announce that the Republican team won 9 to 1 on Thursday night. I want to thank MARTIN SABO and all the Demo-
crat participants as well as our own team for a wonderful game. We had over 3,000 people come out to the
Baysox ballpark for the game and raised over $90,000 for charity, the
Washington Literacy Council and the Boys Club of Washington.

We are very, very proud of that. This is a great tradition. This is the 40th
congressional game in the modern era. I want to thank everybody who partici-
pated.

I thought I would immortalize this year's game in poetry so it goes down
in the literary, as well as the sports, annals and, in the process, raising
the level of culture a little bit in this great Chamber.

Many of my colleagues may remember
this famous poem by Gerald Hern
on the old Boston Braves pitching
stars, Warren Spahn and Johnny Sain.
They were the team's only two reliable pitchers:
First we'll use Spahn
and then we'll use Sain.
Then an off day
followed by rain.
Back will come Spahn
followed by Sain and followed we hope
by 2 days of rain.

With apologies to Mr. Hern, I have
adapted his poem into an ode to my
starting pitcher and MVP, STEVE
LARGENT, the gentleman from Okla-
homa.
First we'll use Largent
and then we'll pitch him again.
As long as his arm's good
we'll pitch him in sun or in rain.
Sadly, now he's retired like Spahn and like Sain
I probably won't see his likes again.
Auditioning new pitchers will be a big pain
because you know from last year
that walks drive me insane.
There's just one hero at which Steve can now aim,
not Governor but Induction in the Roll Call Baseball Hall of Fame.

CITIZENSHIP FOR GAO ZHAN
(Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas. Mr. Speaker, today I want to discuss the tragic story of Gao Zhan. Gao Zhan is a United States lawful permanent resi-
dent and American University faculty fellow who is currently being detained
in China on charges of espionage. On February 11, 2001, while visiting rel-
atives in China, Dr. Zhan and her fam-
ily were arrested on espionage charges.
The Chinese authorities did release Gao Zhan's husband and child, both
United States citizens, after being sepa-
rated for a month. The child, the lit-
tle boy, is 5 years old. However, Gao Zhan remains in detention.

There has been no contact with her
since she was arrested over 4 months ago. All attempts to locate Gao Zhan have failed. The United States embassy in China and other United States officials as well as attorneys from both the United States and China have tried to locate the whereabouts of Gao Zhan. The Chinese government has refused to share any information.

I have introduced H.R. 1385, which grants Gao Zhan citizenship in the United States without her being ad-
ministered the oath of renunciation and allegiance. This bill is critical
since Gao Zhan is being held against
her will in China and the law provides
different treatment to United States citizens than it does to United States lawful permanent residents.

Congress needs to confer this citizenship
on Gao Zhan. She is one who needs to be reunited with her family.

TIME TO STOP POINTING FINGERS
(Mr. FOLEY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. FOLEY. Mr. Speaker, in the past few weeks Governor Gray Davis has
turned up the rhetorical heat while Californians have turned out their
lights because of rolling blackouts ex-
pected to plague the State all summer
long.

The Governor has left no stone
turned in his campaign to point fin-
gers in any direction. He has blamed
the Federal Government. He has blamed
electric utilities. He has blamed energy companies. He has even
blamed President Bush. My God. He is the
Energizer bunny of bankrupt ideas.

President Bush recognizes that
America faces abundant energy short-
ages, so his administration is putting
forward a comprehensive plan to pro-
tect consumers from fluctuating fuel
costs using 21st-century technology to
diversify our clean and affordable en-
ergy sources.

But what does Gray Davis do? He
 hires spin doctors at $30,000 a month
paid for by the taxpayers to explain
why his State is suffering. I am sure
Governor Davis realizes this is an inap-
propriate use of tax dollars, consid-
ering he is sitting on $26 million in
campaign cash.

This reminds me of another disaster,
Mr. Governor, the Exxon Valdez. That
is your administration.

MONUMENT NEEDED FOR SOME OF THE BRAVEST AMERICANS
(Mr. TRAFICANT asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. TRAFICANT. Mr. Speaker, today is the 125th anniversary of Custer's last
stand, a sad chapter in American his-
tory. To make it even worse, there is
only one monument at Little Bighorn,
to—General Custer!

Unbelievable. As the story goes,
Uncle Sam took the whole Indian Na-

tion and put them on a reservation. He
took away their native tongue, taught
English to their young, took away their
way of life, killed their children
and their wife. And even the beads they
made by hand were then imported from
Japan.

Beam me up. Is it any wonder that
these brave warriors joined together
massively for one last victory to be
remembered throughout all of Amer-
ican history?

Now, Mr. Speaker, their descendants
fight along with our soldiers to keep
America free.

I yield back the need to build a last-
ing monument in tribute to some of
the bravest Americans who ever lived
right here in Washington, D.C.

PRICE CONTROLS MAY BE NICE POLITICS BUT THEY ARE LOUSY POLICY
(Mrs. BIGGERT asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Mrs. BIGGERT. Mr. Speaker, day in
day out I hear calls for price con-
trols on electricity, and I wonder were
the 1970s that long ago, or are we just
suffering from convenient amnesia?
Am I the only one who remembers the
gas price controls imposed by Presi-
dent Richard Nixon in an effort to en-
sure an adequate supply of gasoline at
reasonable rates? Am I the only one
who remembers that the resulting arti-
ficial low prices did not lower con-
sumption, but did lower supply?
I guess I am the only one who does
not look fondly back on the days of
long lines at the local service station
and gas rationing. Price controls may
be nice politics, but they are lousy
policy. The bottom line is that we are
trying to meet today’s energy needs with
yesterday’s energy infrastructure, and
it is not working.

Our energy demand has increased 47
percent over the last 30 years, and yet
we have half as many oil refineries,
static pipeline capacity and 20 times as
many mandated gasoline blends. Low
energy prices through the 1980s and
1990s have lulled American consumers
and producers into believing that low
prices will always be there, but now we
know that is not true.

MUHAMMAD ALI
(Ms. CARSON of Indiana asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. CARSON of Indiana. Mr. Speak-
er, I rise today almost 1 week after the

June 26, 2001