

at the forefront of urging action on Sudan, now became a part of the problem.

MEDICARE ENHANCEMENT FOR NEEDED DRUGS ACT

Mr. FEINGOLD. Mr. President, I am proud to join the Senator from Maine, OLYMPIA SNOW, and the Senator from Oregon, RON WYDEN as an original cosponsor of the bipartisan Medicare Enhancement for Needed Drugs (MEND) Act. This bill takes necessary steps to ensure that our seniors, and our taxpayers, receive the best price possible on prescription drugs under the new Medicare prescription drug benefit. One of the primary reasons I voted against the Medicare Modernization Act was because I felt that it did not go far enough in addressing the skyrocketing prices of prescription drugs. Without strong, proactive measures to keep the prices of prescription drugs in check, seniors will continue to struggle to afford their prescription drugs, even with Medicare's help, and the overall cost of the Medicare Program will continue to mushroom.

There is bipartisan agreement that by prohibiting the Medicare Program from negotiating the prices of prescription drugs, the Medicare Modernization Act is actually failing to utilize the purchasing power of the Medicare Program. The MEND Act will repeal this prohibition, and allow—and in some circumstances mandate—the Secretary to negotiate the prices of prescription drugs. This type of negotiation will save taxpayers' dollars while reducing the costs of prescription drugs for Medicare beneficiaries.

The MEND Act also provides Medicare beneficiaries and taxpayers with valuable information on the prices of prescription drugs under the new Medicare benefit. This reporting will ensure that the prices of the drugs most used by seniors do not go up just as the Medicare prescription drug benefit goes into effect. It will also ensure that seniors and others who depend on Medicare have the complete, accurate information they need when deciding upon a prescription drug plan under Medicare.

It is important that we act now, in a bipartisan manner, to fix the flaws included in the Medicare Modernization Act before the prescription drug benefit begins next year. The MEND Act will help both those who depend on the Medicare Program, and those who have to pay for it, by acting to rein in the skyrocketing prices of prescription drugs.

HELPING TO PREPARE PROVIDERS TO CARE

Mr. AKAKA. Mr. President, so many of VA health care providers are truly dedicated to treating all of the ailments veterans face, including psycho-

logical ones. In an attempt to help VA providers understand the special needs of Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation Enduring Freedom veterans, one particular VA health care region has made special efforts.

The Brockton Division of the VA Boston Healthcare System Continuing Education Committee hosted a conference, entitled "Preparing for the acute and long-term needs of Afghanistan and Iraq war veterans." Several experts in their respective fields served as speakers and made presentations to attendees. Brett Litz, Ph.D., of the National Center for Post Traumatic Stress Disorder, PTSD, discussed "Promoting Continuity of Care and Understanding: Putting the Long-Term Impact of the War in Afghanistan and Iraq in Context." Dr. Litz helped the crowd to appreciate the active-duty military mental health culture; understand the early intervention and the variety of interventions for acute trauma; and appreciate high probability themes to war-zone traumas in Afghanistan and Iraq veterans.

Lieutenant Colonel Chuck Engel, MD, MPH, of Walter Reed Medical Center, addressed "Quality of Post-Deployment Health Care in the Defense Health System—Steady Progress or Unified Promises?" Lt. Col. Engel informed attendees of the strengths and limitations of Deployment health initiatives in the Department of Defense; ways to improve the continuity of care from postdeployment to discharge and beyond; and the role of primary care in identifying and treating mental health problems caused by exposure to war.

Lieutenant Colonel Carl Castro, Ph.D., of Walter Reed Army Institute of Research, spoke about the "Impact of Combat on the Mental Health of Soldiers," focusing on the findings of the Mental Health Assessment Team's evaluation of Iraq War veterans mental health and well-being in the warzone; the findings of the psychological screening program in the U.S. Army; and the risk and resilience factors that predict deployment and post-deployment mental health in active duty military personnel.

The final featured speaker was Yuval Neria, Ph.D., of the New York Psychiatric Institute. Dr. Neria educated the audience about "Israeli War Veterans and POW's Two Decades After the War: Findings from the Yom Kippur 1973 War." She concentrated her discussion on understanding the phenomenology of war-trauma; understanding the nature of combat stress reactions; and understanding the impact of war-trauma across the lifespan.

These medical professionals provided just a snapshot of the strides VA has made and hopefully will continue to make in the field of war-trauma. I applaud these VA health care providers. As ranking member of the Committee on Veterans Affairs, I will be working

to ensure that DoD and VA cooperate to make sure that there is a seamless transition from active military status to veteran status. VA providers are quite obviously incredibly important as we seek to make this seamless transition.

ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

CELEBRATING THE 90TH BIRTHDAY OF THE AMERICAN MEDICAL WOMEN'S ASSOCIATION

• Ms. SNOWE. Mr. President, I rise to extend my congratulations to the American Medical Women's Association, AMWA, on the occasion of its 90th Birthday Year Celebration.

Throughout this century, AMWA, which is known as the Vision and Voice of Women in Medicine, has been determined in its efforts to advance women in the medical profession and to promote women's health. This leading multidisciplinary association of women in medicine in our country has encouraged and honored excellence in the fields of medicine, health care and science through a wide array of scholarships, grants, and awards, as well as diverse educational programs for physicians, medical students and the general public.

Over these nine decades, AMWA has supported numerous charitable programs, particularly focusing on the needs of disadvantaged women and their families. For 75 years, AMWA's American Women's Hospitals Service clinics in the U.S. and abroad have provided desperately needed care to the medically underserved. In addition, hundreds of medical students and residents have received remarkable healthcare training in these and other remote clinics worldwide through AMWA's sponsorship.

AMWA's advocacy on behalf of women's health and research has made AMWA a leading voice for the care of women and their children.

As someone who has been committed to expanding opportunities for women and enhancing women's health, I am pleased to have this opportunity to applaud the accomplishments of this outstanding organization and to celebrate with them the history and future of American Medical Women's Association. •

REPORT ON THE STATE OF THE UNION DELIVERED TO A JOINT SESSION OF CONGRESS ON FEBRUARY 2, 2005—PM 2

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the following message from the President of the United States, together with an accompanying report; which was ordered to lie on the table:

To the Congress of the United States: