

Gilchrest	Lofgren	Ros-Lehtinen
Gillmor	Lowey	Ross
Gilman	Lucas (KY)	Rothman
Gonzalez	Lucas (OK)	Roybal-Allard
Goode	Luther	Royce
Goodlatte	Maloney (NY)	Rush
Gordon	Manzullo	Ryan (WI)
Goss	Markey	Ryun (KS)
Graham	Mascara	Sabo
Granger	Matheson	Sanchez
Graves	Matsui	Sandlin
Green (TX)	McCarthy (MO)	Sawyer
Green (WI)	McCarthy (NY)	Saxton
Greenwood	McCollum	Scarborough
Grucci	McCrery	Schaffer
Gutierrez	McDermott	Schakowsky
Gutknecht	McGovern	Schiff
Hall (OH)	McHugh	Schrock
Hall (TX)	McInnis	Sensenbrenner
Hansen	McIntyre	Serrano
Harman	McKeon	Sessions
Hart	McKinney	Shadegg
Hastings (FL)	McNulty	Shaw
Hastings (WA)	Meehan	Sherman
Hayes	Meek (FL)	Sherwood
Hayworth	Meeks (NY)	Shimkus
Hefley	Menendez	Simmons
Hergert	Mica	Simpson
Hill	Millender-	Sisisky
Hiiliard	McDonald	Skeen
Hinchee	Miller (FL)	Skelton
Hinojosa	Miller, Gary	Smith (MI)
Hobson	Miller, George	Smith (NJ)
Hoekstra	Mink	Smith (TX)
Holden	Mollohan	Smith (WA)
Holt	Moran (KS)	Snyder
Honda	Moran (VA)	Solis
Hooley	Morella	Souder
Horn	Murtha	Spence
Hostettler	Myrick	Spratt
Hoyer	Nadler	Stark
Hulshof	Napolitano	Stearns
Hunter	Neal	Stenholm
Hutchinson	Nethercutt	Strickland
Inslee	Ney	Stump
Isakson	Northup	Tancredo
Israel	Norwood	Tanner
Issa	Nussle	Tauscher
Istook	Oberstar	Tauzin
Jackson (IL)	Obey	Taylor (MS)
Jackson-Lee	Oliver	Terry
(TX)	Ortiz	Thomas
Jefferson	Osborne	Thompson (CA)
Jenkins	Ose	Thompson (MS)
John	Otter	Thornberry
Johnson (CT)	Owens	Thune
Johnson (IL)	Oxley	Thurman
Johnson, E. B.	Pallone	Tiahrt
Johnson, Sam	Pascrell	Tiberi
Jones (OH)	Pastor	Tierney
Kanjorski	Payne	Toomey
Kaptur	Pelosi	Towns
Keller	Pence	Trafficant
Kelly	Peterson (MN)	Turner
Kennedy (MN)	Peterson (PA)	Udall (CO)
Kerns	Petri	Udall (NM)
Kildee	Phelps	Upton
Kilpatrick	Pickering	Velázquez
Kind (WI)	Pitts	Visclosky
King (NY)	Platts	Vitter
Kirk	Pombo	Walden
Kleccka	Pomeroy	Waters
Knollenberg	Portman	Watkins
Kolbe	Price (NC)	Watt (NC)
Kucinich	Pryce (OH)	Watts (OK)
LaFalce	Putnam	Waxman
LaHood	Quinn	Weiner
Lampson	Radanovich	Weldon (FL)
Langevin	Rahall	Weldon (PA)
Lantos	Ramstad	Weller
Largent	Rangel	Wexler
Larsen (WA)	Regula	Whitfield
Larson (CT)	Rehberg	Wicker
Latham	Reyes	Wilson
LaTourette	Reynolds	Wolf
Leach	Riley	Woolsey
Lee	Rivers	Wu
Levin	Rodriguez	Wynn
Lewis (GA)	Roemer	Young (AK)
Lewis (KY)	Rogers (KY)	Young (FL)
Linder	Rogers (MI)	
LoBiondo	Rohrabacher	

NAYS—1

Paul

NOT VOTING—30

Ackerman	Jones (NC)	Scott
Baldacci	Kennedy (RI)	Shays
Becerra	Kingston	Shows
Bonior	Lewis (CA)	Slaughter
Diaz-Balart	Lipinski	Stupak
English	Maloney (CT)	Sununu
Hilleary	Moakley	Sweeney
Hoefel	Moore	Taylor (NC)
Houghton	Roukema	Walsh
Hyde	Sanders	Wamp

□ 1839

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Ms. SLAUGHTER. Mr. Speaker, I was unavoidably detained and missed rollcall votes 26 and 27. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on both votes.

ELECTION OF MEMBERS TO COMMITTEE ON STANDARDS OF OFFICIAL CONDUCT

Mr. LINDER. Mr. Speaker, I offer a resolution (H. Res. 76) and ask unanimous consent for its immediate consideration in the House.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. SHIMKUS). The Clerk will report the resolution.

The Clerk read as follows:

H. RES. 76

Resolved, That the following named Members be, and are hereby, elected to the following standing committee of the House of Representatives:

Committee on Standards of Official Conduct: Mr. Portman, Mr. Hastings of Washington, Mr. Hutchinson and Mrs. Biggert.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Georgia?

There was no objection.

The resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

ELECTION OF MEMBERS TO COMMITTEE ON STANDARDS OF OFFICIAL CONDUCT

Mr. FROST. Mr. Speaker, I offer a resolution (H. Res. 77) and I ask unanimous consent for its immediate consideration in the House.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the resolution.

The Clerk read as follows:

H. RES. 77

Resolved, That the following named Members be, and are hereby, elected to the following standing committee of the House of Representatives:

Committee on Standards of Official Conduct: Mr. Sabo of Minnesota, Mr. Pastor of Arizona, Ms. Lofgren of California.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Texas?

There was no objection.

The resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

REPORT ON RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF MOTIONS TO SUSPEND THE RULES

Mr. LINDER, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 107-8) on the resolution (H. Res. 78) providing for consideration of motions to suspend the rules, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

REPORT ON RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 6, PROVIDING FOR CONGRESSIONAL DISAPPROVAL OF THE RULE SUBMITTED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR RELATING TO ERGONOMICS

Mr. LINDER, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 107-9) on the resolution (H. Res. 79) providing for consideration of the Senate joint resolution (S.J. Res. 6) providing for congressional disapproval of the rule submitted by the Department of Labor under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, relating to ergonomics, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

TRIBUTE TO SERVICE MEMBERS LOST IN PLANE CRASH OF SATURDAY, MARCH 3, 2001

(Mr. PUTNAM asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PUTNAM. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to three members of Detachment 1, First Battalion, 171st Aviation Unit, Florida Army National Guard: Chief Warrant Officer John Duce; Chief Warrant Officer Eric Larson; Staff Sergeant Robert Ward, Jr. and to 18 members of the Virginia Air National Guard's 203rd Red Horse Flight who were lost in a tragic airplane crash on Saturday, March 3. The 171st Aviation is based at the Florida Air National Guard base at Lakeland-Linder Regional Airport in my district, and Staff Sergeant Ward and his family are constituents of mine. I am sure I speak for all in this Chamber when I say that we join these 21 families in grieving for the loss of their loved ones.

As members of the National Guard, Chief Warrant Officer Duce, Chief Warrant Officer Larson and Staff Sergeant Ward were citizen-soldiers and part of a great American military tradition that began at Lexington and Concord and

continues to be a central part of our Armed Forces. They were not deployed on a distant shore. They were not facing a foreign foe. But they were still defending our freedoms, our families and our homes. We must never forget what risks our defenders assume each and every day.

For their service to our country, we honor the sacrifice of Chief Warrant Officer John Duce, Chief Warrant Officer Eric Larson, Staff Sergeant Robert Ward, Jr., and the 18 members of the 203rd Red Horse Flight who were lost last Saturday, and we offer such comfort as we may to their families. May God bless them and may God bless the great Nation they served.

INTRODUCTION OF MEDICAID SAFETY NET HOSPITAL PRESERVATION ACT OF 2001

(Mr. WHITFIELD asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. WHITFIELD. Mr. Speaker, I am pleased to announce that the gentlewoman from Colorado (Ms. DEGETTE) and I have introduced the Medicaid Safety Net Hospital Preservation Act of 2001. The Medicaid disproportionate share program provides funding for hospital uncompensated care. Payments are made through the Medicaid program and the costs are financed with a combination of Federal and State dollars. The amount of money that any State can spend on indigent care through the Medicaid DSH program is limited by the caps imposed by the Federal Government.

The 1997 Balanced Budget Act affected hospitals to a far greater degree than was ever anticipated by Congress. Rural hospitals have been hardest hit and are struggling to remain financially solvent. In the closing days of the 106th Congress, we passed the Beneficiary Improvement and Protection Act which stopped further reductions in Medicaid DSH spending in fiscal year 2001 and fiscal year 2002. Even though we froze further cuts in those years, the law reinstates the full Balanced Budget Act reduction for most States in fiscal year 2003. Last year's legislation secured only a temporary reprieve.

Therefore, the act that we have introduced will eliminate any further reductions in the program for fiscal year 2003.

□ 1845

TRIBUTE TO LEO FRIGO

(Mr. GREEN of Wisconsin asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. GREEN of Wisconsin. Mr. Speaker, briefly I wish to talk tonight about

a friend of mine by the name of Leo Frigo who died tragically 1 month ago.

It is impossible to sum up his life and his contributions in a minute. The people of Northeastern Wisconsin know that he founded Paul's Pantry in 1983 after retiring as the President of Frigo Cheese. From its humble beginnings, this food kitchen now distributes over 300,000 pounds of unsalable food to the poor each and every month. The food comes from area stores and restaurants.

When Leo began his operation, he would approach restaurants and stores asking for their unsalable food. They denied him. They thought he was crazy. So he began raiding their Dumpsters until they were so embarrassed they had to listen to him.

Leo Frigo, when he retired from Frigo Cheese, could have enjoyed the easy life. He could have rested on his laurels and his good fortune. Instead he chose to be a true compassionate conservative and to serve his fellow man. I will miss him as a friend and all of us will miss him as a great and wonderful leader.

TRIBUTE TO THE 182 WHO STAYED AND FOUGHT ON MARCH 6, 1836

(Mr. CULBERSON asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. CULBERSON. Mr. Speaker, I rise tonight very briefly to pay tribute to the memory and spirit of 182 brave Americans and Tejanos who, on this date March 6, 1836 at sunrise this morning, the garrison of the Alamo fell in Texas and but for the sacrifice of those 182 brave citizens of Texas and Mexico who decided to stay and fight the army of a dictator, many of the liberties that we enjoy today might not be present. Much of the Western United States might not be a part of the United States today.

Mr. Speaker, I just want to say here how much we in Texas and I as a Member of Congress appreciate the sacrifice of those 182 brave Americans and Tejanos who chose to stay and fight at the Alamo, and I just want to say God bless each and every one of them and God bless this great Nation.

CONGRESS AND ADMINISTRATION FAIL TO SPEAK OUT REGARDING CHRISTIAN PERSECUTION IN SUDAN

(Mr. WOLF asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. WOLF. Madam Speaker, in Sudan 2.2 million people have died, mainly Christians, who have been persecuted by the north. There is slavery in Sudan today in the year 2001.

Now the oil companies are going into the Sudan, some traded on the New

York Stock Exchange. An article in World Magazine by Mindy Belz says the following:

"China's petroleum firm reportedly purchased a high tech radar system for the government last year. It was installed last summer, and since then government bombing raids against southern targets, mostly churches and humanitarian relief operations, have increased. The U.N. private humanitarian agencies, local churches and village leaders have confirmed the 152 air attacks."

Oil money listed on the New York Stock Exchange buying radar so they can kill Christians, and this Congress and this administration is not speaking out?

[From the World Magazine, Mar. 10, 2001]

BLOOD FOR OIL
(By Mindy Belz)

Divisions among Sudan's Islamic factions could weaken the regime, but, in the meantime, oil companies are strengthening President Omar el-Bashir's ability to wage war.

Overseas oil consortiums began pumping oil from south-central Sudan in 1999. Farther east, they rapidly explored another oil region and expect to begin yielding oil exports soon. The new trade brings in over \$400 million in revenue for Khartoum, more than enough to finance the war it has waged against south Sudan for nearly 18 years. Experts say one of the reasons that war has been so protracted is that the government has not had enough resources to do battle competently—until now.

Overseas companies currently operate in three oil concessions, all falling in contested areas of southern Sudan. The Khartoum government has said it will lease two more this year. China's state-owned oil business, Chinese National Petroleum Company (CNPC), and the private Canadian firm, Calgary-based Talisman Energy, Inc., are the largest participants in Sudan's fledgling oil trade. They expect south Sudan's oilfields to double their daily output for export—currently at 85,000 barrels—by 2005. During that time Sudan likely will build another oil pipeline, probably east to Ethiopia and through territory currently held by rebels.

Smaller European oil companies, along with Malaysia's Petronas, also have oil operations in south and southwest Sudan. Last month Sudan signed a memorandum of understanding with Russia, opening its way to exporting oil via the Red Sea.

You don't have to tell Americans—at least those who remember gas-ration lines—that oil politics come only in high-test. With Sudan it is no different. The companies already on the ground have made big investments to break in, and they want to protect their holdings. So China's petroleum firm reportedly purchased a high-tech radar system for the government last year. It was installed last summer, and since then government bombing raids against southern targets (mostly churches and humanitarian relief operations) have increased—the UN, private humanitarian agencies, local churches, and village leaders have confirmed 152 air attacks last year. Talisman Energy opened to government forces an airstrip that it built near its oil concession. To compensate, Talisman posts a special page on its website for "Sudan Operating Principles," including information about its efforts to enact a "code of ethics" for operating in a war zone.