

the Small Business Act, as added by this Act.

SEC. 7. REPORTS.

(a) **SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION.**—Not later than 12 months after the date on which the Administrator issues guidelines under section 6, and annually thereafter until the date that is 12 months after the end of the effective period of section 7(b)(10) of the Small Business Act, as added by this Act, the Administrator shall submit to the Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship of the Senate and the Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives, a report on the effectiveness of the assistance made available under section 7(b)(10) of the Small Business Act, as added by this Act, including—

(1) the number of small business concerns that applied for a loan under such section and the number of those that received such loans;

(2) the dollar value of those loans;

(3) the States in which the small business concerns that received such loans are located;

(4) the type of heating fuel or energy that caused the significant increase in the cost for the participating small business concerns; and

(5) recommendations for ways to improve the assistance provided under such section 7(b)(10), if any.

(b) **DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.**—Not later than 12 months after the date on which the Secretary of Agriculture issues guidelines under section 6, and annually thereafter until the date that is 12 months after the end of the effective period of the amendments made to section 321(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1961(a)) by this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate and the Committee on Small Business and the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives, a report that—

(1) describes the effectiveness of the assistance made available under section 321(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1961(a)); and

(2) contains recommendations for ways to improve the assistance provided under such section 321(a), if any.

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 606—DESIGNATING JUNE 27, 2008, AS NATIONAL HIV TESTING DAY

Mrs. CLINTON submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. RES. 606

Whereas the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (referred to in this preamble as “the CDC”) found that at the end of 2003, between 1,039,000 and 1,185,000 individuals in the United States were HIV positive, an increase from the estimated 850,000 to 950,000 such individuals at the end of 2002;

Whereas the CDC estimated that at the end of 2006, African-Americans represented 49 percent of all individuals living with HIV/AIDS, Whites represented 30 percent, and Hispanics represented 18 percent;

Whereas the CDC further found that at the end of 2006, men accounted for nearly 73 per-

cent of all individuals living with HIV/AIDS and women represented more than 26 percent;

Whereas the CDC estimated that from the beginning of the epidemic through 2006, 565,927 individuals in the United States have died of AIDS;

Whereas the CDC has determined that the leading cause of HIV infection is male-to-male sexual contact, followed by heterosexual contact and injection drug use;

Whereas the CDC has estimated that during the 10-year period beginning in 1998, the rate of new infections in the United States has remained at approximately 40,000 annually, with no decline;

Whereas individuals at high risk of acquiring HIV are also often at high risk of acquiring other sexually transmitted infections;

Whereas a 2008 report from the CDC estimated that in the United States, 1 in 4 young women and nearly 1 in 2 young African-American women between the ages of 14 and 19 have a sexually transmitted infection;

Whereas the CDC estimates that about 25 percent of all HIV-positive individuals are unaware of their status;

Whereas the CDC reports that when infected individuals knew their status, they were more likely to practice HIV risk-reduction behaviors;

Whereas the CDC reported that in 2005, 40 percent of those individuals diagnosed as HIV-positive were later diagnosed with AIDS within 1 year of their HIV test;

Whereas the CDC reports that early knowledge of HIV status is important for connecting HIV-positive individuals with medical care and services that can reduce mortality and prevent the onset of AIDS;

Whereas a 2004 survey by the Kaiser Family Foundation found that many individuals in the United States wanted more information about HIV, including the different types of HIV tests available, testing costs, test result confidentiality, and testing locations;

Whereas African-Americans and Latinos are much more likely than Whites to say they need more information about HIV testing;

Whereas anxieties, misconceptions, and stigma have been traditionally associated with HIV/AIDS and HIV testing;

Whereas the most commonly used HIV tests require a 2 week waiting period for a diagnosis, and such a waiting period contributes to the anxiety surrounding HIV testing that discourages individuals from receiving their diagnosis;

Whereas the CDC estimated that in 2004, among those who took an HIV test at sites funded by the CDC, 22 percent did not return for their test results;

Whereas rapid test kits approved by the Food and Drug Administration have made HIV testing easier, more accessible, and less invasive, while delivering results within a single day;

Whereas prevention counseling is an essential part of HIV testing, and when conducted according to established CDC guidelines, has been shown to be effective at producing individual behavioral change;

Whereas the National Association of People with AIDS, founded in 1983, is the oldest coalition of people living with HIV/AIDS, and advocates on behalf of all people living with HIV/AIDS;

Whereas National HIV Testing Day is an annual campaign introduced in 1995 and produced by the National Association of People with AIDS to encourage individuals to seek out and receive voluntary HIV counseling and testing;

Whereas the theme of National HIV Testing Day 2008 is, “Take the test, take control”;

Whereas the Advancing HIV Prevention Initiative of the CDC emphasizes the importance of HIV testing;

Whereas as part of its overall public health mission, the CDC annually supports the National HIV Prevention Conference and National HIV Testing Day; and

Whereas June 27 of each year is now recognized as National HIV Testing Day: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) designates June 27, 2008, as National HIV Testing Day;

(2) encourages State and local governments, including their public health agencies, to recognize such a day, to publicize its importance among their communities, to encourage individuals to undergo counseling and testing for HIV and other sexually transmitted infections, and to establish and maintain effective linkages to care and treatment services for individuals testing positive;

(3) encourages the appropriate use of rapid test kits approved by the Food and Drug Administration as a fast and efficient method of HIV testing;

(4) encourages National, State, and local media organizations to carry messages in support of National HIV Testing Day;

(5) encourages the President to emphasize the importance of addressing the HIV/AIDS epidemic among all individuals in the United States, but especially among minority communities; and

(6) supports the development of a National AIDS strategy with clear goals and objectives to reduce new HIV infections, especially among minorities.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 5065. Mr. LEVIN (for Mr. COBURN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by Mr. LEVIN to the bill H.R. 3564, to amend title 5, United States Code, to authorize appropriations for the Administrative Conference of the United States through fiscal year 2011, and for other purposes.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 5065. Mr. LEVIN (for Mr. COBURN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by Mr. LEVIN to the bill H.R. 3564, to amend title 5, United States Code, to authorize appropriations for the Administrative Conference of the United States through fiscal year 2011, and for other purposes; as follows:

On page 2, lines 6 through 8, *strike* “\$1,000,000 for fiscal year 2008, \$3,300,000 for fiscal year 2009, \$3,400,000 for fiscal year 2010, and \$3,500,000 for fiscal year 2011” and *insert* “\$3,200,000 for fiscal year 2009, \$3,200,000 for fiscal year 2010, and \$3,200,000 for fiscal year 2011”.

THE CALENDAR

Mr. LEVIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the following bills en bloc: Calendar No. 841, S. 3015; Calendar No. 842, S. 3082; Calendar No. 843, H.R. 3721; Calendar No. 844, H.R. 4185; Calendar