

the point of order that a quorum is not present.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX and the Chair's prior announcement, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

The point of no quorum is considered withdrawn.

CLAIMS RESOLUTION ACT OF 2010

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 1(c) of rule XIX, proceedings will now resume on the motion to concur in the Senate amendments to the bill (H.R. 4783) to accelerate the income tax benefits for charitable cash contributions for the relief of victims of the earthquake in Chile, and to extend the period from which such contributions for the relief of victims of the earthquake in Haiti may be accelerated.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 1736, the previous question is ordered.

The question is on the motion by the gentleman from West Virginia (Mr. RAHALL).

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. ROGERS of Alabama. Mr. Speaker, I object to the vote on the ground that a quorum is not present and make the point of order that a quorum is not present.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Evidently a quorum is not present.

The Sergeant at Arms will notify absent Members.

Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, this 15-minute vote on the motion to concur will be followed by 5-minute votes on suspending the rules with regard to House Resolution 1585 and House Resolution 1740.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 256, nays 152, not voting 25, as follows:

[Roll No. 584]

YEAS—256

Ackerman	Capps	Dahlkemper
Adler (NJ)	Capuano	Davis (AL)
Altmire	Cardoza	Davis (CA)
Andrews	Carnahan	Davis (IL)
Arcuri	Carson (IN)	Davis (TN)
Baca	Cassidy	DeGette
Baird	Castor (FL)	Delahunt
Baldwin	Chandler	DeLauro
Barrow	Childers	Diaz-Balart, L.
Bean	Chu	Diaz-Balart, M.
Becerra	Clarke	Dicks
Berkley	Clay	Dingell
Berman	Cleaver	Djou
Berry	Clyburn	Doggett
Bishop (GA)	Cohen	Donnelly (IN)
Bishop (NY)	Cole	Doyle
Blumenauer	Connolly (VA)	Driehaus
Boccheri	Conyers	Edwards (MD)
Boren	Costa	Edwards (TX)
Boswell	Costello	Ellison
Boyd	Courtney	Ellsworth
Brady (PA)	Critz	Emerson
Braley (IA)	Crowley	Engel
Brown, Corrine	Cuellar	Eshoo
Butterfield	Cummings	Etheridge

Farr	Loebsack	Rodriguez	McCarthy (CA)	Price (GA)	Smith (NJ)
Fattah	Lofgren, Zoe	Ross	McCaul	Reed	Smith (TX)
Finer	Lowey	Rothman (NJ)	McClintock	Rehberg	Stearns
Foster	Lujan	Roybal-Allard	McCotter	Reichert	Stutzman
Frank (MA)	Lummis	Rubbersberger	McHenry	Roe (TN)	Taylor
Fudge	Lynch	Rush	McMorris	Rogers (AL)	Terry
Gallegly	Maffei	Ryan (OH)	Rodgers	Rogers (KY)	Thompson (PA)
Garamendi	Maloney	Salazar	Mica	Rogers (MI)	Thornberry
Giffords	Markey (CO)	Sánchez	Miller (FL)	Rohrabacher	Tiahrt
Gordon (TN)	Markey (MA)	T.	Miller (MI)	Rooney	Tiberi
Grayson	Marshall	Sanchez, Loretta	Miller, Gary	Roskam	Turner
Green, Al	Matheson	Sarbanes	Nunes	Royce	Upton
Green, Gene	Matsui	Schauer	Olson	Ryan (WI)	Walden
Grijalva	McCarthy (NY)	Schiff	Paul	Scalise	Westmoreland
Gutierrez	McCollum	Schrader	Paulsen	Schmidt	Whitfield
Hall (NY)	McDermott	Schwartz	Pence	Schock	Wilson (SC)
Halvorson	McGovern	Scott (GA)	Petri	Sensenbrenner	Wittman
Hare	McIntyre	Scott (VA)	Pitts	Sessions	Wolf
Harman	McKeon	Serrano	Platts	Shimkus	Young (FL)
Harper	McMahon	Sestak	Poe (TX)	Shuster	
Heinrich	McNerney	Shadegg	Posey	Smith (NE)	
Herseth Sandlin	Meek (FL)	Shea-Porter			
Higgins	Meeke (NY)	Sherman			
Hill	Melancon	Shuler	Barrett (SC)	Fallon	Putnam
Himes	Michaud	Simpson	Boucher	Gonzalez	Radanovich
Hinches	Miller (NC)	Sires	Brown-Waite,	Hastings (FL)	Ros-Lehtinen
Hinojosa	Miller, George	Skelton	Ginny	Issa	Schakowsky
Hirono	Minnick	Slaughter	Burton (IN)	Marchant	Space
Hodes	Mitchell	Smith (WA)	Buyer	Moran (KS)	Tsongas
Holden	Mollohan	Snyder	Carney	Myrick	Wamp
Holt	Moore (KS)	Speier	DeFazio	Neugebauer	Wu
Honda	Moore (WI)	Spratt	Deutch	Ortiz	
Hoyer	Moran (VA)	Stark			
Inslee	Murphy (CT)	Stupak			
Israel	Murphy (NY)	Sullivan			
Jackson (IL)	Murphy, Patrick	Sutton			
Jackson Lee	Murphy, Tim	Tanner			
(TX)	Nadler (NY)	Teague			
Johnson (GA)	Napolitano	Thompson (CA)			
Johnson, E. B.	Neal (MA)	Thompson (MS)			
Kagen	Nye	Tierney			
Kanjorski	Oberstar	Titus			
Kaptur	Obey	Tonko			
Kennedy	Oliver	Towns			
Kildee	Owens	Van Hollen			
Kilpatrick (MI)	Pallone	Velázquez			
Kilroy	Pascrell	Visclosky			
Kilroy	Pastor (AZ)	Walz			
Kind	Payne	Wasserman			
Kirkpatrick (AZ)	Perlmutter	Schultz			
Kissell	Perriello	Waters			
Klein (FL)	Peters	Watson			
Kosmas	Peterson	Watt			
Kratovil	Pingree (ME)	Waxman			
Kucinich	Polis (CO)	Weiner			
Langevin	Pomerooy	Welch			
Larsen (WA)	Price (NC)	Wigley			
Larsen (CT)	Qigley	Wilson (OH)			
LaTourette	Rahall	Woolsey			
Lee (CA)	Rangel	Yarmuth			
Levin	Reyes	Young (AK)			
Lewis (GA)	Richardson				
Lipinski					

NAYS—152

Aderholt	Carte	Hall (TX)
Akin	Castle	Hastings (WA)
Alexander	Chaffetz	Heller
Austria	Coble	Hensarling
Bachmann	Coffman (CO)	Heger
Bachus	Conaway	Hoekstra
Bartlett	Cooper	Hunter
Barton (TX)	Crenshaw	Inglis
Biggart	Culberson	Jenkins
Bilbray	Davis (KY)	Johnson (IL)
Bilirakis	Dent	Johnson, Sam
Bishop (UT)	Dreier	Jones
Blackburn	Duncan	Jordan (OH)
Blunt	Ehlers	King (IA)
Boehner	Flake	King (NY)
Bonner	Fleming	Kingston
Bono Mack	Forbes	Kline (MN)
Boozman	Fortenberry	Lamborn
Boustany	Fox	Lance
Brady (TX)	Franks (AZ)	Latham
Bright	Frelinghuysen	Latta
Broun (GA)	Garrett (NJ)	Lee (NY)
Brown (SC)	Gerlach	Lewis (CA)
Buchanan	Gingrey (GA)	Linder
Burgess	Gohmert	LoBiondo
Calvert	Goodlatte	Lucas
Camp	Granger	Luetkemeyer
Campbell	Graves (GA)	Lungren, Daniel
Cantor	Graves (MO)	E.
Cao	Griffith	Mack
Capito	Guthrie	Manzullo

McCarthy (CA)	Price (GA)	Smith (NJ)
McCaul	Reed	Smith (TX)
McClintock	Rehberg	Stearns
McCotter	Reichert	Stutzman
McHenry	Roe (TN)	Taylor
McMorris	Rogers (AL)	Terry
Rodgers	Rogers (KY)	Thompson (PA)
Mica	Rogers (MI)	Thornberry
Miller (FL)	Rohrabacher	Tiahrt
Miller (MI)	Rooney	Tiberi
Miller, Gary	Roskam	Turner
Nunes	Royce	Upton
Olson	Ryan (WI)	Walden
Paul	Scalise	Westmoreland
Paulsen	Schmidt	Whitfield
Pence	Schock	Wilson (SC)
Petri	Sensenbrenner	Wittman
Pitts	Sessions	Wolf
Platts	Shimkus	Young (FL)
Poe (TX)	Shuster	
Posey	Smith (NE)	

NOT VOTING—25

Barrett (SC)	Fallon	Putnam
Boucher	Gonzalez	Radanovich
Brown-Waite,	Hastings (FL)	Ros-Lehtinen
Ginny	Issa	Schakowsky
Burton (IN)	Marchant	Space
Buyer	Moran (KS)	Tsongas
Carney	Myrick	Wamp
DeFazio	Neugebauer	Wu
Deutch	Ortiz	

□ 1603

Mr. MACK changed his vote from "yea" to "nay."

Messrs. SMITH of Washington, LINCOLN DIAZ-BALART of Florida and SHADEGG changed their vote from "nay" to "yea."

So the motion was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

MOMENT OF SILENCE IN MEMORY OF FORMER MEMBER STEVE SOLARZ

(Mr. RANGEL asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. RANGEL. Mr. Speaker, I would soulfully report to this body the loss of a great Member, Congressman Steve Solarz, who just left us. He passed away at the age of 70 years. He served in this body from 1975 to 1992. Republican or Democrat, he loved this country, and he fought hard for a sound foreign policy.

At this point, I would like to yield to Congressman JERRY NADLER, whose district now takes in a great part of former Congressman Solarz' congressional district.

Mr. NADLER of New York. Mr. Speaker, Steve Solarz served the people of Brooklyn in this House from 1975 to 1992. He served with distinction, boundless energy, great intellect, and a true passion to pursue justice.

I have had the privilege of representing a large portion of Brooklyn that was once his district, and I can attest that he is still fondly remembered and admired by the people of Brooklyn. He was also a vigorous advocate for our communities close to home and for human dignity around the world.

Steve was a member of the historic Watergate class of 1974, and he very soon became one of the leading voices in Congress on foreign affairs. As chairman of the Africa Subcommittee, he was one of the architects of legislation imposing sanctions on the apartheid government of South Africa. As chairman of the Subcommittee on Asian and Pacific Affairs, he led the investigation that exposed the corruption of the Marcos Government in the Philippines, where he is still revered for having steered U.S. policy away from support of that brutal and corrupt government and in support of true democratic change, which resulted in the election of Corazon Aquino.

Israel never had a better friend in the Congress than Steve Solarz. That commitment was more than just a personal one. He was one of the architects of the plan which was finally adopted by the United Nations to end the bloody war in Cambodia, which brought an end to the notorious killing fields.

Steve's dedication to religious liberty had a profound effect on our legal system. In response to the Supreme Court's decision in *Employment Division v. Smith*, he drafted the Religious Freedom Restoration Act, which restored the application of strict scrutiny to governmental burdens on the free exercise of religion.

On a more personal note, Steve Solarz was a mensch. He leaves behind friends and colleagues who will miss him very much. Our country is a better place because of his commitment to public service. The people of the world have lost a tireless advocate for freedom and democracy.

I want to extend the condolences of this House to Nina Solarz, to their children—Randy Glantz and Lisa Prickett—and to their families. The Nation shares in their loss and wishes them well.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today to remember an outstanding public servant, Congressman Stephen J. Solarz, who passed away last night. Steve served the people of Brooklyn in the House from 1975 to 1992, with distinction, boundless energy, great intellect, and a true passion to pursue justice.

I have had the privilege of representing a large portion of Brooklyn that was once in his district, and I can attest that he is still fondly remembered and admired by the people of Brooklyn. He was always a vigorous advocate for our communities close to home, and for human dignity around the world.

His passing is a great loss to the Nation, but also to people around the world who saw in him the best of what the United States has to offer; a country fully engaged with other nations in the effort to bring peace, human rights, and freedom to every corner of the globe.

Steve Solarz served in the New York State Assembly from 1968 until he was elected to the House of Representatives as part of the historic Watergate class in 1974. He very soon became one of the leading voices in Congress

on foreign affairs. He was respected by his colleagues for his breadth of knowledge and his insight into some of the most vexing international issues.

As Chairman of the Africa Subcommittee, he was one of the architects of legislation imposing sanctions on the Apartheid government of South Africa. As Chairman of the Subcommittee on Asian and Pacific Affairs he led the investigation that exposed the corruption of the Marcos government in the Philippines, where he is still revered for having steered U.S. policy away from support of that brutal and corrupt government, and in support of true democratic change which resulted in the election of Corazon Aquino.

Israel never had a better friend in the Congress than Steve Solarz. That commitment was more than just a personal one. He understood the importance of the U.S.-Israel alliance to our national interests in a way that few others did. When he spoke, it was both from the heart and from the head. I think that is why he was often so persuasive.

He was one of the architects of the plan, finally adopted by the United Nations, to end the bloody war in Cambodia, which brought an end to the notorious killing fields.

He also used his expertise to help people on a very personal level. He managed to negotiate with the Asad government of Syria the right of Syrian Jewish women to emigrate to the United States because there were no Jewish men in Syria for them to marry. The freedom he won for the "Syrian Brides" is still remembered fondly in New York's Syrian Jewish community which I now represent.

His dedication to religious liberty had a profound effect on our legal system. In response to the Supreme Court's decision in *Employment Division v. Smith*, he drafted the Religious Freedom Restoration Act, which restored the application of strict scrutiny to governmental burdens on the free exercise of religion. Although later gutted by the Supreme Court with respect to the states, it remains the law of the land at the federal level.

Less well known was the so-called "Yarmulke Bill," which he introduced in response to the Supreme Court's decision in *Goldman v. Weinberger*, in which the Court held that Americans serving in uniform had no religious right to wear even non-obtrusive religious articles such as a yarmulke. The bill eventually passed over vocal opposition from the Reagan administration, and remains the law of the land.

In these endeavors, he managed to bring together a diverse coalition of religious and civil liberties organizations from across the spectrum; from the American Civil Liberties Union, to the National Association of Evangelicals.

As a son of Brooklyn, who never forgot where he came from, he was always active in the life of the neighborhoods he represented. Although not as well known as his more high profile accomplishments, he fought for Brooklyn's working waterfront as a member of the Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee. He shepherded through the reconstruction of the historic beach at Coney Island. Whether people had concerns about local transportation issues, or the quality of their schools, Steve Solarz was always there fighting for his neighbors.

Even after leaving office, Steve Solarz was a respected voice in international affairs. His vast knowledge and experience were of great importance to decision makers when grappling with some of the most complex and sensitive global issues. We will miss his wise counsel as we face an increasingly complex future.

On a more personal note, Steve Solarz was a mensch. He leaves behind friends and colleagues who will miss him very much. Our country is a better place because of his commitment to public service. The people of the world have lost a tireless advocate for freedom and democracy.

I want to extend my personal condolences to Nina Solarz, their children, Randy Glantz and Lisa Prickett, and to their families. The Nation shares in their loss, and wishes them well.

Mr. RANGEL. Mr. Speaker, I would like to recognize my friend and colleague, the gentleman from New York, PETER KING.

Mr. KING of New York. I thank the gentleman for yielding.

Mr. Speaker, I want to join with my colleagues in expressing condolences on the death of Steve Solarz, who served with distinction in the New York State Legislature and for many years here in Congress, earning a bipartisan reputation for his expertise in foreign affairs.

In an age of partisanship, I will bring out that, in a bipartisan nature, he worked very closely with President Bush 41 in cosponsoring the resolution for Operation Desert Storm, and he was also a principal adviser to President Bill Clinton in his campaign for President in 1992. He transcended party politics. He was a true foreign policy expert, and all of New York mourns his passing.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Members and guests of the House will please rise to observe a moment of silence.

MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

A message in writing from the President of the United States was communicated to the House by Ms. Wanda Evans, one of his secretaries.

HONORING AIR WINGS AT TRAVIS AIR FORCE BASE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, 5-minute voting will continue.

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the question on suspending the rules and agreeing to the resolution (H. Res. 1585) honoring and recognizing the exemplary service and sacrifice of the 60th Air Mobility Wing, the 349th Air Mobility Wing, the 15th Expeditionary Mobility Task Force, and the 615th Contingency Response Wing civilians and families serving at Travis Air Force Base, California, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the resolution.