the fact that we can no longer call Punch for his straightforward advice, I would like to pay tribute here on the Senate floor to this remarkable Oregonian.

Punch was a member of what has been termed “The Greatest Generation.” Like so many others of that generation, Punch willingly risked his life for our country, as he served with distinction in the Pacific theater during World War II. And when he returned to Oregon following the war, Punch dedicated much of his life to making Oregon and America a better place in which to live, work, and raise a family.

He founded and ran a number of businesses, where he earned a reputation as a caring and fair manager. He became active in the Republican Party, serving as chair of campaigns for Presidents Ford, Reagan and Bush, and sent on his own as a trusted mentor to countless other candidates, myself included. Indeed, when I began my campaign for the Senate, one of the first people I sought out for advice and support was Punch Green. And I could not have asked for a more loyal friend.

Punch loved his home city, the city of Portland, OR, and he understood the importance of ensuring that Portland remained true to its name. As a commissioner and as President of the Port of Portland, Punch skillfully guided the port through an era of major growth and expansion. Punch’s leadership on these issues came to the attention of President Reagan, who chose Punch to serve as chair of the Federal Maritime Commission, a post he filled with great skill for 4 years.

Punch was nearing what many consider “retirement age” in the 1980s, and he certainly had earned the right to take to the couch for 10 days. But Punch was always willing to answer the call of his country, and former President Bush was calling. In 1989, Punch packed his bags and accepted President Bush’s request to serve as United States Ambassador to Romania. Punch arrived at the embassy in Bucharest just 2 weeks before the fall of the Ceausescu dictatorship. As tensions mounted in that country and explosions could be heard in the distance, Punch evacuated women and children from the embassy, and spent time on his office couch for 10 days. Punch would later tell me that one of the highlights of his life was waving an American flag from the embassy window to the thunderous applause and cheers of thousands of Romanian citizens who were celebrating the end of Ceausescu’s bloody reign. Punch’s leadership in Romania at this critical time was recognized in 1992, when he received the State Department’s Distinguished Honor Award.

When his assignment in Romania came to its conclusion, Punch returned to Portland, where he continued to provide his inimitable leadership to a variety of worthy causes. One which was especially close to his heart was that of the Oregon Humane Society, which Punch supported with a beautiful new facility in Portland, thanks, in no small part, to Punch’s vision and generosity.

My thoughts today are with Punch’s wife, Joan, his three daughters, and eight grandchildren. The Greek poet Sophocles once wrote that “One must not wait until the evening to see how splendid the day has been.” Although Punch left us much too early, it is my prayer that those who loved him will take solace in the fact that as he neared the evening of his time here on Earth, Punch could look back at a life rich with family, rich with friends, and rich with making a difference in the passions of our time, and he could say that the day has indeed been splendid.

NATIONAL WOMEN’S HISTORY MONTH—RECOGNIZING PROMINENT WOMEN OF ARKANSAS

Mrs. LINCOLN. Mr. President, as we celebrate the remaining days of National Women’s History Month, I want to call attention to several extraordinary women from my home state of Arkansas who have devoted their lives to improving our communities and lending a hand to those in need.

But before I talk about them individually, I first want to say a few words about a woman who is special not only to many generations of Arkansans but to the members of this body. That woman is Hattie Caraway.

In 1932, Hattie Caraway of Arkansas became the first woman ever elected to the United States Senate after winning a special election to fill the remaining months of her husband’s term. Arkansans elected Hattie to the Senate two more times, and she served in the U.S. Senate until January, 1945. Senator Caraway became the first woman to chair a Senate Committee and the first woman to take up the gavel on the Senate floor as the Senate’s presiding officer. And when she finished her term, her Senate colleagues honored her for her service with a standing ovation on the Senate floor. Quite a feat for a woman back in 1945 especially since women had just won the right to vote only 25 years earlier!

There is no doubt that Hattie Caraway’s service in the Senate paved the way for women seeking elective office. Thirty-one women have followed Hattie Caraway to the Senate, and today, a record high of 13 women are serving in the Senate at the same time. Combined with the 59 women in the U.S. House of Representatives, a record total of 72 women serve in the U.S. Congress today.

Another woman who is paving the way for women in politics in Arkansas is County Judge LaVerne Grayson. Judge Grayson last November became the first female county judge to serve Boone County, Arkansas.

Before attaining her leadership, Judge Grayson served as the private sector representative to the White House for the Hague Convention. Judge Grayson has been a leader in the efforts to help raise children who have been orphaned and displaced by the AIDS pandemic. In the past two years, Donna has been the Chairman of Interfaith Help Services, which is a
seven-member church collaborative effort that provides financial assistance to underprivileged residents in the form of medical assistance, dental assistance, monthly expense assistance, and a food pantry.

I recently nominated Donna for the Mitsubishi Motors Unsung Heroine Award, which honors women who have gone beyond the call of duty to serve those in need. Mitsubishi has donated $5,000 to Interfaith Help Services, and PBS will produce a documentary about Donna this spring. I am so proud and grateful for Donna’s incredible efforts. Under her leadership, Interfaith Help Services has helped over 6,900 single parents, children, and families since 1991.

As we recognize the great accomplishments women have made over the centuries, it is with great respect and admiration that I pay personal tribute to the women of Arkansas today. Their achievements in the areas of government, education, and community service have made them outstanding local role models for young women and girls who have always seen positive differences in their communities.

As the youngest woman to ever serve in the U.S. Senate, I share their desire to make our nation a better place for our children. I am humbled by and thankful for their work and am glad to have the opportunity to recognize them today.

BILL RADIGAN OF VERMILLION, SOUTH DAKOTA

Mr. DASCHLE. Mr. President, I was deeply saddened today to learn of the passing of a dedicated public servant and a dear friend to South Dakota and to me. Bill Radigan spent his entire life serving those around him, and he will certainly be missed.

As a young man, Bill joined the Army Air Corps, so that he could serve his country during World War II. After the war, he returned to his hometown of Vermillion, SD to continue what would become a lifelong commitment to public service. He served Clay County with the U.S. Postal Service for 35 years and coordinated Vermillion’s school bus system. Thousands across the State have benefited from Bill’s work with the American Legion and the VFW, where he served as secretary of the South Dakota Teener Baseball program for more than 30 years, and as State Quartermaster/Adjunct for nearly 50 years. For 55 years he was a member of the Vermillion Volunteer Fire Department, where he served as secretary-treasurer. Bill was a dedicated husband to his wife Susie, the loving father of 11, and a grandfather to many.

In 1988, Bill ran for, and was elected to, the Vermillion City Council. Six years later he was elected mayor. Vermillion has been well served by its mayor, and, under his leadership, the city has embarked on a number of exciting projects that will sustain the community’s prosperity well into the future.

Bill Radigan’s list of accomplishments is certainly impressive. But those activities only began to scratch the surface of who Bill was and why he will be missed. Bill didn’t engage in public service because he wanted to add to a list of accomplishments. He simply saw something that needed to be done, and he stepped forward to answer the call. From serving in the military, to agreeing to help drive busloads of children to school, no job was too daunting, or too insignificant, for Bill Radigan.

As a mayor, Bill was universally recognized as someone who was fair, who truly valued citizen involvement in the governing process, and who cared deeply about his community. From the business community to college students, Bill Radigan truly valued every Vermillion citizen’s thoughts on the issues confronting the city. I have never heard of anyone who thought they were treated unfairly by Bill Radigan, and even those with whom he disagreed found him sincere and honest. Bill Radigan was effective because he based every decision he made as mayor on what he thought was best for the community. We could all learn a lot from Bill Radigan’s commitment to his community and his approach to government.

I wish to express my sincere condolences to Bill Radigan’s family and to the people of Vermillion. Mayor Radigan was a dedicated father, a model public servant, and a wonderful person. We will miss him.

BUDGET SCOREKEEPING REPORT

Mr. DOMENICI. Mr. President, I hereby submit to the Senate the budget scorekeeping report prepared by the Congressional Budget Office under section 308(b) and in aid of section 311 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, as amended. This report meets the requirements for Senate scorekeeping of section 5 of S. Con. Res. 32, the First Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for 1986.

This report shows the effects of congressional action on the 2001 budget through March 26, 2001. The estimates of budget authority, outlays, and revenues are consistent with the technical and economic assumptions of the 2001 Concurrent Resolution on the Budget (H. Con. Res. 290).

The estimates show that current level spending is above the budget resolution by $33.9 billion in budget authority and $20.8 billion in outlays. Current level is $14.1 billion above the revenue floor in 2001.

Since my last report, dated January 30, 2001, the Congress has taken no action that has changed budget authority, outlays, or revenues.