

MARITIME POLICY IMPROVEMENT ACT OF 2001

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. SIMPSON). The pending business is the question of suspending the rules and passing the bill, H.R. 1098.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. LOBIONDO) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 1098, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 415, nays 3, not voting 14, as follows:

[Roll No. 55]

YEAS—415

Abercrombie	Cooksey	Graves
Ackerman	Costello	Green (TX)
Aderholt	Cox	Green (WI)
Akin	Coyne	Greenwood
Allen	Cramer	Guerci
Andrews	Crane	Gutierrez
Army	Crenshaw	Gutknecht
Baca	Crowley	Hall (OH)
Bachus	Cubin	Hall (TX)
Baird	Culberson	Hansen
Baker	Cummings	Harman
Baldacci	Cunningham	Hart
Baldwin	Davis (CA)	Hastings (FL)
Ballenger	Davis (FL)	Hastings (WA)
Barcia	Davis (IL)	Hayes
Barr	Davis, Jo Ann	Hayworth
Barrett	Davis, Tom	Hefley
Bartlett	Deal	Herger
Barton	DeFazio	Hill
Bass	DeGette	Hilleary
Bentsen	Delahunt	Hilliard
Bereuter	DeLauro	Hinchey
Berkley	DeLay	Hinojosa
Berman	DeMint	Hobson
Berry	Deutsch	Hoefel
Biggert	Diaz-Balart	Hoekstra
Bilirakis	Dicks	Holden
Bishop	Dingell	Holt
Blagojevich	Doggett	Honda
Blumenauer	Dooley	Hooley
Blunt	Doolittle	Horn
Boehlert	Doyle	Hostettler
Boehner	Dreier	Houghton
Bonilla	Duncan	Hoyer
Bonior	Dunn	Hulshof
Bono	Edwards	Hunter
Borski	Ehlers	Hutchinson
Boswell	Ehrlich	Hyde
Boucher	Emerson	Insee
Boyd	Engel	Isakson
Brady (PA)	English	Israel
Brady (TX)	Eshoo	Issa
Brown (OH)	Etheridge	Istook
Brown (SC)	Evans	Jackson (IL)
Bryant	Everett	Jackson-Lee
Burr	Farr	(TX)
Burton	Fattah	Jefferson
Buyer	Ferguson	Jenkins
Callahan	Filmer	John
Calvert	Fletcher	Johnson (CT)
Camp	Foley	Johnson (IL)
Cantor	Ford	Johnson, E. B.
Capito	Fossella	Johnson, Sam
Capps	Frank	Jones (NC)
Capuano	Frelinghuysen	Jones (OH)
Cardin	Frost	Kanjorski
Carson (IN)	Gallegly	Kaptur
Carson (OK)	Ganske	Kelly
Castle	Gekas	Kennedy (MN)
Chabot	Gephardt	Kennedy (RI)
Chambliss	Gibbons	Kerns
Clay	Gilchrest	Kildee
Clayton	Gillmor	Kilpatrick
Clement	Gilman	Kind (WI)
Clyburn	Gonzalez	King (NY)
Coble	Goode	Kingston
Collins	Goodlatte	Kirk
Combest	Goss	Kleczka
Condit	Graham	Knollenberg
Conyers	Granger	Kolbe

Kucinich	Obey	Shimkus
LaFalce	Oliver	Shows
LaHood	Ortiz	Simmons
Lampson	Osborne	Simpson
Langevin	Ose	Skeen
Lantos	Otter	Skelton
Largent	Owens	Slaughter
Larsen (WA)	Oxley	Smith (MI)
Larson (CT)	Pallone	Smith (NJ)
Latham	Pascarell	Smith (TX)
LaTourette	Pastor	Smith (WA)
Leach	Payne	Snyder
Lee	Pelosi	Solis
Levin	Pence	Souder
Lewis (CA)	Peterson (MN)	Spence
Lewis (GA)	Peterson (PA)	Spratt
Lewis (KY)	Petri	Stark
Linder	Phelps	Stearns
Lipinski	Pickering	Stenholm
LoBiondo	Pitts	Strickland
Lofgren	Platts	Stump
Lowe	Pombo	Stupak
Lucas (KY)	Pomeroy	Sununu
Lucas (OK)	Portman	Sweeney
Luther	Price (NC)	Tancredo
Maloney (CT)	Pryce (OH)	Tanner
Maloney (NY)	Putnam	Tauscher
Manzullo	Quinn	Tauzin
Markey	Radanovich	Terry
Mascara	Rahall	Thomas
Matheson	Ramstad	Thompson (CA)
Matsui	Rangel	Thompson (MS)
McCarthy (MO)	Regula	Thornberry
McCarthy (NY)	Rehberg	Thune
McCollum	Reyes	Thurman
McCrery	Reynolds	Tiahrt
McDermott	Riley	Tiberi
McGovern	Rivers	Tierney
McInnis	Rodriguez	Toomey
McIntyre	Roemer	Towns
McKeon	Rogers (KY)	Traficant
McKinney	Rogers (MI)	Turner
McNulty	Rohrabacher	Udall (CO)
Meehan	Ros-Lehtinen	Udall (NM)
Meek (FL)	Ross	Upton
Meeks (NY)	Roukema	Velazquez
Menendez	Roybal-Allard	Viscosky
Millender-	Royce	Vitter
McDonald	Rush	Walden
Miller (FL)	Ryan (WI)	Walsh
Miller, Gary	Ryun (KS)	Wamp
Miller, George	Sabo	Waters
Mink	Sanchez	Watkins
Mollohan	Sanders	Watt (NC)
Moore	Sandlin	Watts (OK)
Moran (KS)	Sawyer	Waxman
Moran (VA)	Saxton	Weiner
Morella	Schaffer	Weldon (PA)
Murtha	Schakowsky	Weller
Myrick	Schiff	Wexler
Nadler	Schrock	Whitfield
Napolitano	Scott	Wicker
Neal	Sensenbrenner	Wilson
Nethercutt	Serrano	Wolf
Ney	Shadegg	Woolsey
Northup	Shaw	Wu
Norwood	Shays	Wynn
Nussle	Sherman	Young (AK)
Oberstar	Sherwood	Young (FL)

NAYS—3

Flake	Paul	Taylor (MS)
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NOT VOTING—14

Becerra	McHugh	Sessions
Brown (FL)	Mica	Sisisky
Cannon	Moakley	Taylor (NC)
Gordon	Rothman	Weldon (FL)
Keller	Scarborough	

□ 1209

So (two-thirds of those present having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8, rule XX, the pending

business is the question of the Speaker's approval of the Journal of the last day's proceedings.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal stands approved.

REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H.R. 459

Mr. LARSEN of Washington. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the gentleman from California (Mr. LEWIS) be removed as a cosponsor of H.R. 459.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Washington?

There was no objection.

SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. SIMPSON). Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 3, 2001, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

THE GOVERNMENT'S APPETITE FOR LAND

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. DUNCAN) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. DUNCAN. Mr. Speaker, a few days ago, I did a Special Order about a tax cut and how one can never satisfy government's appetite or demand for money. I said then that if we gave every department and agency double what they got the year before, they might be happy for a short time, but they would soon be back crying about a shortfall in funding. Everyone supports education, for example, and I certainly do.

□ 1215

But you almost never hear the fact that education spending has gone up at a rate many times the rate of inflation over the last several years.

But I want to expand today on something else that I mentioned in that special order of a few days ago, and that is government's appetite for land.

Just as you can never satisfy government's appetite for money, you can never satisfy government's desire for land. They always want more, and they have been getting it at what people should realize is an alarming rate.

Today, over 30 percent of the land in the United States is owned by the Federal Government. Another almost 20 percent is owned by State and local governments or quasi-governmental agencies.

So today you have about half the land in some type of public or governmental ownership.

The most alarming thing is the speed with which this government greed for land has grown over the past 30 years or 40 years.