

EC-2075. A communication from the Principal Deputy Associate Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Effluent Guidelines and New Source Performance Standards for the Oil and Gas Extraction Point Source Category, OMB Approval under the Paperwork Reduction Act; Technical Amendment; Correction" (FRL6987-5) received on May 23, 2001; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

EC-2076. A communication from the Acting Assistant Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a nomination for the position of Assistant Administrator for Air and Radiation, received on May 23, 2001; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

EC-2077. A communication from the Acting Assistant Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a nomination for the position of Assistant Administrator of the Office of Prevention, Pesticides and Toxic Substances, received on May 23, 2001; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

EC-2078. A communication from the Acting Assistant Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a nomination for the position of Deputy Administrator, received on May 23, 2001; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

EC-2079. A communication from the Acting Director of the Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Final Designation of Critical Habitat for Riverside Fairy Shrimp" (RIN1018-AG34) received on May 23, 2001; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

EC-2080. A communication from the Acting Secretary of the Army, Department of Defense, transmitting, pursuant to law, a report relative to the authorization and implementation of a navigation project for Jacksonville Harbor, Duval County, Florida; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

PETITIONS AND MEMORIALS

The following petitions and memorials were laid before the Senate and were referred or ordered to lie on the table as indicated:

POM-73. A joint resolution adopted by the Legislature of the State of Nevada relative to the approval of national monuments; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 2

Whereas, The provisions of 16 U.S.C. §§ 431, 432, and 433, commonly referred to as the Antiquities Act of 1906, authorize the President of the United States to designate national monuments without the approval of Congress or any state or local government in which the national monument is located; and

Whereas, As part of designating a national monument pursuant to those provisions, the President of the United States may reserve parcels of public land to ensure the appropriate care and management of the national monument, and the reservation of that public land must be confined to the smallest area compatible with that care and management; and

Whereas, The designation of a national monument is often a subject of controversy

because the public lands that are included within the designation are withdrawn from the public domain, thereby restricting activities such as mining, ranching and recreation which provide an economic benefit to state and local governments in which the national monument is located; and

Whereas, Decisions concerning the use and management of public lands within a state should be decided by the residents of that state acting through their state and local representatives; and

Whereas, The unilateral designation of a national monument by the President of the United States does not create beneficial partnerships between states and the Federal Government concerning the management of public lands within those states, instead, such a designation serves to create enmity and to limit the ability of a state to manage its water resources and the ability of state and local governments to develop plans for conservation or otherwise participate in managing those public lands; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and Assembly of the State of Nevada, Jointly, That the Legislature of the State of Nevada hereby opposes the designation of a national monument by the President of the United States without obtaining the approval of each state and local government in which the national monument is located; and be it further

Resolved, That the President of the United States is hereby urged to refrain from designating a national monument or from withdrawing public lands from the public domain to create a national monument without obtaining such approval; and be it further

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Senate prepare and transmit a copy of this resolution to the President of the United States, the Vice President of the United States as the presiding officer of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives and each member of the Nevada Congressional Delegation; and be it further

Resolved, That this resolution becomes effective upon passage.

POM-74. A joint resolution adopted by the Legislature of the State of Nevada relative to the delegation of a National Historic Trail; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 14

Whereas, The Old Spanish Trail, which ran between Santa Fe, New Mexico, and Los Angeles, California, was the first non-Native American trail to cross Nevada and remains the least known trail; and

Whereas, Traders, couriers and emigrants en route between Santa Fe and Los Angeles followed Indian trails in blazing the Spanish Trail through Clark County; and

Whereas, The journey of Antonio Armijo, a trader from New Mexico, through Nevada in 1829 and 1830 linked the historic 1776 routes of the Dominguez-Escalante expedition through Utah and the Garces' exploration into Southern California and used a portion of the 1826 and 1827 routes of Jedediah Smith to California; and

Whereas, Antonio Armijo was the first to link the interior of the southwest with the California coast successfully, thus opening a commercial trade route, approximately 1,121 miles long, that functioned between 1829 and 1848 as the main artery connecting the interior to the coast which later became known as the Old Spanish Trail and is so named in modern literature; and

Whereas, Captain John C. Fremont of the United States Corps of Topographic Engi-

neers was commissioned in 1843 by the War Department to find and map the Oregon Trail, an assignment which he completed successfully; and

Whereas, After documenting the Oregon Trail, Captain Fremont, in an effort to expand his government's knowledge about California, pushed south through Northern Nevada into California; and

Whereas, In 1844, Fremont sought the Spanish Trail to guide his party eastward from California and followed the trail through California and Nevada to his point of departure from Utah Lake the previous year; and

Whereas, The route of the trail Fremont followed from California, which he named the Spanish Trail in the report of his expedition that he filed with the War Department, led him across Southern Nevada from Stump Spring to the Virgin River via Mountain Springs Pass, Blue Diamond, Las Vegas Springs and the Muddy River; and

Whereas, This route was previously pioneered by traders from New Mexico who spoke Spanish, a fact used by Captain Fremont in designating the "Camino de California" or "Camino de Nuevo Mexico" as the Spanish Trail; and

Whereas, Fremont's report and map were so important to the plans of the United States for Western expansion that the United States Senate and House of Representatives each printed 10,000 copies of the report and map; and

Whereas, Copies of the report and map were available to thousands of emigrants heading westward to California who came to know the route they followed as Fremont's Spanish Trail; and

Whereas, The pioneers who used Fremont's route became familiar with the promising potential of Southern Nevada for settlement which led specifically to the founding of Las Vegas or "The Meadows," whose name reflects its importance as a major camp site along the Spanish Trail; and

Whereas, The Old Spanish Trail is the foundation of succeeding routes of transport and travel through Southern Nevada including the Mormon Road, portions of the routes of the San Pedro, Los Angeles and Salt Lake Railroad and the Union Pacific Railroad which succeeded it, and the Arrowhead Trail Highway and its successors U.S. Highway No. 91 and Interstate Highway No. 15; and

Whereas, This historic route for travelers facilitated expansion of the boundaries of the United States to include New Mexico, Colorado, Utah, Arizona, Nevada and California; and

Whereas, The Spanish Trail was preferred by Kit Carson when carrying military dispatches in 1848 to Washington, D.C., which first brought news of gold at Sutter's Fort and resulted in the Gold Rush of 1849; and

Whereas, Information about this ancient route of trade and commerce is still limited, and much more can be learned about the Old Spanish Trail; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and Assembly of the State of Nevada, Jointly, That the members of the Nevada Legislature do hereby urge the Congress of the United States to adopt legislation that dedicates the Old Spanish Trail and the Antonio Armijo Route of the Old Spanish Trail as a National Historic Trail; and be it further

Resolved, That such a designation would help ensure the protection and interpretation of the Old Spanish Trail in a more consistent and coordinated manner, would encourage tourists to visit the communities, landscape features and other resources along

the trail, would help visitors gain a better understanding of how a journey along the trail might have been more than 100 years ago, and would enhance and promote knowledge concerning the early settlers and explorers who emigrated and led expeditions to the Western United States; and be it further

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Senate prepare and transmit a copy of this resolution to the Vice President of the United States as the presiding officer of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives and each member of the Nevada Congressional Delegation; and be it further

Resolved, That this resolution becomes effective upon passage.

POM-75. A joint resolution adopted by the Legislature of the State of Nevada relative to increasing federal funding for special education; to the Committee on Appropriations.

ASSEMBLY JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1

Whereas, The Education for All Handicapped Children Act of 1975, now known as the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), was enacted by the Congress of the United States to ensure that all children with disabilities have available to them a free and appropriate public education; and

Whereas, In 1975, Congress promised state and local governments that it would fund 40 percent of the costs of providing special education and related services to children with disabilities; and

Whereas, Congress has never appropriated funds equivalent to the authorized level, has never exceeded the 15 percent level and has usually appropriated funding at only about the 8 percent level; and

Whereas, The State of Nevada is committed to providing a free and appropriate public education to children with disabilities to meet their unique needs; and

Whereas, The costs associated with serving children with disabilities continue to rise, and meeting those substantial costs requires a strong partnership between local, state and federal governmental agencies; and

Whereas, The failure of Congress to fund special education programs as it promised has forced the states to utilize funding from other necessary local and state programs to attempt to provide these special educational services; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly and Senate of the State of Nevada, Jointly, That the Nevada Legislature hereby urges the President and Congress of the United States to increase federal funding for special education to the 40 percent level authorized by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act so that the State of Nevada and other states can fully meet the needs of children with disabilities; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly prepare and transmit a copy of this resolution to the President of the United States, the Vice President of the United States as the presiding officer of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, each member of the Nevada Congressional Delegation and the Superintendent of Public Instruction for the State of Nevada; and be it further

Resolved, That this resolution becomes effective upon passage.

POM-76. A concurrent resolution adopted by the House of the Legislature of the State of Missouri relative to establishing a federal energy policy; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

RESOLUTION

Whereas, the recent dramatic increase in utility rates for utility companies providing

heating fuels has had a devastating financial effect on many middle and low income Missourians who cannot afford to pay utility bills which have more than doubled in recent months; and

Whereas, many Missourians on fixed and limited incomes may be forced to eliminate other essential purchases, such as food and medicines, from their limited budgets in order to pay the exorbitant utility bills; and

Whereas, due to the extraordinary circumstances in which Missourians find themselves, members of Congress should consider taking extraordinary steps to protect the interests of all of the people of the United States; Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the members of the House of Representatives of the Ninety-first General Assembly, First Regular Session, the Senate concurring therein, hereby request that the United States Congress consider establishing a strong remedial federal energy policy that delegates emergency powers to individual states; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the Missouri House of Representatives be instructed to prepare properly inscribed copies of this resolution for the President of the United States Senate, the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives and each member of the Missouri Congressional delegation.

EXECUTIVE REPORT OF COMMITTEE

The following executive report of committee was submitted on May 24, 2001:

By Mr. REED for the Committee on Armed Services.

The following named officer for appointment in the United States Navy to the grade indicated while assigned to a position of importance and responsibility under title 10, U.S.C., section 601:

To be vice admiral

Vice Adm. Edmund P. Giambastiani Jr., 0000.

(The above nomination was reported with the recommendation that it be confirmed.)

The following executive report of committee was submitted on May 25, 2001:

By Mr. MCCAIN for the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

Timothy J. Muris, of Virginia, to be a Federal Trade Commissioner for the term of seven years from September 26, 2001.

(The above nomination was reported with the recommendation that it be confirmed subject to the nominee's commitment to respond to requests to appear and testify before any duly constituted committee of the Senate.)

NOMINATION DISCHARGED

The following nomination was discharged from the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions pursuant to the order of May 25, 2001:

Donald Cameron Findlay, of Illinois, to be Deputy Secretary of Labor.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following bills and joint resolutions were introduced, read the first

and second times by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

By Mr. KENNEDY (for himself, Mr. AKAKA, Mr. BINGAMAN, Mrs. BOXER, Mrs. CLINTON, Mr. CORZINE, Mr. DASCHLE, Mr. DODD, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. FEINGOLD, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. HARKIN, Mr. KERRY, Ms. LANDRIEU, Mr. LIEBERMAN, Mr. LEAHY, Mr. LEVIN, Ms. MIKULSKI, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. REED, Mr. ROCKEFELLER, Mr. SARBANES, Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. WELLSTONE, and Mr. WYDEN):

S. 964. A bill to amend the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 to provide for an increase in the Federal minimum wage; read the first time.

By Mr. DORGAN (for himself and Mr. REID):

S. 965. A bill to impose limitations on the approval of applications by major carriers domiciled in Mexico until certain conditions are met; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

By Mr. DORGAN (for himself, Mr. DASCHLE, Mr. JOHNSON, Mrs. MURRAY, and Mr. WELLSTONE):

S. 966. A bill to amend the National Telecommunications and Information Administration Organization Act to encourage deployment of broadband service to rural America; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

By Mr. BOND:

S. 967. A bill to establish the Military Readiness Investigation Board, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mrs. CLINTON:

S. 968. A bill to establish Healthy and High Performance Schools Program in the Department of Education and for other purposes; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

By Mr. DODD (for himself and Mr. SANTORUM):

S. 969. A bill to establish a Tick-Borne Disorders Advisory Committee, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

By Ms. COLLINS (for herself and Ms. SNOWE):

S. 970. A bill to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 39 Tremont Street, Paris Hill, Maine, as the Horatio King Post Office Building; to the Committee on Governmental Affairs.

By Ms. COLLINS (for herself and Mr. FEINGOLD):

S. 971. A bill to expand the availability of oral health services by strengthening the dental workforce in designated underserved areas; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. MURKOWSKI (for himself, Mr. BREAUX, Mr. THOMPSON, and Mr. JEFFORDS):

S. 972. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to improve electric reliability, enhance transmission infrastructure, and to facilitate access to the electric transmission grid; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. WYDEN (for himself and Mr. SMITH of Oregon):

S. 973. A bill to expedite relief provided under the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act for commercial fishery failure in the Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery, to improve fishery management and enforcement in that fishery, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

By Mr. JOHNSON:

S. 974. A bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to provide for coverage