

continued when he took office as president of his sophomore and senior classes at Las Vegas High School and student body president at the University of Nevada-Reno.

After graduating from law school, he served as deputy district attorney in Clark County and was then appointed as Clark County's first public defender at age 28. He did two terms in the Nevada State Assembly. Two terms in the Nevada State Senate. A term as Attorney General. Two terms as Nevada Governor. And he's now done two terms in the United States Senate.

He is the only Nevadan ever to have served as his state's Attorney General, Governor, and United States Senator.

He's also one of few, if any, Senators who've managed to pull an extraordinary triple play and serve on the three major fiscal committees—Finance, Commerce, and Banking.

And he's used these positions to fight harder than just about anyone else here to protect American consumers.

As former member of the Consumer Affairs Subcommittee, he passed an amendment requiring the installation of passenger side air bags in all cars sold in America. Over the years, this piece of legislation has saved hundreds of lives.

Senator BRYAN was also one of the early leaders on privacy issues in this Congress. He led the charge to enact the Children's Online Privacy Protection Act—the first ever federal Internet privacy protection legislation. He has also been leading the fight to add new privacy regulations into the banking industry.

In addition, Senator BRYAN authored laws to reduce telemarketing fraud and to give consumers new rights in combating errors on personal credit reports. He passed the PMI legislation which protects people from having to pay hundreds, sometimes thousands of dollars to private mortgage insurance lenders once they have enough equity in their homes. And he was one of the lead sponsors of Airline Passenger Bill of Rights.

Along with Senator MCCAIN, he passed important boxing reform bills to protect the health and safety of boxers and to maintain the integrity of the sport.

And finally, he has worked tirelessly to protect his constituents from nuclear waste dumping in Nevada.

The one consolation I take when I think about him retiring from the Senate is that he'll finally get to spend more time with his terrific wife, Bonnie. I'm hopeful that the two of them will set aside some time to come out and visit me in Iowa, especially since Senator BRYAN actually has roots in my home state. His father, Oscar Bryan, was born in Des Moines. And Senator BRYAN's uncle by marriage, Keith More, practiced law in Harlan, Iowa for years. Keith's brother, Jack

More, was chair of the Democratic State Party in Iowa and headed up Truman's efforts in 1948.

But, no matter what his current plans are, I have a sneaking suspicion that Senator BRYAN isn't going to stop serving his State and his country for a long time to come. He has done it honorably since he was a boy, and he still has a tremendous amount to offer.

SENATOR DANIEL PATRICK MOYNIHAN

Mr. HARKIN. Mr. President, Senator DANIEL PATRICK MOYNIHAN is the kind of scholar-public servant our founding fathers envisioned when they designed our great government. Senator MOYNIHAN has a keen intellect and a kind heart, and his distinguished career is a testament to the power of this combination.

Senator MOYNIHAN began serving this country just one year after he graduated from high school. He enrolled in the United States Navy from 1944-1947 and served in the Naval Reserve for 20 years.

After receiving his BA, MA and PhD, he went on to serve in the administrations of Presidents Kennedy, Johnson, Nixon, and Ford. In fact, he is the only person in American history to have ever served in the Cabinet or subcabinet of four successive presidential administrations.

He served as U.S. Ambassador to India from 1973-1975, U.S. Representative to the United Nations from 1975-1976, and he represented the United States as President of the United National Security Council in 1976.

He has authored or edited 18 books on topics ranging from the Reagan era to the American family to poverty to ethnicity to the practice of government. And he has received 62 honorary degrees.

Senator MOYNIHAN's list of legislative accomplishments is no less impressive. He produced the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991 and the Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century which provided money and incentives for States to build mass transit systems.

He has done outstanding work on cleaning up our environment through his legislation to clean up nuclear waste and toxic sites and to control acid rain.

He has also been a leader in transforming our social welfare system. His 1988 Family Support Act began the process of changing the AFDC program from an income security program to one which helps individuals secure employment. He has also sponsored a bill to improve the Social Security Administration and to keep Social Security solvent for the future.

And if you take a walk around this city—or any number of other American cities for that matter—you won't get

far before you see a building that Senator MOYNIHAN helped to build or preserve. From the Old Patent Office which now hosts two Smithsonian museums, to the Old Post Office, to the Old Pension Building, which is now the National Building Museum, and many more.

The Senate will sorely miss its resident scholar. Senator MOYNIHAN combined a mind for philosophy, an eye for beauty, and a heart for service. And this city, the State of New York, and our Nation are the better for his sensitive and dedicated work.

Mr. President, I yield the floor and suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will call the roll.

The assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. In my capacity as a Senator from the State of Michigan, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

Without objection, it is so ordered.

UNANIMOUS CONSENT AGREEMENT—CONFERENCE REPORT TO ACCOMPANY H.R. 2415

The PRESIDING OFFICER. In my capacity as a Senator from the State of Michigan, I ask unanimous consent that at 11 a.m. on Wednesday, the Senate resume postcloture debate regarding the bankruptcy bill and there be 6 hours for debate postcloture to be equally divided between the chairman and the ranking minority member, or their designees.

I further ask unanimous consent that at 2 p.m. on Thursday, the Senate proceed immediately to up to 30 minutes of debate for each of the following Senators: HATCH, GRASSLEY, WELLSTONE, and LEAHY, and following that time, at 4 p.m. on Thursday, the Senate proceed to a vote on adoption of the conference report, notwithstanding rule XXII, any intervening motion, action or debate, and that paragraph 4 of rule XII be waived.

Without objection, it is so ordered.

In my capacity as a Senator from the State of Michigan, I suggest the absence of a quorum. The clerk will call the roll.

The assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. ALLARD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

MORNING BUSINESS

Mr. ALLARD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate now be in a period of morning business with Senators speaking for up to 10 minutes each.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.