner of the longest running car dealership in the Nation—Woody Pontiac Sales, Inc. Mr. Woody, who continued active participation in the business, until he was 92 years old in June 2000, when he officially closed the Pontiac dealership he opened in the city of Hamtramck, MI in 1940.

Mr. Woody has come to be known as the pillar of his industry. In 1966, his dealership hit its peak year with the sale of 2,200 cars. Revered by his peers and the people of Michigan, he was inducted into the Automotive Hall of Fame. Over the 60-year operation of his dealership, Woody, as he is called by friends and family, estimates that he sold over 100,000 Pontiacs, one of General Motors' leading products. He says his success is due to his genuine love of life and people.

This immigrant from Lebanon, embodies the ultimate success story of the American dream. Much of why he is being honored is because of his dedication and loyalty to the citizens of the city of Hamtramck and his beloved Lebanon. When the economy recessed and auto sales reflected a downturn, Woody never considered moving his dealership from the community that supported him through prosperous times. Hailed for his philanthropic activities, he spearheaded a drive to build a new facility for the Hamtramck Public Library. In addition, he has worked with Junior Achievement and the Rotary Club for more than 50 years accomplishing projects which support community growth. Woody has also been just as committed to the people of his homeland, where he has built a school and medical clinic.

Although Woody promises to continue his work in the community, interacting with various civic and fraternal organizations for the good of the community, the industry has lost its