

SENATE—Tuesday, April 8, 2008

The Senate met at 10 a.m. and was called to order by the Honorable JON TESTER, a Senator from the State of Montana.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Dr. Barry C. Black, offered the following prayer:

Let us pray.

Eternal Spirit, unite us. Help the Members of this body to work together, finding common ground and resolving differences. Match their fervency with compassion, their zeal with civility. Erase from their spirits all feelings of arrogance or contempt. May they strive to understand and respect each other with a spirit of humility. Lord, make our Senators an example to the Nation of how to strive together for the common good. Give them a fresh burst of enthusiasm for the next chapter in the unfolding drama of the American dream. Energize their efforts with the power of Your spirit. We pray in Your sacred Name. Amen.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The Honorable JON TESTER led the Pledge of Allegiance, as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

APPOINTMENT OF ACTING PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will please read a communication to the Senate from the President pro tempore (Mr. BYRD).

The assistant legislative clerk read the following letter:

U.S. SENATE,
PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE,
Washington, DC, April 8, 2008.

To the Senate:

Under the provisions of rule I, paragraph 3, of the Standing Rules of the Senate, I hereby appoint the Honorable JON TESTER, a Senator from the State of Montana, to perform the duties of the Chair.

ROBERT C. BYRD,
President pro tempore.

Mr. TESTER thereupon assumed the chair as Acting President pro tempore.

RECOGNITION OF THE MAJORITY LEADER

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. The majority leader is recognized.

SCHEDULE

Mr. REID. Mr. President, we will be in a period of morning business, fol-

lowing my statement and that of the Republican leader, with Senators allowed to speak for up to 10 minutes each, with the times equally divided and controlled between the two leaders. The majority will control the first half, the Republicans the final half.

Then we will begin again the consideration of H.R. 3221, the housing legislation. The first vote today will be at 2:15 this afternoon on a motion to invoke cloture on the substitute amendment to H.R. 3221.

IRAQ HEARINGS

Mr. REID. Mr. President, as we speak, there are extremely important hearings taking place on Capitol Hill. General Petraeus and Ambassador Crocker are here. The hearings started 35 minutes ago. Clearly, the eyes of the world will look upon the Senate as General Petraeus and Ambassador Crocker testify today before the Armed Services Committee and the Foreign Relations Committee. These two committees are chaired by two of our most senior Senators and two of our most able Senators, Senator LEVIN and Senator BIDEN.

The appearances of these good and honorable men, General Petraeus and Ambassador Crocker, are meant to create an open, honest, and productive dialogue with Congress on the state of the war in Iraq and the future of military operations in Iraq. I hope it does occur in that manner, that there will be an open and honest and productive dialogue with us. As the American people weigh the testimony and consider the best course of action in far-off Iraq, only two questions matter: First, has the troop surge brought us closer to the day when our troops can come home? Second, is the war in Iraq making America safer? Sadly, by all accounts, the answer to both questions is no.

The stated purpose of the surge, according to President Bush, was "return on success," meaning that if the surge worked, the troops could come home. Now, the President claims success, but where is the return? It is clear to anyone that the violence has surged. Eleven Americans have been killed since Sunday in Iraq. Dozens and dozens more have been gravely wounded, including three dozen in one rocket attack. Attacks on the Green Zone have intensified. That is supposed to be the safest part of Iraq—the Green Zone. The conflict between al-Sadr and al-Maliki shows no signs of progress; in fact, there is deterioration. Has the surge brought us closer to the day

when our troops come home? We have already heard General Petraeus has requested a freeze of troop levels and that President Bush is likely to accept that request.

Has the surge brought us closer to the day when our troops come home? Clearly, the answer is no. Has the war made us safer? No.

Military experts agree our Armed Forces are stretched thin beyond sustainable levels. We are taking in—13 percent of our recruits are young men and women who have committed crimes: felonies, violent crime—13 percent. One out of every eight of the people we are bringing into the military today are people who have criminal records.

Because our manpower and equipment is in Iraq, we are not committing the resources to hunt down our No. 1 enemy: bin Laden and his al-Qaida network. Because we are bogged down in Iraq, we are not fully engaged in the global challenge of Afghanistan, Pakistan, Iran, and the Middle East, among others.

The moral authority of our great Nation has suffered grave damage, with our former allies refusing to stand with us in even greater numbers.

Has the war in Iraq made America safer? There is no question it has not.

The surge may have provided a temporary window for the Iraq Government to make progress, but it is becoming increasingly clear every day the Iraq Government has squandered that opportunity. Even now, with the war in its sixth year, President Bush has failed to articulate an exit strategy.

A person running for President, Senator MCCAIN, has said we should be there another 50 or 100 years.

President Bush likes to say we will only leave Iraq once victory has been achieved. It is time for the President to be honest with the American people. What does victory look like to President Bush? How does all this end?

We must not commit our courageous troops to the endless task of policing another Nation's bloody civil war. The job of America's Armed Forces—a job to which they risk and often give their lives and limbs—is to protect our country and its interests. It is time to recommit to that crucial purpose and begin a responsible end to this war.

RECOGNITION OF THE MINORITY LEADER

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Republican leader is recognized.