

Founded in Philadelphia in 1751 by Benjamin Franklin and Thomas Bond, Pennsylvania Hospital was responsible for more than 40 "firsts" in American Medicine. These include the first medical library, the first facility to treat mental illness, and the first hospital to offer free medical services to the indigent.

Pennsylvania Hospital continues to be a leader in health care. The talented physicians and staff at Pennsylvania Hospital are on the cutting edge of innovation in the areas of orthopedics, otorhinolaryngology, and urology, as well as other specialties.

Pennsylvania Hospital is particularly known for its obstetrics program, especially high-risk maternal and fetal services, neonatology, neuroscience and behavior health.

I am very proud to have such a successful and well-respected institution within my Congressional District. I congratulate Pennsylvania Hospital on its 250th Anniversary and extend my best wishes for the future of this fine hospital.

THE ADLER PLANETARIUM MARKS THE 40TH ANNIVERSARY OF ALAN SHEPARD'S HISTORIC FLIGHT WITH A NEW EXHIBIT
MAY 8, 2001

HON. DANNY K. DAVIS

OF ILLINOIS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 8, 2001

Mr. DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to urge all Americans join with me in congratulating and commending the Adler Planetarium & Astronomy Museum as they mark the 40th anniversary of Alan Shepard's historic space flight in the Freedom 7 Mercury capsule on May 5, 1961. This flight and that of Yuri Gagarin, the Soviet cosmonaut whose flight preceded Shepard's by three weeks, set in motion the race with the Soviet Union for dominance in space exploration. These successes set a course that would eventually result in the landing of a man on the moon in 1969.

As part of its new Space Millennium Project, the Adler Planetarium & Astronomy Museum will honor and commemorate the outstanding achievements of the American space program by opening the Dawn of the Space Age exhibit on May 10, 2001. The intriguing saga of the early years of American space exploration is retraced using original NASA prototype rocket models from the Dr. Robert R. Gilruth collection and historic oil paintings by artist Chesley Bonestell.

Dr. Gilruth was the director of NASA's Manned Spacecraft Center in Houston from 1961 to 1972. During his tenure, he directed 25 manned space flights, including Alan Shepard's first Mercury flight, the first lunar landing by Apollo 11 in July 1969, the dramatic rescue of Apollo 13 in 1970, through the Apollo 15 mission in July 1971. Mr. Bonestell's work has been a stimulus to generations of astronomers, physicists, engineers and others who were inspired by his artistry to pursue work in the space program and aeronautics industry.

Mr. Speaker, the last 40 years have seen remarkable changes in space exploration.

NASA continues its dominance in space exploration, pushing the boundaries of human knowledge, challenging our most basic understanding of the universe, most recently with the construction of the International Space Station. The Adler Planetarium & Astronomy Museum continues to educate the American public about space exploration and NASA's accomplishments through their innovative programs and exhibits.

FULL EQUITY FOR AMERICANS ABROAD ACT, H.R. 1745

HON. BENJAMIN A. GILMAN

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 8, 2001

Mr. GILMAN. Mr. Speaker, today I am introducing the Full Equity for Americans Abroad Act, which I request to be inserted and printed in the RECORD at the end of my statement.

This bill provides that all American citizens living abroad will, for purposes of the apportionment or representatives in Congress, among the several States, be included in future decennial censuses of population.

As chairman of the International Relations Committee and as a long time member of the former Post Office and Civil Service Committee I have had numerous opportunities to work with Americans living and working overseas and can attest to the increasingly important role this segment of the U.S. population plays in our Nation's economy and in our relations with countries and their citizens throughout the world.

In this era of growing globalization, we are all aware of the importance placed upon our Nation's exports of goods and services overseas in an effort to provide a strong and versatile economy.

Not only are we reliant on Americans abroad to carry-out exports for the creation of U.S.-based jobs, but we rely on these U.S. citizens to best promote and advance U.S. interests around the world.

Nevertheless, the U.S. Census Bureau does not count private sector Americans residing abroad, despite the fact that the U.S. Government employees working overseas are currently included in the U.S. census. This is an inconsistent, inappropriate policy.

It is imperative that the U.S. Census Bureau count all Americans, including private citizens living and working abroad. Not only will such a policy provide an accurate census, but it will allow Congress and private sector leaders to realize how best to support U.S. companies and our citizenry abroad.

U.S. citizens abroad vote and pay taxes in the United States, yet are discriminated against by the U.S. Government solely because they are private citizens.

I invite my Colleagues to help change this policy by including private sector Americans residing overseas in the census.

Accordingly, I urge my colleagues to support this bill, H.R. 1745.

H.R. 1745

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Full Equality for Americans Abroad Act".

SEC. 2. INCLUSION OF AMERICAN CITIZENS LIVING ABROAD IN FUTURE DECENNIAL CENSUSES.

The Secretary of Commerce shall ensure that, in each decennial census of population taken after the date of the enactment of this Act under title 13, United States Code, all American citizens living abroad shall be included for purposes of the tabulations required for the apportionment of Representatives in Congress among the several States, and for other purposes.

SEC. 3. REPORT ON RELATED ISSUES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—There is hereby enacted into law the provision described in subsection (b) (relating to the report to be submitted by the Secretary of Commerce to the Congress by no later than September 30, 2001).

(b) DESCRIPTION.—The provision described in this subsection in the paragraph beginning on page 256 and ending on page 257 of the explanatory language on H.R. 5548 (as introduced on October 25, 2000), as included in the joint explanatory statement of the committee of conference accompanying the conference report on H.R. 4942 (House Report Numbered 106-1005, 106th Congress, 2d Session, October 26, 2000, 256-257), but deeming such paragraph not include "and their dependents".

HONORING THE LATE OFFICER RYAN CUNNINGHAM

HON. SCOTT McINNIS

OF COLORADO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 8, 2001

Mr. McINNIS. Mr. Speaker, it is with great sadness that I now honor an extraordinary human being and great American. Officer Ryan Cunningham of the Vail Police Department was killed in the line of duty on Sunday, May 5, 2001 while trying to avoid an out of control semi truck. "Officer Cunningham was one of the finest officers I have known in my 24 years of policing," said Vail Police Chief Greg Morrison.

In the early morning hours of Sunday, Ryan and another officer responded to an accident on I-70 when a truck driver lost control of his semi on an icy stretch of road and began heading in Ryan's direction. Ryan's immediate reaction was for those around him. After he was sure of the safety of his fellow officers, Ryan ran to the left shoulder and tried to protect himself by jumping over a concrete retaining wall. He fell 60 feet to his death. The truck was able to make a controlled stop 100 feet away from where Ryan jumped.

Ryan was born in Salt Lake City and moved to Colorado in 1992 where he graduated from Arapahoe Community College in 1998. He joined the Vail Police Department in 2000. "Ryan just radiated goodness. He was a member of the Latter Day Saints church. His dedication to family and community was very, very heartfelt," Morrison said. "He was a fine human being." Mr. Speaker and fellow colleagues, as you can see, this extraordinary human being truly deserves our timeless gratitude for his service and supreme sacrifice