of 1958 should be fully enforced so as to prevent needless suffering of animals.

At the request of Mr. HAGEL, the names of the Senator from Illinois (Mr. DURBIN), the Senator from Iowa (Mr. GRASSLEY), and the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. KERRY) were added as cosponsors of S. Con. Res. 53, concurrent resolution encouraging the development of strategies to reduce hunger and poverty, and to promote free market economies and democratic institutions, in sub-Saharan Africa.

At the request of Mr. HUTCHINSON, the name of the Senator from Missouri (Mr. BOND) was added as a cosponsor of S. Con. Res. 59, a concurrent resolution expressing the sense of Congress that there should be established a National Community Health Center Week to raise awareness of health services provided by community, migrant, public housing, and homeless health centers.

By Mr. LUGAR (for himself and Mr. BAYH):

S. 1181. A bill to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 2719 South Webster Street in Kokomo, Indiana, as the “Elwood Haynes ‘Bud’ Hillis Post Office Building”; to the Committee on Governmental Affairs.

My colleague, Mr. BAYH, and I are introducing legislation to honor Congressman Hillis by naming the Post Office in Kokomo, Indiana the Elwood Haynes ‘Bud’ Hillis Post Office.

Congressman Hillis honorably served the people of Indiana’s 5th District in the House of Representatives from 1971 to 1986. Congressman Hillis was a fair and reasonable voice on national security, trade, and veterans’ issues. A graduate of Indiana’s Culver Military Academy, he enlisted in the Army at the age of 18 and fought in the World War II European Theater as an infantryman for 27 months. After leaving active duty as a first lieutenant, Bud Hillis attended Indiana University and the Indiana University School of Law. He went on to practice law in Howard County. Indiana and served as Chairman of the county bar association.

Before being elected to Congress in 1970, Congressman Hillis served two terms in the Indiana House of Representatives. The 1970s and early 1980’s were difficult times for many in Indiana’s 5th District. A downturn in the auto industry during the recession brought unemployment in some of the district’s more highly industrialized communities to over 15 percent. He founded the Congressional Auto Industry Force and he helped to round up votes in 1979 to pass legislation that I had sponsored here in the Senate to guarantee loans to the struggling Chrysler Corporation, an employer of more than 60,000 Hoosiers at the time. In 1985, he worked to protect the auto industry from Japanese imports by extending a voluntary restraint agreement. He was a strong force on the Congressional Steel Caucus and served as Vice President of the executive committee.

As a member of the Armed Services Committee, Congressman Hillis was a dependable ally of the Reagan military build-up that helped to bring an end to the Cold War. He supported American service men by backing enlistment bonuses for military personnel and was a proponent of reinstating draft registration, which had ended with the Vietnam War. Further, he was instrumental in development and deployment of the M-1 tank and the preservation of Grissom Air Force Reserve Base in Peru, Indiana.

Congressman Hillis also took a personal interest with the veterans of our Nation. As a member of the Veterans’ Affairs Committee, he was a leader in improving health care for veterans and was instrumental in the construction of the community-based outpatient clinic in Crown Point, IN.

Congressman Bud Hillis has a distinguished record of service to his country and to the people of Indiana. The dedication of the post office in Kokomo, Indiana, a city that continues to be involved deeply with the American auto industry that Congressman Hillis supported so strongly, would be a fitting tribute for such an honorable statesman.

I ask unanimous consent that the text of the bill be printed in the RECORD. There being no objection, the bill was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

S. 1181

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. DESIGNATION OF ELWOOD HAYNES “BUD” HILLIS POST OFFICE BUILDING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 2719 South Webster Street in Kokomo, Indiana, shall be known and designated as the “Elwood Haynes ‘Bud’ Hillis Post Office Building”.

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the Elwood Haynes “Bud” Hillis Post Office Building.

By Mr. HOLLINGS:

S. 1182. A bill to direct the Secretary of the Army to lease land at the Richard B. Russell Dam and Lake Project, South Carolina, to the South Carolina Department of Commerce, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

Mr. HOLLINGS. Madam President, I rise today to introduce legislation that will provide economic stimulation to one of the poorest counties in South Carolina. This legislation will allow the South Carolina Department of Commerce, SCDOC, to proceed with a project that began almost a decade ago. Well, actually the project began long before that, way back when the Army Corps of Engineers built Lake Richard B. Russell in 1984.

Lake Russell is a 26,000-acre freshwater lake on the South Carolina-Georgia border and was very controversial when originally proposed by the Army Corps of Engineers. Enhancement of economic development in the region will improve development of the lake to overcome State, local and environmental objections to the lake. Yet, to date, virtually no development has occurred despite efforts from South Carolina’s Department of Commerce.

Today, there is not a single room for rent by the public within sight of, or within reasonable walking distance of, the lake. There is only one gas pump on the entire lake and that is at a State park.

Following the completion of Lake Russell in 1984, the Department of Commerce and Abbeville County began a plan for the development of a lakefront golf and vacation resort. The Department contracted with a development company in 1997 to develop the project, but in 1998, due to financial difficulties, construction was suspended and the developer defaulted on its Development Agreement with SCDOC. As a result of this default, the Commerce Department turned the project over to the State.

Mr. HOLLINGS. Madam President, I
to a county that has longed for it. By completing this project, Abbeville County will be able to take advantage of the economic stimulation created by vacationers and tourism from the surrounding major cities, which include Atlanta, Macon, Columbia, Greenville, and Augusta. This economic development was promised when the lake was built in 1984 and I believe we should honor our commitment.

### CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—SENATE

July 16, 2001

SA 980. Mr. REID (for Mr. BYRD for himself and Mr. STEVENS) proposed an amendment to the bill H.R. 2311, making appropriations for energy and water development for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2002, and for other purposes.

### TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

**SA 977.** Mr. WELLSTONE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 974 submitted by Mr. LEAHY and intended to be proposed to the bill (H.R. 333) to amend title 11, United States Code, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

- **At the appropriate place, insert the following:**
  - **SEC. 1. STUDY OF THE EFFECT OF THE BANKRUPTCY REFORM ACT OF 2001.**
    - **(a) STUDY.—The General Accounting Office (in this section referred to as the ‘‘GAO’’) shall conduct a study to determine—**
      - **(1) the impact of this Act and the amendments made by this Act on—**
        - **(A) the number of filings under chapter 7 and chapter 13 of title 11, United States Code;**
        - **(B) the number of plan confirmations under chapter 13 of title 11, United States Code, and the number of such plans that are successfully completed; and**
        - **(C) the cost of filing for bankruptcy under chapter 7 and chapter 13 of title 11, United States Code, in each State;**
    - **(b) Report to Congress.—Not later than 2 years after the effective date of this Act, the GAO shall submit a report to the Congress on the results of the study conducted under subsection (a).**
    - **(c) DATA COLLECTION BY UNITED STATES TRUSTEES.—**
      - **(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Executive Office for United States Trustees shall collect data on the number of reaffirmations by debtors under title 11, United States Code, the identity of the creditors in such reaffirmations, and the type of debt that is reaffirmed.**
      - **(2) AVAILABILITY.—Periodically, but not less than annually, the Director shall make available to the public the data described in paragraph (1) in such manner as the Director may determine.**

**SA 978.** Mr. FEINGOLD submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 333, to amend title 11, United States Code, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

- **Strike section 313, relating to the definition of household goods and antiques.**

**SA 979.** Mr. FEINGOLD submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 974 submitted by Mr. LEAHY and intended to be proposed to the bill (H.R. 333) to amend title 11, United States Code, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

- **Add before the enacting clause and insert the following:**
  - **That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2002, for energy and water development, and for other purposes, namely:**
  - **TITLE I
    - **DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL
      - **DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
        - **CORPS OF ENGINEERS—CIVIL CONSTRUCTION, GENERAL.**
          - **For the prosecution of river and harbor, flood control, shore protection, and related projects, authorized by laws; and detailed studies, and plans and specifications, of projects (including those for development with participation or under consideration for participation by States, local governments, or private groups) authorized or made eligible for selection by law (but such studies shall not constitute a commitment of the Government to construction), $1,570,788,000, to remain available until September 30, 2003.**
        - **Of which funds shall be derived from the Inland Waterways Trust Fund, for one-half of the costs of construction projects for facilities under the Dredged Material Disposal Facilities program shall be derived from the Har- bor Maintenance Trust Fund, as authorized by Public Law 101–303; and of which such sums as are necessary pursuant to Public Law 99–662 shall be derived from the Inland Waterways Trust Fund, for one-half of the costs of construction and rehabilitation of inland navigation facilities, the reha- bilitation costs for the Lock and Dam 12, Mississippi River, Iowa; Lock and Dam 24, Mississippi River, Illinois and Missouri; Lock and Dam 3, Mr. Appalachian river, Min- nesota; and London Locks and Dam, and Kanawha River, West Virginia, projects; and of which such funds are provided for the following projects in the amounts specified:**
          - **Red River Emergency Bank Protection, AR, $4,500,000;**
          - **Indianapolis Central Waterfront, Indiana, $5,000,000;**
          - **Southern and Eastern Kentucky, Ken- tucky, $2,500,000.**
          - **Provided, That using $200,000 of the funds pro- vided herein, the Secretary of the Army, act- ing through the Chief of Engineers, is di- rected to conduct, at full Federal expense,