

Tax incentive for workers to invest an additional \$2,000 each year;

Gradually slows down benefit increases for high income retirees by changing benefit indexation from wage growth to inflation;

Divides PRSA contributions between couples to protect low income and non-working spouses;

Widows or widowers benefit increased to 110% of standard benefit payment;

Repeals the Social Security earnings test; Scored by the Social Security Administration to keep Social Security solvent; and Maintains a Trust Fund reserve.

EMERGENCY SUPPLEMENTAL FOR FISCAL YEAR 2000

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 19, 1999, the gentlewoman from North Carolina (Mrs. CLAYTON) is recognized during morning hour debates for 5 minutes.

Mrs. CLAYTON. Mr. Speaker, it has been more than 8 months since my State, North Carolina, was struck by Hurricane Floyd, one of three hurricanes to hit our State in succession. And it has been more than 3 months since the House passed H.R. 3908, the emergency supplemental for this fiscal year. Mr. Speaker, we are beyond an emergency. In Eastern North Carolina we are now in a crisis. Title III of the bill includes \$2.2 billion for assistance in the wake of the hurricanes. Those disaster relief provisions are urgently needed.

States like North Carolina, hit hard by the hurricanes and flooding of last fall, critically need that support for their recovery and rebuilding efforts. North Carolina suffered the worst devastation in its history.

The bill contains \$77.4 million in additional funds for FEMA to be used for short-term emergency housing, home buyouts and relocation assistance; \$42 million targets funds for USDA and \$25 million in funds for HUD, to be used for long-term housing needs, new rural rental housing, rental assistance grants, mutual self-help housing grants and rural housing assistance grants; \$33.3 million in funds for the SBA. The bill also contains \$25.8 million in funds for EDA, to be used for vital economic recovery needs, disaster loans, planning assistance, public works grants and capitalization of revolving loan funds.

In addition, the bill contains critical funding for agriculture, funding to help our farmers through the forgiveness of marketing loans made by the Commodity Credit Corporation, supplemental funding for crop insurance, and \$77.5 million in urgently needed funding for staffing and other needs of the Farm Service Agency. The bill contains funding to assist our fishermen who suffered untold losses from the hurricanes. Funding for dredging, snagging, clearing and debris removal at

navigation projects is also included. And the bill has funding to study the dike at Princeville, a town completely destroyed by the flooding.

Mr. Speaker, America is at its best when its citizens are at their worst. When government can and does help, it makes a difference in the lives of our citizens. The lives of the people of Eastern North Carolina were forever changed when Hurricanes Dennis, Floyd and Irene struck. In some instances, the damage reached 175 miles inland, away from the shore, leaving a swath of death, destruction and despair never before seen in my State. Whether their lives were unalterably changed now rests largely in the hands of Congress.

When we passed the emergency bill in the House, the bipartisan support provided to relieve the suffering experienced by the flooding in these States gave hope that the things that are common to us are far stronger than the things on which we differ.

Mr. Speaker, there remains an emergency in North Carolina. It is an emergency in every sense of the word, an unexpected predicament, a crisis, a situation that caught North Carolina and other States entirely by surprise. The destruction is enormous, the needs are great, the situation is urgent.

I urge the House and the Senate to get together and send us a conference report.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12 of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until 2 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 12 o'clock and 50 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess until 2 p.m.

□ 1400

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. PETRI) at 2 p.m.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, the Reverend Daniel P. Coughlin, offered the following prayer: Lord God, You hold all in good order. Yet You give us the freedom of choice and the realm of good conscience.

Be with Your people today, especially our leaders in religion, in government, and in all civil service.

Help us to maintain good conduct in ourselves and in this Nation. Provide us with insight into our own behavior.

Guided by Your Spirit, make us accountable for our deeds before Your eternal tribunal and in the public forum of respectful performance.

May this, the House of Representatives of the United States, do all in its

power to maintain good conduct among its citizens.

May we, by our behavior, find credence among other nations so that they observe our good works and glorify You, our God, as our protector, now and forever.

Amen.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair has examined the Journal of the last day's proceedings and announces to the House his approval thereof.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal stands approved.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Will the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. TRAFICANT) come forward and lead the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Mr. TRAFICANT led the Pledge of Allegiance as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Mr. Lundregan, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate has passed without amendment bills and concurrent resolutions of the House of the following titles:

H.R. 642. An act to redesignate the Federal building located at 701 South Santa Fe Avenue in Compton, California, and known as the Compton Main Post Office, as the "Mervyn Malcolm Dymally Post Office Building".

H.R. 643. An act to redesignate the Federal building located at 10301 South Compton Avenue, in Los Angeles, California, and known as the Watts Finance Office, as the "Augustus F. Hawkins Post Office Building".

H.R. 1666. An act to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service at 200 East Pinckney Street in Madison, Florida, as the "Captain Colin P. Kelly, Jr. Post Office".

H.R. 2307. An act to designate the building of the United States Postal Service located at 5 Cedar Street in Hopkinton, Massachusetts, as the "Thomas J. Brown Post Office Building".

H.R. 2357. An act to designate the United States Post Office located at 3675 Warrensville Center Road in Shaker Heights, Ohio, as the "Louise Stokes Post Office".

H.R. 2460. An act to designate the United States Post Office located at 125 Border Avenue West in Wiggins, Mississippi, as the "Jay Hanna 'Dizzy' Dean Post Office".

H.R. 2591. An act to designate the United States Post Office located at 713 Elm Street in Wakefield, Kansas, as the "William H. Avery Post Office".

H.R. 2952. An act to redesignate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 100 Orchard Park Drive in Greenville, South Carolina, as the "Keith D. Oglesby Station".

H.R. 3018. An act to designate certain facilities of the United States Postal Service in South Carolina.

H.R. 3699. An act to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 8409 Lee Highway in Merrifield, Virginia, as the "Joel T. Broyhill Postal Building".

H.R. 3701. An act to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 3118 Washington Boulevard in Arlington, Virginia, as the "Joseph L. Fisher Post Office Building".

H.R. 4241. An act to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 1818 Milton Avenue in Jamesville, Wisconsin, as the "Les Aspin Post Office Building".

H. Con. Res. 293. Concurrent resolution urging compliance with the Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction.

H. Con. Res. 304. Concurrent resolution expressing the condemnation of the continued egregious violations of human rights in the Republic of Belarus, the lack of progress toward the establishment of democracy and the rule of law in Belarus, calling on President Alyaksandr Lukashenka's regime to engage in negotiations with the representatives of the opposition and to restore the constitutional rights of the Belarusian people, and calling on the Russian Federation to respect the sovereignty of Belarus.

The message also announced that the Senate has passed with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested, a concurrent resolution of the House of the following title:

H. Con. Res. 251. Concurrent resolution commending the Republic of Croatia for the conduct of its parliamentary and presidential elections.

The message also announced that the Senate has passed bills and concurrent resolutions of the following titles in which the concurrence of the House is requested:

S. 2043. An act to designate the United States Post Office building located at 3101 West Sunflower Avenue in Santa Ana, California, as the "Hector G. Godinez Post Office Building".

S. 2460. An act to authorize the payment of rewards to individuals furnishing information relating to persons subject to indictment for serious violations of international humanitarian law in Rwanda, and for other purposes.

S. 2677. An act to restrict assistance until certain conditions are satisfied and to support democratic and economic transition in Zimbabwe.

S. 2682. An act to authorize the Broadcasting Board of Governors to make available to the Institute for Media Development certain materials of the Voice of America.

S. Con. Res. 117. Concurrent resolution commending the Republic of Slovenia for its partnership with the United States and NATO, and expressing the sense of Congress that Slovenia's accession to NATO would enhance NATO's security, and for other purposes.

S. Con. Res. 118. Concurrent resolution commemorating the 60th anniversary of the execution of Polish captives by Soviet authorities in April and May 1940.

BIG OIL COMPANIES GOUGING AMERICAN CONSUMERS

(Mr. TRAFICANT asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. TRAFICANT. Mr. Speaker, for months, big oil companies have been averaging 350 percent profits. Averaging 350 percent.

And after all that, finally the EPA says, and I quote: We suspect gouging by the big oil companies.

No kidding, Sherlock.

The truth is these stumbling, bumbling, crepitating nincompoops at the EPA could not find buffalo chips in bottled water.

Beam me up.

It is time to pass H.R. 3902, that slaps a \$100 million fine on oil companies that gouge American consumers. Mr. Speaker, money is all they understand.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back a message to the OPEC countries. The next time they are attacked by Saddam Hussein, call UNICEF, not Uncle Sam.

A CALL FOR INVESTIGATION OF THE FBI AND JUSTICE DEPARTMENT IN THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO

(Mr. TRAFICANT asked and was given permission to address the House for 3 minutes.)

Mr. TRAFICANT. Mr. Speaker, I am under investigation in the Northern District of Ohio by the United States Justice Department, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and the Internal Revenue Service. They have targeted me for 20 years.

They suborned perjury in my first trial, where I am the only American in the history of the country to have defeated the Justice Department in a RICO case pro se, and they have never forgotten it and they have targeted me ever since.

The bottom line is there may be an indictment any day. But during this period of time where I have been targeted, I have been investigating the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Justice Department in the Northern District of Ohio. FBI agents in the northern district of Ohio have been on the payroll of the Mob. They have been bank rolled by the Mob. In fact, the Mob had directed the first indictment of JIM TRAFICANT.

Mr. Speaker, in addition, I have credible evidence and an affidavit that supports the fact that an individual informant has charged the FBI with asking him to commit murder. I will be presenting these matters to a respective committee of Congress asking for a committee investigation with full subpoena powers to back up the affidavits that I have before me.

So, Mr. Speaker, having taken this time, I thank the Chair for allowing me to make such a statement.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the provisions of clause 8 of rule

XX, the Chair announces that he will postpone further proceedings today on each motion to suspend the rules on which a recorded vote or the yeas and nays are ordered, or on which the vote is objected to under clause 6 of rule XX.

Such rollcall votes, if postponed, will be taken after debate has concluded on all motions to suspend the rules, but not before 6 p.m. today.

PRESIDENTIAL THREAT PROTECTION ACT OF 2000

Mr. COBLE. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R., 3048) to amend section 879 of title 18, United States Code, to provide clearer coverage over threats against former Presidents and members of their families, and for other purposes, as amended.

The Clerk read as follows:

H.R. 3048

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Presidential Threat Protection Act of 2000".

SEC. 2. REVISION OF SECTION 879 OF TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 879 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking "or" at the end of subsection (a)(2);

(2) in subsection (a)(3)—

(A) by striking "the spouse" and inserting "a member of the immediate family"; and

(B) by inserting "or" after the semicolon at the end;

(3) by inserting after subsection (a)(3) the following:

"(4) a person protected by the Secret Service under section 3056(a)(6);";

(4) in subsection (a)—

(A) by striking "who is protected by the Secret Service as provided by law,"; and

(B) by striking "three years" and inserting "5 years"; and

(5) in subsection (b)(1)(B)—

(A) by inserting "and (a)(3)" after "subsection (a)(2)"; and

(B) by striking "or Vice President-elect" and inserting "Vice President-elect, or major candidate for the office of President or Vice President".

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

(1) HEADING.—The heading for section 879 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "protected by the Secret Service".

(2) TABLE OF SECTIONS.—The item relating to section 879 in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 41 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "protected by the Secret Service".

SEC. 3. CLARIFICATION OF SECRET SERVICE AUTHORITY FOR SECURITY OPERATIONS AT EVENTS AND GATHERINGS OF NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE.

Section 3056 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(e) Under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, the United States Secret Service is authorized to coordinate the design, planning, and implementation of security operations for any special event of national significance, as determined by the President or the President's designee."