

high chair downtown serves as a symbol of the industry's importance to the city.

While Thomasville is synonymous with furniture, it is a city of around 20,000 people and a thriving community in North Carolina's Piedmont Triad region.

Thomasville is named for State Senator John W. Thomas who helped pioneer the construction of the first railroad across North Carolina. He founded the town of Thomasville next to the railroad in 1852.

I salute my good friend Mayor Hubert Leonard and wish all the best to the residents of Thomasville as they celebrate the city's 150th anniversary.

CONGRATULATING THE LIDSKY FAMILY AND THE FOUNDATION FIGHTING BLINDNESS

(Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN. Mr. Speaker, the Lidsky family from my congressional district has inspired me to work toward a cure for eye degenerative diseases. Three out of the four of the Lidsky children—Ilana, Isaac and Daria—suffer from retinitis pigmentosa, a disease which in time will lead to blindness.

The Lidskys fight valiantly each and every day by broadening their network, working closely with scientists and organizing events to help raise research funds. On Sunday, September 9, together with the Foundation Fighting Blindness, the Lidskys will host the Generations Luncheon and Bazaar. The Foundation Fighting Blindness is rated by the National Health Council as the leading charity for the percentage of program dollars spent on research.

At present, 80 million Americans are at risk for developing diseases that can potentially lead to blindness. But fortunately through the efforts of the Foundation and of families like the Lidskys, the pace of research has accelerated. As a result, the once distant goal, a cure for blindness, is now within sight.

I ask that my colleagues help me in congratulating the Lidskys and the Foundation for their dedication in fighting eye degenerative diseases.

JUDGE RULES BONUSES IN ORDER IN WAKE OF CALIFORNIA POWER SHORTAGE

(Mr. TRAFICANT asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. TRAFICANT. Even though California consumers are suffering the worst power shortage in history and outrageous costs, a Federal judge has ruled that the Pacific Gas and Electric

Company can pay their top managers \$17.5 million in bonuses. Now, if that is not enough to shock your crock pot, the company said, and I quote, "If we don't pay this \$17.5 million, they're going to leave us."

Unbelievable. These fat cats should not be rewarded, they should be fired. Throw these bums out. Beam me up.

I yield back the fact that they should hire a proctologist to perform a brain scan on that Federal judge who is somewhere in Disney World.

ARCHER MEDICAL SAVINGS ACCOUNTS

(Mr. SAM JOHNSON of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. SAM JOHNSON. Mr. Speaker, when President Clinton took office, there were 38 million people uninsured. After 8 years, there are now roughly 43 million Americans who have no health insurance. Of those people, more than half of them are small business owners, their families, their employees, their loved ones.

The goal of a patients' bill of rights should be to help these people get good health insurance and truly reduce the number of uninsured. One excellent way to do that is to expand Archer medical savings accounts. Increasing access to medical savings accounts would help those people struggling to make ends meet. Medical savings accounts help people get the care they need from a doctor they know. You choose your doctor. You choose your hospital.

Increase the number of insured Americans. Support medical savings accounts and the Fletcher bill.

PATIENTS' BILL OF RIGHTS—DIRECT ACCESS TO OB-GYN CARE

(Mrs. DAVIS of California asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Mrs. DAVIS of California. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to talk about a key difference between the Ganske-Dingell bipartisan patients' bill of rights and the Fletcher alternative: direct access to OB-GYN care.

During my tenure in the State assembly, I wrote California's law that gives women direct access to their OB-GYN. This is a simple issue. A woman should not need a permission slip to see her doctor.

Women have different medical needs than men. OB-GYNs often have the most appropriate medical education and experience to address a woman's health care needs. Statistics in fact show that if there are too many barriers between a woman and her doctor, she is less likely to get the medical care that she needs.

The Ganske-Dingell bipartisan patients' bill of rights will require all health plans to give women direct access to their OB-GYN. The Fletcher alternative on the other hand includes conditions that could increase the time, the expense, and the inconvenience of a necessary doctor's appointment.

I urge my colleagues to vote for the real patients' bill of rights, the Ganske-Dingell bill, and give their female constituents access to the health care they deserve.

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WHY UNLIMITED LAWSUITS WILL NOT IMPROVE HEALTH CARE

(Mr. TIBERI asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. TIBERI. Mr. Speaker, President Bush has pledged to sign into law the Patients' Bill of Rights that provides a full range of patient protections, including direct access to OB-GYNS, physician choice, emergency room coverage, pediatric care, and a ban on "gag" rules. What President Bush will not support is unlimited lawsuits.

A Washington poll released in early June showed a majority of Americans, 49 percent to 40 percent, prefer a different approach than one of unlimited lawsuits, believing that more litigation will drive up costs of medical care in America.

It must be clear that HMOs are not exempt from lawsuits. Federal courts have ruled 15 times since 1995 that HMOs can be held liable. ERISA does not shield HMOs from medical malpractice liability; it only preempts State laws on coverage of administration of benefits decisions.

Unlimited lawsuits will not improve patient care in America. A recent Harvard University study found that "almost 60 percent of costs to the malpractice system would wind up in bank accounts of lawyers, court administrators and insurance systems."

The goal of patients' rights legislation should be about reducing the ranks of the uninsured and increasing access to health care coverage.

Mr. Speaker, I urge support of the Fletcher bill.

VOTE FOR THE REAL PATIENTS' BILL OF RIGHTS

(Mr. SCHIFF asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. SCHIFF. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of the Norwood-Dingell-Ganske Patients' Bill of Rights.

For 5 years now, advocates of better health care have advocated for the real Patients' Bill of Rights, only to see that legislation shot down in this