

Here's what Wendy had to say when asked about once again mixing politics with the Olympic Games:

It would be wrong for the Congress to interfere in the Olympic site selection process. I was there in 1980.

I was one of 50 athletes invited to meet at the White House with President Carter regarding the Moscow Olympics.

I am still upset that athletes had no voice in the 1980 decision. Mixing politics with the Olympics will only hurt future athletes.

The 1980 Olympic Boycott was difficult for this country. Athletes sued the United States Olympic Community.

The Government threatened the U.S. Olympic Committee, and the President pressured other world leaders to join the U.S. led boycott.

Lost in the political squabble were U.S. athletes and for some, a lifetime of commitment and preparation.

The Soviets, as we know, boycotted the 1984 Los Angeles Games. And again, the athletes were the victims. Consider this fact: In the 1980 Moscow Games, the East German team won the women's 4 by 100 relay race with a time of 41.60 seconds.

At the 1984 Los Angeles Games, the US team won the same relay race with a time of 41.65 seconds. The U.S. and East German teams were within five one-hundredths of a second.

Knowing all of this, I wish these two great Olympic champion relay teams could have competed against one another in Olympic competition. It is a sad part of our history that politicians kept this great race from happening in the Olympics.

With the benefit of history, we know that the Olympic boycotts were futile and ineffective attempts to settle cold war disputes.

I believe we should do absolutely all that we can to ensure this never happens again.

No one can foretell the future and what actions might be called for to protect our country's national interest, but we should never again lose sight of the interests of our athletes.

Unfortunately, Members of Congress are politicizing the Olympic Games. My resolution has one primary objective—to separate politics from sport and particularly from the Olympic Games. Simply put, I believe politics has no place in the dreams of future Olympians.

I want to thank Senator TED STEVENS for joining me in this effort. Senator STEVENS has a long history of involvement with the Olympic Movement.

I am not aware of another elected official in this country who has done more for U.S. athletes than Senator STEVENS. And I thank the Senator for once again standing up for the interests of U.S. athletes.

The Murray/Stevens resolution on the Olympics has a number of key provisions and clauses. However, I want to

focus on three sections which represent the real intent of our bill.

First, our resolution encourages members of the International Olympic Committee to abide by all rules of the IOC when considering and voting for host cities for future Olympic Games.

Members of the IOC take an oath which requires individual members to keep free from political influence.

Our resolution calls upon the four members of the International Olympic Committee from the United States to reject all political influences on their work as members of the IOC, including their votes on host cities for future Olympic Games.

Second, our resolution recognizes that any government action designating a preference or displeasure with any Olympic Games host city is inconsistent with the IOC's Charter, Code of Ethics and rules.

Essentially, this provision says the IOC should not acknowledge or consider any political interference in the host city selection process for future Olympic Games.

And finally, our resolution says the Olympic Games are about the athletes, that we do endorse the concept that the Olympic Games are a competition between athletes in individual and team events and not between countries.

We believe the Olympic Games are best left to the athletes. It is that simple.

I encourage my colleagues to consider this issue carefully in the days ahead. And I invite all Senators to join me in seeking to reject political interference in the Olympic Movement.

I yield the floor.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 792. Mr. WARNER (for himself, Mr. SMITH of Oregon, and Mr. ALLARD) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1, to extend programs and activities under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 793. Mr. REID (for Mr. HATCH for himself and Mr. LEAHY) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 487, to amend chapter 1 of title 17, United States Code, relating to the exemption of certain performances or displays for educational uses from copyright infringement provisions, to provide that the making of copies or phonorecords of such performances or displays is not an infringement under certain circumstances, and for other purposes.

SA 794. Mr. REID (for Mr. HATCH for himself and Mr. LEAHY) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 487, supra.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 792. Mr. WARNER (for himself, Mr. SMITH of Oregon and Mr. ALLARD) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1, to extend programs and activities under

the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, which was ordered to lie on the table, as follows:

At the end, add the following:

SEC. ____ . RECIPIENTS OF FEDERAL PELL GRANTS WHO ARE PURSUING PROGRAMS OF STUDY IN MATHEMATICS OR SCIENCE (INCLUDING COMPUTER SCIENCE OR ENGINEERING).

Section 401(b)(2) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1070a(b)(2)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(C)(i) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A) and subject to clause (ii), in the case of a student who is eligible under this part and who is pursuing a degree with a major or minor in, or a certificate or program of study relating to, mathematics or science (including computer science or engineering), the amount of the Federal Pell Grant shall be 150 percent of the amount specified in clauses (i) through (v) of subparagraph (A), for the academic year involved, less an amount equal to the amount determined to be the expected family contribution with respect to that student for that year.

“(ii) No student who received a Federal Pell Grant for academic year 2000-2001 prior to the date of enactment of the Better Education for Students and Teachers Act shall receive a subsequent Federal Pell Grant in an amount that is less than the amount of the student's Federal Pell Grant for academic year 2000-2001, due to the requirements of clause (i).”.

SA 793. Mr. REID (for Mr. HATCH (for himself and Mr. LEAHY)) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 487, to amend chapter 1 of title 17, United States Code, relating to the exemption of certain performances or displays for educational uses from copyright infringement provisions, to provide that the making of copies or phonorecords of such performances or displays is not an infringement under certain circumstances, and for other purposes; as follows:

On page 9, lines 14 and 15, strike “, in the ordinary course of their operations,” and insert “reasonably”.

SA 794. Mr. REID (for Mr. HATCH (for himself and Mr. LEAHY)) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 487, to amend chapter 1 of title 17, United States Code, relating to the exemption of certain performances or displays for educational uses from copyright infringement provisions, to provide that the making of copies or phonorecords of such performances or displays is not an infringement under certain circumstances, and for other purposes; as follows:

Amend the title so as to read: “A bill to amend chapter 1 of title 17, United States Code, relating to the exemption of certain performances or displays for educational uses from copyright infringement provisions, to provide that the making of copies or phonorecords of such performances or displays is not an infringement under certain circumstances, and for other purposes.”.