The House met at 10 a.m. and was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. LAHOOD).

DESIGNATION OF THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE
The Speaker pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Speaker:
WASHINGTON, D.C.
I hereby appoint the Honorable Ray LAHOOD to act as Speaker pro tempore on this day.
J. DENNIS HASTERT,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

PRAYER
The Reverend H. Warren Casiday, Emanuel Reformed United Church of Christ, Thomasville, North Carolina, offered the following prayer:
May we join in prayer, please. O Lord, Our Lord, how majestic is Your Name in all the Earth. We pause at this moment to turn our hearts and minds toward You.
God, You have called each of these fine men and women to the respective positions in this great House to serve You, to serve their constituents, to serve each citizen of our great country. Bless each Representative as they respond to Your call.
Grant each of them wisdom as they seek to understand what is both right and necessary for America at this time. Grant that they may have the courage to reach the decisions that will be consistent with Your desires for our Nation. Grant each Representative the peace that comes with the knowledge that they have attempted to do Your will for our country. May You continue to bless this great Nation of ours through the faithful service of each Member of this distinguished House.
By Your grace, may each of these requests be granted. I offer this prayer in the name of Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

THE JOURNAL
The Speaker pro tempore. The Chair has examined the Journal of the last day’s proceedings and announces to the House his approval thereof.
Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal stands approved.
Mr. McNULTY. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to clause 1, rule I, I demand a vote on agreeing to the Speaker’s approval of the Journal.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE
The Speaker pro tempore. The Speaker announces there will be 10 1-minute speeches per side, beginning with the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. COBLE), the sponsor of the guest chaplain today.

WELCOME TO GUEST CHAPLAIN, THE REVEREND H. WARREN CASIDAY
(Mr. COBLE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)
Mr. COBLE. Mr. Speaker, Thomasville, North Carolina, is known as the chair capital of the world. It is also the home of the Emanuel Reformed United Church of Christ, where our guest Chaplain today has served for the past 7 years. We are pleased to have Warren, his wife, Marie, and son, Jason, with us today.
Mr. Speaker, I visited the Emanuel Church many months ago for a dinner on the grounds, and on that day some of the parishioners expressed interest in having their pastor serve as our guest Chaplain and here he is today.
Reverend Casiday received his divinity degree from the Duke University School of Divinity in Durham; and Warren presently serves, Mr. Speaker, as the president of the Thomasville Ministerial Association and the Chair City Toastmasters in Thomasville.
Warren said to me, Mr. Speaker, just a few moments ago, “I am a follower of Christ and I am humbled and honored to be the guest Chaplain today.” I say to him, Warren, we are honored and privileged to have you and your family and your congregation in Thomasville back home watching.

WE NEED TO UTILIZE NATURAL GAS RESOURCES
(Mr. GIBBONS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)
Mr. GIBBONS. Mr. Speaker, everybody here and everybody in America actually knows we are facing an energy shortage; but I ask today, what are we doing about it?
Our demand for oil and gas continually rises, and we seem to diminish our supply of these natural resources at the same time. In times of crisis we have actually drawn from our fuel reserves, but we always fail to replenish them. Right now the demand for gas is outstripping our demand for oil. By 2020, we will consume 62 percent more natural gas than we do today.
But while our demand grows, our production slows. We need to act now; but we cannot, because 40 percent of our natural gas sits under sagebrush protected by Federal regulations.
Mr. Speaker, Americans are paying 20 percent more for natural gas than...